

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/

Teraldry

Ge
Thurseltershire.









THE

HERALDRY

OF

WORCESTERSHIRE;

BEING

A ROLL OF THE ARMS

BORNE BY THE SEVERAL

NOBLE, KNIGHTLY, AND GENTLE FAMILIES,

WHICH HAVE HAD PROPERTY OR RESIDENCE IN THAT COUNTY, FROM THE EARLIEST PERIOD TO THE PRESENT TIME;

Mith Genealogical Aotes.

COLLECTED FROM THE HERALDS' VISITATIONS, ANCIENT MANUSCRIPTS, HERALDIC DICTIONARIES, CHURCH MONUMENTS, PERSONAL SEALS, AND OTHER TRUSTWORTHY SOURCES.

BY H. SYDNEY GRAZEBROOK, E_{SQ.}, Of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-Law, Author of the "Heraldry of Smith," &c., &c., &c.



Vol. II. M—Z.

JOHN RUSSELL SMITH, 36, SOHO SQUARE.
1873.

2/8. a. 58.

. . . • • . • .

The Heraldry of Morcestershire.

MABBE. See DORE.

Maddersfield; "ye first family.—Azure, on a bend or three bars dancettée gules. Second.—Azure, on a bend cottised or three bars dancettée gules; this is the first difference of descent from the familie. Another beareth Azure, on a bend double cottised or three bars dancettée gules; and this the second difference among them before differences of descents of houses were devised for the knowing one family from another. Thus you may see what alteration in bearing of coat-armes for differences of descents were antiently made, yet held the same name: yet a small thing now makes it another's." (Penn MS.)

The coat Azure, a bend barry indented or and gules occurs in one of the windows of Hanley-Castle church, and is attributed by Nash to Braci of Warndon, ancestor of the Lygons of Madresfield. See Brace.

MADDOX, Bishop of Worcester, 1743-59.—Per pale azure and gules, three lions passant guardant argent. (Bedford.)

Mainwaring.—Argent, two bars, gules. (N.)

One of the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley.

MAKEPEACE, of Pensham Court; as borne by William Makepeace of Pensham, who married Mary, eldest daughter of Henry Palmer of Solihull, and had issue by her two daughters, Anne and Sarah, his co-heiresses, the one married to Edward Wigley, M.D., and the other to the Rev. Marshall Greswold, who died in 1728.—Azure, on a fesse between two leopards passant or, three crosses crosslet fitchée gules. Crest: A leopard passant regardant or, resting his foot upon a shield gules charged with a cross-crosslet fitchée of the first. (Dr. Prattinton.)

These arms and crest were granted to William Makepeace of the Middle Temple, and to the descendants of his father, William Makepeace of Warwick, deceased, by John Anstis, Garter, and Sir John Vanbrugh, Clarenceux, on the 4th of May, 1724. (Add. MS. 14,830.)

Malins, of Warwickshire and Worcestershire; as borne by Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, knt.—Sable, a fesse paly of five or and argent. Crest: An arm erect in armour proper, grasping a crescent or. Motto: "Post prœlia prœmia." (Debrett.)

MALOURE.—Or, three lions passant guardant sable. (N.)

This coat (which is probably a quartering of some Worcestershire family) was borne *temp*. Edward II. by Sir Piers Maloure of Leicestershire. (Roll of the date.)

- Malpas, of Cheshire; as quartered by Sutton Lord Dudley.—Argent, a cross patonce azure. (N.)
- Maltravers.—Sable, a fret or. (N.)

The coat of the baronial house of Maltravers, as quartered by Willoughby in Welland church.

Mann, of The Moat, Redmarley. three goats trippant (Dr. Prattinton.)

John Mann, of Redmarley, gent., paid a fine for exoneration from knighthood at the coronation of Charles I. The coat should probably be:—Per fesse embattled argent and gules, (or azure,) three goats trippant counterchanged. (See the Heraldic Dictionaries.)

Manny.—Or, three chevrons sable, on the highest a lion rampant regardant of the field. (N.)

The arms of Sir Anthony Manny, or Mennys, of Linton, knt., who married Frances, daughter of Ralph Sheldon of Beoley. (See Nash, i., 71.)

MARCKBY, or MARKBY, of Worcestershire.—Sable, two lion's gambs argent. (Her. Dic.)

MARESCALL. See HABINGDON.

Markham, of Astwood, in the parish of Feckenham; as borne by Geoffrey Markham of Astwood, High Sheriff in the 4th of Elizabeth. This Geoffrey purchased the advowson of Feckenham, temp. Henry VIII. Abraham Markham was patron of the same church in 1588.—Azure, on a chief or a demi lion issuant gules. (N.)

The same arms (with a crescent for difference) were impaled by Edward Sheldon of Beoley (who died in 1643), in right of his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Markham of Alberton, or Ollerton, Notts. (See Nash, i., 71.)

MARLETON, of Worcestershire; as borne by Robert Marleton.

—Ermine, on a pale sable three martlets or. ("I have seene the pale blew also."—Harl. MS., 1566.)

The Heraldic Dictionaries ascribe this coat to "Marletoys of Worcestershire;" and with the field argent and the pale azure, to "Marleton of Worcestershire."

MARMION.—Robert de Marmion, Baron of Tamworth Castle, was Sheriff of this county from the 1st to the 34th of The castle and manor of Tamworth, and the manor of Scrivelsby in Lincolnshire, were granted by the Conqueror to Robert, grandfather of this Robert de Marmion, to be held by grand serjeanty to perform the office of champion at the King's coronation. The championship was claimed in the 1st of Richard II. by Sir Baldwin Freville, by virtue of the tenure of Tamworth Castle, which had come to him from his grandmother, Ioan, daughter and heiress of Ralph Cromwell, by Mazera, one of the daughters of Phillip de Marmion: but the matter was determined against him in favour of Sir John Dymoke, the other claimant, who had inherited, through Ludlow, the manor of Scrivelsby. Since that time the noble office of champion has been uninterruptedly held by the Dymoke family.—Vaire, a fesse gules. (Nash, &c.)

MARRIOTT, of Avon-Bank, Pershore; as borne by Colonel Thomas Beckett Feilding Marriott, R.A., son of the late Lieut.-Gen! Thomas Marriott, and grandson of Randolph Marriott, who was the son of the Rev. Randolph Marriott, D.D., by the Lady Diana Feilding, daughter of Basil, fourth Earl of Denbigh.—Barry of six or and sable. Crest: A talbot statant proper, collared and chained or. Motto: "Virtute et fide." (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

These arms were confirmed, and the crest (but the talbot passant sable) granted to Thomas Marriott of Berkshire, by Robert Cooke, Clarencieux, on the 16th of June, 1586. (Harl. MS., 1069.)

Marsh, of Worcester; as granted to Richard Marsh, by Sir Christopher Barker, Garter, temp. Henry VIII.—Sable, on a cross between four lion's heads erased argent, a crescent of the field. Crest: A dexter arm embowed, vested bendy argent and sable holding a thistle,* the top argent the lower part vert, thereon perched a bird of the last. (Harl. MS., 1422.)

MARSH.—Gules, a nag's head couped argent. (Win. MS.)

MARSHAL.—Gules, a bend fusilée or. (N.)

This was the coat of the Marshals Earls of Pembroke, as quartered by Lyttelton in Frankley church. The more modern coat was—Per pale or and vert, a lion rampant gules,† which also occurs among the Lyttelton quarterings. John Marshal (Nash informs us) possessed many manors in this county (Inkberrow among others) in the reign of Henry the Second. He was father or grandfather to the great William Marshal Earl of Pembroke, who married the Lady Isabel de Clare, only daughter and heiress of the celebrated "Strongbow."

- MARSHALL, of Shipston-on Stour.—Gules, a bend fusilée within a bordure engrailed or. (Her. Dic.)
- MARSHALL.—Argent, on a chevron between three horse-shoes sable, as many passion-nails or. (Penn MS.)
- MARSTON, of Hall Green, Yardley. The descent and arms of this family were recorded at the Visitation of 1682-3. On

* Sic, but probably intended for a hawk's lure.

[†] Ralph Bigot bears these arms, differenced by a bend argent, in the *Charles* Roll. He would appear to have been the youngest son of Hugh Bigot, Earl of Norfolk, by Maud, the eldest daughter and co-heiress of William Marshal, Earl of Pembroke.

the death, unmarried, of Job Marston of Hall Green, in 1701, aged 65 (the son of Walter Marston, by Susannah, daughter and co-heiress of Job Durham, of Hampton, co. Warwick), his property passed to Jane Christopher, afterwards Mrs. Makepeace of Pensham, the grand-daughter and heiress of Thomas Christopher of Stoke Prior, who had married Alice, aunt of the said Job Marston.—Sable, a fesse dancettée ermine between three fleurs-de-lis argent. Crest: A demi greyhound sable, collared dancettée ermine. (K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 104; and Win. MS.)

Martin, or Marten, of Hampton Parva.—Argent, a martin cat trippant sable, on a chief of the second three leopard's heads or. (Prattinton MSS.)

Martin.—Gules, an eagle displayed or. (N.)

Martin, of Barton, co. Cambridge, residing at Leigh Court, co.

Worcester, at the Visitation of 1634.—Azure, a bend or charged with three fleurs-de-lis of the field, on a chief of the second two eagles displayed also of the field.* Crest:

A tower triple-towered checky or and azure. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 112b.)

Leicester Martin, who was of Leigh Court in 1729, married Anne, sister and heiress of Edward Devereux Viscount Hereford, and by her had issue an only daughter and heiress, Elizabeth, who was married, in 1721, to her cousin, Price Devereux Viscount Hereford, but died s. p.

Martin, of Overbury and Ham Court. John Martin, a London banker, and M.P. for Tewkesbury, purchased Overbury in 1723. His eldest son, John (who built

^{*} These arms occur at Inkberrow, impaled by the Rev. Henry Mugg, vicar (who died in 1713, atat 72), in right of Elizabeth, his wife, only daughter, of Robert Martin of Leigh Court. She died in 1703, atat 57.

Ham Court) married Judith, daughter and heiress of William Bromley, of Upton-on-Severn; but dying s.p. the representation of the family devolved upon his brother Joseph, who married and had a numerous issue. The present representative, Joseph John Martin of Ham Court, was High Sheriff in 1832, as was also John Martin of Overbury, in 1770. Several members of this family have represented Tewkesbury in Parliament.—Paly of six or and azure, on a chief gules three martlets of the first. Crest: A martin cat passant proper. Motto: "Pejus letho flagitium." (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

Martin.—Gules, on a fesse engrailed between three swan's heads erased argent as many mascles sable. (Penn MS.)

Penn had headed this "of Lie Court," but afterwards erased it. It was borne quarterly (in the second and third quarters) with another coat of Martin (Argent, a chevron between three mascles sable, a bordure engrailed gules), by Sir Roger Martin, Lord Mayor of London in 1568, who married Lettice, daughter of Humphrey Pakington of Chaddesley. (Vincent's Collections, quoted in J. J. Howard's Visitation of Suffolk, ii., 207.)

Martin, of Wich; as borne by the Ven. John Charles Martin, Archdeacon of Ardagh, who claims descent from a family of that name formerly of Wich, of whom was John Martin, living in the 16th century, who married Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Humphrey Ruding, of Wich.—Per pale gules and argent, on a chevron between three mullets as many talbots counterchanged; quartering Ruding. (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

Burke gives an account of another family of this name also claiming descent from the Martins of Wich, but who use for arms, Argent, two bars gules.

Mason, of Birlingham. John Mason, younger son of Mason of Birlingham, was father of three sons: John of Bromsgrove, father of Daniel Mason, of the same place; Daniel Mason, of Stratford-upon-Avon, co. Warwick; and Thomas Mason, citizen of London, who died Robert Mason of Worcester, gent., and William Mason of Birlingham, gent., occur in the list of those who paid a composition to avoid knighthood at the coronation of Charles I. The latter, together with Richard Mason of Croome, D'Abitot, disclaimed all right to arms at the Visitation of 1634; as did also Richard Mason of Birlingham, and the Rev. Jo. Mason, rector of Salwarpe, in 1682-3.—Azure, a point with three embattlements argent charged with a fleur-de-lis gules, a dove with wings expanded standing upon the centre embattlement proper. Crest: A talbot passant regardant argent, eared sable, in the mouth a stag's horn or.

The above arms and crest were granted to Thomas Mason of the Inner Temple, student-at-law (son of Nathaniel Mason of Stratford-upon-Avon), and to his younger brother, Bartlett Mason of Stratford, attorney-at-law, by John Anstis, *Garter*, and Knox Ward, *Clarencieux*, on the 6th of March, 1728.* (See the Add. MS., 14830; and Warburton's London and Middlesex illustrated.) In the Add. MS., 19819, the arms of Mason of Birlingham and Stratford are given as, Per fesse embattled azure and argent, in chief, over the centre battlement, a dove with wings expanded proper, in base three fleurs-de-lis gules.

Massey.—Quarterly argent and gules, a bend azure. (Penn MS.)

Perhaps the coat of Matthew Massey, who occurs in Penn's list of those who were to find horse in Worcestershire. The same arms occur among the Bulkeley quarterings on the Sandys monument at Wickhamford.

^{*} The pedigree is entered in D. 14, Coll. Arm., fo. 97.

Massey. See Harris.

- Matthews, of Worcester; as borne by John Matthews of that city, High Sheriff of the county in 1737.—Sable, a lion rampant argent, armed and langued gules. (Nash.)
- Mawey, of Worcestershire.—Gules, a fesse between five martlets argent. (Her. Dic.)

A similar coat (but with six martlets) is attributed by Glover to Walter Mannoy. (See Papworth's Ordinary.)

MAY:--

In the Harl. MS., 1566, there is a pedigree of a family of this name, commencing with John May of Charter House, co. Somerset, who had two sons: Richard May, of co. Worcester, who married Catherine Parker, and had issue—Richard, Henry, and another; and John May, who married the daughter of Unwin of Worcestershire, and had William, John, and Edmund. No arms are given.

- MAYDENSTUN, Bishop of Worcester, 1314-17. Gules, a maiden's head proper, crined or. (Bedford.)
- MAYLARD.—Paly of eight argent and gules, over all a lion rampant sable. (Allowed at the Visitation of 1682-3.—
 K. 4., Coll. Arm., fo. 73.)

The same arms were allowed at the Visitation of 1634 to Maylard, Registrar of the Dean and Chapter (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 56.) It is the coat ascribed to Griffith Maelor, Lord of Bromfield, eldest son of Madoc ap Meredith, last Prince of Powys-Fadoc, from whom the celebrated Owen Glendower was descended.

- MEDICIS; as borne by *Julian de Medicis*, Administrator of the See of Worcester, 1521.—Argent, five torteaux in orle, in chief a hurt charged with three fleurs-de-lis. (*Bedford*.)
- MELNEHOUSE.—Argent, on a bend sable three fleurs-de-lis of the field. (N.)

The arms of Melnehouse, Habingdon says, were in the west window of Cotheridge church. Dr. Prattinton gives for Melnehouse, as at Daylesford, Argent, on a bend between three fleurs-de-lis sable as many fleurs-de-lis of the field, in the sinister point a martlet of the second. The family of *Melhuish* of Devonshire and Somersetshire bore, Argent, on a bend engrailed sable three fleurs-de-lis of the field; and the Heraldic Dictionaries ascribe the same coat to "Melvehouse or Melnehouse."

Mence, of Worcester; as borne by Benjamin Mence, born 1661, ob. 1735, mayor of Worcester in 1714, the presumed descendant of a family seated at Chaddesley-Corbett early in the 16th century.—Azure, six griffins segreant, three, two, and one or.* Crest: A griffin's head erased and ducally crowned, in the beak a branch. Motto: "Audax omnia perpeti." (M.I. at St. Helen's, Worcester; and "Notes and Queries," 2nd S. viii., p. 515.)

The Rev. John Mence, incumbent of Barnsley, Yorkshire, (son of George Mence, of Worcester, and nephew of Benjamin Mence, above-named), married Sarah, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Mence of Powick, by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter of Edward Cookes, uncle of Sir Thomas Cookes, founder of Worcester College, Oxford. He was the ancestor of the family of Mence of Barnsley, many of whom were clergymen and graduates of Worcester College. The late representative of this branch, William Cookes Mence of Barnsley, solicitor, died in 1843, having had issue several sons, of whom George Cookes Mence is the sole survivor. †

MERLEY. See MORPETH.

MERRICK, of Cropthorne.—Azure, a fesse wavy argent, in chief two mullets pierced or. (Dr. Prattinton.)

^{*} These arms were borne in the 2nd of Edward II., by Sir Godfrey de Meus at the Tournament at Stepney. (See the Roll printed in Coll. Top. et Gen., iv., 65.) John Mence of Hanbury disclaimed at the Visitation of 1682-3.

† From a pedigree communicated by Richard Woof, esq., F.S.A., of Worcester.

These arms, with the crest A sea-horse or, holding in the paws a star of six points pierced azure, were granted by Segar, on the 24th of October, 1601, to Sir John Merick of London, merchant. (See the Gentleman's Magazine, for September, 1824, p. 226.)

Meynell, of Obdon, Droitwich; and of Langley-Meynell, co. Derby. Ralph Meynell of Langley-Meynell died in 1389, seised, inter alia, of an estate at Sedgberrow. He had issue four daughters, his co-heiresses, of whom Margaret* was married to Roger Dethick (third son of Geoffrey Dethick of Dethick, co. Derby), and Thomasine to Reginald Dethick, his brother. The Dethicks, descended from the former, were of Obdon and Sedgberrow, at the Visitation of 1569.—Paly of six argent and gules, on a bend azure three horse-shoes or. Crest: A horse's head erased argent. (Topographer and Genealogist, i., 358.)

Dethick quarters for Meynell, in the Harl. MS., 1566, Paly of six argent and gules on a *fesse sable* three horse-shoes or. 'Some of this family have borne as their paternal coat the arms of De la Ward (Vaire, argent and sable), of which house Hugo de Meynell married the heiress, in the reign of Edward III.

MEYSEY, of Shakenhurst. "The Meyseys," says Nash (vol. i., p. 54), "are said to have come from Meysey in Brittany, with William the Conqueror, who gave them Hampton-Meysey, Marston-Meysey, &c., which lordships continued in the family till the reign of Richard II., when they were supposed to be sold upon the family's acquiring Shakenhurst. After their settlement in Worcestershire, they were of considerable note, and matched with the

[•] Joan, another of these co-heiresses, married John Staunton, whose daughter and co-heiress married Ralph Shirley. The arms of Shirley, Staunton, Meynell, and De la Ward, occur among the Blount quarterings.

principal houses in the county." The pedigree of this ancient family was recorded at all the Visitations of this county; their arms were exemplified by patent by Thomas Benolte, Clarencieux, to John Meysey of Shakenhurst, on the 10th of November, 1533.* John Meysey, the representative of the family at the commencement of the eighteenth century, had issue three sons and four daughters. Of the sons, Francis and John died without issue. The third, Thomas, rector of Pirton, married Mary Bibb, and left issue at his decease, in 1762, two daughters, his co-heiresses, viz., Anna-Maria, married to her cousin, Charles Watkins (son of the Rev. Richard Watkins, by Anne, eldest daughter of the said John Meysey); and Mary, wife of John Turton of Great Sugnall, co. Stafford. Charles Watkins assumed the additional surname of Meysey,† and had issue an only child, Anna-Maria, heiress of Shakenhurst, who married Edmund Wigley, M.P. for Worcester. This gentleman, who likewise assumed, in 1811, the additional surname of Meysey, had issue, Edmund Meysey-Wigley, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Enniskillen Dragoons, who died unmarried in 1833, leaving three sisters, the youngest of whom, Mary-Charlotte, had Shakenhurst, which she carried in marriage to Charles Wicksted of Betley, co. Stafford.—Argent, a fesse between three cinquefoils sable, pierced of the field. Crest: A dragon's head quarterly or and azure. (H. 20,

[•] See Nash, i., 54; and Add. MS., 19816. The Meysey pedigree, as printed in Nash, was compiled by Dr. Percy, from the Visitations and from the family charters.

[†] Charles Watkins-Meysey of Shakenhurst was High Sheriff in 1772.

fo. 61b.; D. 12, fo. 28; C. 30, fo. 62; and K. 4, fo. 67, in Coll. Arm.; Nash; and Burke's Commoners, ii., 674.)

MIDDLEHAM, Baron of.—Or, a chief indented azure. (N.)

This coat occurs among the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley, but Nash erroneously attributes it, in his first volume, p. 465, to Glanville. Ralph Fitz-Randolph, lord of Middleham, bore the coat in the reign of Henry III. (See Glover's Roll). His eldest daughter and co-heiress, Mary, married Robert Neville, through which family the Talbots and Lytteltons acquired the right to quarter the coat.

MIDDLEMORE, of Hazelwell and Hawkesley in Kingsnorton, and of Weatheroak Hill, Moseley.—This was a junior branch of the Middlemores of Edgbaston, co. Warwick, descended from John Middlemore, second son of John Middlemore of Edgbaston, and grandson of John Middlemore, by Isabel, his wife, daughter and heiress of Sir Henry Edgbaston of Edgbaston, knt. This John Middlemore married Alice, daughter and heiress of William Lye (descended from the Hazelwells of Hazlewell), and was father of George Middlemore of Hazelwell, whose son Simon married Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Noel of Hil-Simon had issue George, whose son, George, married Frances, daughter and heiress of Robert Stamford, and had issue (with daughters) four sons:—Robert of Hazelwell; George; Stamford; and Samuel. The eldest son, Robert, married Eleanor, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Fox of Moseley, and had issue by her two sons, George and Joseph. George Middlemore of Kingsnorton, and William Middlemore of Hawkesley, were re-

^{*} Argent, a chief indented azure, was quartered by the Willoughbys and Uffords for Glanville, in right of descent from an heiress of William, son of Hervey de Glanville.

spectively fined £18 and £14 for not taking knighthood at the coronation of Charles I. Nash, writing in 1779, says that the family property was then much lessened. Hazelwell has long since passed into other hands, but the farm at Hawkesley,* we believe, still belongs to one of the name. The family pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1634.—Per chevron argent and sable, in chief two moor-cocks proper; quartering, Per pale indented or and azure, for Edgbaston. Crest: Amid grass and flags, a moor-cock all proper. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., ff. 65 and 93; and Harl. MS., 1566.)

MILBORNE.—Gules, a chevron between three escallops argent. (N.)

The Heralds found this coat "in a window at Kidderminster," when they visited the county in 1634. (See C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 27b.) It is that of the ancient family of Milborne of Tillington, co. Hereford, who were descended from the Baskervilles, Blacketts (of Iccombe), Aynesfords, &c. Eleanor, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Sir Simon Milborne of Tillington, was married to John Moore of Dunclent, one of whose co-heiresses married Folliott.

MILLINGTON, of Cropthorne:—

A pedigree of this family, without arms, is entered in the Visitation book of 1634. They were connected with the Smiths of Cropthorne. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 34.)

[†] This estate appears to have been acquired by Thomas Middlemore, in marriage with Anne, daughter and heiress of Thomas Hawkesley, by Sybell, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of William Wybbe. They had issue John Middlemore, who had issue Thomas. (See Harl. MS., 1566. fo. 23.) The Middlemores were on the king's side during the civil wars, and suffered considerably for their loyalty. Robert and George Middlemore were obliged to compound with the Parliamentary Committee for their estates, the former for £400, and the latter for £167 148. 8d. Their residence at Hawkesley was garrisoned by the Parliament, but surrendered to the king after a siege in 1645. (See Symond's Diary, p. 167.)

MILLS.—Azure, on a bend engrailed cottised or, a sword sable.

This coat occurs impaling *Brace* in St. Nicholas's church, Worcester, on the monumental tablet of Ellzabeth Mills, who died in 1686, the wife of William Mills, of Welford, co. Gloucester, and daughter of Philip Brace of Doverdale. (See Nash, Appendix, p. 137.)

MILWARD, of Alvechurch and Ouscote.—Ermine, on a fesse gules three bezants. (N.)

Thomas Milward of Alvechurch was a captain in the Parliamentary Army during the civil wars, but Nash gives no account of his family. "Ouscote" is probably intended for Wollescote near Stourbridge, at which place a family of this name was resident at least as early as the reign of Henry VIII. John Milward of Wollescote executed a deed, dated 1566; and Thomas Mylner, alias Milward of Wollescote, and Edward, his son and heir, were parties to a deed of the 39th of Elizabeth. Dr. Prattinton gives a long pedigree of this family. During the civil wars Wollescote House is said to have been for some time the head-quarters of Prince Rupert.* Thomas

 [&]quot;During the civil wars of Charles the First, Prince Rupert made Wollescote House, in the parish of Oldswinford (the residence of Mr. Thomas Milward, whose family had lived there from 1500 or earlier), his head-quarters for a considerable time, and by living there and killing Mr. Milward's stock, and eating up his corn, very much injured him in his substance. The Prince had a garrison at Wichbury wood, from Wollescote about a third of a mile; still to be seen by the intrenchments. The Parliament party had a garrison at Stourton Castle, co. Stafford, A.D. 1643. These meeting on Stourbridge common, a sharp battle ensued, and Prince Rupert's party was worsted, and he himself nearly taken; for, riding hard to get towards Wollescote, he was closely pursued by a Parliament trooper; and when the Prince came to the Heath gate, leading off the common to Oldswinford, the gate being shut and the trooper near him, and there being a boy near the gate, the Prince cried 'Open the gate! which he did; when the Prince was through, he said hastily, 'Shut the gate!' This the boy immediately did; and the trooper being thus stopped, the Prince escaped. This matter broke up the quarters at Wollescote, and the Prince on his departure took his signet off his finger, and giving it to Mr. Milward, told him his adverse fortune then would not permit him to recompense his damage and loyalty, but that when the King's affairs turned out prosperously he should have his loss repaired, on presenting the King with his ring, and stating the circumstances. A younger son of Mr. Thomas Milward, John Milward, D.D., of Oxford, whilst studying there got acquainted with Mr. Henry Freeman, a creole, and native of St. Kitts (of the family of Freeman o

Milward of Wollescote married, in 1695, Martha, daughter of the Rev. Simon Ford, D.D., rector of Oldswinford, and died in 1724, having had issue a son and successor, Thomas Milward, who married Prudence, daughter of Oliver Dixon of Dudley, and by her had issue two daughters, his co-heiresses:—Prudence married, in 1761, to Hungerford Oliver of the Grange, Oldswinford; and Mary, married in 1765, to John Foster, of Wordsley, afterwards of Leicester Grange, co. Warwick, High Sheriff of this county in 1779.* See OLIVER.

- MILWARD.—Ermine, on a fesse gules three plates, a crescent for difference. (Penn MS.)
- MINSHULL (a Cheshire family, whose arms were quartered by Savage of Elmley-Castle).—Azure, a crescent and an estoile issuant thereout argent.
- MITCHELL, of Evesham; as borne by the Rev. John Mitchell, LL.B., vicar of All Saints', Evesham, who died in 1724, aged 41.—Per pale sable and argent, a chevron between three crane's heads erased counterchanged. (M.I. in All Saints' church, Evesham.)

Fawley Court, Bucks), who persuaded him to petition Charles II. (then restored to the crown) for the living of St. Thomas, Middle Island, St. Kitts, and a grant of a sugar plantation, called the 'Godwin Estate,' St. Kitts. An ancestor of Lord Stamford's accordingly presented the Rev. John Milward to the King, who, upon having the Prince's signet, and a petition setting forth the circumstances under which it was given, and praying the above grants, presented to him, received him kindly and promised to consider it, and have proper inquiries made into the facts. The result was the presentation of the living and the Godwin estate to the Rev. J. Milward; on which—about the year 1664 he went over to St. Kitts with Mr. H. Freeman, whose sister he married, and was inducted into his church; but it was some years afterwards before he could get Colonel Codrington, who had the management of the estate for the Crown, to give it up; and then not until after much litigation.—The above is extracted from the MSS. of Mr. John Dovaston of West Felton, a Shropshire antiquary, and a gentleman of known accuracy, who was a descendant of Dr. John Milward."-Noake's Rambler in Worcestershire (1st series), p. 359.

* Edward Milward of Pedmore, disclaimed at the Visitation of 1634, and

Edward Milward of "Lighe" (? Lye near Stourbridge) in 1683.

James Mitchell or Mishell of Evesham disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1682-3.

MITTON, of Worcester.—Per pale azure and gules, an eagle displayed with two* heads or, within a bordure engrailed of the last, a crescent for difference. Crest: A bull's head couped sable, charged with three annulets two and one or, the horns tipped of the same. (Penn MS.; and Nash.)

These arms and crest are in St. Swithin's church, Worcester, on the monument of Edward Mitton, who died in 1627, aged 37. He was probably a son of Edward Mitton, who was Bailiff of the city of Worcester in 1605. The same arms and crest are borne by the Myttons of Shipton, co. Salop, who claim to be a branch of the ancient family of Mytton of Halston, but Mr. Blakeway says that they were in no way related to that family. From the pedigree of the Myttons of Shipton, given in Burke's Commoners, vol. iii., p. 671, it appears that Edward Mytton of Shipton, who died in 1620, and was buried at Shipton, married two Worcester ladies, viz., first Eleanor, daughter of Robert Wigfall, and secondly Eleanor, widow of Christopher Dighton. By the former he had issue a son, Henry Mytton, who married Mary, daughter of Christopher Dighton of Worcester, and died in 1663, leaving issue by her.†

MITTON.—Argent, an eagle displayed azure, beaked and legged or. (N.)

Moilliet, of Abberley Hall; as borne by James Moilliet of Abberley, High Sheriff in 1861, descended from a family originally of Milan and subsequently of Geneva.—Quarterly, 1st and 4th, Gules, a swan swimming in water in base argent, in chief three estoiles or; 2nd and 3rd, Argent, on a cross engrailed sable between four torteaux, three lozenges in pale or. Crest: A swan, wings ex-

^{*} Penn blazons the eagle single-headed.

[†] Edward Mitton, gent., "younger son of Henry Mitton of Shipton, co. Salop, esq.," was buried at Bromsgrove, October the 15th, 1719.

panded argent. Motto: "Gaudet in luce veritas." (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

MOLYNS.—Azure, a cross moline quarter-pierced argent. (N.)

Quartered by Windsor, in right of the marriage of Richard de Windsor with Juliana, daughter and co-heiress of Sir James Molyns, knt., and Margaret his wife, daughter and co-heiress of William de Bintworth.

Monox, of Stanford; as borne by Sir George Monox, knt., Lord Mayor of London in 1514, son of Richard Monox, and grandson of John Monox of Stanford.—Argent, on a chevron sable between three oak leaves vert as many bezants, on a chief gules a dove between two anchors of the first. Crest: A dove argent, in the beak an oak branch proper with three acorns or. (Stowe, &c.)

These arms were granted to Sir George Monox in 1514, and afterwards confirmed (on the 10th of June, 1561) to George Monox of Walthamstow, his nephew and heir. A baronetcy was conferred in 1660 on Humphrey Monox, or Monnoux, a member of this family, but he and his successors appear to have borne these arms without the chief. (See Burke's Extinct Baronetage; and Betham's Baronetage, ii., 174.)

MONTACUTE, Bishop of Worcester from 1334 to 1337.—Argent, three fusils in fesse gules.

This is the coat of the Montacutes, Earls of Salisbury, of which family this prelate was a member; but in Wharton's Anglia Sacra his arms are given as Or, three bends wavy azure, on an inescutcheon three fusils. (Bedford.)

Montagu, or Montagute.—Argent, three fusils in fesse gules. (N.)

This coat occurs in glass at Severn-Stoke, and also in the cathedral, Worcester.

Montfort; as borne by William de Montfort, Deputy-Sheriff

of this county in the second of Henry VI.—Gules, a lion rampant double tailed argent. (Nash.)

Symonds (*Diary*, published by the Camden Society) mentions this coat as being "very faire and old" in the east window* of Fladbury church. See Lucy.

MONTGOMERY. See BELESME.

Monthermer.—Argent, an eagle displayed vert armed gules. (N.)

This coat was quartered by the Montacutes, Earls of Salisbury. It occurs in glass at Severn-Stoke.

Moody, of Eldersfield, and of Berkshire.—Vert, a fesse engrailed argent charged with another gules, between three harpies of the second crined or; quartering, Gules, a fesse argent between three wolves . . . Crest: A wolf's head erased proper. (Harl. MS., 1532.)

The pedigree of this family in the Harl. MS., 1532 (which is a copy of the Visitation of Berkshire, A.D. 1566, with additions from that taken in 1623), commences with Edmund Moody of Eldersfield, who, it is stated, "was granted the augmentation in the chiefe for saving K. H. viii. from drowning in Hitchen, in Hertfordshire." The arms there assigned to the family are as above, and contain no chief; but among the Moody coats given in the Heraldic Dictionaries is one, apparently of the Tudor period, having a chief azure charged with two hands issuing from clouds each holding a red rose, which would appear to be allusive to the circumstance mentioned in the manuscript.

Moore, of "Wigorn and Salop."—"Som beare, Ermine, a chevron between three moor's heads proper; others beare, Argent, a chevron between three moor-cocks sable.

[•] In the same window occur the coats of Le Dispenser, Mortimer, Bosco, and Boteler. "Tradition (says Habington) says that these arms were set up in honour of some who fell at the battle of Evesham, and might be here buried." (Sa Nash, i., 449.)

- Som others beare, Azure, on a cross argent five martlets sable." (Win. MS.)
- Moore, of Worcester; as borne by Charles Moore, seven years registrar of the diocese of Worcester, who married Mary, daughter of John Clutton, and had issue two daughters. He died in 1700, æt. 32.— ten cross-crosslets Crest: A martlet. (M.I. in Worcester Cathedral.)

The same arms occur in St. Peter's church, Worcester, on the monument of Dorothy, infant daughter of Charles Moore, gent, born in 1700, died in 1701.

- Moore, of Dunclent; as quartered by Folliott of Pirton, in right of the marriage of John Folliott with Eleanor, daughter and co-heiress of John Moore, of Dunclent,—Checky vert and gules, on a bend or three moorcocks sable. (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 16.) See MILBORNE.
- Moore, of Severn-Stoke; as borne by Francis Moore or More, High Sheriff of this county, temp. James I.—Argent, a fesse dancettée paly of six gules and sable, between three mullets of the last. (N; and Penn MS.) See WYTHE.
- Moore, of Blackmore and Powick.—Argent, three Moor's heads in profile couped at the neck proper. (Penn MS.)

 These arms occur at Powick on the monument of Captain Richard Moore, who died in 1702.
- Moore, or More, of Crowle; as depicted in a window of the manor house at Crowle for William More, prior of Worcester, which office he resigned in 1535.—Sable, on a chevron engrailed between three mullets or, an annulet

between two martlets of the field, on a chief argent three moor-cocks also sable. (Dingley's *History from Marble*.)

Moore, of Alvechurch; as borne by Edward Moore of Barnt Green, High Sheriff in 1735. This family (we learn from Nash) flourished at Alvechurch so long ago as the reign of Edward I., as appears, he says, by undoubted evidence; and sealed a deed dated at Alvechurch, 1323, with a Moor's head between three fleurs-de-lis, "which is still," says Bishop Lyttelton, "the bearing of Edward Moore, once High Sheriff of this county, whose grandfather being ignorant of his just right to bear arms,* accepted a grant, in 1686, from the then Garter to bear the arms descended to him from his ancestors." Mr. Moore, he adds, resides at Barnt Green, just within the parish of Alvechurch.—Or, a Moor's head couped between three fleurs-de-lis sable. Crest: A Moor's head and bust in profile between two wings. (Seal; and Nash, i., 26.)

The same bearings on a field argent were quartered for Moore by the Troutbecks of Cheshire, and through that family by the Earls of Shrewsbury.

- MORDON, of Fladbury; as borne by Thomas Mordon, incumbent, who died in 1458.— a chevron between two mullets . . . in chief, and a lion rampant . . . in base. (M.I., at Fladbury.)
- MORE.—Azure, on a cross argent five martlets sable. (Win. MS.; and Her. Dic.) See Moore.
- MORGAN, of Little Comberton and Hanbury; recorded at the Visitation of 1569. The pedigree commences with

Humphrey Moore of Alvechurch disclaimed at the Visitation of 1682-3.

Robert Morgan of Little Comberton, who, by Anne, his wife, daughter of Simon Mountford, had issue two sons, John of Comberton, and Henry of Hanbury. The latter was father of Edward Morgan of Hanbury, who married Dorothy Greville, and had issue Edward, Fulke, and Elizabeth.—Argent, on a bend cottised sable a fleur-de-lis between two cinquefoils of the field. Crest: A tiger sejant sable, crined and tusted or, holding in the dexter paw a battle-axe erect, headed gold. (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 31; Harl. MS., 1566; Penn MS.)

In the Visitation Book of 1533, the arms recorded to Morgan of "Comorton" are, Sable, a chevron between three spear-heads argent. (H. 20, Coll. Arm., fo. 57.) "These Morgans of the parish of Hanbury (says Penn) are descended from the Morgans of Comberton; but not exceeded to any further honour; yet they continue in good repute and fame, and are good and loyall subjects. They bear," he adds, "a mullet on a crescent, for difference of a third brother of the second house."

- Morgan, Bishop of Worcester, 1419-25.—Sable, three spear-heads argent embrued gules. (Bedford.)
- Morley, Bishop of Worcester, 1660-2.—Argent, a lion rampant sable crowned or. (Bedford.) See HERBERT.
- MORLEY, Lord. The same. (N.)

Quartered by Parker Lord Morley in Hindlip church.

Morpeth.—Gules, three cushions argent, tasselled or. (N)

This is the coat of Greystock, lord of Morpeth, and was borne by "le Baron de Greystock," in the reign of Edward I. (See the Charles Roll.) William de Greystock married Mary, eldest daughter and coheiress of Roger de Merley, in whose right he became possessed of the Lordship or Barony of Morpeth. He died in the 17th of Edward I., leaving issue a son and heir, John de Greystock, then aged 25. The coat of Roger de Merley* (by Nash attributed to Morpeth)

^{*} Viz., Barry of eight argent and gules, a bordure azure charged with martlets or, which coat is ascribed to Roger de Merley in the Roll of temp.

occurs among the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley, but not that of Greystock.

Morris, of Bretforton, &c.—William Morris of Broadway, and of Saintbury, co. Gloucester, had issue three daughters: Mary, who died unmarried in 1693; Sarah, wife of Jarrett Smith;* and Anne, who was married to John Phillipps of Broadway. The latter had issue William Phillipps, who, by Mary his wife, daughter of Edward Cotterell of Saintbury, had issue a son, Thomas Phillipps of Middlehill, High Sheriff in 1801, father of the late Sir Thomas Phillipps of Middlehill, bart.—Sable, three bear's heads argent muzzled gules. (Communicated.)

MORTIMER.—This great and illustrious family, which allied it-

Henry III. It was quartered by Neville, and by the Talbots and Lytteltons in right of descent from that family, and appears to have been brought into the Neville atchievement by Clavering, the rotation of the quarterings at Frankley being Clavering, Fitz-Nigel of Halton, Lizures, Merley,. It also follows Clavering in an atchievement of the Earl of Shrewsbury, dated 1580; and it occurs in a similar position in the atchievement of Lord Howard de Walden in Edmondson's Baronagium. Roger de Merley died in 1266, leaving (besides the daughter named above, married to Greystock), two other daughters, Isabella, aged 10, and Alice, aged 8. The latter died issueless in the 52nd of Henry III., when her sisters, Mary Greystock, æt. 26, and Isabella, aged 12, were found by Inquisition to be her heirs. (Esch., 52 Henry iii., No. 36.) In the 55th of Henry III., when the lands of Roger de Merley were divided among his co-heirs, the record states (Cal. Gen., 150) that Alice had died, and that Mary, wife of William de Greystock, and Isabella, wife of Robert de Eure, were the two survivors. This Robert de Eure was certainly a member of the family of Clavering, and it is therefore probable that Euphemia Clavering, the wife of Ralph de Neville (See Clavering) was his heiress. This would account for the Merley coat constantly following that of Clavering or Eure in the Neville atchievements. It should be added that Mr. Courthope, in his Historic Peerage, sub Merlay, states that Isabella married Robert de Somerville; but the record above cited distinctly calls her "Isabellam uxorem Roberti de Euere, alias Eure."

^{*} Jarrett Smith of Evesham disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1682-3.

self not only with the principal families of the kingdom, but also with the royal house of Plantagenet, was founded in England by Ralph de Mortimer,* who came over with the Conqueror, and was rewarded with thirty-one manors, four of which lay in Worcestershire. The chief seat of the Mortimers was Wigmore Castle, in Herefordshire; and another branch was established at Richard's Castle, in the same shire. Of the Wigmore line were the Earls of March, a dignity which expired on the death, issueless, of Edmund, sixth earl, in 1424. Anne, his sister, and ultimately sole heiress, married Richard Plantagenet, Earl of Cambridge, brother of the Duke of York, and had issue Richard Duke of York, whose son ascended the throne as King Edward IV. The Richard's Castle branch were descended from Robert de Mortimer, who acquired Richard's Castle by his marriage with Margaret, daughter and heiress of Hugh de Say. This Robert is said to have been a younger son of Hugh, second Lord Mortimer of Wigmore,† but the connection has never He was possessed, inter alia, been clearly established. of the following manors in Worcestershire:-Tenbury, Clifton, Sapy, Yedfen, Shelsley, Sutton, Stanford, Crowle, Wychbold, and Elmbridge. The Mortimers continued at Richard's Castle till the year 1304, when Hugh Lord Mortimer, of Richard's Castle and Burford, died, † leaving

^{*} Ralph is supposed to have been the son of Roger lord of Mortemar sur Ealne, who is by some deemed to have been a son of William de Warren.

[†] Courthorpe's Historic Peerage. Nash (i., 240) says he was a younger son of Roger Mortimer of Wigmore.

[‡] Vide Eschaet, 32 Ed., I. No. 48. He died seised (inter alia) of Wychbold and Cotheridge in Worcestershire.

two daughters, his co-heiresses, Joan and Margaret, aged respectively twelve and ten. The former was married first, to Thomas de Bykenore (who died s.b.), and secondly to Sir Richard Talbot, whose posterity enjoyed the lordship; Margaret married Geoffrey Cornewall. and had issue a son Geoffrey, who was of Burford. Among the descendants of the Mortimers are the Actons of Wolverton (formerly of Burton), who derive from the marriage of John Mabbe, alias Dore, with Elizabeth, grand-daughter and heiress of Roger Mortimer.† Another branch of the family possessed the manor of Kyre; the heiress of this line, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Hugh, and sister and heiress of Sir John Mortimer, knight banneret, t was married to Thomas West, K.G., Lord Delaware, who died in The coat of Mortimer is a most remarkable com-I 525. position. The writer of the Winnington MS. says, "some for intricacy of it do blaze it by saying, 'Mortimer's coat, w^{ch} is to be seene in the chancell window of Cleobury-Mortimer;" and Gerard Legh, in his "Accedens of Armorye," characterizes it as the "tryall of a herehaught" (herald); for, says he, "it hath been thought that hee that could blaze it without offence were conninge in that pointe of thys arte." He then proceeds to inform us that the

[•] On the death of Matilda, their mother, these two co-hgiresses were aged respectively fifteen and twelve, and were both married. (See Esch., r. Edw., ii., No. 59.)

[†] This Roger was a younger son of Sir John Mortimer, Lord of Burton. He had two brothers, John Mortimer and Sir Hugh Mortimer. (See Harl. MS., 1043.) Nash supposes him to have been of the line of the Barons of Chirk, who were a younger branch of the Wigmore family. See DORE.

[†] Nash, ii., 70; Collins' Peerage; and Dugdale's Additions to his Baronage in Col. Top. et Gen., ii., 9. Sir John was also of Mortimer's Hall, Hants.

shortest way to blazon it is to say, "it is Earle Mortymer's of March his cote, which for the rarenes thereof, fully describeth the same wythout anye further emblazonne." It is, he adds, "very auncient and faire, albeit thus commixed and counter-coloured."—Barry of six or and azure, on a chief of the first three pallets between two base squires* dexter and sinister of the second, over all an inescutcheon argent.

The Mortimers of Richard's Castle are said to have differenced this with a bend gules;† but they likewise bore, Gules, two bars vaire, which, according to Glover, was the coat of Say,‡ and which was also adopted by the Talbots.§ Cornewall, of Burford, impales it in Worcester Cathedral (see Thomas's Survey, p. 23); and it is assigned to Robert de Mortimer in the Roll of temp. Henry III. and Edward I. Hugh de Mortimer, of Richard's Castle, son of Robert by Margaret de Say, sealed a grant to the Monks of Dodford with Barry charged with fleurs de-lis. Dr. Thomas says that the Mortimers of Kyre bore the arms of Mortimer, with the inescutcheon ermine. Penn gives five varieties of the coat of Mortimer. One of them has no inescutcheon, and this he supposes to have been "the first coate of the Mortimers, and here (he says) I cease, the name being extinct long since, but their champion tokens remain in many church windows."

MORTIMER, of Worcestershire, and of Stockley, Wilts.—Barry of six or and azure, an inescutcheon argent, on a chief of

^{* &}quot;Note that a canton parted travers waies, whether it be from the dexter corner, or from the sinister, doth make two base squires." (Gwillim's Heraldry, 1st edit., p. 61.)

[†] Strong's Heraldry of Herefordshire; Papworth's Ordinary, &c.

[‡] Blount, the Herefordshire Collector, had seen a deed dated 1289, bearing the arms of Mortimer of Richard's Castle, viz.,: Gules, six crosslets or between two bars vaire, "wych (he says) without the crosslets were the armes of Saye." (See Robinson's Castles of Herefordshire, p. 119.) William de Mortimer bears the same coat in a Roll dated about 1262-92.

[§] Sir Richard Talbot bears the coat in the Boroughbridge Roll of A.D.

^{||} See Nash, i., 153, and ii., 416; see also Strong's Heraldry of Herefordshire.

the first three pallets of the second between two gyrons, alias base squires. Crest: A rose per pale argent and gules. (Her. Dic.)

The pedigree of Mortimer of Stockley was recorded at the Visitation of Wiltshire, a° 1623, by Ambrose Mortimer, third son of George Mortimer of Kennett, by Joan daughter of . . . Smith, and grandson of Andrew Mortimer also of Kennett. Ambrose married Anne, daughter of Thomas Arthur, and had (with two daughters) a son and heir, Roger, then aged twenty-eight, who married Elizabeth, daughter of John Say of Wootton Bassett, by whom he had a son and heir, Edmund, aged one year and a half. John, the eldest brother of Ambrose, is called of Kennett; and George, the next brother, was of Marsh, in Buckinghamshire. (Harl. MS., 1165, fo. 81b.)

- MORTON, of Clifton, in the parish of Severn-Stoke.—Quarterly gules and or, in the first quarter a goat's head erased argent, on a chief of the second three torteaux each charged with an escallop of the third. (C. 30, Coll. Arm. fo. 69.)
- MORTON.—Quarterly or and gules, in the second and third quarters a goat's head erased argent, on a chief of the first three torteaux.—Another, each torteaux charged with an escallop argent. (Penn MS.)

This last variety "standeth (says Penn) upon an antient monument of this familie in St. Helen's church, in the cittie of Worcester." He alludes apparently to the monument of Alice, wife of William Morton, and only daughter of John Hasliack, who died in 1628; but Nash blazons the arms upon this monument as those of Morton of Clifton.

MORTON, as borne by Robert Morton, Bishop of Worcester, 1487-97, nephew of Cardinal John Morton, Archbishop of Canterbury.—Quarterly gules and ermine. (Bedford.)

Thomas Morton, of Lechlade, co. Gloucester, brother of the Bishop of Worcester, obtained, in 1515, a grant of the following arms:—Quarterly gules and ermine, in the first and fourth quarters, a goat's head erased argent armed or, the whole charged with a fleur-

de-lis within a crescent of the last. (See the Coll. Top. at Gen., iii., 169, where is a pedigree of the family.)

Moule, of St. John's; as on the hatchment of Major Moule, at St. Clement's.—Argent, two bars gules in chief three torteaux. Crest: Two arms habited gules supporting a garb or. (Dr. Prattinton.)

Mountchensey, or Munchensi.—Or, three escutcheons barry of six vaire and gules. (N.)

One of the Talbot quarterings.

MOUNTENEY. See Colles.

Mountfort.—As Montfort. (N.) See Lucy.

MOUNTFORT, of Worcester.—Bendy of ten or and azure.

This coat is upon a flat stone in St. Helen's church, Worcester, to the memory of Mr. John Mountfort, stationer, of that city, who died in 1714, aged 54. It is the bearing of the De Montforts, of Wellesbourne, &c., co. Warwick, and is ascribed to Sir John de Montfort in the Roll of *temp*. Edward II.

Mowbray.—Gules, a lion rampant argent. (N.)

The arms of the Mowbrays, Dukes of Norfolk, &c., as quartered by Berkeley in Spetchley church:

Muchgros, of Wollashill. This family is said to have derived its name from a place so-called in Longdon. Robert de Muchgros held lands in Wollashill in the 20th of Edward III., which William de Muchgros had inherited. Several others of the family are mentioned by Nash.*—Or, a lion rampant gules. (Nash, ii., 181, 312.) See Parsons.

Mucklow, of Areley Kings', called "of Hoden" in the Visi-

^{*} A John Muchgros, of Powick, married Margaret Hellion, daughter and co-heiress of James Hellion, of Herefordshire, by Joan, his wife, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Sir William Devereux, knt., who was living in 1341. The heir of this Muchgros married Buck. (See Robinson's Castles of Herefordshire, p. 63.)

tation Book of 1533. This family was seated at Areley and Martley from the 16th to the 18th century. The last male heir was Selby Mucklow, of Areley, who died in 1746, leaving an only daughter, Priscilla, who married Joseph Wragg, of London, but died without issue in 1766. The representation of the family then devolved upon Daniel Zachary, citizen and skinner of London, the son of Thomas Zachary, by Elizabeth, sister and eventually sole heiress of the said Selby Mucklow. family pedigree was recorded at the Visitations of 1533 and 1634, and is given by Nash under Areley.—Gyronny of six or and azure, a lion rampant ermine, on a chief argent an escallop between two fleurs-de-lis sable. Crest: A griffin's head per pale indented gules and argent, in the beak an eagle's leg erased or; also A griffin's head per pale indented argent and gules guttée counterchanged, in the beak a buck's foot erect and erased or. ("I have seene this crest both these wayes."*—Harl. MS., 5841.) Motto: "Virtus per se." (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 89; Penn MS.; Prattinton MSS., &c.)

Mugg, of Inkberrow; as borne by Henry Mugg, vicar, who died in 1713, aged seventy-two.—Argent, a chevron between three cockatrices gules. (M.I. at Inkberrow.)

Mull, of Claines; as quartered by Porter at the Visitation of 1634.—Argent, a cross-moline quarter-pierced sable within a bordure engrailed of the last. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 75.)

^{*} In the Catalogue of Badges, Crests, &c., temp. Henry VIII., given in the Col. Top. et Gen., iii., 72, the crest of "Mukelow" is thus blazoned: A griffin's head per pale dancettée gules and argent, guttée counter-changed, in the beak a buck's leg or.

The same coat was formerly in one of the windows of the cathedral cloisters at Worcester. (See Dr. Thomas's Survey, p. 29.)

MUNTRICK.—Gules, a chevron guttée de sang between three billets or. (N.)

A family of *Muntridge*, residing at Leigh, appeared at the Visitation of 1634, but exhibited no arms. In St. Martin's church, Worcester, there is an inscription to the wife of John Tomkins, of Hanford, gent., and daughter of James Myntrych, of Cradley, co. Hereford, gent., with the arms of Tomkins (a chevron between three birds), impaling a chevron between three billets. According to Dr. Strong (*Heraldry of Herefordshire*), the Myntriches were seated at Cradley for five generations; but he attributes to them for arms... on a bend... three horse-shoes.... Duncumb also gives some particulars of the family in his *History of Herefordshire*, ii., 169. The coat, Gules, a chevron between three billets or, is ascribed by Papworth to "Montesy."

Murcard, Durmutius, son of.—Sable, three garbs argent. (N.)

These are the arms of Dermot McMurrough, King of Leinster, whose daughter and heiress, Eva, was married to the celebrated "Strongbow." They occur among the quarterings of Talbot of Grafton.

Musard; as quartered by Salwey of Stanford. This, says Habingdon, was a very great family, of whom Sir John Musard was knight of the shire in Parliament, in the 29th of Edward III., and Sir Thomas was Prior of Worcester in the 2nd of Edward IV. John Washborne married Joan, the daughter and heiress of the former, and by her had issue an only daughter, Isolda, married to John Salwey.—Gules, a lion rampant argent crowned or.* (N.)

^{*} In one of the windows of Stanford church was painted a knight in armour, and upon his surcoat his arms, viz., Gules, a lion rampant double-tailed argent, crowned or, which Habingdon supposed to be "the coat of De la Pole, Salwey's ancestor." Vide Nash, ii., 369.

Mylde, alias Burley.—Argent, lion rampant sable armed gules debruised by a fesse counter-componée or and azure.

One of the Lyttelton quarterings. See Burley and Edefyn.

Mynors, of Weatheroak Hill, Kingsnorton; as borne by Robert Mynors, of that place, son of the late Robert Edward Eden Mynors, and grandson of Robert Mynors, of Birmingham, who was the fourth son of John Mynors, of Eccleshall, co. Stafford, born in 1696.—Gules, a fesse argent between three plates. Crest: A dexter cubit arm habited in armour, the hand grasping a lion's paw erased, all proper. Motto: "Fac et spera." (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

Nanfan, of Birtsmorton Court.—This very ancient family. whose descent was recorded at all the Visitations of this county, possessed for many generations the manors of Birtsmorton, Berrow, and Pendock. It is not certain when the family first came into Worcestershire; but in the 24th of Henry VI. John Nanfan represented the county in Parliament. He was the son of Sir John Nanfan, by Jane, daughter and heiress of Sir John Coleshill, and great grandson of Silvester Nanfan, of Trerice, in Cornwall. He was succeeded by his son, John Nanfan of Birtsmorton, and he by his son Sir Richard, who, in the 20th of Edward IV., was Sheriff of Cornwall, and afterwards constituted by King Henry VII. Sheriff of Worcestershire, to him and his heirs, in acknowledgment of his services to the House of Lancaster. This office. however, he held only two years, and then resigned it

into the hands of the King. His son, John Nanfan. married into the Cornewall family, and from them had several estates in Lincolnshire. The last of the family who possessed Birtsmorton Court was Bridges Nanfan, who died in 1704. He left an only daughter, Catherine, who married, first, Richard Coote, Earl of Bellamont, and after his death, in 1700, three other husbands in succession, the last of whom was William Bridgen, Lord Mayor of London. She had issue only by her first husband, the Earl, viz., Nanfan Coote and Richard Coote, in succession Earls of Bellamont; and the latter, who resided at Birtsmorton Court, died in 1766, aged 83. He left an only daughter, Judith, who died single, possessed of the manors of Birtsmorton and Berrow, on the 10th of January, 1771. This lady sold the manor and advowson of Pendock to Mr. Martin of Ham Court, and by will devised the manors of Birtsmorton and Berrow to her cousin, Charles Coote, who had been created, in 1767, Earl of Bellamont.—Quarterly 1st, Sable, a chevron ermine between three falcon's dexter wings argent, for Nanfan; 2nd, Argent, three wolves passant in pale azure, for *Penpons*; 3rd, Checky or and sable, a chief gules, for Coleshill; 4th, Argent, a lion rampant gules within a bordure sable bezantée, for Cornewall. Crest: A water spaniel passant argent. (C. 30, and K. 4, Coll. Arm.; Harl. MS., 1566; Nash, &c.)

The arms entered in the Visitation Book of 1533, for Nanfan, are, Argent, three wolves courant in pale sable over all a bendlet sinister of the last,* being the coat of Penpons with a difference. In the reign of Henry VIII., the Nanfan badge or crest was Three hooked

^{*} H. 20, Coll. Arm., fo. 54.

spikes or, one erect the others in saltire banded together.* This is attributed by the Heraldic Dictionaries to Penpons as a crest. the Congress of the Archæological Institute at Worcester, in 1862, a Mr. William Nanfan presented himself to the notice of one of the members as a descendant, and, as he alleged, the heir male of this ancient family. His statements and the evidence he produced in support of them were favourably received, and his claim to be a descendant of the Nanfans of Birtsmorton was considered well founded. This Mr. Nanfan died on the 24th of June, 1867, aged 77, at Great Newport Street, Worcester. He claimed to be entitled to Birtsmorton Court and the broad lands attached to it, as the descendant and representative of Sir Richard Nanfan; for he maintained that they were granted by the Crown to his ancestor, and therefore could not be alienated. "From the neglect of Mr. Nanfan's father (we quote an obituary notice which appeared at the time in Berrow's Worcester Journal), who was a respectable tradesman at the Cross, not troubling himself in the matter, or declining the expense of legal contention, the estates were sold into other hands, but the only surviving son (William) a long time made it the business of his life to collect every document and paper he could relative to the Nanfans; and to the last entertained the delusive hope that he should one day recover the property where his fathers had lived in dignified ease. At the mature age of 77, he has departed into the land where the 'boast of Heraldry' and the dreams of past greatness will no longer disturb his repose; and though he has left scions behind him truly entitled to bear the arms of the former Sheriff of Worcestershire, they will probably not trouble themselves to place their legs on ground that has by the decree of Fate irrevocably slipped away from them."

Nash, of Tapenhall, in Claines, St. Peter's, Droitwich, Ombersley, and Martley.—This family is supposed to be indigenous in Worcestershire, and to have derived its name from a place called Ash or Nash in Kempsey, where one John Ash or Nash resided in 1316.† John Nash of Martley, Thomas Nash of Claines, and James Nash of Droitwich, gentlemen, occur in the list of those who were

† Nash, sub Kempsey, vol. ii., p. 19.

[•] Catalogue of Crests, Badges, &c., temp. Henry VIII., in Col. Top. et Gen., iii., 69.

fined for not taking knighthood at the coronation of Charles I.: and Richard Nash of Martley was High Sheriff of the county in the 33rd of Charles II. family pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1634 by Thomas Nash of Claines, and James Nash of St. Peter's. Dr. Treadway Russell-Nash, the historian of Worcestershire, who, on the death, without issue, in 1758, of his elder brother, Richard Nash, D.D., succeeded to the paternal estates and to the representation of the family, was the son of Richard Nash of Clerkenleap,* by Elizabeth, daughter of George Treadway, a Turkey merchant, grandson of Richard Nash, by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Rowland Berkeley, and great-grandson of another Richard Nash, whose father, James Nash of Droitwich, recorded the pedigree in 1634. On the death of his brother's widow, the heiress of the Russells of Strensham, † in 1794, Dr. Nash succeeded to a portion of the Russell estates, and thereupon added the surname of Russell to his patronymic. He married Margaret, daughter of John Martin of Overbury, and was father by her of an only daughter, Margaret, his heiress, married to John, first Earl Somers. Dr. Nash died at his residence, Beveré, near Worcester, on the 26th of January, 1811, at the advanced age of 86. A prominent member of this family was John Nash, a wealthy clothier, alderman, mayor (in 1633), and M.P. for the city of Worcester, who

[•] This estate was purchased by Alderman John Nash, and by him left to his nephew, Richard Nash, then a minor, grandfather of the Historian of Worcestershire. (See Nash, ii., 21.)

[†] This lady was Frances Ravenhill, whose mother was the grand-daughter and heiress of Sir Francis Russell, bart.

founded a hospital at Worcester, and left several charitable legacies to the citizens for clothing apprentices and setting up young men in business. This worthy citizen was born in 1590, and dying in 1662, was buried at St. Helen's, Worcester, where he has a handsome monument.—Sable, on a chevron between three greyhounds statant argent, as many sprigs of ash slipped vert; as recorded at the Visitation of 1634 (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 52), but the family generally bore for arms, Vert, a chevron between three greyhounds courant argent; and for crest, A greyhound courant argent. (See Nash, i., 327.)

Penn attributes the coat last described to "Nash of the Nash," and adds, "there is another of this name, but not of this county, that have three ashen sprigs on the chevron." To "Nash of Worcester" (the alderman)* he attributes, Vert, on a fesse between three wolves passant argent as many ashen slips proper. This had originally been a chevron, and below is written, by way of correction, "3 gray-hounds."

^{*} Of him Penn relates the following curious anecdote:—"Being a Justice of the Citty (and a burgesse for the same) when the Long Parliament was called by that blessed King Charles the First, was one of the first that disserted the Lower House, and also was the preserver of the gracious King Charles the 2nd George at yo fight, and presented it at yo restauration.". Chambers, in his Biographical Illustrations of Worcestershire, says that Alderman Nash (whom he calls the son of James Nash, whereas Nash's pedigree makes him a brother of that gentleman) commanded a troop of horse in the service of the Parliament; and Dr. Nash himself, in the notes to his edition of Hudibras, makes a similar assertion. Speaking of Thomas Nash, who died in 1648. he says "he was a zealous loyalist, contrary to the sentiments of his two brothers, the eldest a country gentleman of Worcestershire, from whom the editor is descended," and the youngest "commanded a troop of horse in the Parliament service, was a Member of Parliament for the city of Worcester. and an active Justice of the Peace under the Protector." It is singular that the pedigree which Dr. Nash gives of his own family should be so inaccurate and incomplete. He apologizes in his Supplement for its imperfections, stating that he had entrusted its compilation to others, and excusing himself on the ground of modesty, a plea which is almost ludicrous. Notwithstanding the statement he had made in his notes to Hudibras, he positively identifies the

NASH, of The Noak, Martley: as confirmed by the College of Arms, on the 30th of April, 1841, to James Nash, M.D., of The Noak, son of James Nash, and grandson of Richard Nash, Alderman of Worcester, who was the son of James Nash of Besford Court, born in 1714, and grandson of the Rev. Thomas Nash, vicar of St. Peter's, a younger brother of Richard Nash, ancestor of the historian of Worcestershire. Dr. Iames Nash succeeded his kinsman, the late George Nash, in the Noak estate, which had been long in the family.—Per fesse vert and sable, in chief a chevron between three greyhounds courant, and in base, on a chevron between as many greyhounds statant argent, a like number of sprigs of ash proper. Crest: Upon a mount vert, a greyhound courant argent, charged on the body with an ermine spot sable, in

Thomas Nash who died in 1648, in the Additions and Corrections to his History of Worcestershire, with Thomas Nash of Mildenham, in Claines, a cousin of James his ancestor. With regard to Penn's account of the preservation by Alderman Nash of the King's George, we may mention that, according to the Boscobel Tracts, his majesty, when he reached Whiteladies, after the disaster at Worcester, "put off his Garter, blue ribband, George of diamonds, and the other princely ornaments, committed his watch to the custody of Lord Wilmot, and his George to Colonel Blague," and proceeded to attire himself in the disguise provided for him. Colonel Blague being subsequently at Mr. George Barlow's, at Blore-Pipe, about eight miles from Stafford, "his first action (we are told) was, with Mrs. Barlow's privity and advice, to hide his Majesty's George under a heap of chips and dirt." The Colonel was soon afterwards discovered, and carried prisoner to Stafford, whence he was conveyed to the Tower. Meanwhile the George was transmitted to Mr. Milward of Stafford, for better security, and ultimately conveyed to Colonel Blague in the Tower, "by the trustworthy hands of Mr. Isaac Walton;" and the Colonel not long after, "happily escaping, restored it to his Majesty's own hands." And so, adds the narrative, was this jewel "wonderfully preserved from being made a prize to sordid rebels." This very circumstantial account appears to effectually dispose of the Alderman's claim, yet we can hardly suppose Penn to have made a wilful misstatement.

the mouth a sprig of ash proper. Motto: "In utroque fidelis." (From the family.)

This is a somewhat strange arrangement of the two coats described in the preceding memoir. A second crest is used by the family, viz., In a ducal coronet or, a greyhound's head argent collared sable. This occurs on the family monuments at Martley.

NEAST, of Chaseley.—The descent and arms of this family were recorded at the Visitation of 1634. They were seated at Chaseley in the early part of the seventeenth century, and also enjoyed a good estate at Twining in Gloucestershire. The heiress married Havard of Tewkesbury.—Argent, two lion's gambs erased in saltire gules. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 80.)

Edward Neast of Chaseley was fined for declining knighthood at the coronation of Charles I.

- Needham, of Worcester.—Argent, a bend engrailed azure between two buck's heads cabossed sable attired or. (M.I. in St. Swithin's church, Worcester, to Peter Needham, gent., who died in 1678.)
- NETHERTON, of Hill End House, Chaseley; as borne by Samuel Netherton, High Sheriff in 1777.—Argent, a fesse dancettée between three goat's heads erased (Nash.)

Samuel Netherton married Elizabeth Meade, and died in 1803. His niece, Susan, married the Rev. John Harward of Hartlebury. (M.I. in St. Oswald's church, Worcester.)

NEVILL.—Gules, a saltire argent. (N.)

This is the coat of the great house of Nevill, "the stately cedar, whose branches once shadowed the land." Their male ancestor was Gospatrick, the Saxon Earl of Northumberland, whose great grandson, marrying the heiress of Nevill, gave that surname to his posterity. With their silver saltire they quarter an older coat of Nevill, viz., Or, fretty gules, on a canton per pale ermine and of the first an ancient ship or galley sable. The Lords Latimer charged their sal-

tire with an annulet sable; the Earls of Abergavenny (still extant) with a red rose; and the Lords Furnival, whose arms are quartered by the Talbots and Lytteltons, with a martlet sable. The Heralds found the saltire and red rose in Kidderminster church, at their Visitation in 1634. This rose is allusive to the marriage of Ralph Nevill, first Earl of Westmoreland, with Joan of Lancaster, daughter of John of Gaunt, and is said to have been first adopted by Richard Nevill, Earl of Warwick,* the "King-maker," to show himself the "faithful homager of the House of Lancaster." The Earls of Abergavenny possess the manor of Inkberrow, which was granted to the family by Philip and Mary, on condition that it should revert to the Crown in default of male heirs; but up to the present time there has been no lack of males in the family. The Earls of Abergavenny are descended from Edward, fourth surviving son of Ralph Nevill, Earl of Westmoreland, by Joan, his second wife, daughter of John of This Edward married Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Richard Beauchamp, Earl of Worcester (son and heir of William Lord Abergavenny), and was summoned to Parliament as Edward Nevill de Bergavenny from 1450 to 1472. He died in 1476, seised as tenant, by the courtesy of England, of the inheritance of the said Elizabeth, of the manors of Kidderminster-Bisset, Kidderminster-Burnell, Dunclent, Purshill, Inkberrow, &c., &c. Richard Nevill (the "King-maker") Earl of Salisbury and Warwick (whose wife, Anne, was the daughter of Richard Beauchamp, and the heiress of the Earls of Warwick of that house) was the son of Richard Nevill, an elder brother of the above-named Edward, who enjoyed the Earldom of Salisbury in right of his wife, the daughter and heiress of Thomas de Montacute. Lord Warwick possessed the hereditary shrievalty of Worcestershire in right of his wife, the heiress of Beauchamp. A branch of the Nevills Lords Latimer was seated at Mathon, in this county, and at Shenstone in Staffordshire.

NEWBERRIE, of Severn-Stoke; as exhibited at the Visitation of 1682-3, by the Rev. John Newberrie, rector of that

^{*} The Earl of Warwick's seal attached to a deed, dated 4 Edward IV., is engraved in the Camden Society's Visitation of Huntingdonshire, A.D. 1613. It bears Quarterly 1, Beauchamp and Clare quarterly; 2, Montacute and Monthermer; 3, Nevill, differenced by a label componée argent and azure; 4, Warwick and Le Dispenser. Crests: 1st, A demi-swan in a ducal coronet. 2nd, On a like coronet, a griffin sejant. The shield is supported on the dexter side by a muzzled bear, and on the sinister by a griffin. Legend: "Sigillum ricardi: neuill: comitis: warrewici: domini; de: bergenenny."

place, but *not allowed*.—Sable, three pales ermine, on a canton argent a lion passant azure. Crest: A lion rampant azure. (K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 131.)

Newdicke, of Newdicke Court, Worcester. "This (says Penn) was a family of great account, but I think they are now extincte, for the place is inhabited by several families, and I hear of none of that name."—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Paly of four argent and sable, on a bend gules five bezants, for Newdicke; 2nd and 3rd, Sable, a fesse embattled argent, for Osney. Crest: In a mural coronet or, a lion's head gules. (Penn MS.; and Harl. MSS., 1043, 1069, 1422, &c.)

These arms were confirmed and the crest granted by Sir Gilbert Dethick, Garter, on the 1st of December, 1580, to Robert Newdicke, of Worcester, gent., son of Robert Newdicke, son of Richard, the son of Henry Newdicke, of Worcester, who married Margaret, daughter and one of the heirs of Richard Osney, of Worcester, gent. (See Harl. MS., 1507; and Add. MS., 14295.)

Newdigate.—Gules, three lion's gambs erased argent. (Penn MS.)

NEWNHAM, of Winterfold, in Chaddesley-Corbett, Broadwas

Court, and The Blanquettes, or Blankets, Claines. James
Newnham, of Chaddesley, whose name appears in the
list of disclaimers in the Visitation Book of 1682-3, was
probably father, by Joan* his wife, of Humphrey Newnham, of Winterfold, who married at Clent, in 1693,
Dorothy Cox, and had issue James Newnham, of Winterfold, who was High Sheriff of the county in 1743.

James married Anne, daughter of Thomas Amphlett

^{*} Humphrey Newnham, of Winterfold, and Joan, his mother, were parties to a deed dated 1711.

(sister of John Amphlett, of Ombersley, High Sheriff in 1759*), and died in 1766, leaving (with other issue) three sons:—Thomas (of whom presently); Edward, baptized in 1723, who had a son Edward (born in 1746, ob. 1796), and a daughter, Mary Anne, married in 1772 to Henry Winstanley; and James, baptized in 1728, who had, with other issue, two daughters, who ultimately became his co-heiresses, viz. Mary, married in 1780 to her kinsman, James Newnham, and Eleanor, married in 1781 to Thomas Wight. The eldest son, Thomas Newnham, baptized in 1720, was of Broadwas Court; he married in 1748, Elizabeth, daughter of John Walker, of Kidderminster (by Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Steward, and Mary, née Oldnall, his wife), and sister and heiress of John Walker, M.D., of Gloucester, and was father by her of two sons: - Thomas Newnham, of Broadwas Court and the Blanquettes, born in 1753, High Sheriff in 1802, who married Penelope, daughter of Bartholomew Richard Barneby, of Brockhampton, and died without issue in 1819; and James Newnham, who married his relative, the above named Mary Newnham, and also died issue-Anne Newnham, their only surviving sister and heiress, was married in 1780 to Samuel Steward, of Stone and Comberton, and by him was mother of the

^{*} This gentleman was not a member of the family of the Amphletts of Hadsor and Clent, though he undoubtedly derived his descent from a common ancestor with them. His father, Thomas Amphlett, was born in 1672, and died in 1714, and was the son of John Amphlett, of Ombersley. John Amphlett (the sheriff) was born in 1693, and married Sarah Swift, of the Blankets, by whom he had a son, Thomas, who died young. Besides his sister, Anne Newnham, he had two brothers, who were both married and left issue. (Ex inf. John Amphlett, of Clent, esq.)

late Thomas Steward, of Stone, who died without issue in 1830, and of two daughters, Mary Anne and Charlotte Elizabeth, to whom Thomas Newnham, their uncle, devised a considerable estate.*—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent, a cross gules debruised by a bend azure, for Newnham; 2nd and 3rd, Gules, a cross ragulée between four lion's heads erased argent crowned or, for Walker. (Engraving of the arms of "Thomas Newnham, of Broadwas, esq.," 1789.)

NEWPORT, of Hanley Court. The manor of Hanley William in Eastham, is said by Burke, to have been conveyed to the Newports in the reign of Edward VI., by John Hanley, but Nash does not mention the date. pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1682-3. Elizabeth, only surviving daughter and heiress of John Newport, of Hanley, by Anne née Charlett, his wife, married in 1760 James Wakeman, who assumed the surname and arms of Newport, and died in 1811, aged ninety-one. His son, James Wakeman Newport, succeeding on the demise of his kinsman, Richard Bourne-Charlett, to a portion of the Charlett property, assumed the additional surname of Charlett. Mr. Newport-Charlett died unmarried, and under his will the estates passed to the second son of the Rev. E. W. Wakeman (brother of Sir Offley P. Wakeman, bart.), viz., Henry Allan Wakeman, who assumed, in 1863, but without the roval license, the additional surname of Newport.—Argent, a

^{*} Chiefly from a pedigree communicated by Richard Woof, esq., F.S.A., of Worcester.

[†] Commoners, iv., 356.

fesse between three crescents sable. (K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 153). Crest: A fleur-de-lis or.

No crest is given in the Visitation Book of 1682-3, but the above occurs in Hanley chapel, on the monument of Anne, daughter of John Newport, who died in 1717, aged eighteen. Burke gives the same crest.

NEWPORT, of Rushock; as borne by Robert Newport, gent., who married Margaret, one of the daughters and coheiresses of Sir Gilbert Talbot, of Grafton, knt., sister of Elizabeth, wife of John Lyttelton, of Frankley.—Gules, on a canton argent a fleur-de-lis sable. (Harl. MS., 1566.)

In the Harl. MS., 5841, this coat is attributed to Newport of Hanley.

- Newport, of Worcester; as borne by Mr. William Newport, of that city.—Argent, a chevron gules between three leopard's faces sable. Crest: A bugle horn sable, stringed azure. (Berry, Appendix to Ency. Her.; and Burke's Armory.)
- Newsham, of Knighton, in Inkberrow; and of Chadshunt, co. Warwick. The pedigree and arms of this family were recorded at the Visitation of this county in 1634, and at the Visitations of Warwickshire in 1619 and 1682. John Newsham, of Chadshunt and Knighton, fifth in descent from Thomas Nozeham, living in the reigns of Richard II. and Henry V., died in 1645, aged seventy-eight, leaving, by Elizabeth his first wife, daughter of George Pudsey, of Langley, co. Warwick, an only son, Thomas, aged seventeen in 1619, whose sons, Charles of Chadshunt, and John of Butler's Marston, were aged respectively forty-nine and forty-eight, at the Warwickshire

Visitation of 1682, and were both married and had issue.
—Sable, on a fesse argent three crosses crosslet of the field. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 58; and pedigree in the Warwickshire Magazine.)

NICHOLAS, or NYCHOLE, of Hampton Lovett.—Argent, a fesse sable between six oak leaves vert. (Penn MS.)

In the Harl. MSS., 615, 1566, and 5814, four descents of a family bearing these arms are entered. Roger Nicholas, or Nychole, had issue John, who died s.p., and Richard; the latter had issue William, who by Anne his wife, had Richard, and another.

Nicholas.—Argent, on a chevron between three Cornish choughs proper, two lions combattant of the field. (Penn MS.)

These arms occur at Stratton, co. Gloucester, on the monument of Thomas Nicholas, lord of the manor of Stratton, and High Sheriff of Gloucestershire in 1626, who died in 1638.

NICHOLETS, of The Hill, Eastham; and of Hopton Solers, co. Hereford; as borne by Richard Nicholets, of The Hill, High Sheriff of this county in the 31st of Charles II. The pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1634.—Argent, on a bend sable three cinquefoils of the field. (M. I. at Eastham.)

In the Visitation Book of 1634 (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 32b) the arms are not clearly set forth, but appear from a sketch of a seal to be as above. Col. Gilbert Nicholets was High Sheriff of Herefordshire in 1668, his wife Theodosia, daughter of John Tompkins, M.D., of Hereford, died in 1709, and was buried in Hereford cathedral. There is likewise in Eastham church a monument to William Nicholets, "late High Sheriff of Herefordshire," who died in 1643; he had issue by Anne his wife, daughter and heiress of George Dudgein, of Hopton Solers, five sons and three daughters. (See Nash, i., 364, and Duncomb's Herefordshire, i., 555, and ii., pp. 21, 172.)

NICHOLLS.—Argent, three trefoils slipped gules, on a chief of the last a lion passant guardant or. (Penn MS.)

NICHOLLS.—Argent, on a chevron between three wolf's heads erased sable, as many crescents of the field. (*Penn MS*.)

NICHOLLS. See TRISTRAM.

NOEL, of Bell Hall, Belbroughton; formerly of Hilcote, co. Stafford. "This (says Mr. Shirley) is the only remaining branch in the male line of the very ancient family of Noel, of which the Earls of Gainsborough, created 1681, extinct 1798,* represented a junior line. William, the ancestor of all the Noels, was living in the reign of Henry I., and was at that time lord of Ellenhall in the county of Stafford. From the Noels of Ellenhall descended a branch of the family seated at Hilcote, in Staffordshire, an estate which remained with them until recent times." From an old roll pedigree in the possession of the present Mr. Noel, of Bell Hall, it appears that the first Noel of Hilcote, was Robert, the son of Thomas Noel, of Newbold; which Thomas died in the 3rd of Edward IV. This Robert Noel married Maud Brereton, and was father of James Noel, of Hilcote, who by a daughter of Richard Pole, of Langley, co. Derby, had (with others) three sons: Robert, who succeeded at

^{*} On the death, unmarried, of Henry Noel, sixth Earl of Gainsborough, the estates passed to his lordship's nephew, Gerard Noel Edwards, who thereupon assumed the surname and arms of Noel. He married the Baroness Barham, and was father, by her, of Charles Noel Noel, who succeeded his mother in the barony of Barham, and was created in 1841 Earl of Gainsborough and Viscount Camden. Mr. Gerard Edwards was the son of Gerard Anne Edwards, by the Lady Jane Noel, sister of Henry, Lord Gainsborough; which Gerard Anne Edwards was the natural son of Lord Anne Hamilton (son of James, Duke of Hamilton), by Mary Edwards, the daughter and heiress of Francis Edwards, esq., and Anna Margaretta his wife, daughter and heiress of Constantine Vernatti. (See the Herald and Genealogist, v., 150.)

Hilcote; Andrew, of Dalby, co. Leicester, ancestor of the Earls of Gainsborough, Viscounts Wentworth, &c.; and Thomas Noel, from whom the Noels of Pelsall, co. Stafford, were descended. Robert Noel, the eldest son, married the daughter of — Asplane, of Essex, and had issue: Philip Noel, who was of Hilcote when Erdeswick* wrote, in 1593; Robert, who died s. p.; and Walter. Philip Noel married Anne, daughter of William Crompton, of Stone, co. Stafford, but seems to have died without issue, and to have been succeeded by his brother Walter, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Humphrey Wyrley, of Hampstead, co. Stafford, and was father of Captain Walter Noel,+ of Hilcote. Noel was thrice married; first, in 1640, to Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Gaywood, of Bishop's Offley, who died s. p.; secondly, in 1680, to Joyce, daughter of John Joy, citizen of London, by whom he had one daughter; and thirdly, in 1686, to Hannah, daughter of Simon Unwin, t of Clough House, co. Stafford. By the latter he had issue (with three daughters) an only son, Walter Noel, of Hilcote, baptized on the 20th September,

^{*} See Erdeswick's Staffordshire, by Harwood, edit. 1844, p. 133. With this Philip the old pedigree ends, but there are additions in another hand down to 1686.

[†] By the committee of sequestration at Stafford, April 10th, 1644, it was ordered "that Mr. Walter Nowel's estate shall be let to Mr. William Crompton for this yeare, hee paying twentie pounds;" and the tenants were thereby required to pay their rents to the said Mr. Crompton. (Harwood's *Erdeswick*.)

[‡] Through this marriage the Noels are descended from Alice, sister and heiress of William Frost, one of the benefactors of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, as is set forth in a pedigree in Mr. Noel's possession, certified A.D. 1704, by Lawrence Cromp, York Herald, and bearing the common seal of the College of Arms.

1692, who married, on the 28th of October, 1729, Elizabeth, daughter of Paul Foley, of Prestwood, co. Stafford, and had issue a son, Walter, Major of the Worcestershire regiment of Militia, who acquired Bell Hall and estate in marriage, on the 12th of May, 1764, with Catherine, only daughter and heiress of John Perrott, of Bell Hall. Major Noel died at Bell Hall on the 14th of October, 1794, leaving issue a son, John Perrott Noel, who by Margaret his wife, daughter of John Amphlett, of Clent, was father of the present Charles Noel, of Bell Hall, High Sheriff of the county in 1853, who inherited the estate on the death, under age, of his nephew, the only child of his eldest brother, the late John Perrott Noel. Mr. Charles Noel married, in 1828, Mary, youngest daughter of the Rev. John Wylde, and has issue an only son, Charles Perrott Noel, formerly an officer in the 48th regiment, who is married to Henrietta Margaret, only daughter of the Rev. James Nelson Palmer, rector of Breamore, Hants; and a daughter, Mary Katherine, married, in 1858, to Robert Lowbridge Baker, of West Hay, co. Somerset.—Or, fretty gules, a canton ermine; quartering *Perrott* (which see). Crest: A buck at gaze argent, attired or. Motto: "Jus suum cuique."

Norbury, of Sherridge, and Droitwich. This branch of the family of Norbury descends immediately from Richard Norbury, of Droitwich, born in 1649, who married in 1676, Cecilia, daughter and co-heiress of David Hyde, by Cecilia his wife, daughter of Fitzwilliam Coningsby, of Hampton Court, co. Hereford. The last male heir, Coningsby Norbury, of Droitwich, left issue an only

daughter and heiress, Mary Anne, married in 1827 to Thomas Jones, of Sherridge (son of Thomas Jones, by Ursula, daughter and co-heiress of Benjamin Johnson, of Worcester), who, together with his wife, was authorised by royal license, dated the 9th of November, 1840, to take the surname and arms of Norbury only.—Sable, a chevron indented ermine between three bull's heads cabossed argent armed or. Crest: Out of a crown vallery or, a bull's head sable, armed of the first, in the mouth a trefoil vert.

These bearings were assigned to Mr. Jones on his taking the surname and arms of Norbury. The Norbury family previously bore, Sable, a chevron between three bull's heads cabossed argent. Crest: Out of a ducal coronet or, a bull's head sable; being the arms and crest of the Norburys of Norbury, co. Chester, who were paternally descended from the family of Bulkeley, and bore the same arms.

Norgrove, of "Wigorn and Salop."—Vert, a fesse argent between three fleurs-de-lis (Win. MS.)

"Northgrove (commonly called Norgrove) within the manor of Feckenham, formerly belonged to a family of the name of Northgrove, as appears by an inquisition taken in the 2nd of Richard II., after the death of Elizabeth Northgrove, the heir of whose lands which lay in Teddington, Bolymote, &c., was William Ruding; but the heir of her lands in Northgrove was William Northgrove. In an inquisition taken in the 6th of Richard II., Catherine and Matilda, daughters of Elizabeth Northgrove, were the next who inherited." (Nash, i., 439.)

NORRIS.—"Quarterly argent and gules, a fret or within a fesse azure. Others beare, Vert, a lion rampant or." (Win. MS.)

Norris, of Claines.—Quarterly argent and gules, in the second and third quarters a fret or, over all a fesse azure. Crest: A raven, wings elevated, proper. (Penn MS.)

"This familie (says Penn) is very ancient, descended from that

noble stem of the Honourable Francis Norris, Viscount Thame, and Earl of Berkshire." Thomas Norris of Claines was High Sheriff in the 21st of Charles II.

- NORTH, Bishop of Worcester, 1774 to 1781.—Azure, a lion passant or, between three fleurs-de-lis argent. (Bedford.)
- NORTON, of Birlingham.—Azure, a maunch ermine, on a chief or, a lion passant sable. Crest: A tiger's head erased or, in the mouth a broken spear also or.

Attributed in the Harl. MS., 1069, to William Norton of "Belingham," co. Worcester.

NORTON, of Claines.—Azure, three swords, one in pale point upwards, the others in saltire points downwards, argent, on a chief of the last a lion passant of the first. (Penn MS.)

Nash ascribes to William Norton of Claines, High Sheriff in the 12th of Queen Anne, "three daggers hilts in point fesse, in chief a lion passant between two maunches."

- NORTON.—Azure, three swords, one in pale point upwards, the others in saltire points downwards, the dexter surmounting the others argent, on a chief of the second three gauntlets erect proper. (Penn MS.)
- NORTON, of Kingsnorton, co. Worcester, Sherington, Bucks, and Hinxton, co. Cambridge; as borne by Robert Norton, of Dublin, son of Brett Norton, who was the grandson of Robert Norton of Sherington.—Argent, on a bend between two lions rampant sable, three escallops of the field. Crest: A greyhound's head or, gorged with a fesse engrailed between two bars gules, the fesse ringed behind of the first. (Burke's Armory.)

The pedigree of Norton of Sherington was recorded at the Visitation of Buckinghamshire in 1634. Lt commences with "Thomas

Norton of Kingsnorton,"* and ends with William Norton of Sherington, who, by Anne his wife, daughter of Sir John Brett, had issue a son, Brett Norton, "7 yeares ould and upwards, 1634," and a daughter Margaret. (Harl. MS., 1102, fo. 76.) The same arms were borne, in 1619, by Christopher Norton of Hinxton, co. Cambridge. (See Harl. MS., 1043.)

Norwood.—Ermine, a cross engrailed gules. (N.)

This coat was borne by John Norwood of Broadway, 18 Henry VII., whose two daughters and co-heiresses, Anne and Alice, were married respectively to Thomas Bushell of Broadmarston, and John Daston of Broadway. (Harl. MS., 1041, fo. 62.)

Nott, of Shelsley-Beauchamp; recorded at the Visitation of 1634. The pedigree commences with Hugh Nott, whose son Thomas is described as of Shelsley. Hugh Nott purchased the Shelsley estate, in 1526, from John Nott of Thornbury.—Azure, a bend between three leopard's faces or. Crest: A talbot sejant ermine ducally gorged or. Motto: "Solus mihi invidus obstat." † (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 616.; Penn MS.; and Nash, ii., 352.)

The crest was granted to John Nott of Shelsley, by Robert Cooke, Clarencieux, on the 19th of November, 1575. "There is also (says Dr. Prattinton) this memorandum:—'John Not, grocer, was maior of London, A.D. 1363, and bore these arms, only the bend had a surcharge of three martlets.'—Original grant penes Sir T. E. Winning-

^{*} This Kingsnorton is not stated to be in Worcestershire; and there is another Kingsnorton in Leicestershire. There was an Edward Norton of Kingsnorton, in this county, who died s.p., before 1596, leaving two sisters, his co-heiresses, viz., Isabel, married to John Atmore, of Bordesley, and Alice, wife of Stephen Harrison of Kingsnorton, yeoman. The latter had issue a son, William Harrison, whose daughter and heiress, Margery, married Thomas Fetherston, who died in 1672. See Fetherston.

[†] These arms, impaling *Jefferies*, and the crest and motto, were set up in Shelsley church for John Nott, lord and patron. He married Anne, daughter of William Jefferies of Hom Castle. The arms also occur at Upton Warren, on the tombstone of Thomas, eldest son of Thomas Nott of Obden, who died in 1703, aged 65.

ton, bart." Berry and Burke give as the coat of Nott of "Shelderley-Beauchamp, co. Hereford," Or, a saltire gules between four eagles displayed sable; and the same coat is ascribed to Nott of Herefordshire, in the Add. MS., 14,833.

Nourse, or Nurse.—Gules, a fesse between two chevrons argent. (Penn MS.)

These arms with the crest, An arm embowed vested azure, cuffed argent, in the hand proper a snake of the last entwined round the arm, were granted by Segar, *Garter*, to the family of Nourse of Milton, Bucks, and Woodcaton, Oxon. (See the Harleian Society's Visitations of Oxfordshire, p. 282.) A Timothy Nourse gave, in 1698, a sum of money to the poor of the parish of St. John's, Bedwardine, issuing out of his estate at Southerns'.

- Noxson, of Worcestershire.—Or, on a fesse engrailed azure between three leopard's heads gules, as many escallops argent. (Papworth, from Harl. MS., 5533, fo. 79b.)
- Nuttall, of Kempsey; as borne by Robert Nuttall of Kempsey House (descended from a Lancashire family of that name) whose only daughter and heiress, Susan Eliza, was married, in 1839, to A. H. Royds, late of Crown-East Court.—Argent, a shackle-bolt sable. Crest: On a chapeau, a martlet sable. Motto: "Serva jugum." (Burke.)
- Odingsell.—Argent, on a fesse between three mullets gules, as many more or. (*Penn MS*.)
- OKLEY.—Argent, on a bend vert three garbs or. (Penn MS.)
- OLDNALL, of Chaddesley-Corbett, Stone, and Worcester; an ancient* family, whose pedigree was recorded at the Visi-

^{*} Richard Oldenhale was incumbent of Areley Kings' in the fifteenth century. There was also a family of this name at Rowington, co. Warwick, temp. Henry VIII. (See Dugdale's Warwickshire.)

tation of 1682-3. John Oldnall, who died in 1643, aged 40, married, in 1625, Margaret, daughter of John Taylor, of Chaddesley-Corbett, and had issue four surviving sons, Roger, Edmund, Thomas, and Francis. Edmund Oldnall of Worcester, the second son, was born in 1638, and married Margaret, daughter of Edward Cooksey, of Worcester, mayor of that city in 1665, by whom he had issue two daughters, Mary and Joice, the former married to John Smith of Worcester; Thomas, the third son, who was a clothier at Worcester, married Mary Cooksey, and was ancestor of the late Sir William Oldnall-Russell, knt.: and Francis, the youngest son, married Hester, daughter of Robert Wilmot of Kidderminster, sister of the Rev. Thomas Wilmot, vicar of Bromsgrove. The eldest son. Roger, was born in 1626, married, in 1659, Mary French of Droitwich, and died in 1680, having had issue a son John Oldnall of Stone, and three daughters. His son John died without issue, in 1690, leaving his three sisters his co-heiresses, viz. :- Mary, wife of Thomas Steward, of Hill field, co. Stafford, ancestor of the Stewards of Stone: Anne, married in 1687, to John Goodwin; and Elizabeth, married, in 1693, to Roger Waldron.*-Sable, on a fesse argent between two chevrons or, three human skulls of the field. Crest: A cock proper.

These arms were respited for proof at the Visitation of 1682-3. (See K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 132) On the family monuments in St. Andrew's church, Worcester, the fesse is charged with three leopard's faces sable. See Steward and Russell.

OLDNALL. See WOLLEY.

^{*} From a pedigree communicated by R. Woof, F.S.A., of Worcester.

- OLIVER, of Suckley.—Argent, a hand and arm issuing out of clouds on the sinister side fesse-ways, grasping a dexter hand couped at the wrist all proper. Crest: A martlet argent, in the beak a sprig vert. (M.I. at Suckley to Jonathan Oliver and Elizabeth his wife; he died February 20th, 1718, aged 38, she December 10th, 1724, aged 34.)
- OLIVER, late of Wollescote House, near Stourbridge; now represented by Edward Milward Oliver, of the "Brake," Hagley, second but eldest surviving son and heir of the late Edward Oliver of Wollescote, by Anne, daughter of Joseph Harpur, of Catthorpe, co. Leicester, and grandson of Hungerford Oliver, of The Grange, near Stourbridge, by Prudence, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Milward of Wollescote; which Hungerford Oliver was the son of Edward Oliver of Bristol, by Jane, nee Hungerford, his wife.—Ermine, on a chief sable three lions rampant argent; quartering, Milward. Crest: A demilion rampant gules. (Prattinton MSS., &c.) See Milward.

OLNEY.—Azure, a fesse between six crosses crosslet argent, (N.)

This coat occurs at Sutton, near Tenbury, among the quarterings of Lucy, but it is there intended for Haversham. (See Lucy) The same coat, however, was borne, temp. Edward II., by Sir John de Olneye of Buckinghamshire, whose heiress married Throckmorton; hence Dr. Thomas's mistake. But the coat usually quartered for Olney of Weston, Bucks, by the Throckmorton family is, Argent, on a fesse embattled between six crosses crosslet fitchee gules, three crescents of the field. This occurs among the Throckmorton quarterings at Beoley and Fladbury; but in the atchievement attached to Lee's Visitation of Oxfordshire, a° 1574, (Harleian Society's copy, p. 120), it is followed by a plain fesse between six crosslets as above, also for Olney, and Sable, a chevron argent between three crescents or, for Spiney.* Next comes a coat resembling that of Olney, there attri-

^{*} Dr. Thomas erroneously attributes this coat-also to Olney.

buted to Reveshyllen, viz., Argent, on a fesse embattled between six crosses pattle fitchee gules, three plates. This last coat occurs in all, or nearly all, the existing atchievements of Throckmorton, on church monuments and in heraldic manuscripts, but how it was brought in does not appear.*

Onley, of Bransford; as borne by John Deakin Onley, a Deputy-Lieutenant for this county. He was born on the 13th of March, 1797, and married, on the 24th of July, 1824, Elizabeth Prattenton Winnall, daughter of John Winnall of Brace's Leigh, by whom he has issue (with others) the Rev. George Deakin Onley-Prattenton, M.A., who assumed the latter surname on the 15th of May, 1865, in compliance with the will of his great uncle, the late William Prattenton of Clareland, Hartlebury. (See Prattenton.)—Or, three piles issuing from the base of the escutcheon gules, on a canton argent a mullet sable. Crest: In a ducal coronet or, a phænix's head in flames proper, holding in the beak a laurel branch vert.†

This family claims to be a junior branch of the Onleys of Catesby, in Northamptonshire, who derive their descent from King Edward the Third's standard-bearer through John Onley, who had a grant of the monastery and lands of Catesby from Henry VIII., in exchange for other lands in the counties of Salop and Hereford. The connection of the family with Worcestershire commences with

† This crest was "given by William Dethick, Garter, on the 7th of Sept., 39 Eliz. (A.D. 1597), to Edward Onley, pensioner, eldest sonne of Thomas, 2 sonne of John Onley of Catesby." (Harl. MS., 1187.) The Onley pedigree is given in Baker's Northamptonshire, vol. i., p. 287.

^{*} From its position in the atchievement, it would appear to have been brought in by Spiney; but the Throckmorton quarterings, as at Coughton in Warwickshire, Beoley in this county, the Oxfordshire Visitation of 1574, that of Huntingdonshire in 1613, and elsewhere, are not arranged in exact genealogical sequence. The coat of Spiney should precede that of Olney; and Wyke (a fesse between six guttées), which was brought in by Spiney, is placed last in these escutcheons, whereas it should precede Bosom, which was brought in by Olney. (See Lipscomb's Bucks., and the Visitations ut supra.)

- Thomas Onley, born 19th December, 1725, who died at Bransford on the 1st of December, 1802. He was father, by Mary, his wife, of John Onley, born October 10th, 1764, who married, in 1790, Mary, daughter of John Deakin of Bransford, by whom he left issue at his decease, on the 9th of September, 1823, an only son, the above J. D. Onley, and a daughter, Mary Anne, who died, unmarried, on the 23rd of April, 1870. (Communicated by the family.)
- Onslow; as borne by the Very Rev. Arthur Onslow, D.D., dean of Worcester, and master of St. Oswald's Hospital, who died at Lindridge, on the 15th of October, 1817, aged 71.—Argent, a fesse gules between six Cornish choughs proper. Crest: An eagle sable, preying upon a partridge or. Motto: "Festina lente."
- Orleton; as borne by Adam de Orleton, Bishop of Worcester from 1328 to 1333.—Three tons, two and one. (Bedford.)
- Orseys, of Worcestershire.—Per fesse or and azure, three annulets counterchanged. (Her. Dic.)
- Osborne, of Leigh.—Quarterly ermine and azure, a cross or charged with a mullet for difference. (Penn MS.)
- Osborne.—Quarterly ermine and azure, a cross or charged with five billets sable. (Penn MS.)
- Osborne.—The same, but the cross charged with five mullets sable. (Penn MS.)
- Osborne, of Hartlip, co. Kent; as borne by the Rev. Henry Godfrey Faussett-Osborne, J.P., vicar of Littleton (son of the late Godfrey Faussett, D.D., of Heppington, co. Kent), who assumed the latter surname on succeeding to the Hartlip estates, on the death of his cousin, William Bland, who was descended, through Tylden, from the

ancient family of Osborne of Hartlip Place.—Quarterly argent and azure, in the first and fourth quarters an ermine spot, over all on a cross or, five annulets sable. Crest: A demi-ounce ermine, collared gules, studded, chained, and tufted or, langued and armed of the second. (Granted to the Osbornes of Hartlip by Robert Cooke, Clarencieux, in 1573.)

Osney, of Worcester.—Sable, a fesse embattled argent. (Trick in Harl. MS., 1566; and M.I. in St. Alban's church, Worcester.)

The same coat was quartered by Newdicke. Richard Osney was M.P. for the city of Worcester, temp. Henry V. and Henry VI.; and Thomas Osney also represented the city in Parliament in the latter

reign.

Ouseley, of Tenbury; as borne by the Rev. Sir Frederick Arthur Gore Ouseley, bart., son and successor of the late Rt. Hon. Sir Gore Ouseley of Claramount and Woolmers, co. Hertford, who was created a baronet on the 3rd of October, 1808.—Or, a chevron sable between three holly leaves vert, a chief of the second. Crest: On a ducal coronet or, a wolf's head erased sable, holding in the mouth a bleeding hand couped at the wrist gules. Motto: "Mors lupi agnis vita." (Baronetages.)

Overbury.—Sable, three mullets between two bendlets argent. (N.)

This coat occurs in Hanley-Castle church, impaled by Edmund Lechmere (who died in 1650), in right of Margaret* his wife, daughter of Sir Nicholas Overbury, knt., of Bourton-on-the-hill and Quinton, co. Gloucester.† The family crest is, A lion's gamb erect argent encircled by a ducal coronet or.

^{*} She was baptised at Quinton, on the 18th of October, 33 Elizabeth. (Quinton Parish Registers.)

Owen, of Worcester; as borne by John Owen, banker, 1827.—
Argent, a chevron between three raven's legs erased à la cuisse sable. Crest: An eagle's neck with two heads couped proper. (Burke's Armory.)

OWEN, St.—Barry of six or and gules. (N.)
One of the Blount quarterings.

Owlborough, of Owlborough, otherwise Oldberrow.—Gules, a fesse between three owls argent. (N.)

PABENHAM.—Barry of six argent and azure, on a bend gules three mullets or. (N.)

Dr. Thomas ascribes this coat (but in different tinctures) to Pakenham. It was quartered by Stafford, through Aylesbury, in right of the marriage of Sir Thomas Aylesbury with Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of Laurence de Pabenham by Elizabeth his first wife, sister and co-heiress of Thomas Lord Engayne. (See Baker's Northamptonshire, i., 714.) The same coat was quartered by Sir Thomas Lucy of Charlecote, Sheriff of this county in the 28th of Elizabeth. It occurs (quarterly with Planges, Haversham, and Trayley) in glass at Charlecote House, Warwickshire, impaled by Hugford, with this inscription:—"Sir William Hugford wedit Katheryn, dawghter and heyre of James Pabenham." See Lucy.

PACK.—Azure, a lion rampant crowned argent. (N.)

Dr. Prattinton says this coat was quartered by Frere.* The

ton, co. Warwick, and had (with other issue) a son, Sir Thomas Overbury, who was poisoned in the Tower, in 1613, by the malicious contrivance of the Countess of Somerset. Sir Thomas left his estate to his nephew, Sir Thomas Overbury, who was a magistrate for this county in 1660, and whose name occurs in Penn's list of those who were to find horse in Worcestershire. This last Sir Thomas was buried at Quinton, in Gloucestershire, on the 6th of March, 1683-4. The parish registers of Aston sub Edge and Quinton contain many entries relating to this family. See also Rudder's Gloucestershire, pp. 302 and 617.

* It occurs among the Frere quarterings at Stockton (see Nash, ii., 377), but it is, perhaps, intended for another coat of Clifton, viz., Gules, a lion

rampant argent crowned or.

Heraldic Dictionaries ascribe to *Peche* and *Peach*, Azure, a lion rampant ermine crowned or.

PAGANEL, Baron of Dudley.—Gules, a cinquefoil ermine.

This is the coat quartered by the Suttons, Wards, and Leas for Paganel of Dudley; but the seal of Gervase Paganel, feudal Baron of Dudley, to a charter, dated the 33rd of Henry II., confirming certain grants of his father and grandfather to the monks of Newport, displays two lions passant, the coat that was afterwards borne by the Someries. This Gervase was the son of Ralph Paganel, lord of Dudley, by a daughter of Earl Ferrars, and the grandson of Fulke Paganel, who had the lands of William Fitzansculf, whose daughter Beatrice he probably married. Gervase married Isabel, daughter of Robert de Bellomont, Earl of Leicester, and had issue by her a daughter and heiress, Hawyse, married to John de Somerie. See SOMERIE.

PAKINGTON, of Hampton Lovett and Westwood. "The antiquity of this family (says Betham*) is unquestionable; it is manifest, from the foundation of the monastery of Kenilworth, that they flourished in the reign of Henry I.; neither is it to be doubted that they were so called from the place of their abode, from one of the Pakingtons in Staffordshire, Warwickshire, or Leicestershire; for in each of these counties we meet with lordships of that name, whose owners anciently wrote themselves de Pakington." John Pakington, the immediate ancestor of the family before us (the son of John Pakington, who was living in the 14th of Henry VI.), married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Washborne of Stanford, in this county, by whom he had three sons, John, Robert, and Humphrey. Sir John, the eldest, who was an eminent lawyer, and a large landed proprietor, died in 1550, leaving two daughters his co-heiresses, viz., Ursula, mar-

^{*} Baronetage, vol. i., p. 185.

ried to Sir John Scudamore, knt., and Bridget, married to Sir John Lyttelton of Frankley, knt. He divided his possessions among his daughters and his two brothers, devising the manor of Chaddesley Corbett to his youngest Robert Pakington, his second brother Humphrey. brother, continued the male line at Hampton Lovett. This Robert, by his marriage with Katherine, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Baldwyn, knt., Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, acquired the manor of Aylesbury, in Buckinghamshire. His grandson, Sir John Pakington, K.B. (known at the court of Queen Elizabeth as "Lusty Pakington"), stood high in favour with the Queen, who first made his acquaintance in her progress to Worcester, and invited him to attend her court, where he lived in great splendour and reputation. Sir John Pakington, his son (by Dorothy his wife, daughter of Ambrose Smith of London, silkman to the Queen), was created a baronet in 1620, and was great-grandfather of Sir John, the fourth baronet, who, by his second wife Hester, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Herbert Perrott of Haroldstone, co. Pembroke, knt., was lineal ancestor of Sir John Pakington, the eighth baronet, and last male heir of the family, on whose death without issue, in 1830, the title became extinct, and the estates devolved upon his sisters, Elizabeth, wife of William Russell of Powick, and Anne, who died unmarried in 1846, aged eightythree, as his co-heiresses at law. Mr. Russell had issue by the said Elizabeth a son, John Somerset Russell, who, on the decease of his uncle, assumed the surname and arms of Pakington, and was created a baronet in 1846.— Per chevron sable and argent, in chief three mullets

pierced or, in base as many garbs gules banded* gold; quartering, 1st, Argent, on a fesse between six martlets gules three quatrefoils of the field, for Washborne; 2nd, Argent, three pairs of oak leaves two in chief and one in base vert, stalked sable, for Baldwyn; 3rd, Ermine, a fesse counter-componée or and azure, in chief an annulet for difference, for Arden. Crests: 1st, A demi-hare azure, charged with three bezants two and one; 2nd, An elephant passant or, armed gules; both for Pakington. (Harl. MS., 1566; and Baronetages.)

The present Sir John Somerset Pakington, bart., G.C.B., bears-Quarterly 1st and 4th, Pakington; 2nd and 3rd, Russell (which see). Supporters (granted when the Grand Cross of the Bath was conferred): Dexter, An elephant or, charged on the shoulder with a mullet pierced sable; Sinister, A talbot argent charged with a like mullet. Crests: 1st, Pakington; 2nd, Russell. Mottoes: "Par viribus virtus," for Pakington; and "Fidelis et audax," for Russell.

Pakington, of London, Chaddesley Corbett, and Harvington: a junior branch of the Pakingtons of Westwood, founded by Humphrey† Pakington of London, merchant, youngest son of John Pakington and Elizabeth Washborne. He married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of —— Harding of London, and had (with several daughters) a son, John Pakington of Harvington and Chaddesley, whose son Humphrey (at. fourteen in 1569) left at his decease in 1631 two daughters his co-heiresses: Mary, married to Sir John Yate, bart.; and Anne, wife of Sir Henry Aud-

† Humphrey Pakington of Chaddesley was fined for not taking knighthood

at the coronation of Charles I.

[&]quot; It is supposed that this coate armour was taken by the marriage of some great heiress by whom they had greate possessions, and so bound in honour and remembrance of the same." (Penn MS.)

ley, knt. Dame Mary Yate had issue a son, Sir Charles Yate of Buckland, co. Berks, bart., whose daughter, and eventually sole heiress, Mary, was married to Sir Robert Throckmorton, bart.—Arms, &c., as Pakington of Westwood, quartering *Washborne* and *Harding.** (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 29; Harl. MS., 1352; and Add. MS., 19,816.)

Palgrave.—Two pales gules, a bordure azure bezantée. (N.)

This is one of the quarterings of Stafford of Grafton. Dr. Prattinton says it is the coat of Keynes, and that the real coat of Palgrave is, Azure, a lion passant argent.† But Dr. Prattinton is himself in error, for Keynes bore, Vaire, two bars gules; and the above coat is clearly that of Bassett of Weldon, co. Northampton. In the Roll of temp. Edward II. Sir Richard Bassett of Rutland and Northamptonshire bears, Paly or and gules, a bordure azure bezantée; and the same coat was quartered for Bassett by the families of Chaworth and Babington.‡

PALMER, of Witley.—Checky argent and azure, a chief gules, a crescent for difference. (Penn MS.)

PALMER, of Blackley.—As the preceding; quartering, 1st, Argent, three martlets sable; 2nd, Argent, on a chevron

* Viz., Argent, on a bend gules three martlets or.

† This coat occurs in glass in the cathedral at Worcester, and is attributed

to Palgrave by Dr. Thomas in his Survey, p. 16.

[‡] See the Visitations of Nottinghamshire, published by the Harleian Society, pp. 123 and 150. Under "Bassett" (p. 34) it has been stated that the arms of Bassett of Weldon, as quartered by Stafford, were, Or, three piles gules within a bordure sable bezantée. Most of the authorities so blazon the arms of this branch of the family of Bassett; but in Morley church, Derbyshire, and at Glapwell in the same county, Babington quarters the paly coat as above described. Erdeswick, the Staffordshire historian, in describing the arms of Draycott, says that pales and piles are the same thing; "for (says he) if they be made in a coat armour or banner, they must be made square at both ends; but if they be made in a shield, they are usually made sharp at the lower end as the shield is." In the Stepney tournament roll, printed in the Col. Top. et Gen., iv., 69, Sir Richard Bassett bears, Barry paly of six or and gules, a bordure sable bezantée.

between three lion's heads erased gules a mullet or; 3rd, Quarterly argent and sable, on a bend gules three fleurs-de-lis of the first. Crest: A griffin sejant argent. (Harl. MS., 1566.)

This was a Warwickshire family whose descent and arms were recorded at the Worcestershire Visitation of 1634 by Robert Palmer of "Blackley, co. Worcester," second son of Richard Palmer, and younger brother of John Palmer of Compton, co. Warwick. Robert was twice married, and had by his first wife two sons, Robert and John, and by his second one son, Richard. (See C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 1016.; and Harl. MS., 1566.) Honor Palmer of Moundsley Hall, Kingsnorton, relict of Edward Palmer, sealed a deed with the same arms and crest in 1725.

PALMER, of Upton Snodsbury; as borne by Edward Palmer of that place, High Sheriff in the 6th of Queen Anne.— Azure, a fleur-de-lis in chief and two trefoils slipped in base argent, all within a bordure engrailed or. Crest: A dragon's head or, collared gules, between two dragon's wings expanded vert, fretty and semée of trefoils argent. (Nash; and Dr. Prattinton.)

The same arms and crest are upon the monument at Leigh of William Colles, who married Mary, daughter and heiress of Jerome Palmer* by Eleanor (or Esther) his wife, daughter of William, first Lord Paget, K.G. On the night of November 7th, 1707 (the very year, it would seem, in which Edward Palmer was Sheriff), Mrs. Palmer of Upton Snodsbury and her maid-servant were murdered, and her house burnt, by a gang of ruffians, headed by her only son and Mr. Symonds, whose sister Palmer had married. Palmer had (Nash tells us) an estate of near £200 per annum and £740 in bonds, &c. They were executed for this crime, and hung in chains on the 8th of May, 1708. Palmer left an infant son, whom Bishop Talbot brought up and instructed in the principles of religion and virtue. "He lived," adds Nash, "an honest man to an advanced age, and died about two years ago" (1782).

^{*} This Jerome was lord of the manor of Berrington in Tenbury; he appears to have been the son of Matthew Palmer, and grandson of Richard Palmer, which latter purchased Berrington of Mr. Andrews.

Palmer, of Bricklehampton.—Per pale or and azure, a chevron thereon three bars gemelles between as many fleurs-de-lis all counterchanged. (Dr. Prattinton.)

Francis Palmer of Bricklehampton, gent., paid a fine for exoneration from knighthood at the coronation of Charles I. Dr. Prattinton says that the same coat is on a monument for John Phillips, and again for John Hatche.* Haselwood quarters a similar coat in the Visitation of Rutland, 1618-19, probably for Billington (see Haselwood); but on the monument of Fulke Haselwood at Pershore it appears to be, Per pale or and azure, a chevron between three fleurs-de-lis counterchanged, which Dr. Thomas attributes to Welts, under which name it will be found in the Heraldic Dictionaries, but in azure and argent. See Welts.

PALMES.—Gules, three fleurs-de-lis argent, a chief vaire. (N.)

This coat occurs in Worcester cathedral on the monument of Katherine, daughter of Sir Brian Palmes of Linley, co. York, who died in 1703, aged fifty-eight. It also occurs at Abberley, impaled by Joseph Walsh in right of Elizabeth his wife, another daughter of the said Sir Brian Palmes.

PARDOE, of Bewdley; as borne by the late Robert Pardoe, Deputy-Lieutenant and Major of Militia for Worcestershire, and by his descendants quartered with Acton of Wolverton.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent, a chevron between three crosses crosslet fitchée sable, for Pardoe; 2nd and 3rd, Gules, a chevron between three cinquefoils argent, for Acton.† Crest: Two vulture's heads and necks conjoined proper. (Burke's Armory.)

PARDOE, of Hailes Park, co. Worcester.—Or, on a chevron embattled between three towers gules from the portals of each a doe issuant proper, three cinquefoils of the field.

^{*} Under "Hatche of Wick" Dr. Prattinton gives, Per pale or and azure, a fesse between three fleurs-de-lis counterchanged, and adds, "Query Palmer?" † These are the arms of Acton of Acton.

Crest: A tower with a doe issuant proper. (Burke's Armory.)

PARKER.—Three pheons. (In Crowle church.—N.)

This coat is on the tomb of John Parker, who died in 166.. (See Nash, i., 281.

PARKER, Lord Morley.—Argent, between two bars sable each charged with three bezants a lion passant gules, in chief three buck's heads cabossed of the second. (N.)

The arms of Edward Lord Morley, father of Mary, wife of Thomas Habingdon of Hindlip, as in Hindlip church.

PARKER.—Argent, three buck's heads cabossed sable. (Penn MS.)

Perhaps the coat of "Philip Parker, esq.," who occurs in Penn's list of "those who were to find horse." A "Philip Packer,* esq.," was of Spetchley in 1673. (See Blome's list of Worcestershire gentry in his Britannia.)

PARKHURST, of Ripple; as borne by Fleetwood Parkhurst of that place, High Sheriff of Worcestershire in 1792, the fourth son of John Parkhurst of Catesby, in Northamptonshire.—Argent, a cross ermines between four bucks trippant proper. Crest: Out of a palisado coronet or, a buck's head erased argent attired of the first. (Baker's Northamptonshire, i., 288.)

PARKINS. See PERKIN.

PARRETT.—Quarterly per fesse indented or and azure. (Penn MS.)

^{*} Philip Packer of the Middle Temple presented to White Ladies' Aston church in 1660, in conjunction with Rowland Berkeley of Cotheridge and Rowland Wynn of London.

This coat (which is attributed to Ralph Perot of Bedfordshire in the Roll of temp. Edward II.) is, according to Mr. Barnwell,* the paternal bearing of the Perrotts of Morton-on-Lug, co. Hereford, of which family was Sir Herbert Perrott, knt., who succeeded in 1637 under the will of Sir James Perrott, knt. (natural son of Sir John Perrott, the celebrated Lord-Deputy of Ireland), to the Haroldstone estates in Pembrokeshire. Sir Herbert was the son and heir of Robert Perrott of Morton-on-Lug by Fortune, daughter of Richard Tomkyns of Monington, and grandson of Richard Perrott of the same place by Alice, daughter of Richard Bromwich of Hereford. He was thrice married; by his first wife (Sibilla Lloyd) he had an only son, Herbert, who was slain by Captain South at the "Devil" tavern in Fleet Street; and by his second, Hester, daughter of William Barlow of Slebech, he was father of an only child, Hester, his heiress, who espoused Sir John Pakington, bart. His third wife, Susannah, daughter of Francis Norris, survived him and proved his will in September, 1683. The Perrotts of Morton assumed the armorial bearings t of the Haroldstone family, and about the year 1638 proceedings were instituted in the Earl Marshal's Court by Thomas Perrott of London against "Robert Perrott of Morton. co. Hereford; Herbert Perrott of Gray's Inn, co. Middlesex, son of the said Robert; and Francis Perrott of London, merchant (brother of the said Robert), for using his coate of armes, not being of the same family." The result of this suit is not known, but Sir Herbert continued to use the disputed arms; they occur (quartering, Paly of six or and azure, on a fesse gules two mullets argent) on the seal attached to his will, and also upon the family monuments in Wellington church, Herefordshire. In Kimber and Johnson's Baronetage, 1771, Sir Herbert Perrott is called son of Fames Perrott, lord of Wellington, co. Hereford, by Dorothy, daughter of Sir Thomas Perrott of the Haroldstone family; and the family is there deduced from one Owen Perrott, a brother of the Lord-Deputy of Ireland. But this is erroneous, for Sir Herbert is called, in the will of Sir James Perrott, "Harbert Perrott, sonne and heire of Robert Perrott;" and in his own will he mentions his father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, and several others of the family by name. It may be added that no relationship has been traced between Sir Herbert and the Harold-

* See Perrot Notes or some account of the various branches of the Perrot family. By E. L. Barnwell, M.A. 1867.

† See Dallaway's Heraldic Inquiries, p. 302.

[†] Gules, three pears or, on a chief argent a demi-lion issuant sable. Dr. Strong says that this coat is assigned to Perrott of Morton-on-Lug in the Harl. MS., 1545, one of Munday, the herald painter's, MS. collections.

stone Perrotts; and it is generally supposed that Sir James left him the Haroldstone estate simply because his name chanced to be Perrott.*

PARRY, Bishop of Worcester, 1610-16.—Argent, on a fesse between three lozenges azure, an annulet or for difference. (Monument in Worcester cathedral.)

There is also on his monument in the cathedral this coat—Or, on a chevron between two chevronels gules, a mitre of the field. Habingdon (Harl. MS., 2205) fears "this last coate is not ryght."

Parsons, of Overbury and Offenham. The descent of this family was recorded at the Visitations of 1634 and 1682-3.† Philip Parsons of Overbury paid a fine for not taking the order of knighthood at the coronation of Charles I.;‡ and his name also occurs in Penn's list of those Worcestershire gentry who were to find horse. Giles Parsons of Overbury was High Sheriff of the county in the 11th of William and Mary. The heiress, Mary, daughter of John Parsons and Dorothy his wife, daughter of William Higford of Dixton, co. Gloucester (by Dorothy, daughter of Robert second Viscount Tracy), married William Bund of Wick.—Azure, a chevron ermine between three trefoils slipped argent.§ (N.)

^{*} The above particulars are chiefly derived from Mr. Barnwell's *Perrot Notes*, and the wills of Sir James and Sir Herbert Perrott there printed. The tabular pedigree of the Morton-on-Lug family given in that work differs in some respects from the information afforded by Sir Herbert's will. For instance, Mr. Barnwell calls the wife of Richard Perrott *Margaret*, daughter of *Thomas* Bromwich, but in Sir Herbert's will she is called *Alice*, daughter of *Richard* Bromwich.

[†] C. 30, and K. 4, Coll. Arm. ff. 68b, 132.

[‡] A William Parsons of Longdon refused knighthood on the same occasion. Nash informs us that Muchgros in Longdon belonged to Mr. William Parsons, who was a descendant of the ancient family of Muchgros.

[§] The same arms were borne by the family of Parsons of Kemerton Court, co. Gloucester. See HOPTON.

These arms occur, impaling Higford, on the monument at Overbury of the above Dorothy Parsons (who died in 1714, aged eightytwo); but they were disallowed at the Visitation of 1682-3. No arms were exhibited in 1634. Penn ascribes to the family, Argent, on a saltire sable nine plates each charged with a pellet.

- Partheriche, of Alderminster. Edward Partheriche of Alderminster was High Sheriff in the 6th of William III. The family was originally of Bridge in Kent, and acquired Alderminster by the marriage of Edward Partheriche of Bridge with Katherine, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Arthur Throckmorton of Paulerspury, co. Northampton, in 1627.—Vaire argent and sable, on a chief of the last three roses of the first. (N.)
- Paston, of Paston, co. Norfolk.—Argent, six fleurs-de-lis, three, two, and one, azure, a chief indented or. (N.)

One of the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley. See Lyttelton.

- PATES, Bishop of Worcester, 1555-59.—A mill-rind. (Jekyll's* MSS.)
- PATESHULL.—Argent, a fesse sable between three crescents gules. (N.; and Penn MS.)

This coat occurs among the Bulkeley quarterings at Wickhamford, and also upon the monument of John Beauchamp of Holt in the cathedral at Worcester.

- Patrick, of Crown-east or Crow-nest, Worcester; as borne by the late Josiah Patrick of that place.—Gules, three mullets or. Crest: A dexter hand proper holding a cross crosslet. (Burke's Armory.)
- PAUNCEFORT, or PAUNCEFOOT. This family was anciently of Hasfield, co. Gloucester, of which manor Richard Pauncefort had a grant in the 33rd of Henry III. His son, Sir

^{*} Contributed by Mr. Bedford, the author of the Blazon of Episcopacy.

Grimbald Pauncefort, is said to have been knighted by Sir Edward Bohun, and to have received from that personage the lions in his arms. He had issue a son, Grimbald, who was lord of Bentley in this county. A branch of the family, resident in Gloucestershire, entered a pedigree at the Visitation of that county taken in 1682.* William Pauncefote of Carswalls, who was aged twelve at the time of the said Visitation, married Sarah, daughter of Robert Wylde of the Commandery, Worcester, by whom he had issue three daughters, his co-heiresses:-Anne, the eldest, was married to — Lilly of Worcester, and died s.p.; Sarah, the second, was the wife of William Bromley of Abberley; and Elizabeth, the youngest, espoused William Howe of Beckingham.—Gules, three lions rampant argent. (Borne by Grimbaud Paunceuot in the Roll. of temp. Edward I.) See BROMLEY; and BEAUCHAMP of HOLT.

Paveley.—Azure, a cross fleurettée or. (N.)

This coat occurs at Welland among the quarterings of Willoughby; but under Welland Nash ascribes it to Peneley. It is followed by a coat which Nash attributes to Movubray (Gules, a lion rampant argent), but which is perhaps intended for Burghersh (whose arms were, Gules, a lion rampant double queued or); for Walter de Paveley, who died in the 1st of Edward III., was the first husband of Maud, daughter and heiress of Stephen de Burghersh, eldest brother of Bartholomew de Burghersh. Reginald de Paveley bears in the Roll of temp. Edward I., Azure, a cross pomel flory or. "The line of this family," says Banks (Baronia Anglica Concentrata, ii., 111), "seems to have terminated in an heir female, married to Cheney, by whose heir general, married to Willoughby, the manor of Broke was acquired by that family."

PAYTON.—Sable, a cross engrailed or, in the first quarter a mullet of six points argent. (N.)

^{*} See Betham's Baronetage, v., Appendix, p. 62.

This coat was formerly in the east window of Bredicot church. See Nash, i., 121.

PAYTON.—Sable, a cross engrailed and a label of three points or: (Penn MS.)

Peache, of Worcestershire.—Gules, a fesse between six crosses crosslet argent. (Her. Dic.)

Pearkes, of Stoke Prior; borne by John Pearkes of Stoke, who married Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Richard Tristram, rector of Belbroughton.—Azure, three buck's heads cabossed argent attired or. (Impalement in Tristram pedigree compiled circa 1708.)

PEARSALL, of Hawne. See PESHALL.

PECK.—Lozengy or and gules, a saltire ermine. (Penn MS.)

Pedwardine.—Gules, two lions passant or. (N.)

In glass in St. Andrew's church, Droitwich.

PEMBRIDGE. See GREY.

Pembruge.—Azure, two bars or. (N.)

In glass in the cathedral. (See Thomas's Survey, p. 16.)

Penell, of Woodstone in Lindridge; "descended of a younger house of Penell in co. Chester."* The pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1634, and is printed in Nash, ii., 94. The heiress, Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Penell of Woodstone, married about the year 1676 Acton Cremer, whose son, Henry Cremer, sold the estate in 1704 to Thomas Baker. During the civil wars Edward Penell was a Royalist, and compounded for his estate at

^{*} Add. MS., 19,816; but Dr. Percy considered that the Penells were aboriginal in Worcestershire, and derived their name from Pen-hill, near Pensax. (See Nash, ii., 94.)

the sum of £60; his name also occurs in Penn's list of those who were to find horse in Worcestershire.—Argent, on a fesse gules three garbs or; quartering for Lowe (in right of the marriage of Thomas Penell of Woodstone with Agnes, daughter and co-heiress of Humphrey Lowe of the Lowe), Gules, a wolf passant argent. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 936; Penn MS; Nash; &c.)

Penn, of Harborough Hall, Churchill, near Stourbridge; a very ancient family, of whom, it is presumed [John?], Penn, the compiler of the Armorial so frequently cited in these pages, was a member. William Penn, the last male heir, died in 1731, aged seventy-four, leaving three daughters his co-heiresses, Anne, Mary, and Sarah. The last died unmarried; Anne, the eldest, married Thomas Shenstone of The Leasowes, Halesowen, and was mother of William Shenstone the poet; and Mary married the Rev. Thomas Dolman of Broom. A description of Penn's manuscript, and some account of the Penns of Harborough, will be found in the Appendix.—Argent, on a fesse sable three plates, in chief a lion passant gules. (Penn MS.)

This coat, says Penn, was standing in the church window at Churchill "in the beginning of the late wars." Without the lion in chief it was borne by Sir John de la Penne of Buckinghamshire, temp. Edward II. (Nicolas Roll). William Penn of Hagley, and Francis Penn of Belbroughton, disclaimed at the Visitation of 1634.

Penny.—Azure, a fesse between three penny-yard pence argent. (Penn MS.)

In what part of Worcestershire this family was located does not appear, and it is to be feared that this is a coat of Mr. Penn's own invention. It is not given in any of the Heraldic Dictionaries, and the charge itself is of very doubtful authenticity. Penn explains that a penny-yard penny is "a very antient sort of coyne, which, as I

finde, was but for little commerce, but only for the place where it was first made, and now quite worn out of use or thought." It is represented as stamped with a cross moline between twelve balls. Three such coins on a field azure were borne, according to Gwillim, by a Yorkshire family, named Spence. The place where they are said to have been coined is Penyard Castle, in Herefordshire—hence their name; but it is far more probable that the charges in the Spence arms were mill-stones. "This legend of the penny-yard pence," says Mr. J. G. Nichols,† "is one of those which runs through nearly the whole series of the old armorial writers, both before and after Gwillim, but surely it is one of the most absurd of their many absurdities."

- PENPONS.—Argent, three wolves passant in pale azure. (N.)

 A Cornish family whose arms were quartered by Nanfan. Their crest was Three pruning-hooks, two in saltire and one in pale or, environed in the middle with a wreath. See Nanfan.
- Penrice, † of Crowle.—John Penrice of Crowle, son of Thomas Penrice, who purchased Crowle from John à Combe, recorded his descent and arms at the Visitation of 1634. Crowle afterwards came to the Holmdens, probably, says Nash, by descent, as Robert Holmden of Essex married Anne, sister of the above John Penrice.—Per pale indented gules and argent. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 606.)

Penn gives the coat as argent and gules, and it appears to have been usually so borne.

Perys, Bishop of Worcester, 1841-61.—Gules, on a bend engrailed or between two horse's heads erased argent, three fleurs-de-lis of the field, a mullet for difference. (Bedford.)

† Herald and Genealogist, vi., 455, in a notice of Mr. Robinson's Castles of Herefordshire.

^{*} Burke, in fact, blazons the arms of Spence of Yorkshire as Sable, three mill-stones argent two and one.

[‡] A family of this name possessed the manor of Elmbridge in 1765. They were connected by marriage with the ancient family of Dannet of that place, Edward Penrice having married Anne Dannet-Bookey, daughter of William Bookey, by Anne, his wife, daughter of John Dannet.

Perans, of Pershore.—Three eagles on a bend. (Dr. Prattinton, from Habingdon.)

This appears rather to be the coat of *Pavent*, viz., Argent, on a bend gules three eagles displayed or. See Papworth's Ordinary.

Percy, Earl of Worcester; as borne by Thomas Percy, created Earl of Worcester in 1397, brother of Henry, first Earl of Northumberland.—Quarterly, 1st and 4th, Or, a lion rampant azure; 2nd and 3rd, Azure five fusils conjoined in fesse or. (Heylin.)

Percy, or Piercy, of Worcester.—This family, of which the celebrated Dr. Thomas Percy, Bishop of Dromore, was the last male heir,* is stated to have been descended from John Percy, "who retired from the north to Worcester about 1520, and brought with him his son Thomas, then an infant." This John was supposed by the Bishop of Dromore, "from the concurrence of many peculiar circumstances," to have been identical with John Percy of Newton-by-the-Sea, son of Sir Henry Percy, and grandson of Sir Ralph Percy, a younger brother of Henry, third Earl of Northumberland. Dr. Percy printed a sheet pedigree of his family about the year 1795, in which he inserted that descent which he had previously suggested in Nash; but such descent, though probable, is certainly "not proven." From Thomas, the supposed son of John Percy of Newton, Thomas Piercy, mayor of Worcester in 1662, was lineally descended.

^{*} There is, however, a family still existing in the county named *Piercy*. Of this family was the Rev. Daniel Piercy, rector of Shrawley, 1764, who used for arms the Percy lion, quartering Gules, three lucies haurient argent, for *Lucy*, as borne by the Earls and Dukes of Northumberland.

mayor's son, married Elizabeth, daughter of Arthur Lowe, of the Lowe, and was father of Arthur Piercy, who removed to Bridgnorth, and had issue Arthur Lowe Piercy or Percy, a grocer in the Cartway, who, by Jane Nott, his wife, was father of Thomas Percy, born in 1729, Bishop of Dromore. Dr. Percy married, in 1759, Anne Gutteridge (to whom he had addressed the pastoral ballad, "O, Nancy, wilt thou go with me?"), but died without surviving male issue on the 30th of September, 1811, "revered (says one of his biographers) by all sects and classes in his diocese, to whom the exercise of every virtue—charity, piety, and hospitality—had endeared him during an episcopate of nearly thirty years."—Or, a lion rampant azure. (Nash, &c.)

Under "Peircie of Worcester," Penn states—" This family doe take their derivation from the noble Earles of Northumberland, as witness the coat; for they beare, Or, a lyon rampant azure, which is the same, but their difference is a mullet on a cressant surmounted by another cressant, which is a great distance from the first house."

Perkin, of Worcestershire; as borne by Francis Perkin, of co. Worcester, son of Humphrey Perkin, by Joan, daughter and co-heiress of John Cole and Catherine, his wife, the daughter and co-heiress of John Little of Little Court; which Humphrey Perkin was the son of Walter Perkin, by the daughter of . . . Seafowle.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent, an eagle displayed sable, on a canton of the last a fesse dancettée or, for Perkin; 2nd, Per pale indented argent and gules, a bull passant counterchanged, for Cole; 3rd, Per pale azure and sable, a fesse checky argent and or, between three goat's heads erased argent, for Little.*

^{*} This coat is not given under the name of Little in the Heraldic Dictionaries. Papworth attributes it to Sweeting, Sendfurst, and Sedley.

Crest: An antelope sejant sable, tufted, armed, and maned argent. Motto: "A spe in spem." (Harl. MS., 1566.)

In the same manuscript there are a few descents of a family named Parkins of "Mattisfield," but no arms are given.

Perrott, of Bell Hall, Belbroughton.—Bell Hall, anciently the seat of a family named Bell or Belne, was purchased by Humphrey Perrott,† from the Conway family. He, or his son of the same name, married Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry James‡ of Forfield Court, Belbroughton, by whom he had issue two sons:—

† Martha, another of the daughters of Henry James, married "John Perrott of Worcestershire," probably a brother of Humphrey. (See Harl. MS. 6128.)

^{*} The family of Parkyns of Bunny, in Nottinghamshire, is said by Betham (Baronetage, iii., 42) to have come from "Upton and Mattisfield, in the county of Berks." Richard Parkyns of Bunny, with whom their pedigree commences, was, he says, "great grandson to Thomas Parkyns of the places aforesaid." This would seem to identify him with the Richard Parkins named in the pedigree above referred to, who was the eldest son of Richard Parkins, by Agnes, daughter of Walter Twynboro of Woodminton, West Hide, co. Hereford, and grandson of William Parkins, by Joan, daughter of — Read of Coventry; which William Parkins was the son of Thomas Parkins of "Mattisfield, co. Worcester," by Ellen, sister of J. Tomkins of co. Hereford. A pedigree of Parkyns of Bunny will be found in the Harleian Society's Visitations of Nottinghamshire in 1569 and 1614, but it commences only with Richard, who died in 1603. This family obtained an Irish peerage (Baron Rancliffe) in 1795, and a baronetcy in 1681; the former is extinct, but the latter still exists.

^{† &}quot;Humphrey, son of — Perrott of Wollaston, co. Worcester," was admitted a student of the Inner Temple in 1582. John Pershouse of Reynold's Hall, co. Stafford, married Margaret, daughter of William Perrott of Wollaston, and had a son, Richard, aged 14 in 1614. Humphrey Perrott purchased, in 1616, an estate in Belbroughton, "in the names of John Persehouse and Henry Phipps." Humphrey, son of — Perrott of Bell Hall was admitted a student of the Inner Temple in 1612. According to Kimber and Johnson's Baronetage, 1771, Humphrey Perrott of "Bilne, co. Worcester," was a son of Thomas Perrott and brother of James Perrott, of Wellington, co. Hereford, but the account of the family of the soi-disant "Sir Richard Perrott, bart.," as given in that work is altogether unworthy of credit. See Parrett.

James, who was of Bell Hall in 1638; and Humphrey. James had issue a son, Humphrey, and a daughter, Anne. married to the Rev. Richard Tristram, rector of Bel-The son, Humphrey, sold, in 1657, a moiety of the Moor Hall estate (which Humphrey Perrott had purchased, in 1616, from the family of Barneby), to his brother-in-law, Richard Tristram. In 1692, Humphrey Perrott is described as of "Bristol, in the parish of St. Augustine, esquire," and he then had a son, Humphrey, "of Bell Hall, gentleman." In 1728, Thomas Perrott, esquire, "brother of the said Humphrey Perrott the younger," was of Bell Hall, and had a son and heir apparent, John Perrott, gent. Thomas Perrott of Bell Hall was High Sheriff of the county in the 7th of Queen Anne; John Perrott of Pedmore in 1720; and John Perrott of Bell Hall in 1738. The last named gentleman died in 1776, aged 74, leaving issue by Katherine, his wife, an only daughter and heiress, Katherine, married, in 1764, to Walter Noel of Hilcote, co. Stafford, from whom the present Charles Noel of Bell Hall is descended. phrey Perrott of Bell Hall paid a fine for exoneration from knighthood at the coronation of Charles I.; and the name of Humphrey Perrott also occurs in Penn's list of those 'Worcestershire gentry that were to find horse.'* -Gules, three pears or, on a chief argent a demi-lion issuant sable. Crest: A parrot vert, holding in the

^{*} Mr. Barnwall, in his "Perrot Notes," gives a short, but not quite correct, account of the Perrotts of Bell Hall. The William (son of Humphrey Perrott) whom he makes father of John Perrott, born in 1653, was only forty-five when he died in 1688. (See his M.I. at Belbroughton). The above account has been drawn chiefly from original deeds, and, though meagre, it is believed to be accurate.

dexter claw a pear or, leaved proper. (Penn MS.; and seal of John Perrott, esq., 1738.)

The name of Francis Perrott of Belbroughton was inserted in the list of disclaimers in 1634, but afterwards struck out.

Perrott, of Pershore, and of Craycome House, Fladbury, of whom was George Perrott, a Baron of the Exchequer, whose family (says Nash) "came originally from Bell Hall, in Worcestershire, and went to Yorkshire with one of the Archbishops." The pedigree given by Nash (vol. i., p. 447) commences with John Perrott, citizen of London, who died in 1603. George Perrott of Craycombe House, nephew of the Judge, was High Sheriff of this county in 1786; he married Jane, daughter of the Rev. Henry Wigley of Pensham, and was father of George Wigley Perrott of Craycombe.—Arms and crest as Perrott of Bell Hall. See Savage.

PERROTT. See PARRETT.

- Perry, of Worcestershire.—Argent, on a bend sable three pears or. Crest: A cubit arm in armour proper, grasping in the gauntlet a sword argent, hilt and pomel or, strings and tassels flowing from the pomel gules. (Her. Dic.) See Pirie.
- Pershore, Abbey.—Sable, on a chevron between three anthills, each hill having upon it four ants proper, three holly leaves vert.—Sometimes a cross ragulée. (Nash, ii., 246.)
- PESHALL.—Argent, a cross formée flory sable, on the centre an inescutcheon of the first charged with a lion rampant double queuée gules ducally crowned or, on a canton

azure a wolf's head erased argent. Crest: A boar's head and neck couped gules, crined and tusked or. Motto: "Suum cuique." (In Halesowen church.)

These are the armorial bearings of the ancient family of Peshall of Horseley, co. Stafford, said to be paternally descended from the Norman Counts of Corbeil. In the year 1612, John Peshall of Horseley was created a baronet and was succeeded in that dignity by his grandson, Sir John, in 1646, and he by his son, Sir Thomas Peshall, on whose death, in 1712, without surviving male issue, the title is generally supposed to have become extinct. But, about the year 1771, the Rev. John Pearsall, the descendant of a respectable yeoman family, seated for several generations at Hawne, in the parish of Halesowen, changed the name he had hitherto borne, and assumed the style and designation of "Sir John Peshall, bart.," alleging that he was descended from one Humphrey Peshall, whom he affirmed to be a second son of the first baronet. To support these pretensions, the name of the rev. gentleman's grandfather, Thomas (who died in 1714, æt. 62), which had originally been engraved Pearsall, was changed upon his tombstone at Halesowen to Peshall, and a tablet was placed in Halesowen church, commemorating the births, marriages, and deaths of sundry *Peshalls* of Hawne, including Humphrey, "fil' D'ni Joh'is de Horseley Hall in agro Staff' B'ti." It is, of course, possible that these Pearsalls were descended from a second son of the Horseley baronet, but it is far more probable that they derived their descent from Humphrey Peyrsall, husbandman, who, in the year 1562, obtained a lease of lands in Hawne for 1000 years. An account of the family, contributed apparently by "Sir John Peshall, bart.," is given in Kimber and Johnson's Baronetage, 1771, i., 121; but since the death of "Sir" John Peshall (eldest son of the above Rev. "Sir John"), in 1820, the name has disappeared from the Baronetages. It appears, however, from Burke's Landed Gentry and Royal Descents, that the Pearsalls of Willsbridge, co. Gloucester, who are descended from the Pearsalls of Hawne, still allege their descent from the Peshalls of Horseley.

Peverell, Bishop of Worcester, 1407-1419.—A canton, and a bend. (Seal.—Bedford.)

Peverell, of Worcestershire.—Argent, on a bend azure three garbs or, a crescent for difference. (Trick in Harl., MS., 1566.)

Peverell.—Gules, three lions rampant or.—Gyronny of twelve argent and gules.—Argent, on a fesse azure three garbs or. (N.)

The first of these coats is not given in any of the Heraldic Dictionaries except in that of Berry, where it is ascribed (evidently on Nash's authority alone) to "Peverell of Worcestershire." By what family it was really borne, or in what church it occurs, we have not ascertained. The second (but gyronny of eight) appears to be the coat of the Peverells of Bradford-Peverell, co. Dorset. The last occurs at Elmley Castle, among the quarterings of Savage.

PEVERELL. See HAUTE.

PHELIP.—Quarterly gules and argent, in the first quarter an eagle displayed or, on the breast an annulet sable. (N.)

This is the coat of Sir John Phelip, knt., who married the widow of Walter Cooksey of Kidderminster. In Kidderminster church the coat appears to be Gules, in chief an eagle displayed or, on the breast an annulet; but the coat as above blazoned occurs at Worcester, in a window formerly in the cloisters of the Cathedral, with the inscription, "Orate pro anima Domini Johanis Phelipes, Baronis de Donnyton, qui hanc fenestram fieri fecit." (See Harl. MS., 2205; and Dr. Thomas's Survey, p. 27.)

PHELPS, of Bengeworth.—Per bend ermine and sable, a lion rampant or.* (Dr. Prattinton, from Whittingham.)

This is an old name at Bengeworth. In 1561, Margery Phelpes was buried there, and in 1574-5 (January 23rd), Alice Phelpes was baptised. In 1617 (May 1), Joseph Phelps, gent., was married to Sarah Smith, at St. Lawrence's, Evesham, and on February the 8th following, Sarah, daughter of "Mr. Joseph Phelpes, then Maior of the burrough of Evesham," was baptised at Bengeworth. Joseph, son of Joseph Phelps, was also baptised there, on the 7th of March, 1618-9. Nicholas Phelps of Malvern disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1634.

^{*} The Gloucestershire family of this name, of whom was John de la Field Phelps, High Sheriff of that county in 1761, the descendant and representative of the Fields of Pakenhill, bears, according to Rudder, Argent, a lion rampant sable between six crosses crosslet fitchée gules; but Bigland gives their coat as, Per pale argent and or, a wolf rampant sable within an orle of crosses crosslet gules.

PHILLEY, of Worcester and Holt; as borne by Swift Philley, gent., who died in 1724, aged forty-three. He appears to have been the son of Edward Philley, by Mary, daughter of William Swift of Worcester, which Mary was buried at St. Swithin's, Worcester, on the 14th of June, 1696.—Paly of six, ... and ... on a bend ... three mullets ... (M.I. at Holt.)

There is also, at St. Swithin's, an inscription to Martha Philley, spinster, daughter of Edward Philley, esq., by the sister of Samuel Swift, esq., who died in 1757, aged seventy-five. The monument was erected by her nephew, Skynner Philley of Worcester, gent. (See Green's Worcester.)

PHILLIPS.—" William Phillips of London, gent., son and heir of Thomas Phillips of Tamworth, gent., son and heir of Henry Phillips of Beoley, co. Worcester, gent., son and heir of John Phillips of the same place and county, gent., may lawfully bear: Or, a lion rampant sable, a chief of ye last. Crest: A lion sejant sable." (Harl. MS., 2113.)

In the Harl. MS., 1422, is a trick of the arms of "William Phillippes of Tamworth, in com' Warwick, and of Beelie, in Wor'cre, p' Rob. Cooke, Clar'." The arms are as above, but the crest is, A leopard sejant or; and the same crest was entered in the London Visitation of 1568, by "William Phillips, 2 sonne (of Thomas Phillips of Tamworth), citizen and marchantaylor of London."

- PHILLIPS, of Worcestershire.—Azure, a lion rampant argent, a chief ermine. Crest: On a chapeau azure, turned up ermine, a demi-lion guardant argent. (Trick of the arms of John Phillips, esq., in the Harl. MS., 1566.)
- PHILLIPS, of Wynterdyne House, Bewdley, afterwards of Hanbury; as borne by John Phillips, High Sheriff in 1803. Mr. Phillips, who was a native of Droitwich, was edu-

cated at the University of Oxford, and called to the Bar by the Hon. Soc. of the Inner Temple, but did not practise. He was twice married, but had issue two daughters only. He died at his then residence, Edstone, near Stratford-upon-Avon, in 1836, aged seventy-five.— Erminois, a lion rampant sable ducally gorged and chained or, between two crosses crosslet fitchée in chief and an escallop in base gules. Crest: On a garb lying fesseways or, a lion rampant sable ducally gorged and chained of the first, holding between the fore-paws a cross-crosslet gold.

These arms and crest were granted on the 16th of February, 1825, to the said John Phillips, then of Hanbury, by Sir George Nayler, Garter, and Ralph Bigland, Clarencieux. He had previously borne the arms and crest of Phillips of Picton Castle, co. Pembroke, "thinking it probable," as the grant recites, "that his ancestors derived their descent from that family." (Prattinton MSS.)

PHILLIPS.—Argent, a chevron between three roses gules barbed and seeded proper. (Penn MS.)

PHILLIPS. See PALMER.

PHILLIPS, of Evesham. See SMITH.

PHILLIPPS, of Middle Hill, Broadway; as borne by the late Sir Thomas Phillipps, bart. (so created in 1821), son of Thomas Phillipps of Broadway, High Sheriff in 1801. Sir Thomas, who served as High Sheriff in 1825, died without male issue in February, 1872, when the baronetcy became extinct.—Sable, semée of fleurs-de-lis or, a lion rampant holding a sword, within a bordure wavy of the second. Crest: A lion rampant sable, holding a sword proper. Motto: "Deus, patria, rex." (Baronetages.) See Morris.

PHILPOTT, of the Harriotts, Droitwich.—Gules, a cross between four swords argent pomels and hilts or. (Win. MS.; and Dr. Prattinton.)

This is the coat of augmentation granted by King Richard II., to Sir John Philpott, Lord Mayor of London in 1378, to be borne quarterly with his paternal coat, Sable, a bend ermine.

Philpott, of Pedmore; as borne by the late Rev. Thomas Philpott, M.A., rector of Pedmore, who died on the 10th of September, 1855, aged ninety-four,* leaving issue. Mr. Philpott, who held the rectory of Pedmore for sixty-four years, was the son of the Rev. Other Philpott, who was presented to the rectory of Pedmore in 1754, and grandson of the Rev. Thomas Philpott, also rector of Pedmore, to which he was presented in 1721.—Sable, a bend ermine. Crest: A lion's head erased argent between two wings sable each charged with a bend ermine. (Seal.)

PHILPOTT, Bishop of Worcester, 1861.—As Philpott of Droitwich. (Seal.)

PHIPPS; as borne by Francis Phipps, rector of Upton-on-Severn, who died in 1683, aged forty-three.—Sable, a trefoil slipped ermine within an orle of mullets argent. (M.I. in St. Nicholas's church, Worcester.)

PICHARD, of Sapy-Pichard, and of Staunton, Suckley, Elmley, &c.—This family obtained their lands in Sapy in marriage with a co-heiress of the family of Sapy, which lands passed to the Cookseys in the reign of Edward III., by the marriage, according to Nash, to Elizabeth, widow of

† Vol. i., p. 246.

^{* &}quot;Thomas, 3rd son of Other and Margaret Philpott," was baptized at Clent, on the 20th of May, 1761. At the same church was baptized, on the 12th of September, 1765, Humphrey, son of the said Other and Margaret Philpott.

John Pichard (son of Sir Roger Pichard, and grandson of Miles Pichard) with John Cooksey.—Gules, a fesse or between three escallops argent. (N.)

"Roger Pichard de Standone" bears in the roll of temp. Edward I., Gules, a fesse between three escallops argent. See Cooke.

PIDCOCK, formerly of "The Platts," near Stourbridge.—William Pidcock of Ashborne, co. Derby, afterwards of Stourbridge, married Elizabeth, third daughter of Thomas Henzey of Amblecote, by Frances, his wife, daughter of William Croker of Sandford, in Oxfordshire. John Pidcock, J.P., of The Platts, born in 1717, was left sole heir and executor to his uncle, Joshua Henzey; he died in 1791, having had issue, by Mary, his wife, only daughter and heiress of Robert Honeyborne (by Anne, his wife, only daughter of Thomas Hammond), twelve John Pidcock, his son and successor, was born in 1756, and was for many years a magistrate for this county; he married Elizabeth, daughter of George Hollington Barker of Birmingham, by whom he had issue six sons and nine daughters. His eldest son, John Henzey Pidcock, was married, but died without issue, in 1861: George, the second, is also issueless; Thomas and Robert died young; Henry was of Oakfield, co. Worcester, and died in 1862, leaving issue; and Charles, the sixth and youngest son, who is of Worcester, married Susannah, daughter of the Rev. Richard Foley, and has issue three sons and four daughters. A complete pedigree of the family will be found in Burke's Landed Gentry.—Per pale sable and gules, a cock per fesse or and argent between three acorns slipped of the last. Crest: A bar-shot

proper, thereon a griffin segreant sable, holding within its claws a grenade fired proper. Motto: "Seigneur je te prie garde ma vie."

It is stated in Burke's Landed Gentry that the surname of this family is derived from their arms, a pied cock. Mr. Lower has pointed out the absurdity of this derivation. The cock is not pied, but simply parted per fesse; and the arms, which are founded upon those of Henzey, are a recent grant from the Heralds' College. See Henzey.

PIERCE, of Hartlebury; as borne by the Rev. Thomas Pierce, vicar of Halesowen in 1676, afterwards rector of Rushock and Master of the Grammar School at Hartlebury. He married Sarah, daughter of the Rev. Richard Tristram, rector of Belbroughton.—Or, a unicorn salient azure, on a canton of the last a fleur-de-lis of the first. (Impalement in a pedigree of Tristram, compiled by Cromp, circa 1708.)

Pierce. See Davies.

PIERCY. See PERCY.

PINCEPOLE, of Winrush, co. Gloucester.—Argent, a bugle-horn between three trefoils slipped sable. (N.) See BERRY.

PIPARD (quartered by Thruxston).—Argent, two bars azure, on a canton of the last a cinquefoil or. (N.)

The same coat occurs among the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley. Dr. Thomas and Burke give the canton sable, but it was borne azure by "Rauf Pipard," temp. Edward I. See the Charles Roll.

PIPE. See Pype.

Pirie, Pyrrey, or Perry, of Martin-Hussingtree. It appears from a pedigree in the Harl. MS., 1566, that John Smyth of Copcote married Alice Pyrie, the heiress of this family, and had issue by her Robert, father of Edmund Smyth, whose son John had issue a son, Thomas, who died

without issue, and a daughter Joan, married to William Wheeler. According to Nash (ii., 165), John Pyrie presented to the church of Martin-Hussingtree in 1425, and Edmund Smyth presented various incumbents between the years 1466 and 1493. From this last date there does not appear to have been a vacancy till 1541, when "Will'us Wheeler, jure Johanne uxoris sue sororis Thome Pyrye defuncti," appears as the patron of the living. The Smyths, therefore, appear to have adopted the surname of Pyrie. The Wheelers usually quartered Pyrie in the second quarter of their escutcheon.—Argent, on a bend sable three pears or. (Harl. MS., 1566.) See Perry.

PITT.—Barry of ten or and azure, eight escutcheons, three, two, two, and one, argent. Crest: On the trunk of a tree lying fesseways ragulée vert, a stag proper attired or, between two oak branches sprouting from the tree proper, fructed gold. (*Trick in Harl. MS.*, 1566.)

These appear to be the ancient bearings of the family of Pytts of Kyre. Among Dr. Prattinton's collections is an old painted escutcheon of these arms, underneath which is written, "Will. Pytt of y Pyrne, his coate, 20th Jun., 1570." This escutcheon is stated to have been "shewn at the Visit. of Worc. at the George, Bewdley, 24th Aug., 1682." The arms of Pytt "de la Pyrne" in the Harl. MS., 1043, are as given under Pytts of Kyre, quartering De la Pole, Hinckley, and Hyde.

Planges, or De la Planche; as quartered by Russell of Strensham in right of the marriage of Sir John Russell, who died in 1405, with Agnes Planges.—Argent, billetty sable, a lion rampant of the last crowned or. (Harl. MS., 1043.)

^{*} It does not appear to have been entered in the Visitation Book.

Argent, a fesse gules fretty or, in chief three bells sable. A family of Porter, now resident at Birlingham, bears, Sable, three church bells argent, a canton ermine. Crest: A portcullis argent chained or.

PORTER.—Sable, a chevron between three bells argent. (Penn MS.)

PORTMAN, of Astley; as exhibited at the Visitation of 1682-3, but not allowed.—Or, a fleur-de-lis azure. Crest: A talbot sejant azure collared or. (K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 68.)

Portwell.—Sable, a chevron between three stars argent. (N.)

This is intended for the coat of *Poxwell*, viz., Sable, a chevron between three mullets or; or, Sable, a chevron argent between three six-pointed mullets or. Under *Iccomb* Nash gives a pedigree of the family of *Lewston*, from which it appears that John Lewston married Radagunda, daughter and heiress of John Poxwell of Manston, co. Dorset, and had issue a daughter and heiress, Christiana, who married for her second husband John Slade, and was mother by him of a daughter and heiress, Elizabeth, married to Philip Sheldon of Spetchley. *See* also the *Visitation of Huntingdonshire*, a^o 1613, printed by the *Camden Society*, p. 89.

POTTER, as borne by *Christopher Potter*, dean of Worcester, who died in 1645.—Argent, on a pale azure three pairs of wings conjoined and elevated of the field. (*Burke*.)

POTTER, as borne by the *Rev. John Potter*, vicar of Feckenham, who died in 1719, aged sixty-seven.—*Sable*, on a fesse *azure* (sic) three pots of the field with flowers argent and gules. (M. I. at Feckenham—Nash, i., 443.)

Powle. See Poole.

POXWELL. See PORTWELL.

Poynings.—Barry of six or and vert, a bend gules. (N.)

POYNTZ.—Barry of eight or and gules. (N.)

One of the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley.

Pratt.—Argent, on a chevron sable between three ogresses each charged with a martlet, as many lozenges or. (*Penn MS*.)

PRATTENTON, or PRATTINTON, of Clareland, Hartlebury; and of Bewdley. This family has been seated in Worcestershire for about three hundred years. In Hartlebury church is a brass plate commemorating various members of the family from the death of William Prattenton, in 1627, to that of Joseph Prattenton of Clareland in 1804. The last-named gentleman was the father of the late William Prattenton of Clareland, who married Catherine, daughter of Robert Bourne of Shrawley, and died without issue on the 5th of July, 1864, in his ninety-first year, leaving his estate to his grand-nephew, the Rev. G. D. Onley, who thereupon assumed the additional surname of (See Onley.) The Bewdley family (who Prattenton. always wrote the name Prattinton) were a junior branch of the Prattentons of Clareland. Adam Prattinton was bailiff of Bewdley in 1726, and John Prattinton in 1730; from this date the name frequently occurs in the roll of bailiffs or mayors, the last who served that office being Adam Prattinton in 1848. Of this branch the late Peter Prattinton, M.B. (of Christchurch College, Oxford), the well-known antiquary, to whose collections for Worcestershire we are so much indebted, was the representative. He was the son of William Prattinton of Bewdley by the only daughter of Peter Wilder of Bristol. Dr. Prattinton died without issue at Bewdley on the 11th of July, 1848, aged sixty-nine. On the death, a few years back, of his last surviving nephew, William Prattinton (from an accident caused by the upsetting of his carriage), the Bewdley branch of the family also became extinct.—Gules, on a bend or three Cornish choughs proper. Crest: A goat's head erased or. (Old seal penes G. D. Onley-Prattenton.)

With this coat the late Dr. Prattinton quartered the arms of Wilder, viz., Gules, from a fesse or charged with two barulets azure, a demi-lion issuant of the second, in chief two roses. His motto was "Vim vi repellere licet." (Book-plate.)

PRESTWOLD, of Worcestershire and Devonshire.—Sable, a lion rampant or between two flaunches argent. (Her. Dic.)

Pret, or Pert.—Argent, on a bend gules three mascles of the field. (N.)

One of the quarterings of Conyers in Spetchley church. The same coat occurs in the Abbey church, Tewkesbury, impaled by Paris Slaughter in right of Anne his wife (who died in 1640), daughter of Daniel Pert. See Dingley's History from Marble.

PRICHARD.—Gules, a fesse or between three escallops argent, a crescent for difference. (Penn MS.)

This is the coat of Pichard, which see.

PRICKLEY, of Prickley. A short account of this family has been given under Harris. It may here be added that the family pedigree is traced to Adam de Prickley of Prickley, twelfth in descent from whom was William Prickley, who married Alice, daughter and heiress of William Massey, and had issue Walter Prickley of Prickley, whose grandson, John Prickley, married Joice, daughter and heiress of William Aubrey, and had issue a son, Edward Prickley, "alias Harris," of Prickley; but the Harris match, in right of which they acquired their alias, is not given in the pedigree from which we are quoting. (Harl. MS., 1566.) Edward Prickley, alias Harris,

married Margaret, daughter of John Kettleby of Cotheridge, and had issue:—Richard of Prickley, and of Haydon, co. Gloucester; Thomas, who had two daughters, Frances and Anne, his co-heiresses; Edmund of Walton, co. Gloucester; and John. The eldest son, Richard, married a daughter of William Smith, and was father by her of two sons, Richard Prickley of Prickley and Haydon, and John Prickley, alias Harris, of Haydon, who were both married and had issue. The family contracted alliances with the Bradbornes, Okeovers, Hiltons, Bosoms, Mountforts, Throckmortons, Bassetts, Russells, Wallops, and other ancient families.—Arms, crest, and quarterings, see Harris.

PRIDEAUX, as borne by *Dr. John Prideaux*, Bishop of Worcester, 1641-50.—Argent, a chevron sable thereon a crescent for difference, in chief a label of three points gules. (N.; and Bedford.)

This amiable prelate died of a fever at the house of his son-in-law, Dr. Henry Sutton, on the 20th of July, 1650. He was twice married; first to Mary, daughter of Dr. Taylor, by whom he had five sons and two daughters. Three of his sons died at an early age; his eldest son, William, a colonel in the service of Charles I., was slain at Marston Moor; Mathias, the second son, was a Master of Arts at Oxford, and a captain in the royal army, and died of smallpox in 1646, at the age of twenty-four. Of his two daughters, Sarah and Elizabeth, the first was united to Dr. William Hodges, archdeacon of Worcester, and rector of Ripple, by whom she was mother of the Rev. Prideaux Hodges, rector of Hampton-Lovett from 1679 to 1699. This gentleman married Mary, third daughter and coheiress of Richard Baugh of Twining. He recorded his descent at the Visitation of 1682-3. Elizabeth, the other daughter of the bishop, was married to the Rev. Henry Sutton, D.D., rector of Bredon, who also appeared at the Visitation of 1682-3, but recorded no arms. Dr. Prideaux's second wife was Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Reynell of West Ogwell, Devon; she survived him many years.

PRYNNE, of Brockencote, in the parish of Chaddesley Corbett; descended from Henry, son of Ambrose Prynne of Shropshire, who married Ellen, daughter of . . . Keyle, or Kelly, which Henry had lands in Grimley and Brockencote. The heiress, Anne Prynne (daughter of Richard, son and heir of William Prynne, lord of "Chadsey, co. Worcester"), married William Conradus of London, vintner, son of Frederic Conradus of Lubeck in Germany, and had issue a son, William Conradus, also a vintner, who appeared at the Visitation of London in 1633-4.—Or, a fesse engrailed azure between three escallops gules. Crest: In a ducal coronet or, a demi-eagle displayed proper beaked sable. (Harl. MSS., 1052, 1476, and 5841.)

These arms and crest are attributed to Prynne of "Chadsey" in the Harl. MS., 5841. They were granted by Dethick on the 21st of May, 1588, to Edward Prynne of Shropshire. (See Harl. MS., 1069.) In the Harl. MS., 1043, the following arms, being those of Keyle, or Kelly, are ascribed to Prynne:—Or, two bars sable each charged with three martlets of the first, between two billets in chief and one in base gules.

Purshull, of Purshull Hall, Droitwich. This family was of Purshull, according to Nash, as early as the reign of Richard II. There are inscriptions at Elmbridge to Edmund Purshull, who died in 1560, æt. ninety-six; Gerard, his eldest son, who died in 1585, in his eightieth year; and Mary, wife of James Purshull of Purshull Hall (son of the said Gerard), who died in 1675. In 1634 John Purshull of Elmbridge disclaimed arms. In 1682-3 the family appeared and entered a pedigree, but the arms they exhibited, "being those of Purcell," were "not allowed."—Barry wavy, on a bend three boar's heads

couped. Crest: In a ducal coronet, a boar's head. (K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 88.)

The arms of the Shropshire family of Purcell are, Barry nebule of six argent and gules, on a bend sable three boar's heads couped close of the first. Crest: In a ducal coronet or, a boar's head argent guttée de sang. Burke says these bearings were granted to the Purcells of Onslow in 1597. Dr. Thomas ascribes similar arms to this family of Purshull, but calls the boar's heads purses. Nash (i., 349) cites from the Habingdon MSS. a deed, dated 4 Henry V., whereby Margaret de Pershull, widow, daughter and heiress of John de Paramount, grants to John her son all her lands, &c., in the manor of Wychbold and elsewhere. The seal appended to this deed bears, he says, the following coat—Three purses, in chief as many crosses crosslet.

- Purslow.—Argent, a cross moline engrailed within a bordure sable bezantée. (Her. Dic.)
- Pury, of Oxfordshire; as quartered by Huband.—Argent, on a fesse between three martlets sable, as many mullets of the field.
- Pye, of Dorn in Blockley, and of Faringdon, Berks.—Ermine, a bend lozengy gules. Crest: A cross crosslet fitchée gules between two wings expanded argent.
- PYNDAR, of Kempley, co. Gloucester, and of Madresfield; as borne by Reginald Pyndar (only son of Thomas Pyndar of Kempley, and of Duffield, co. Derby, by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir Andrew Hackett), who married in 1713 Margaret, daughter and eventually sole heiress of William Lygon of Madresfield. He had issue three sons:

 —Reginald, born in 1714, who assumed the surname of Lygon, and was ancestor of the Earl Beauchamp; Philip, born in 1715, died in 1793; and William, born in 1717, who married Katherine, daughter of John Baker of Waresley, and had a son, Reginald Pyndar, and a daugh-

ter, Katherine, married to her cousin, Jeremiah Baker of Bristol. The Rev. Reginald Pyndar had issue several daughters, his co-heiresses, of whom Catherine, the eldest, was married in 1811 to Sir J. C. Sherbrooke, K.B.; Ellen, the second, to the Rev. Robert Lowe (by whom she was mother of the Right Hon. Robert Lowe, M.P.); and Anne, the fifth, to the Rev. C. Hill.—Gules, a chevron argent between three lion's heads erased erminois crowned of the second. Crest: A lion's head erased and crowned as in the arms.

These are the bearings granted to the Pyndars of Kempley by Dugdale and St. George on the 30th of August, 1682; but the third Earl Beauchamp, who in 1813 resumed his ancient paternal surname of Pyndar, bore, Gules, a chevron engrailed erminois between three lion's heads erased ermine crowned or. Crest: A lion's head erased ermine crowned or.

Pynk.—Ermine, two bends gules. (N.)

This coat was formerly in one of the windows of Broadway church,* but it does not appear on what authority Dr. Thomas attributes it to *Pynk*. Dr. Prattinton suggests *Ireton*.

Pype.—Gules, two lions passant guardant or. (N.)

This is the coat of the family of Pype of Erdington, co. Warwick (see Harl. MS., 6128). It occurs in glass at Hadzor impaling Harcourt.

Pype.—Azure, two shawms or organ pipes conjoined in chevron between ten crosses crosslet or. (N)

Impaled by Robert Smith of Stoke Prior, who died in 1610, in right of Susan his wife, daughter of Sir Richard Pipe, or Pype, knt., Lord Mayor of London in 1578, the descendant of an ancient Staffordshire family. (*Monument at Stoke Prior.*) Rose Pype, sister of the Lord Mayor, was married to Henry Sparry of Clent.

PYTTS, of Kyre-Wyard. The pedigree of this family was

^{*} See Symonds's Diary, published by the Camden Society.

recorded at the Visitation of 1634. Robert Pitt married Joan, daughter and heiress of Thomas Poole, or De la Pole, of co. Hereford, by Margaret his wife, the daughter and heiress, or co-heiress, of Thomas Hinckley of Worcestershire and Agnes his wife, daughter and heiress of Richard Hyde of Stoke-Bliss, co. Hereford. Their son, John Pitt of Sapy, had issue two sons, William and Thomas. The latter, who was of Ocle Pichard, co. Hereford, married Elizabeth, daughter of James Philpott, and had issue George of Harrow-on-the-Hill, whose son Edmund, living in 1634, married Elizabeth Benyon, and had a daughter Alice, his heiress, married to Sir James Rushout, bart. William Pitt,* the other son of John, was father of Sir Edward Pitt, or Pytts, who purchased the manor of Kyre-Wyard in 1577, and was High Sheriff of Worcestershire in the 10th of James I. Sir Edward married Elizabeth, daughter of Nicholas Wilford of London, merchant, and had issue (with two other sons, Edward† and William, who died issueless) a son and successor, Sir James Pytts of Kyre, High Sheriff in the 8th of Charles I., who married Mary, daughter of Sir Arthur Heveningham of Heveningham, co. Suffolk, by whom he was father, according to Nash, of Edward Pytts, t whose

^{*} Ouery, was this the "William Pitt of yo Pyrne ao 1570"? See PITT.

[†] Nash says that the Rushouts are descended from this Edward, but Blore, in his *History of Rutland*, says Nash is wrong, and gives the Rushout connection as above. Both Edward and William are stated to have died s.p. in the Harl. MS., 1396. William, third son of Edward Pytts of Kyre, entered the Inner Temple as a student in 1593.

[‡] Edward Pytts of Kyre was M.P. for Bewdley in 1658-9. Edward "Pitt" was one of the representatives for the county, 1654-6; James Pytts in 1685; and Edmund Pytts from 1741 to 1754.

male issue became extinct, and Scudamore Pytts, who continued the line. The pedigree which Nash gives of this family in his second volume, p. 71, is inaccurate, and the additions and corrections which he gives in his Supplement, p. 51, do not much improve it. Unfortunately we have not been able to obtain any trustworthy information respecting the more modern descents; but it appears that the representative of the family when Nash wrote was Jonathan Pytts, who was High Sheriff of the county in 1783, and who appears to have died without issue. Edmund Pytts of Kyre, who was High Sheriff in 1771, was, we are informed, the elder brother and not the son of Jonathan. Katherine, the sister of these gentlemen, was married to William Lacon Childe of Kinlet, whose descendant and representative now possesses the Kyre estate.—Quarterly 1st, Azure, three bars argent, in chief as many estoiles or, for Pytts; 2nd, Gules, semée of cinquefoils or, a lion rampant argent, for *Poole*; 3rd, Argent, two chevronells between three crows sable, between the chevronells three cinquefoils of the last, for *Hinckley*: 4th, Argent, on a chevron between three fleurs-de-lis sable as many crescents or, for Hyde. Crest: Within a circular wreath of wheat or, a dove with wings displayed argent, beaked and legged gules. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 89; Harl. MSS., 1396 and 1566; and Blore's Rutland. p. 170.) See PITT.

QUAILE.—Vert, three quails proper. (Penn MS.)

QUATREMAN.—Gules, a fesse argent between four hands or.

(N.)

One of the Lyttelton quarterings.

Quincy, Earl of Winchester.—Gules, seven mascles conjoined, three, three, and one, or. (N.)

This coat occurs in one of the windows of Ribbesford church and elsewhere. It is quartered by Lea-Smith of Halesowen Grange.

RABY, Lord Nevill.—Gules, on a saltire argent a martlet sable. (N.)

One of the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley. See NEVILL.

RADCLYFFE, as borne by Sir James Radclyffe, knt., appointed Sheriff of Worcestershire for three years in the 20th of Edward IV.—Argent, a bend engrailed sable. (Nash.)

RADFORD. See ROGERS.

RAKE, as quartered by Hanford, at the Visitation of 1634.— Argent, a chevron engrailed between three griffin's heads erased sable. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 113.)

This coat occurs (impaled with *Hanford*) at Eckington, on the monument of John Hanford, who died in 1616, and Anne, *née* Rake, his wife. Nash ascribes it to Raye.

- RANDALL, of Chatley, in the parish of Ombersley.—Geles, on a cross argent five mullets pierced sable. (Penn MS.; and Win. MS.)
 - Richard Randall, sen., of Chatley, gave £50 to the poor of Ombersley sometime in the 17th century; and Richard Randall, of the Brook, in the same parish, left £100, by will, dated December, 1767, the interest to be given to ten of the poorest families in Ombersley. Richard Randall of Chatley, and Thomas Randall of Tapenhall, were landowners at Ombersley in 1703-4.
- RAPIER, of Kingsnorton.—Sable, two rapiers in fesse transverse, point in point to the hilt argent, pomelled or, between three bezants. (Penn MS.)

This coat, which is not given in any of the Heraldic. Dictionaries,

was probably intended by Penn for that of John Rapier, whose name occurs in his 'List of those that are to find horse in Worcestershire.' John Ropier was a landowner at Elmley Castle in 1703-4.

RASTALL, of Droitwich.—Azure, on a bend or between two lions rampant argent three eagles displayed sable. (Dr. Prattinton, from Whittingham.)

Mr. Edward Rastall was a landowner at Droitwich in 1703-4. The coat is not given in Papworth's *Ordinary*. In the Harl. MS., 1043, among the arms of Worcestershire families, is a trick of the arms of "... Rastall, one of the Judges of the who married ... dau. of Sir Thomas More, kt., Lord Chanceller of England," viz., Sable, a cross ermine between four lion's heads couped or. William Rastall was a puisne judge of the King's Bench in 1558.

RAVENHILL, of Strensham; as borne by John Ravenhill of Strensham, High Sheriff in 1745. He married Catherine Dansey, the heiress of the Russells of Strensham, by whom he had issue an only daughter and heiress, Frances Ravenhill, married first to Richard Nash, D.D. (brother of Dr. Treadway Nash), and secondly to Sir Charles Trubshaw Withers, knt., but had no issue by either husband.—Argent, three mounds vert, on each a raven sable. Crest: A demi-lion rampant argent, supporting a cross-crosslet fitchée sable.

The above crest is that usually ascribed to the family; but on the monument of John Ravenhill, gent., dated 1736, in Woolhop church, Herefordshire, the crest is A raven sable. (Strong's Heraldre of Herefordshire.)

Ravis, of Bredon.—Argent, a chevron gules between three raven's heads erased sable. (Harl. MS., 1566.)

Of this family was Thomas Ravis, Bishop of Gloucester in 1604, afterwards translated to London. (Bedford.)

RAYE. See RAKE.

RAYHALL. See RUYHALL.

REA, of Powick.—Azure, a bezant between three crescents argent. (Penn MS.)

This coat was borne by Posthumous John Rea of Powick, one of whose daughters and co-heiresses, Mary, married first William Cookes of Powick (who died s.p. in 1673), and secondly Basil Fielding, of co. Warwick. A John Rea was Mayor of Worcester, in 1676; and Edmund Rea, B.A., was vicar of Great Malvern, from 1612 to 1640.

- READ.—Gules, a saltire between four garbs or.—"Others beare, Azure, a griffin rampant or." (Win. MS.)
- REE, of Kidderminster.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Azure, a bezant between three crescents or, for Ree; 2nd and 3rd, Or, on a bend gules cottised sable three crescents argent, (for Worville?) Crest: In a mural coronet argent, a dragon's head azure.

These bearings are stated, in the Harl. MSS., 1566 and 1422, to appertain to Richard Ree of Kidderminster, descended from a Yorkshire family of that name. They were allowed, it is added, "p' Rob. Cooke, Clar., in 1569," and were "entered againe p' S' Hen. St. George, Rich'm., in 1634.

REED, or REDE, of Mitton, in Bredon; a Gloucestershire family, "who seem," says Nash, "to have acquired their property in this county by marriage with one of the coheirs of the Lords Beauchamp of Powick." The family of which Nash gives this meagre account, was one of considerable note in the counties of Gloucester, Hereford, and Worcester, deriving its descent from William* Rede of Gloucestershire, who acquired a large estate in marriage with Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Lord Beauchamp of Powick. It appears, however, from a pedigree in the Harl. MS., 1545, that the Reeds of Mitton were descended from this William's second mar-

^{*} Some call him Richard Rede.

riage with the daughter of Brydges,* and consequently did not inherit the Beauchamp blood.† Giles Reed of Mitton, son of William Reed, also of Mitton, and grandson of the aforesaid William by his second wife, was High Sheriff of this county in the 29th of Elizabeth. He married Katherine, daughter of Sir Fulke Greville, and had issue John Reed of Mitton, who married Jane, daughter and co-heiress of Sir George Huntley of Frocester, knt. This lady died in 1630, in childbed, of an only daughter, Eleanor, afterwards married to Richard Reed of Lugwardine, co. Hereford, a descendant probably of William Rede and Margaret Beauchamp.—Azure, a griffin segreant or; quartering Argent, three crossbows gules,‡ and several other coats. (Harl. MS., 1545; Rudder's Gloucestershire, &c.)

The Heraldic Dictionaries attribute to "Reade of Mitton, co. Gloucester," Per pale argent and sable, a fesse nebulée between three birds close counterchanged, but we have found no other authority for the coat.

REED, or REDE, of Kent and Worcestershire.—Azure, a griffin segreant or. Crest: A garb or, banded gules. (Her. Dic.)

^{*} The quartered arms of Reed impaling Brydges were in Mitton chapel.

[†] Except through Greville; the mother of Katherine, wife of Giles Reed of Mitton, having been a daughter and heiress of Robert Willoughby, Lord Brooke, by Elizabeth, another of the daughters and co-heiresses of Richard Lord Beauchamp.

[‡] Richard Reede, of Brunshill, co. Hereford, in 1658, says Dr. Strong, "appears to have quartered the arms of a Gloucestershire family of the same name, viz., Argent, three cross-bows gules." But this quartering could not have been derived from the marriage of Richard Reed with the daughter and heiress of John Reed, for it appears, with several other quarterings (including Beauchamp) on the monument, in Cowarne church, co. Hereford, of Sybilla, wife of William Reed, who died in 1624; and also in the escutcheon of Reed in the Harl. MS., 1545.

REVESHALL.—Or, a cross gules and a label of three points azure. (N.)

One of the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley. The coat was borne (but with a label of *five* points) by John de Reveshale, *temp*. Henry III, and Edward I. (*Charles Roll.*)

- REYNOLDS, Bishop of Worcester, 1309-1313, afterwards Archbishop of Canterbury.—Azure, on a cross or between the symbols of the four Evangelists of the last, five lions rampant gules, armed, &c., azure. (Bedford.)
- RIBBESFORD, of Ribbesford; as depicted in the north window of Ribbesford church.—Ermine, a chevron gules fretty or. (N.)

"Soon after the Conquest," says Nash, "Ribbesford became the habitation of a knightly family called de Ribbesford. Simon de Ribbesford is found in an inquisition taken in the county of Salop, in the 31st of Henry III. And Sir Henry de Ribbesford, knt., was witness to a deed between Godfrey, Bishop of Worcester, and the Priory of Worcester, which deed was confirmed by Edward I. The family continued here till the reign of Edward III." (Vol. ii., p. 270.)

RICARDO, of Broomsberrow Place, co. Gloucester; as borne by Osmon Ricardo, late M.P. for the city of Worcester, and High Sheriff of the county in 1831.—Gules, a bend vaire argent and vert between three garbs or, on a chief ermine a chess-rook sable between two bezants. Crest: A bird, in the dexter claw a flag-staff, attached thereto a flag charged with a cross.

These arms are founded upon those granted, temp. Henry VIII., to Thomas Rycarde, viz., Gules, a bend vaire between two garbs or, on a chief argent three chess-rooks sable. (See Harl. MS., 1422.)*

^{*} Charles Ricard of Heck, co. York, received a grant from St. George, Norroy, on the 11th of August, 1612, of the following bearings—Gules, a bend vaire between two garbs or. Crest: Two arms in armour embowed garnished or, the gauntlets argent, 'supporting a leopard's face of the first. (Harl. MS., 1487, fo. 102b.)

Rich, of Astwood Court, Feckenham, subsequently of Sunning, Berks.—Or, on a saltire ragulée gules five crosses cross-let fitchée of the first.

RICHARDS, of Wassell Grove, Hagley; as borne by John Richards, High Sheriff in 1844, and sometime M.P. for Knaresborough, the son of Bate Richards of Stourbridge, who died in 1815, by Mary, his wife. He married Frances Smith, by whom he was father of Alfred Bate Richards, barrister-at-law, well known in the literary world. Mr. Richards died June 9th, 1847.—Argent, a chevron sable in chief a cinquefoil gules. Crest: An arm embowed in armour proper garnished or, grasping in the gauntlet a staff ragulée sable, the end burning of the first. Motto: "Nec temere nec timide." (Seal.)

RICHARDSON, of Pershore and Hollow.—Conan Richardson acquired the manors of Old and New Pershore in the 7th of Edward VI. He was succeeded by his son, John Richardson, whose nephew, Conan, sold these manors in the 40th of Elizabeth, to George French. In the Abbey church, Tewkesbury, was formerly an inscription (undated) to the memory of Conan Richardson, "ab equestri familià Richardsonorum de Pershore oriundo," set up by his only son, Edward. John Richardson of Pershore was admitted a student of the Inner Temple in 1566.—Argent, on a chief sable three lion's heads erased of the field.*

[•] Captain Edward Richardson, second son of William Richardson, "descended of the ancient family of Richardson of Pershore," had a confirmation of these arms, with a crescent for difference, from William Roberts, *Ulster* King of Arms, on the 22nd of May, 1647.

(Penn MS.; Nash; and M.I. at Tewkesbury, in Dingley's History from Marble.)

This coat, with the field and lion's heads or, is attributed in the Heraldic Dictionaries to "Richardson of Norfolk and Worcestershire." The crest is, In a marquis's coronet, a dexter arm in armour couped at the elbow lying fesse-ways, in the gauntlet a sword erect all proper. Dr. Thomas gives as the coat of Richardson of Worcester, Per fesse sable and argent, three lion's heads evidently an incorrect blazon of the above coat.

RIDLEY.—Argent, on a mount in base vert a bull passant gules. (Penn MS.)

RIVET.—Argent, three bars and as many trivets in chief sable. (N.)

Quartered by Windsor, in right of the marriage of Henry, 5th Lord Windsor, who died in 1605, with Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Rivet of Chippenham.

ROBERTS.—Azure, on a chevron argent three mullets pierced sable. Crest: A demi-lion azure, holding in the dexter paw a mullet argent pierced sable.

These arms and crest (which the Heraldic Dictionaries attribute to "Roberts of Lincolnshire, London, and Worcestershire") were granted by Camden in 1614 to Richard Roberts of Truro. They were borne by Richard Roberts (who came from Truro) of Pershore, and of Norton-in-Bredon, High Sheriff of Worcestershire in 1740. He married Elizabeth Hancock of Twining, and had issue, William Roberts of Bushley, whose son, the Rev. William Hancock Roberts, D.D., sometime vicar of St. Clement's, Worcester, and afterwards rector of Broadwas, died in 1814, leaving issue, by Sarah, his wife, daughter of the Rev. Richard Turner, LL.D., vicar of Elmley (with daughters), two sons, the Rev. Richard Roberts of Worcester, and Thomas Turner Roberts, captain in the army, of Llwynddern, co. Brecon, who were both married and had issue. (See a pedigree of Turner and Roberts in Howard's Mis. Gen. at Her.)

ROBERTS, of Bewdley; as confirmed by patent, dated June 1st,

1774, to Wilson Aylesbury Roberts of Bewdley, nephew and heir of Wilson Aylesbury of Packwood, co. Warwick, descended from the family of Aylesbury of Edston, in that county. Mr. Roberts (who was the son of Richard Roberts, and grandson of Henry Roberts of Droitwich, living in 1705) married Betty-Caroline, only child of John Crane of Bewdley, and niece and sole heiress of Thomas Cheeke of the same place, by whom he had issue an only surviving son, the late Wilson Aylesbury Roberts of Bewdley, M.P. for that borough, and High Sheriff of Worcestershire in 1837, on whose death, s.p., the family appears to have become extinct.* Mr. Roberts left a considerable estate to Mr. T. Lloyd, now of Corfton Manor, Diddlebury, co. Salop, who assumed the surname and arms of Roberts, the latter differenced by a bordure wavy.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Azure, on a chevron per pale ermine and erminois three mullets pierced sable for Roberts; and and 3rd Argent a cross azure for Aylesbury. Crest: A demi-lion per pale erminois and azure, holding in the dexter paw a mullet pierced sable. (Nash, ii., 275; and Burke.)

ROBERTS, of the Field House, Clent; as granted by Sir Charles G. Young, Garter, and Robert Laurie, Clarenceux, on the 10th of March, 1864, to William Roberts, then of the Field House, gentleman, son of Charles Roberts, of the

^{*} This and the preceding family are, it is believed of common origin. Henry Roberts of Droitwich, mentioned above, is stated by Burke (*Landed Gentry*, edit. 1852) to have been first cousin to Francis Roberts, M.P. for Bodmin. (*Sed quære?*)

Field House aforesaid, and of Drybridge, co. Monmouth, gentleman, and his descendants, and the other descendants of his father, the said Charles Roberts; it appearing upon examination of the records of the College of Arms that the armorial bearings hitherto used by his family* had not been duly registered.—Per bend dovetail gules and or, a lion rampant between in the sinister chief and dexter base two pheons, all counterchanged. Crest: A demi-lion guardant per bend dove-tail or and gules, holding in the dexter paw a sword erect gules and resting the sinister upon a pheon gold. Motto: "God and my conscience." (Ex orig. penes W. Roberts.)

Charles H. Roberts, eldest son of the above Charles Roberts, assumed by royal license, in 1861, the surname of Crompton (on his marriage with the heiress of that family) in addition to and before that of Roberts. He bears, under the authority of the College of Arms, Quarterly 1st and 4th Roberts as above; 2nd and 3rd, Per pale argent and azure, on a fesse wavy between three lions rampant two lozenges all counterchanged, a canton of the second, for Crompton; and on an escutcheon of pretence the arms of Crompton without the canton. Crests: 1st, Roberts; 2nd, Crompton, viz., A talbot sejant or, pellettée, resting the dexter paw upon an escutcheon azure charged with a lozenge argent. [See Addenda.]

ROBERTS, of Ombersley; as borne by the late John Roberts of that place, who was born in 1771, and died in 1852.— Ermines, a goat passant argent horned and unguled or between three annulets of the last. Crest: On a mount vert, a holly tree proper, in front thereof a goat

[•] Viz., Per bend nebulée gules and argent, a lion rampant proper. Crest: Out of a mural coronet argent, a demi-lion proper, holding in the dexter paw a sword erect blade waved proper pomel and hilt or.

statant argent, armed &c. or, gorged with a collar gemelle sable, in the mouth a sprig of holly of the last. Motto: "Ewch ymlaen." (Burke's *Visitations*.)

- ROBERTS.—Vert, a fesse between three bucks in full course or. (Win. MS.)
- ROBINS, or ROBYNS, of Staffordshire, and of Netherall, co. Worcester.—Per pale sable and argent, two flaunches and three fleurs-de-lis in fesse all counterchanged. Crest: Between two dolphins haurient respecting each other or, a fleur-de-lis per pale argent and sable. (Her. Dic.)

These arms are attributed in the Harl. MS. 588, fo. 283, to John Robyns, of Netherall, co. Warwick (?); and in the Harl. MS. 1041, they are tricked as the bearings of Margaret, wife of Jasper Selwyn of co. Gloucester, and daughter and co-heiress of Thomas "Robbings." The same arms and crest were used by the late William Robins of Hagley, High Sheriff of this county in 1843. Mr. Robins, who was a banker at Stourbridge, was the son of Joseph Robins, of Stourbridge, solicitor, by Mary his wife, and the descendant of a respectable yeoman family which has been resident at Dunsley, in the parish of Kinver, Staffordshire, for several generations. By his wife, Christiana Mary, daughter of William Johnson Edensor, Mr. Robins left issue two daughters his co-heiresses, Mary and Emma, the former married to the Rev. G. D. Boyle, vicar of Kidderminster, and the latter to William Cecil Standish.

Rock, of Newnham, near Lindridge.—Argent, a fesse gules between three chess-rooks azure. (Penn MS.)

The Rev. — Rock was lessee of Newnham *temp*. Nash; and in 1789 Newnham Court is described as "late the seat of Francis Rock, esq."

Rogers, of Evesham and Gloucestershire.—Argent a chevron between three bucks courant sable attired or; quartering, for Besill three roundles. Crest: A buck's head

sable attired or, in the mouth an acorn of the second stalked and leaved vert. (Harl. MS., 1041.)

ROGERS, of Besford Court, and of Worcester; since of Yarlington, co. Somerset.—Ermine, three bucks trippant sable, on a chief wavy azure as many acorns slipped or. Crest: A buck's head erased sable attired or, on the neck a bendlet wavy of the last charged with three acorns vert, in the mouth a slip of oak fructed proper. Motto: "Justum perficito, nihil timeto."

These are the arms and crest attributed to the family by Burke in his Armory and Commoners, but in the Landed Gentry the following, being the bearings of Rogers of Eastwood, are given.—Argent, three stags trippant sable attired or, a chief azure. Crest: A stag's head couped sable attired or, in the mouth an acorn of the last stalked and leaved vert. Thomas Wood, mayor of Worcester in 1745, who married Anne, daughter of Thomas Rogers, of Worcester (sister of Thomas, of Besford Court), "descended from Sir Edward Rogers of Eastwood, co. Gloucester," impaled Argent, a chevron between three bucks trippant sabled attired or. (See his M.I. in St. Helen's church, Worcester.)

Rogers, of The Hill, co. Stafford, near Stourbridge, and of Wassell Grove, Hagley. This family is descended from Thomas Rogers, who came from Wales, and settled in the neighbourhood of Stourbridge as a glass manufacturer about the middle of the seventeenth century. He married Anne De Thiètry, or Tyttery (the descendant of a noble French Huguenot family from Nants in Lorraine*), and died in 1681, having had issue by his

This noble Huguenot family came from Lorraine with the Henzeys and Tyzacks (see those names), about the time of the massacre of St. Bartholomew, and settled at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and at Stourbridge. "To

said wife (who married secondly a Mr. Jackson), two sons, Thomas and James, and a daughter, Sarah, married to Henry Sanders,* of Amblecote, near Stourbridge.

preserve their nationality (says Mr. Smiles, in his work on the Huguenots), the members of these three families intermarried with each other, and so much were they isolated from the other inhabitants of the district (Newcastle), that they were generally known as 'The Pilgrims,' or 'The Strangers.'" We learn from the genealogy of the Hennezel family, given in De la Chenaye-Desbois' Dictionnaire de la Noblesse, that Didier de Hennezel, "qualifié d'êcuyer dans les lettres patentes du Duc René II. du dernier Juillet, 1501," married for his first wife Marie Anne de Thiètry; their great-grandson, Hubert de Hennezel, married Barbe, daughter of François de Hennezel, and his wife, Jeanne de Thiètry, and had with other issue a son, Josué de Hennezel, who married in 1615 Marthe de Thiètry, daughter of François and Claudine de Thiètry, by whom he was father of Claude François de Hennezel, who married in 1650 Elizabeth, daughter of Christophe de Thiètry and Marthe de Hennezel, his wife. Their son was Comte de Beaujeu in Franche Comté. The Protestant branch of the family had already taken refuge in England, when these last few matches were contracted, and it will be seen that in their own country, as well as here, these families constantly intermarried one with the other. Like their relatives the Henzeys and Tyzacks (Du Thisac), the Tytterys (as their name was spelt in this country), were glass manufacturers. The English branch probably soon became extinct. We have not been fortunate enough to meet with any pedigree of the family, nor have we been able to ascertain what arms they bore.

 Henry Sanders had, by Sarah his wife, seven children, of whom Thomas was an apothecary at Stourbridge, and Henry at Dudley. The latter married Rebecca Hawkes, of Dudley, and had (with ten other children) a son, the Rev. Henry Sanders, one of the assistant masters of the Birmingham Grammar School, and afterwards Head Master of Halesowen Grammar School, and Perpetual Curate of Oldbury. He was also at one time curate of Shenstone, near Lichfield, and the author of a valuable history of that parish, which was published after his death by his son. Mr. Sanders died in 1785, leaving issue by Elizabeth nie Butler, his wife, an only son, the Rev. John Butler Sanders, of Worcester College, Oxford, (M.A. 1780) curate of several metropolitan churches, who died March 15th, 1830. Thomas Sanders, of Stourbridge, apothecary, lies buried in the churchyard at Oldswinford with his mother (Sarah Rogers) and nine of his children. He died May 4th, 1765, aged sixty-eight. It appears from inscriptions on the family vault that he was father, by Elizabeth his wife, of Samuel Sanders, who died in 1822, aged eighty-seven, and who, by Sarah his wife, had issue two daughters, Susanna,

The eldest son, Thomas, was twice married. first wife he had issue, three sons, Thomas, George, and Paul: by his second. Mary, widow of Haselwood, he appears to have had no issue. Paul Rogers married in 1704, Mary Haselwood, the only daughter of his stepmother, and had issue, Thomas Rogers, of The Hill, an eminent glass manufacturer, who was nominated High Sheriff of Staffordshire in 1750. This gentleman married Martha, daughter of Richard Knight, of Downton Castle. co. Salop, and dying about the year 1775, left issue (with seven daughters), an only son, Thomas Rogers, of The Hill, afterwards of Stoke Newington, a banker in Lon-Thomas Rogers (who was returned to Parliament for Coventry in 1780, in conjunction with Sir Thomas Hallifax, knt., after an obstinate contest with E. R. Yeo and Lord Sheffield) married, in 1760, Mary,* daughter

wife of William Biven, and Anne, wife of . . . Proctor. Some interesting information about the families of Sanders and Rogers are given in the preface to the *History of Shenstone*.

Mary Radford was born in 1735. Her mother was Mary Harris, granddaughter of Dr. Coxe, physician to Queen Mary; and her grandmother (the wife of Samuel Radford, of Chester) was Eleanor (born in 1658), fifth child of the Rev. Philip Henry, M.A., by Katherine, his wife, daughter and heiress of Daniel Matthews, of Broad-oak, Iscoyd, co. Flint. The Rev. Philip Henry was educated at Westminster School, and at Christ Church College, Oxford, where he graduated M.A. He was (says one of his Biographers) one of that noble band of two thousand clergymen who, on the passing of the Act of Uniformity, and the cruel enactments of the Five-mile Act, left their churches and livings for conscience' sake, and became the founders of the sect of English Presbyterians. From His Life, by his son (published in 1712), we learn that he was the only son of John Henry, a native of Wales (son of Henry Williams, of Britton's Ferry, co. Glamorgan), who came to England, and became Gentleman to the Earl of Pembroke, and afterwards page to James, Duke of York. Philip Henry had four daughters, all married, but only one surviving son, Matthew Henry, the Commentator, who was born in 1662, and died in 1714. Matthew Henry was twice married, and had (with daughters) an only son (by

and heiress of Daniel Radford, of London (a nephew of the Rev. Matthew Henry, the eminent Biblical commentator), and died in 1793, leaving issue, four sons, the third of whom was Samuel Rogers, the famous poet and art-patron, who, "after a life of easy fortunes spent amongst memorable people—a life of taste acquired in foreign travel, before foreign travel had ceased to be a luxury—a life of poetical creations, few, far between, and finished so highly, that the best thoughts and lines in them will not readily perish from among the pleasures of memory,"* passed away from among us on the 18th of December, 1855, at the advanced age of ninety-two. Daniel Rogers,† the poet's eldest brother, who resided on his estate at Wassell Grove, Hagley, married his

his second wife, Mary, heiress of George Warburton, to whom he was married in 1690), named Philip, who assumed the surname of Warburton, and was M.P. for Chester in 1742, but died without issue. There is an engraved portrait (by Virtue) of Matthew Henry, underneath which are his arms, (three battle axes in fesse) impaling those of Warburton, (a chevron between three cormorants). There is also an engraved portrait of Philip Henry prefixed to his *Life*. Mr. Henry Rogers, of Hagley (to whom we are indebted for much of the information embodied in the above memoir), possesses two original sermons in the hand-writing of Philip Henry, and one in that of his son, Matthew.

Obituary Memoir in the Gentleman's Magazine, Feb. 1856, p. 190.

[†] Daniel Rogers, who was educated at Queen's College, Cambridge, was a barrister-at-law, and an active magistrate for the county of Worcester. "Daniel Rogers, the Country Squire (says Mr. Sharpe, in his Life of the poet) was a man of delightfully simple mind, a great reader, and throughout life an earnest student of the ancient and eastern languages." Sir Egerton Brydges, in his Autobiography, also speaks of him most highly, and his friend Colonel Bennet Langton describes him as a ripe Greek scholar. On his death, in 1829, Charles Lamb addressed a letter of condolence to his brother, the poet, enclosing some lines on the event. "I hope (he says) I do not unseasonably present you with a few lines suggested to me this morning by the thought of him." The verses here alluded to have been printed in Lamb's works. The original MS. and the letter in which it was enclosed, are in the possession of Mr. Henry Rogers of Hagley.

cousin. Martha Bowles (the daughter of Sampson Bowles, of London, by Elizabeth, the eldest of the seven daughters of Thomas Rogers, before named), by whom he left issue, at his decease on the 2nd of March, 1829, several sons and daughters. His eldest son, the Rev. Thomas Rogers, (who was educated at Harrow, and Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge, of which college he became a Fellow,) was father of four sons and two daughters, the sole survivors of whom are Captain Daniel Alexander Rogers, of Cheltenham (who is married, and has issue), and Henry Rogers, of Hagley and Stourbridge, a solicitor, unmarried.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent a chevron between three antelopes statant sable, for Rogers; and, Azure, fretty or, on a chief gules three bells reversed of the second, for Radford; 3rd, Ermine, on a bend azure three cinquefoils or, for Harris. Crest: An antelope statant sable bezantée. (Book-plate of "Daniel Rogers, esq.")

Rotesey, of Kingsnorton; as borne by Richard Rotesey, who married Margaret, daughter of John Walsh, of Shelsley, by whom he had a numerous issue. The arms occur at Stockton, impaling those of Walsh.—Argent, a chevron between three spear-heads sable embrued gules. (Harl. MSS., 1043 and 1566.)

Rous, or Rouse, of Rouse-Lench. This family, says Nash, "certainly came in with the Conqueror;" but their pedigree, recorded at the Visitation of 1569,* derives them only from Sir Baldwin Rous, of Ragley, co. Warwick, temp. Edward II. In the reign of Henry VI., the

[•] The pedigree was recorded also at the Visitation of 1634.

Rouses were three times escheators of this county. baronetcy was conferred upon the family in 1641, but it became extinct on the death of Sir Thomas Rouse, in 1721, when the estate passed to his only surviving sister, Elizabeth. She died unmarried in 1729, and was succeeded by Thomas Phillips, the grandson of her halfsister, Mary.* This gentleman took jointly with his own, the surname and arms of Rouse, but afterwards dropped his family name altogether, and as "Thomas Rouse, esq.," appears in Nash's list of Sheriffs for the year 1734. He died a bachelor, at Worcester, in 1708, at an advanced age, and devised his estates to Charles William Boughton, who was related to the Rouse family by a descent from Hester, wife of Sir William Russell, bart., eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Rouse, the first baronet. Mr. Boughton assumed the surname of Rouse in addition to that of Boughton, and was created a baronet in 1791. He shortly afterwards succeeded to the baronetcy conferred in 1641, on his own family, both which dignities have descended to the present Sir Charles Henry Rouse-Boughton, bart. (See Boughton.) -Sable, two bars engrailed argent. Crest: The bust of a man proper, hair, beard, and whiskers sable, the head surrounded and crossed with a ribbon knotted at the top, and flowing from the sides argent. Motto: "Rosa petit cœlum." (D. 12, and C. 30, Coll. Arm., ff. 22, 35; Harl. MS., 1566; Nash; &c.)

^{*} Wife of Edmund Phillips; she had issue Thomas Phillips, who by Elizabeth his wife, had two sons, the above Thomas, and Phillip Phillips, who appears to have died s.p. See Betham's Baronetage, iv., 222.

The Penn and Win. MSS. give the Rouse arms as above, but "some," says the latter MS., "give, Or, an eagle displayed [azure] pruning her wing armed and langued gules." See Lench.

ROWLAND, alias STEYNER. See STEYNER.

ROYDS, of Crown East Court, near Worcester; as borne by Albert Hudson Royds, High Sheriff in 1865, eldest son of the late Clement Royds, of Rochdale, Lancashire, by Jane, daughter of Charles Hudson.—Ermine, on a cross engrailed gules between four lions rampant, a spear in pale proper between four bezants. Crest: A leopard sejant proper bezantée resting the dexter fore-paw on a pheon. Motto: "Semper paratus."

These arms were granted to the family in 1828.

Rudge, High Sheriff in 1829, and by his son, Edward John Rudge, High Sheriff in 1866; claiming descent from the ancient family of Rudge, of Rudge, co. Salop. Their immediate ancestor was William Rudge, of Evesham, whose brother, Edward Rudge, was sheriff of the City of London in 1637, and who is said to have been the second son of Thomas, third son of John Rudge, of Seisdon, co. Stafford. Several members of this family have represented Evesham in Parliament.—Quarterly sable and gules, over all a cross engrailed argent. Crest: Out of a mural coronet or, two arms erect, sleeves gules, hands and cuffs proper, supporting a shield argent. Motto: "In cruce fides." (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

Burke (Armory) says that these bearings were "confirmed by grant in 1634, to Alderman Edward Rudge, of London, and to his brother, William Rudge, of Evesham;" but at the Visitation of 1682-3, William Rudge, of Evesham, disclaimed all right to arms.

RUDHALL. See RYDALL.

RUDING, of Martin Hussingtree, The Wall-house, Hanbury, and Droitwich; also of Westcotes, co. Leicester. family, says Nichols,* appears to have been very negligent in not entering its pedigree in the Heralds' office. Though of great antiquity in Worcestershire, where they had large possessions, yet the Visitations of that county do not afford any entry prior to the latter end of the reign of Henry VII., and in Leicestershire they do not appear in the Heralds' books. The estates of Beoley, Feckenham, Hanbury, and Martin Hussingtree, were, about the close of the fourteenth century, taken out of the family by heiresses, one of whom married Walter Graunt, † of Snitterfield, in the county of Warwick, and the other Ralph Sheldon, of Abberton. Francis Townsend, Windsor Herald, who in 1783 drew out the pedigree which Nichols has inserted in his work, endeavoured in vain to ascertain the connection of the two branches

* History of Leicestershire, iv., 568.

‡ The arms of Ruding were quartered by Sheldon at the Visitation of 1634, in right of the marriage of Ralph Sheldon (father of Ralph Sheldon, of Beoley, who married the co-heiress of Heath), with the daughter and heiress

of - Ruding.

[†] From the pedigree entered at the Visitation of 1569, it appears that John, son of Edmund Ruding, of Martin Hussingtree, was father, by Alice Lyde his wife, of two sons, Richard, of Martin Hussingtree, and Edmund, of the Wall-house; and that the latter had by Joan his wife, the daughter of William Colles, two daughters, his co-heiresses, Alice and Anne, the former of whom was married to Thomas Grant. But it likewise appears from other sources (Baker's Northamptonshire, i., 109, &c.) that a Humphrey or Hugh Ruding, of Wich, had two daughters and co-heiresses: Margaret, wife of John Martin, and Elizabeth, married to Walter Graunt, of Snitterfield, co. Warwick; Margery Graunt, the second daughter and co-heiress of the latter, is stated to have married Humphrey Jennetts, of Feckenham.

of the family. The same coat of arms is entered in the Heralds' College for both, showing that they were originally from the same stock; but Mr. Townsend was unable to trace the Leicestershire branch higher than William Ruding, who lived about the time of Henry On the tomb of Richard Ruding, of Leicestershire, who died in 1582, are the Ruding arms quartering Clerke* and Watercroft, and as neither of them are the arms of his mother, who was a Purefoy, and as no wife is mentioned to his grandfather (the William who heads the pedigree), they must have been brought in by ancestors of a higher date. The pedigree of the Rudings, of Martin Hussingtree, was recorded at the Visitation of 1569, by John Ruding (who then had issue, Edmund, Edward, Anne, and Mary); but the family did not appear in 1634, having then apparently fallen into poverty, as would appear from the following curious remarks of Habingdon:-"Now to looke a little backe on the Rudinges, formerly Lords of the Manor of Martin Hussingtree. This hath byn an ancient family, whose arms somewhat battered appear at Wich, in the chapel on the bridge, and have byn flourished on the coaches and monuments of honourable and riche men, who I would to God would cast downe theyre eies on theese poore gentlemen, the Rudinges, so belowe there coates of armes, as they have scarce coates to clothe them."—Argent, on a bend between two lions rampant sable a winged serpent, or dragon volant, of the field. Crest: A dragon's head sable, collared and chained or,

^{*} See CLERKE.

in the mouth a lion's gamb erased of the last. (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 32; Harl. MSS., 1352 and 1566.)

Rudley.—Argent, a chevron between three adders nouée sable. (Penn MS.)

The coat probably of Sir Henry Rudley, whose name occurs in Penn's list of the Worcestershire gentry "that are to finde horse."

RUFFORD, of Nether Sapey, in Clifton-on-Teme.—This family appears, from similarity of arms, to be a branch of the Ruffords, of Rufford, co. Bucks. Walter Rufford was escheator of this county in the reign of Henry VI.; his descendant, Walter Rufford, of Clifton, married Margaret, daughter of William Colles, of Bransford Court, and was father of Roger Rufford, of "Nethersope," who married Joan, daughter of Henry Jeffries, of Hom Castle, and had issue by her: -Walter, who married Jane, daughter of John Walsh; Francis, who married Anne, daughter of John Acton (by whom he had two sons, Roger and Henry); Charles; and six daughters, all married. family pedigree was recorded at the Visitations of 1569, 1634, and 1682-3. Francis Rufford,* of the Hill House, in Lower Sapey, a descendant of this family, had, by Mary, his wife, four sons, Francis, James, Benjamin, and Philip. Francis died s.p.; Benjamin is the presumed ancestor of the Ruffords of Stourbridge; Philip, who resided at Hom Castle, and was mayor of the city of Worcester in 1780, was father of the Rev. Francis Rufford, rector of Kinwarton, co. Warwick, and grandfather of the Rev. William Squire Rufford, rector of Binton, co.

[•] Communicated by the family. Francis Rufford was a land-owner at Clifton, 1703-4.

Warwick, whose elder son, the late Rev. William Rufford, lately rector of Lower Sapey, died issueless, and whose second son, the late Rev. Philip Rufford, rector of Thorn Coffin, in Somersetshire, had issue an only son, Philip James Rufford, now under age. — Argent, a chevron between three trefoils slipped sable, issuant from the chief a pile of the last. (D. 12, C. 30, & K. 4, Coll. Arm.; Penn MS.; Harl. MS. 1566; Add. MS. 19816, &c.)

No crest is entered in the Visitation Book, but the family bears, An eagle with expanded wings sable, in the beak a trefoil of the last, being the crest of the Ruffords, of Bucks.

- RUFFORD, of Stourbridge; as borne by Francis Tongue Rufford, of Prescot House, Stourbridge, High Sheriff in 1856, the son of the late Francis Rufford of the same place; and by his cousin, the late Francis Rufford, of the "Yew Tree," Belbroughton, some time M.P. for the city of Worcester, the son of Philip Rufford, of Heath House, near Stourbridge.—Arms and crest, as the preceding.
- Rufford.—A lion passant between three crosses crosslet fitchée. (N.)

This appears to be a mistake of Dr. Thomas's. No such coat is recorded to the name of Rufford in the College of Arms; but it is inserted on Nash's authority in Berry's *Encyclopædia*. Dr. Prattinton says it occurs at Areley Kings.

- RUGELEY; as borne by *Nicholas Rugeley*, Deputy Sheriff of Worcestershire, 16th Henry VI.—Argent, a chevron between three roses gules. (*Nash.*)
- Rumney, of Lulsley in Suckley. This ancient family, whose pedigree was recorded at the Visitations of 1569, 1634, and 1682-3, was of Lulsley before 1460; for Nash mentions that in that year Thomas Rumney, of Lulsley,

Isabel, his wife, and William, their son, obtained from the Bishop of Worcester a lease of the site of the manor of Knightwick. Their pedigree in the Harl. MS., 1566, commences with John Rumney, or Rompney, whose son William had issue, Thomas Rumney, who by the daughter of . . . Soley, was father of William Rumney. William married Margery, daughter of William Burghill, and had issue, John, of Lulsley; Thomas; Elizabeth, wife of Thomas Kettleby; and Alice,* married to William Colles, of Bransford Court. The eldest son, John, married Anne, daughter of John Berington, of Stoke Lacy, co. Hereford, and had issue Thomas, Roger, and Lawrence, all married, and five daughters. William Rumney was a freeholder at Suckley in 1703, and Peter Rumney was buried there in 1719, aged thirty-two.—Or, on a chevron per pale azure and gules three roses of the field. Crest: On a mount vert a tree proper, thereunder a lion statant guardant gules.-Motto: "Mors ærumnarum requies." (D. 12, C. 30, and K. 4, Coll. Arm.; Harl. MSS. 615 and 1566, &c.)

Paul Romney, of Suckley, gent., was fined £12 for not taking knighthood at the coronation of Charles I.+

Rushout, of Northwick.—This family derives its descent from John Rushout, a native of France, who settled in London as a merchant in the reign of Charles I. A

* William Colles died in 1506; his wife, Alice, is called in an old pedigree the daughter of *Thomas* Rumney.

[†] The following inscriptions in Bromyard church, Herefordshire, relate apparently to this family:—John Rumney, gent., died April 19th, 1768, aged 70; Elizabeth, daughter of Paul Rumney, died October 16th, 1699; Anne, wife of Paul, died July 7th, 1708; Paul Rumney, gent., died October, 1745, aged 78. (Duncumb's Herefordshire, ii., 86.)

pedigree showing the descent of the family from the Ronalts of France, attested by Henri Prevost de la Val, Artois King of Arms to his Catholic Majesty, residing at Brussels, under his hand and the seal of his office; countersigned by W. Schindertachen, Notary Public, the 30th of October, 1652, was exhibited at the Visitation of 1682-3, and registered in the Visitation Book. however (History of Rutland), doubts its accuracy. The Ronalt pedigree, he says, as given in the Dictionnaire Heraldique, Paris, 1761, differs materially in its earlier descents, and thus throws considerable doubt on the statement of the descent of the Rushouts from the house of Ronalt. James Rushout, son of the above named John, was created a baronet in 1661, and purchased the Northwick estate from the Child family. He married Alice, daughter and heiress of Edmund Pitt, or Pytts, of Harrow-on-the Hill, and died in February, 1697-8. His grandson, Sir John, the fifth baronet, was elevated to the peerage in 1797, by the title of Baron Northwick, and was grandfather of George, the present and third Lord Northwick. —Sable, two lions passant within a bordure engrailed or. Crest: A lion passant guardant or. Supporters: Two angels proper, winged and crined or, holding in their exterior hands palm-branches vert. Motto: "Par ternis suppar."* (K. 4, Coll. Arm. fo. 173; Nash, i., 99; and Burke's *Peerage*.)

^{*} Various explanations have been offered of the signification of this singular motto. The Editor of *Notes and Queries* (Mr. Thoms), gives the following (4th S. i. 368):—" The family of the Rushouts, or Ronalts, possessed large estates in Picardy and Normandy, and were related to the Dukes of Normandy; before the Conquest they bore the same arms as the three first kings of that

Russell, of Slaughter's Court, Powick.—Slaughter's Court, now called Powick Court, was purchased by William Russell, an eminent surgeon of Worcester, the eldest son of Thomas Russell, of Chelmick, in the parish of Hope Bowdler, co. Salop, by Elizabeth, daughter of John Pritchard, of Middleton, in the same county, grandson of William Russell, by Mary, daughter, and eventually heiress of Francis Phillips, of Chelmick, and great-grandson of John Russell, of Holgate, born in 1608, by Joice Ward, of Rushbury; which John Russell was the son of Thomas Russell, of Cardington, co. Salop, by Dorothy Corfield. Mr. Russell, who was born in 1719, and died in 1801, married Anne Chetle, grand-daughter and heiress of Thomas Chetle, of the Wallhouse, by whom he had issue a son William (of whom presently), and two daughters: Mary, married in 1779, to the Rev. Samuel Oldnall, by whom she was mother of the late Sir William Oldnall Russell, knt.; and Anne, wife of Thomas Rowse Wylde, of Glazeley, co. Salop. The son, William Russell, of Powick, barrister-at-law, and a magistrate for the counties of Worcester, Hereford, and Somerset, was born in 1750, and died in 1812. He married first Mary. daughter and co-heiress of Joseph Cocks (niece of John, Lord Somers), by whom he had issue an only daughter, Mary, married in 1806 to the Rev. Henry Barry Domvile. His second wife was Elizabeth, sister and ultimately sole

race. Henry II., in right of his wife, enjoyed large possessions in France; and among the rest, the Duchies of Aquitaine and Poitou, and added a third lion, as the arms of those provinces, to the arms of England, on which account the family of Ronalt assumed the present motto: 'Par ternis suppar.' The two are equal in antiquity to the three." To which we beg leave to add, se non è vero è ben trovato.

heiress of Sir John Pakington, bart. He had issue by her a son, John Somerset Russell, who assumed the surname and arms of Pakington, and was created a baronet in 1846.* (See Pakington.)—Quarterly 1st and 4th. Argent, on a chief gules three bezants, for Russell;† 2nd, Or, on a chevron gules three cock's heads erased argent, combed and wattled of the first, for Phillips; 3rd, Argent, a fesse dancetteé gules, for Chetle. Crest: A talbot passant argent. Motto: "Fidelis et audax."

According to Mr. Wiffen (Memoirs of the House of Russell, i., 142), this coat was first assumed by Sir Ralph Russell, knt., by way of distinction from the old ancestral arms‡ that continued to be borne by his half-brother, Sir William Russell, ancestor of the ducal house of Bedford. This Sir Ralph was father of Maurice Russell of Dyrham, co. Gloucester, who died in 1421, leaving issue two daughters and co-heiresses. The two other sons of Sir Ralph (Theobald and John) died without issue.

Russell, of Sion House, Chaddesley-Corbett; and of Stone and Comberton; as borne by the late Hon. Sir William Oldnall-Russell, knt., serjeant-at-law, Chief Justice of Bengal, the eldest son of the Rev. Samuel Oldnall, M.A., rector of St. Nicholas, in the city of Worcester, and of North Piddle, by Mary, daughter of William Russell of Powick; grandson of John Oldnall, by Mary, daughter of James Newnham of Winterfold; and great-grandson of Francis Oldnall of Worcester, by Elizabeth, daughter of James Nash; which Francis Oldnall was the son of Thomas Oldnall and Anne Hornblower, and grandson of Thomas

^{*} From a pedigree communicated by Mr. Woof, of Worcester.

[†] This coat occurs in glass in the cathedral, and is ascribed by Dr. Thomas to "Russell, co. Glou."

[‡] Argent, a lion rampant gules, a chief sable.

Oldnall, born in 1640, by Mary, nee Cooksey, his wife. (See Oldnall.) Sir William assumed the surname of Russell in 1816, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal grandfather, the above-named William Russell. He married, in 1825, Louisa Maria, daughter of John Lloyd Williams; and dying in 1833, left (with daughters) an only surviving son, Henry Steward Oldnall-Russell, born in 1831, who succeeded to the estates of Stone and Comberton,* under the wills of Miss Steward of Stone and her sister, Mrs. Evans.—Sable, on a fesse argent between two chevrons or three human skulls of the field. Crest: A cock proper. Motto: "Mortem non dedecus." (Book-plate.)

These are the arms of Oldnall, as exhibited at the Visitation of 1682-3. (See OLDNALL.) Sir William does not appear to have obtained any grant from the College of Arms, when he adopted the additional surname of Russell.

Russell, of Strensham and Witley.—This family, whose pedigree was recorded at all the Visitations of this county, was founded by Thomas de Russell, fourth son of Robert de Russell of Kingston Russell, from whose eldest son, Odo, the Dukes of Bedford are descended. Thomas de Russell held in capite of the King, apparently from the time of Henry II., lands in Brocton, Shropshire, by service of being at Montgomery in arms to defend it, on receipt of the King's summons; but having had the misfortune to commit an act of manslaughter, his land was escheated, and one virgate alienated to his father, to his brother Iweyne, and Agatha, his sister. The family furnished several escheators and high sheriffs of the

^{*} See STEWARD.

county.* John Russell, knight, was master of the horse to Richard II.; he married Agnes de la Planche or Planges, an heiress, and had issue a son, William Russell of Strensham, who, by his marriage with Agnes, the daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Hodington (whose mother, Agnes, was a daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Cassey and Cecilia Cooksey†) acquired Witley and other estates of the Cooksevs. In the year 1627, William Russell of Strensham was created a baronet. He acted a conspicuous part in support of the Royal cause, and devoted a considerable portion of his estate to the service of the King; yet, notwithstanding that diminution, his estate was valued at £3,000 a year when the order of the Royal Oak was projected. Sir William died in 1669, and was succeeded by his son, Sir Francis, on whose death without male issue, in 1705, the title became extinct. Sir Francis left three daughters, Anne, Mary, and Elizabeth, between whom his estates were equally divided. Anne was thrice married, but died s.p., in 1734-5; Mary was married to Thomas Jones of Shrewsbury, and also died s.p., before 1729; and Elizabeth, who had the manor and estate of Strensham, espoused William Dansey of Brinsop, co. Hereford, by whom she was mother of an only daughter and heiress, Katherine, married to John Ravenhill. Mrs. Ravenhill's only child, Frances, was married first to the Rev. Richard Nash, D.D. (who took the name of Russell before Nash), and secondly to Sir Charles Trubshaw Withers, knt., but had no issue

† See Cooksey, and Hodington.

[•] Wiffen's Memoirs of the House of Russell, vol. i., p. 97.

by either husband. The whole estate ultimately came into the possession of Dr. Treadway Nash, the historian of Worcestershire, partly by purchase and partly by inheritance as heir to his brother Richard. Dr. Treadway Nash also added the surname of Russell to his patronymic, on obtaining possession of these estates.—Argent, a chevron between three crosses crosslet fitchée sable. Crest: A demi-lion or, holding a cross bottonée fitchée point downwards sable. (K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 144.)

These are the bearings recorded at the Visitation of 1682-3, and which appear upon the family monuments at Strensham. In 1533 the coat was, Argent, a chevron between three crosses bottonée fitchée sable, within a plain bordure or. (H. 20, Coll. Arm., fo. 67.) In 1569 the crosses were bottonée (not fitchée), and the bordure was omitted; and, in 1634, the family entered, Argent, a chevron between three crosses crosslet sable. (D. 12, and C. 30, Coll. Arm., ff. 7 and 86.) In the Harl. MSS., 1043 and 1566, a second crest is given, viz., A chess-rook or, thereon a plume of ostrich feathers of the first and azure. The family quarters in the same MSS., the coats of Planges, Hodington, Cromeley, Somerie (see Cromeley), Albini, Peverell, Chester (Azure, three garbs or), Lupus (Azure, a wolf's head erased argent), Knovill, Golafer, Cassey, Cooksey, and Thurgrim.

Russell, of Little Malvern Court.—The earliest known ancestor of this family (which, from similarity of arms, is presumed to have been a junior branch of the Russells of Strensham) is Henry Russell, who was living in 1497; but the manuscript pedigrees commence with John Russell, who married Joan, daughter and heiress of William Alderford, and had a son, John, who married Margery, daughter and sole heiress of William Williams of Pershore. Their son, John Russell, was secretary to the Council of the Marches of Wales, and to the Princess Mary, at Tickenhill Palace, Bewdley. He was also appointed, in the 33rd of Henry VIII., forester and keeper

of the woods of the then late Priory of Little Malvern. John Russell married Anne, daughter of Thomas Barnardiston, of Ketton, and had issue a son, Henry Russell, who in conjunction with his brother-in-law, Charles Broughton, or Brocton, purchased the whole of the monastic property at Little Malvern. By Milburg his wife, the daughter of Thomas Broughton, of Henley, co. Salop, Henry Russell had issue (with six daughters) four sons: John, Henry, Charles, and Rowland. John appears to have died without issue; Henry married, in 1591, Elizabeth, daughter of John Pakington, of Chaddesley-Corbett, and from him lineally descended John Russell, of Little Malvern, the last male heir of the family, whose daughter Elizabeth, eventually his sole heiress, was married to Thomas Berington, by whom she was mother of an only child, Elizabeth, married to Thomas Williams. Mrs. Williams had issue an only daughter and heiress, Mary, who espoused Walter Wakeman, but dying without issue, she devised the Little Malvern estates to her kinsman, William Berington, of Hereford, by whose son, Charles Michael Berington, they are now enjoyed. (See Berington.) Nash gives a short pedigree of the family under Little Malvern (vol. ii., p. 141), but it differs considerably from the pedigrees recorded at the Visitations of 1569 and 1634.—Quarterly, 1st and 4th, Argent, a chevron between three crosses crosslet sable, within a bordure engrailed gules bezantée, for Russell; and and 3rd, Argent, on a saltire azure a tiger's head erased or, for Alderford. Crest: A demi-lion argent, holding between the paws a cross crosslet fitchée sable.

Motto: "Je tiens foy." (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 77b; Harl. MSS., 615, 1352, and 1566.)

In the Visitation Book of 1569, the crosslets are fitchée. (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 50.) Penn gives the arms of Russell of "Maluerne" as Argent, a chevron between three crosses bottonée fitchée sable a plain bordure gules bezantée; and it appears that the family usually bore their bordure plain, although in both the Visitation books it is given as engrailed.

- Russell, of Moor Green, Kingsnorton; as borne by William Congreve Russell, of King's Heath, High Sheriff in 1839, and sometime M.P. for the eastern division of this county. His only daughter and heiress, Mary, married Sir Joseph Bailey, of Glanusk, bart.—Argent, a lion rampant gules, on a chief sable three escallops of the first. Crest: A goat passant argent, attired or. (Burke's Armory.)
- Russell, of Hanley.—Argent, a chevron between three crosses bottonée fitchée sable. (Penn MS.)

Probably the coat of "Mr. Russell of Hanley Castle," who appears in Penn's List of those "that are to finde horse" in Worcestershire.

- Russell, of "Bosbourne."—Argent, a chevron between three crosses bottonée fitchée, within a bordure sable. (Penn MS.)
- RUTTER, of Quinton, co. Gloucester, and of Dorne, in Blockley; as borne by Thomas Rutter, of Dorne, ao 1619,
 born at Quinton in 1587, the son of John Rutter, of
 Quinton, and grandson of Michael Rutter, of the same
 place, who married a daughter of Thomas Freeman, of
 Blockley. Thomas married Mary, daughter of William
 Freeman, of Bourton on the Hill, co. Gloucester. This
 family was formerly of considerable importance at Quin-

ton. Rudder says they severely felt the vicissitudes of fortune, and in his time (1779) were in reduced circumstances. Michael Rutter of Upper Quinton, paid £300 composition for his estate, on account of the part he took with the king in the civil wars. The parish registers at Quinton contain numerous entries relating to the family.—Gules, three garbs or, on a chief argent a lion passant of the field. (Rudder's Gloucestershire, p. 615; and Collection of Gloucestershire Arms, 1792, pl. 42.)

RUYHALL.—Argent, two bends indented gules and vert.*
(N.)

Walter Brute, in the reign of Edward I., gave Brutes-Morton (Birts-Morton) to his youngest daughter, who married John Ruyhall, "who derived his name from a village in Ripple, so called at this day, though the family continued but a few generations, and that many centuries ago." (Habingdon, cited by Nash, i., 84.) The above coat is ascribed to the family by Nash and Dr. Thomas, but it seems to have been also borne by the Corbetts of Chaddesley. It occurs (followed by Cowleigh), among the quarterings of Harewell, in the Harl. MS., 1566, and is there attributed to Corbett. Nash says that the Harewells were "heirs to John Ruyhall of Pershore, 26 Henry VI.;" but Roger Harewell is recorded to have married "the daughter and heir of Corbett, by the daughter and heir of Cowley; and this coat impaling that of Cowley, occurs in the cathedral at Worcester, and also in Birtsmorton church.

RYCE, of Croome D'Abitot; as quartered by Clare of Kidderminster, in right of the marriage of Nicholas Clare with Margaret, daughter of Simon Ryce, the grand-daughter of Thomas Ryce, by Margaret, daughter and heiress of John D'Abitot, of Croome.—Argent, a chevron between three spear-heads gules, on a chief azure three birds or. (Harl. MS., 1566.)

^{*} This is an example of an early blazon; the bends are not indented in the modern acceptation of that term, but are plain, and each charged with alternate points, or *piles*, of gules and vert.

In the middle part of the body of Kidderminster church (says Nash) was formerly a brass plate commemorating the above Thomas Ryce, who died on the 31st of December, 1494, and also Margery, his wife, and their family. Simon Ryce was a great benefactor to Kidderminster, and built a handsome chapel there (since converted into a school) on the north side of which is his rebus, three ears of rye. (Nash, ii., 53.)

RYDALL.—Or, on a bend gules three Katherine wheels of the field. (N.)

This coat was formerly in Great Malvern church, on the tomb of Penelope, wife of Robert Walwyn of Newland, and daughter of Richard Lygon of Madresfield. It appears to be the coat of the family of Rudhall of Rudhall, co. Hereford; but Dr. Strong (Heraldry of Herefordshire) and the Heraldic Dictionaries give the bend azure and the wheels argent.

Ryland, of Kingsnorton; as granted to Samuel Ryland, High Sheriff in 1822, the son of John, and grandson of William Ryland, of Birmingham.—Azure, on a cross nebulée ermine between four sheaves of rye or, a rose gules, barbed vert, seeded gold. Crest: Issuant from a mount vert, a dexter arm embowed in armour proper, garnished or, the hand also proper, holding a rose gules slipped of the first, and three ears of rye gold. Motto: "Not the last." (Burke's Commoners, iv., 406.)

Sacheverell; as granted in 1780 (for a quartering) to John Zachary, of Areley Kings, who was descended from the marriage of William Mucklowe, of Areley, with Frances,*

^{*} Frances was married to William Mucklowe in 1622. Her mother was one Elizabeth Keys; by her Henry Sacheverell had also three sons, one of whom, Valence Sacheverell, of Callow, co. Derby, had issue a son George, who obtained from Dugdale, in 1665, a grant of the Sacheverell arms within a plain bordure gules for distinction. The widow of this George (Mary née Wilson) married secondly the celebrated Dr. Henry Sacheverell, who, it may

natural daughter of Henry Sacheverell, of Morley, co. Derby. — Argent, a saltire azure charged with five water-bougets or, a bordure wavy erminois for distinction. (E Coll. Arm.) See Zachary.

SAILBY. See SAXILBY.

St. Helena. See Leyborn.

- St. John, of Worcester; as borne by the late Hon. and Rev. St. Andrew St. John, Dean of Worcester, second son of John, 10th Lord St. John of Bletshoe.—Argent, on a chief gules two mullets pierced or. Crest: On a mount vert, a falcon rising proper, belled or, ducally gorged gules. Motto: "Data fata secutus." (Peerages.)
- St. Lowe.—Argent, a bend, and a label of three points sable. (N.)

Quartered by Horton, at Staunton.

- St. Nicholas; as quartered by *Dyneley*, in right of the marriage of John Dyneley, of Charlton, with Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Roger St. Nicholas, of Thorne, co. Kent.—Ermine, a chief quarterly or and gules, in the first quarter an annulet of the second. (*In Cropthorne Church*.)
- St. Pierre.—Argent, a bend sable and a label of three points gules. (N.)

This coat, which occurs at Kidderminster and Witley, (the Heralds found it in the former church at their Visitation in 1634) is that of Urian de St. Pierre, whose daughter and heiress, Isabella, was married to Walter Cooksey.—(See Harl. MS. 139.—Bostock's Collections for Cheshire.)

be mentioned, was not related to the Morley family, but derived his descent from a family whose name was formerly written Cheverell. (See Nichols's Leicestershire, iii. 509; and Harl. MS., 1451.)

Salley.—Gules, a single arch ensigned with a ducal coronet or. (Penn MS.)

Probably intended by Penn for the coat of Edward Salley, whose name occurs in his "List of those that are to find horse."

- Saltmarshe, of Upton-on-Severn; as borne by Sir William Saltmarshe, whose two co-heiresses, Alice and Catherine, were married respectively to John Brey, and Richard Bushell, of Cleeve Prior.—Argent, three cinquefoils gules; also Argent, crusuly, three cinquefoils gules. The latter was quartered by Bushell. (Harl. MS. 1566, fo. 148.)
- Salusbury, of Upton-Warren; as borne by John, son of Ralph de Salusbury, who had Upton-Warren in marriage with Joan, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John de Hastang. He suffered death and attainder in the 12th of Richard II.—Gules, a lion rampant argent crowned or between three crescents of the last. (Dugdale; and Nash, i., 156.)
- SALWEY, of Stanford.—This family is said to be of Saxon origin, and to have been seated at Cannock, in Staffordshire, at a period anterior to the Norman Conquest. William Salwey was lord of Leacroft, a hamlet in the parish of Cannock, about the reign of Henry III. Hence the family removed to Stanford, of which John Salwey was owner in the 3rd of Henry IV. This John was the son of John Salwey, of Leacroft, by Isabel, daughter and heiress of Sir William Tromwyn, knt.; he married Isolda, daughter of John Washborne, of Stanford, (and heiress of her mother, Joan, the daughter and heiress of Sir John Musard, knt.,) and had with her the manor of Stanford.

The Salweys continued at Stanford for many generations, and recorded their descent and arms at the Visitations of 1560 and 1634. The last of the family that possessed Stanford was Edward Salwey, of the Inner Temple, barrister-at-law, the only son of Edward Salwey, M.P. for Droitwich, on whose decease, unmarried, his estates passed to his sisters, the youngest of whom, Elizabeth. the wife of Sir Francis Winnington, knt., Solicitor-General to Charles II., eventually became the sole possessor of the Stanford property, and was lineal ancestress of the Winningtons, of Stanford Court. The male line of the family was continued by Richard, younger brother of Edward, of Stanford, M.P., who was seated at Richard's Castle, in the county of Hereford, at the time of the Protectorate. His grandson, Richard, was of Moor Park, in the same county, where he died in 1759, and was succeeded by his great nephew, whose grandson, John Salwey, is the present representative.—Sable, a saltire engrailed or; quartering Tromwyn, Washborne, Musard, Porter, Searle, &c. Crest: A Moor's or Saracen's head front-faced proper, wreathed about the temples argent and sable, a belt from the sinister shoulder to the dexter hip azure. (D. 12, and C. 30, Coll. Arm. ff. 45, 41; Harl. MS. 1566; Penn MS.; Nash, ii., 366; and Shirley's Noble and Gentlemen.)

Sambach, of Broadway, and of Child's Wickham and Snowshill, co. Gloucester.—This family, an offshoot in all probability of the Sambachs, of Sambach, in Cheshire, was seated at Broadway, at least as early as the year 1545, in which year, as appears from the parish registers, Richard

Sambach was married to Isabel Ellins, William Sambach to Elizabeth White, and John Sambach to Margery Nash scarcely mentions the family. informs us, however, that in the 20th of Elizabeth, Ralph Sheldon conveyed sundry lands in Broadway to different persons, among others to John Sambach, and thus increased the number of freeholders in that parish. And he states that their arms were formerly in one of the windows of the church.* William Sambach, of Broadway, gent., married at Shrawley on the 13th of May, 1578, Jane, daughter and co-heiress of John Severne, by whom he had twenty-six children. He died in 1630, and she in 1613.† His eldest son, John Sambach, was baptized at Broadway in April, 1579, and was buried there (in his father's lifetime) on the 25th of December, 1613; he married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Edward Aston, of Tixall, co. Stafford, and by her, who died in 1627,‡ was father, with others, of a son, Sir William Sambach, knt., whose widow was buried at Broadway in The family continued for several generations at

* Symonds, in his *Diary*, tricks the Sambach arms as being in the west window of Broadway church. The coat is still there, but mutilated.

^{† 1630,} April 16, Buried, "Mr. Wm. Sambach the eldest, and of the eldest family, gent., aged 83, father of Twenty and six children, by Mrs. Jane Severn, his sole wife."—1613, Nov. 24, Buried, "Jane, wife of William Sambach, gent."—1634, Dec. 30, Buried, "Cecilia, wife of Richard Lampit. Shee was one of the XXVI children of Wm. Sambach, gen., senior, and of Jane Severn, gent., deceased." (Broadway Registers.)

^{† 1627, &}quot;Mrs. Elisabeth Sambach, widdow of John Sambach, gentleman, defunct, dep'ted this life the 25th day of March, beeing Ester day. She was da. of Sir Edward Aston, knight; and lyeth Buryed at Pillardington, co. Warwicke." (Broadway Register.)

^{§ 1670,} Dec. 29. "The Lady Sambach, wid. of Sr. Will. Sambach," buried. (1b.) "The Lady Sambach" was one of the sponsors to Leah, daughter of Bryan Moore, vicar of Child's Wickham, in 1666. There are several entries in the Child's Wickham registers relating to this family.

Broadway; Anthony Sambach, esq., and William Sambach were landowners there in 1703; and William Sambach was buried there in 1748. The last of the Sambachsof Snowshill in Gloucestershire, was William Sambach (son of William), who married Anne, third daughter of William Bateson, of Bourton-on-the-Hill, but died without issue in 1743, aged forty, and was buried at Snowshill, where he has a monument.—Azure, a fesse gules between three garbs or. (N.)

Rudder blazons the fesse or, and so does Burke in his Armory; but Nash is correct, for the coat of "Sir Richard Sanbach, of Sanbach, in Cheshire," is cited by Wyrley in his True use of Armory, as an example of a coat in which colour lies upon colour.

Samborne.—Argent, a chevron between three pierced mullets gules. (N.)

A Berkshire family whose arms were quartered by Windsor of Hewel. They quartered Lushel and Drew.

Samine.—Argent, on a bend between three fleurs-de-lis sable, a lion passant azure armed and langued of the field.

(N.)

This is evidently a quartering or impalement of some Worcestershire family, but it is ascribed by Berry, on Nash's authority, to "Samine, of Worcestershire." It appears from Papworth's *Ordinary* that the coat, Azure, on a bend between three fleurs-de-lis or, a lion passant guardant gules, was granted to John *Simmings*, of London, M.D., in 1574.

Samson; attributed to Samson, Bishop of Worcester, from 1096 to 1112.—Ermine a cross pattée fitchée gules. (Communicated by Mr. Bedford.)

The same coat is also ascribed to Thomas, Archbishop of York, from 1070 to 1100, and to Thomas, Archbishop of the same see, from 1109 to 1114. (See Bedford's Blazon of Episcopacy, p. 110.)

SANCHIA. See AYALA.

Sanders.—Per pale sable and argent, three elephant's heads erased counterchanged. (Win. MS.)

Sanders, of Upton-Warren, and London; as allowed at the Visitation of London in 1633-4 to John Sanders, of London, son of John Sanders, by Elizabeth, daughter of Caldwall, of Burton-on-Trent, and grandson of Richard Sanders, of Upton-Warren. John Sanders, who was an alderman of London, was born at Upton-Warren, in 1594. He bequeathed an annuity of £10 for apprenticing poor boys dwelling in the parishes of Upton-Warren and Stoke Prior, to a freeman of the Grocers' Company, London.—Per chevron sable and argent, three elephant's heads erased counterchanged, an annulet for difference. (Harl. MS. 1476, fo. 238b.; and tablet in Upton-Warren Church.)

SANDERS. See ROGERS.

Sanderson, of Claines; as borne by Edward Sanderson, of Rose Place, Claines, J.P., Capt. 3rd Buffs, son of the Rev. Anthony Nourse Sanderson, rector of Newton Longueville, Bucks., and grandson of Anthony Sanderson, of Hammersmith. Captain Sanderson married his cousin, Harriet, third daughter of Sir John Hales, bart., and by her had thirteen children, eight of whom are now living.—Paly of six argent and azure, over all a bend sable. Crest: 1st, On a mount vert, a talbot passant sable, eared and spotted or; 2nd, A palm tree, from the branches on either side pendent, a hawk's lure. (Communicated by R. Woof, F.S.A.)

Sandys, of Ombersley:—This family, which was anciently seated at St. Bee's, in Cumberland,* is descended immediately from Edwin Sandys, successively Bishop of Worcester and London, and Archbishop of York. His eldest son, Sir Samuel Sandys, knt., born in 1560, married Mercy, only daughter of Martin Culpepper, and purchased the Omberslev estates with his wife's fortune.+ He was Sheriff of Worcestershire in the 16th of James I.. and represented it in Parliament in the 13th and 18th of the same reign. He died August 18th, 1623, and was buried with his wife at Wickhamford, where they have a handsome monument. His lineal descendant, Samuel Sandys, of Ombersley, was elevated to the peerage in 1743, as Baron Sandys, of Ombersley, having previously filled the office of Chancellor of the Exchequer, and other high and important situations. He was succeeded by his son, Edwin, on whose death, without issue, the title became extinct, and the estates passed to Mary, wife of Arthur Hill, Marquis of Downshire, (the daughter and heiress of Martin Sandys, second son of the first baron.) who in 1802 was elevated to the peerage as Baroness Sandys, with remainder to her four younger sons, and their heirs male, and failing them, to her eldest son. Her ladyship was succeeded on her decease by her second son, who, dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his. next brother, Lord Arthur Marcus Cecil Hill, father of the present peer. The pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1634.—Or, a fesse dancettée between three

^{*} As appears (says Nash) by a certificate given by Hervey, Clarenceux, to Archbishop Sandys when Bishop of Worcester. (Vol. ii., p. 221.)
† NASH.

crosses bottonée fitchée gules; quartering Per fesse gules and azure, a castle argent, for Rawson. Crest: A griffin segreant per fesse or and gules, collared dancettée of the last. (C. 30, Coll. Arm. fo. 42; and M.I. at Wickhamford.)

The present Lord Sandys bears, quarterly 1st and 4th Sandys: 2nd and 3rd, Hill, viz., Sable, on a fesse argent between three leopards passant guardant or, spotted of the field, as many escallops gules. Crests: 1st, Sandys; 2nd, Hill, A stag's head couped gules, attired and collared or. Supporters: Two griffins, per fesse and collared as the crest. Motto: "Probum non poenitet."

Sankey.—Sable, three fishes in bend between two cottises argent. (Her. Dic.)

Sanlever.— . . . a stag's head cabossed . . . (N.)

Sapey, of Sapey. This family possessed lands in Pendock temp. Edward III. and Henry VI. Their lands in Sapey afterwards came to the family of Pichard, apparently by the marriage of Sir Roger Pichard, of Staunton, with Isolda, daughter and co-heiress of John de Sapie.—Argent, on a bend gules three round buckles or. (N.; and Harl. MS., 6596.)

A John de Sapi bore, temp. Edward I., Argent, billettée, a lion rampant gules.

SARRELL, of Wick; as quartered by Hanford, Harewell and Lygon.—Argent, a chevron, azure between three garbs per pale or and vert banded gold. (Harl. MS., 5814.)

In the Visitation Book of 1634 (MS. C. 30, in Coll. Arm.) Hanford quarters for Sarrell, "of Week, co. Worcester,"...a chevron azure between three garbs vert. In another MS. the garbs are azure banded or.

Saunders, of *Droitwich*.—Paly of six argent and azure, on a bend sable three annulets or. (*Penn MS*.)

"Thomas Saunders, of the Brook house in this parish, died Feb. 23rd, 1707." (M.I. at Dodderhill, Droitwich). The above coat is that of Saunderson, as borne by the Viscounts Castleton.

Saunderson.—Paly of six argent and azure, on a bend sable three mullets or. (Penn MS.)

SAVAGE, of Elmley-Castle, and Great Malvern.—The first of this family that settled in Worcestershire was Christopher Savage, who appears to have been the son of Sir Christopher Savage, who died seised of Aston-sub-Edge, co. Gloucester, in the 4th of Henry VIII.* (1512-13). Christopher was esquire of the body to King Henry VIII., who, in 1545, gave him the manor of Elmley Castle, which had escheated to the Crown on the attainder of the Earl of Warwick. He was descended from the ancient Cheshire family of Savage, afterwards Viscounts Savage and Earls Rivers. His son, Francis, of Elmley Castle and Broadway, married Anne, daughter of William Sheldon of Beoley, and by her (who married, secondly, Anthony Daston, of Dumbleton and Broadway) had issue William, of Elmley, and Walter, of Broadway. former acquired the estate of Great Malvern, by his marriage with Anne, daughter and co-heiress of John Knotsford. "The Savages," says Habingdon, "since theyre arrivall in our shyre, have byn honoured with knighthood, graced with the highest offyces of thys county, and beloved for theyre greate hospitality." They continued

^{* &}quot;Sir Christopher Savage died seised of this manor (Aston) 4 H. 8., and was succeeded by Christopher, his son and heir, whose son, Francis Savage, had livery of it, 37 H. 8." (Rudder's Gloucestershire, p. 242.)

at Elmley, frequently filling the office of High Sheriff,* until the year 1742, when Thomas Savage (great-greatgreat grandson of William and Anne Knotsford), who had married Elizabeth, née Grimes,† Countess dowager of Coventry, died without surviving male issue, and left the estate to his daughters, viz., Elizabeth, wife of William Byrche, LL.D., of Leacroft, co. Stafford, Chancellor of Worcester; Margaret, wife of Thomas Coventry; and Mary, wife of Philip Monox, of Sandy, co. Bedford. After some litigation, an Act of Parliament was obtained in the year 1743, by which matters were fully settled, and the estate went to Thomas Byrche, the only son of Dr. Byrche. This gentleman took the surname of Savage, and was High Sheriff in 1757; he married Dorothy, daughter of Thomas Kynnersley, of Loxley, but by her (who married, secondly, Ralph Adderley, of Coton) had no issue. On his death, in 1776, the bulk of the property passed, under his will, to his nephew, Robert Clavering, the eldest son of Robert Clavering, t by Jane Byrche, his youngest sister; but the mansion house was left to his widow, by whom it was sold, with about 800 acres of land, to Mr. Bourne-

[•] Viz., in the 31st and 43rd of Elizabeth, the 1st of Charles I., the 34th of Charles II., and the 1st of Anne.

[†] See Graham.

[‡] On failure of issue by him, the estates were settled upon Thomas Perrott, nephew of George Perrott, one of the Barons of the Exchequer, and son of John Perrott, of Pershore, by Elizabeth, eldest sister of Thomas Byrche Savage; on failure of issue by him, on Jane, eldest daughter of the said Robert Clavering; and on failure of issue by her, on Mary, daughter of the said John Perrott; and on failure of issue by her, to his (Thomas Byrche Savage) own right heirs for ever. (Nash, i., 383.) The late Mr. Clavering-Savage, cut off the entail, with the consent of the next heirs, and was thus enabled to dispose of the estate.

Charlett, and ultimately came by purchase to the late Col. Davies. Mr. Clavering assumed the surname of Savage; and, dying on the 11th of November, 1813, was succeeded by his son, Robert Clavering-Savage, then a minor, who sold the estate in 1867, and died unmarried in 1869.—Argent, six lions rampant sable; quartering (for Daniel), Argent a pale fusily sable; and numerous other coats; inter alia, Peverel, Bostock, Hilton, Minshull, and Walkington. Crests: Out of a ducal coronet or, a lion's gamb sable charged with a rose argent; and A unicorn's head erased argent, attired or. (C. 30, and K. 4, Coll. Arm.; Harl. MS. 1566; and Nash, i., 383.)

The late Robert Clavering-Savage bore the six lions differenced by a canton azure charged with a fleur-de-lis of the field (taken apparently from the coat of Byrche.)† His crest was A unicorn's head per fesse argent and gules, erased, armed, and crined, or, in the mouth a fleur-de-lis azure. (Sae Burke's Armory.)

SAVAGE, of Broadway; a junior branch of the Savages of Elmley, founded by Walter, younger son of Francis Savage, of Elmley, and Ann Sheldon. The pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1634. Anne, the widow

[•] The Savages anciently bore this coat for their paternal arms. John Savage, of Clifton, co. Chester, having married Margaret, daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Danyers, or Daniel, of Bradley, had issue by her a son, John, to whom and to whose heirs, his mother, by deed dated the 3rd of Henry V., granted the liberty of using and bearing her paternal coat of arms, which had descended to her on the death of her father; and the posterity of Savage bore the arms of Daniel accordingly, with the crest, (also that of Daniel) A unicorn's head argent, until the reign of Queen Elizabeth, when Sir John Savage, of Clifton, took the six black lions. (Rudder's Gloucestershire, p. 728; Edmondson, &c.) The Elmley Savages bore the six lions in the first quarter of their escutcheon at the Visitations of 1634 and 1682-3.

[†] Azure, three fleurs-de-lis and a canton argent.

of Francis Sheldon and afterwards wife of Anthony Daston, was owner of lands in Broadway, which she left equally between her two younger sons, Walter and Anthony.* Walter's son inherited his possessions, but Anthony's son sold his share to Lord Keeper Coventry.+ Savage married, in 1581, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Hall, of Stratford-upon-Avon, and, dying in 1622,‡ was succeeded by his eldest son, Richard, who was baptized at Broadway on the 15th of October, 1582, and was buried there in 1613. He was father, by Milicent, his wife, of Walter Savage, of Broadway, baptized at Idlicote, co. Warwick, in 1605, who died in 1640, leaving issue by Mary, née Wheeler, his wife, several children. Walter, his eldest son, was born in 1628, and died in 1706; he married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Edward Skinner of Ledbury, co. Hereford, by whom he had an eldest son, Walter, who married January 6th, 1682-3, Sarah, daughter of George Skipp, of Ledbury, and had issue three children, baptized at Ledbury, viz., Walter, b. 1683; George, b. 1684; and Anne, b. 1686. A "Mr. Walter Savage, of Broadway Court," was married in 1713, "att Tynswick, Bucks., to Mrs. Cæcilia Oldys, da. to the Rev'nd Mr. Oldys, rector of Tinswick;" § but the estate seems to have belonged in the early part

§ Broadway Registers.

^{*} Anthony Savage was buried at Broadway on the 26th of February, 1604; Anne, his wife, on the 3rd of October, 1587; and Francis, son of Anthony Savage, was baptized there in September, 1584.

† Nash.

^{‡ &}quot;Mr. Walter Savage, esquire, and one of his Maties. Justices of the peace and deputy lief Tenants for this County, and the undoubted patron of the vicarige of Bradway, was Buryed," April 10th, 1622. (Broadway Registers.) Walter was High Sheriff in the 5th of James I.

of the eighteenth century to George Savage, esquire, whose eldest son and heir, the Rev. Thomas Savage, married Eleanor, daughter and sole heiress of Thomas Barrow, of Field Court, co. Gloucester, and died in 1760, aged 60,* leaving a son, George, who died s.p., and two daughters, of whom Anne, the second, married Sir Thomas Crawley-Boevey, bart.—Argent, six lions rampant sable. Crest: A unicorn's head erased argent. (C. 30, Coll. Arm. ff. 55, 112; Harl. MS., 1566; Rudder's Gloucestershire, &c., &c.)

Other branches of the family of Savage were seated at Egioke, Tidmington, Eldersfield, Powick, &c. John Savage, of Egioke, was Sheriff of the County in the 11th of James I.

Saxilby or Sailby.—Gules, a bend vaire argent and sable between six escallops or. (N.)

Impaled at Stockton by Thomas Walsh, Baron of the Exchequer, in right of Katherine, his wife, daughter of John Saxilby, clerk of the Board of Green Cloth, temp. Henry VII.

SAY, of Richard's Castle, co. Hereford.—Osborne Fitz-Richard, a Saxon, son and heir of Richard Scrupe, possessed, at the time of the General Survey, extensive property in the counties of Hereford, Salop, and Worcester. Among his possessions in this county were "Beriton, Cliftune, Chure, Stanford, Caldeslei, Cuer, Sapie, Wicelbold, Elmerige, and Cröelai." He was succeeded by his son, Hugh † Fitz-Osborne, who, having married Eustacia de Say, the daughter and heiress of Theodoric de Say, lord of Stoke-Say, co. Salop, became possessed of that estate, jure uxoris.

de Say, father of Osbert and Hugh, was the son of Helias de Say.

^{* &}quot;Feb. 19, 1699. Bapt. in y par. of St. Nicholas, Glocester, Thos. s. of George Savage, Esq. and of Eliz. his w." (*Broadway Registers.*) † Nash, i., 241; but Mr. Courthope, in his Historic Peerage, says that Hugh

Hugh had issue two sons, Osbert and Hugh, who both assumed their mother's surname of Say. The former died s.p., and the latter was father of Hugh de Say, lord of Richard's Castle, whose only daughter and heiress, Margaret, married for her second husband Robert de Mortimer, and had issue Hugh de Mortimer, who was found, by inquisition in the 43rd of Henry III., to be heir to his mother, and then aged forty.* (See MORTIMER.)—Gules, two bars vaire. (Glover; and Nash, i., 241.)

SAY.—Quarterly or and gules. (N.)

This coat was borne, temp. Henry III., by William de Say; and, temp. Edward II., by Geoffrey de Say, who was summoned to Parliament as a Baron in 1313. They do not appear to have been connected with Worcestershire.

- SAYER; as borne by Samuel Sayer, who built a "faire almeshouse" for six poor men at Bewdley. He died September 1st, 1625.—Gules, on a bend cottised or, three cinquefoils azure. (M.I. at Nettlestead, Suffolk.)
- SCARLETT, of Hampton, near Evesham.—Checky or and gules, a lion rampant sable. (Dr. Prattinton.)

Philip Scarlett was a land owner at Hampton in 1703, and Benjamin Scarlett, gent., was buried there in 1739, aged sixty-four.

Schelley.—Azure, three escallops argent. (N.)

Quartered by Leighton in Kingsnorton church.

Scobell, of The Abbey, Pershore; as borne by Henry S. Scobell, J.P., D.L., Lieut.-Col. 2nd Battalion of Worcestershire Rifle Volunteers, and formerly of the Scots Greys, who married, in 1854, Catherine Sarah Jenner, only child of the late John Yeend Bedford, of the Abbey. Col.

^{*} Esch. 43 H. 3, No. 23. (Cal. Gen. i., 84.)

Scobell, who served the office of High Sheriff of Worcestershire in 1872, is the son of Captain Edward Scobell, R.N., and grandson of the Rev. George Pender Scobell, vicar of Sancreed, co. Cornwall, who was the eldest son of George Scobell, of Nutcombe, co. Devon.—Argent, three fleurs-de-lis gules, a label of three points azure. Crest: A demi-lion rampant argent, gorged with a label of three points azure, and holding in the dexter paw a fleur-de-lis gules. Motto: "In Deo salutem." (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

SCOTT, of Stourbridge.—John Scott, of Chaddesley-Corbett, yeoman, settled at Stourbridge in 1667; his descendant, John Scott, of Stourbridge, who was High Sheriff in 1830, married in 1795, Sarah, daughter of John Kettle, of Birmingham, and died in 1832, leaving an only daughter and heiress, Sarah, married in 1830 to Robert Wellbeloved, barrister at law, who assumed, by royal license, the surname and arms of Scott. This gentleman was for a short time M.P. for Walsall; he died on the 21st of February, 1856, and was succeeded by his only son, John Charles Addyes Scott, a magistrate for this county.—Argent, on a mount of bull-rushes in base proper a bull passant sable, a chief pean billetty or, and a canton of the last. Crest: On a mount as in the arms, a stag couchant proper, charged on the shoulder with a cross-crosslet or, resting the dexter foot upon a billet of the last. Motto: "Nunquam libertas gratior." (Scott's History of Stourbridge; and Burke's Landed Gentry.)

Scriven, of Frodesley, co. Salop, and Worcestershire.—Argent, guttée de sang, a lion rampant sable. Crest: A buck passant sable attired or. (Add. MS., 19816.)

Scrope.—Azure, a bend or, a crescent sable for difference.
(N.)

On the monument of Thomas Talbot at Salwarpe. He was third son of John Talbot, of Salwarpe, by Olive, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Sherington, and died on the 8th of June, 1613.

Scull, or Skull, of Holt; a Herefordshire family, descended from the Beauchamps, of Holt. Walter Skull, of Holt, was deputy to Richard Nevill, Earl of Warwick, Sheriff of Worcestershire from the 5th to the 11th of Edward IV. On the death of that Earl, Walter Skull was himself appointed Sheriff for eight years. In 1469 and 1472, he was patron of Holt church. His daughter and heiress, Joice, or Joan, appears to have married Sir Edward Croft, knt., of Croft Castle, co. Hereford. (See BEAUCHAMP, of Holt.)—Gules, a bend between six lion's heads erased argent. (Harl. MS., 1545.)

These arms are attributed to Skull, of Pauncefort Court, in Much Cowarne, co. Hereford, by Dr. Strong, and by Dingley in his History from Marble. Nash gives the arms (as on an old monument at Holt,) with the bend voided of the field, and the lion's heads or.

SEARLE.—Gules, on a chevron between three trefoils slipped argent, as many pellets. (N.)

This coat is attributed by Burke to Searle, of "London and Worcestershire." It was quartered by Salwey, of Stanford, in right of the marriage of Arthur Salwey, with Mary, daughter and coheiress of Thomas Searle, of London, gent., and grand-daughter of Thomas Searle, of Plymouth. The pedigree and arms were recorded at the Visitation of London in 1568. The family crest was A demilion rampant or, holding a broken mast sable, the top set off with palisadoes, thereon a flag argent charged with a cross gules. (Harl. MS., 1463.)

^{*} This monument had on it the date 1456, and the arms of Skull impaling Beauchamp. It was pulled down, says Nash, "by the present rector, and the bricks put on the floor."

Sebright, of Besford Court, formerly of Blakeshall. This ancient family was seated at Sebright, in Much Beddow, in Essex, from the reign of Henry II. to that of Henry William Sebright, of Sebright, married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir Henry Ashe, knt., and was ancestor of Mabel Sebright, of Brooke's Place, Essex, living in the reign of Edward I., who married Katherine, daughter and sole heiress of Ralph Cowper, of Blakeshall, in the parish of Wolverley, and thereby acquired the Blakeshall estate, where the family was located for several generations. William Sebright, of Blakeshall, town-clerk of the City of London, purchased Besford of the Harewells about the reign of Elizabeth. Habingdon calls him "the loving father of the poor of Wolverley and the neighbouring parishes, whose large gifts are recorded on a table in the north aisle of Wolverley church." He was twice married, but died without issue in 1620, leaving his estates to his nephew, Edward, son of his brother John. This gentleman was High Sheriff of Woroestershire in the 19th of James I., and was created a baronet in 1626. His grandson, Sir Edward, the third baronet, married Anne, daughter and heiress of Thomas Saunders, of Beechwood, Herts. (by Ellen, his wife, daughter and heiress of Robert Sadleir, of Sopwell), and was great-grandfather of Sir John, seventh baronet, who married in 1793, Harriet, daughter and heiress of Richard Crofts, of West Harling, in Norfolk (by Harriet his wife, daughter and co-heiress of John Darell), and died in 1846, leaving a son and successor, Sir Thomas Gage Saunders Sebright, father of the present baronet. The pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1634.—Argent, three cinquefoils sable; quartering Bissett, Ashe, &c. Crest: An heraldic tiger sejant argent, armed, maned, and ducally crowned or. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 76b; Harl. MS. 1566; Shirley; and Nash, i., 79.)

In the Harl. MS. 1463 (Cooke's Visitation of London, ao. 1568, augmented), on fo. 7, is a trick of the arms of Sebright, quartering Bissett and Ashe, accompanied by the following certificate:—" Edward Sebright of Blakeshall in the county of Worcester, gent., as appeareth most manifestly upon the deliberate view and p'using of sundry very fayre and auntient deeds, charters, and records of great creditt and authority, is lineally descended of the body of Peter Sebright of Sebright's Hall, in the county of Essex, esq., weh Peter also descended of the body of Sir Walter Sebright, of Sebright's Hall, knt., who lyved in the tyme of the reigne of King Henry the Second; weh name and family of the Sebrights, as evidently apeareth by most auntient records beareth, silver 3 cinquefoyles sable peirced of the field. And also, as most evidently appeareth by a most fayre and auncient deede, bearing date at Sebright's Hall the Tewesday next after the feast of St. John Baptist in the 22 yeare of the reigne of King Edward the First, the said Sr Walter did lineally descend of the body of one of the heyres generall of Manserus Bysett, a Baron, sewer to King Henry the First, wch Manserus Bysett I do fynde, as well by the auncient records of my office, as by the sight of an ould deede made by the said Manserus, and sealed weh his Seale of Armes, did beare Azure 6 besants gould. And I do also fynde, by view of another auncient deede, that in the reigne of Henry the Second, William Sebright of Sebright's Hall, married Elizabeth, the daughter and sole heyre of Sir Henry de Ashe, knight, wch Sr Henry I do also fynde by the said auncient records, did beare,* Gould, a saltier goules, a fess Sables."

SEDGWICK, of Hill, and London.—Argent, on a cross gules five bells of the field. (Dr. Prattinton.)

SEGRAVE.—Sable, a lion rampant argent, crowned or. (N.)

One of the Berkeley quarterings at Spetchley. The family were lords of North Piddle in the 13th and 14th centuries.

^{*} This coat is ascribed in Nash's list to Cowper.

SENESHALL.—Gules, a cross-crosslet argent charged with five torteaux, in the dexter point a mullet of the last.

This coat was formerly in glass in Upton-on-Severn church. (Nash, ii., 447.)

SERJEAUX.—Argent, a saltire sable between twelve cherries gules, stalked and leaved vert. (N.)

This is one of the quarterings of Vere, brought in by the marriage of Richard de Vere, Earl of Oxford, who died in the 4th of Henry V., with Alice, sister and co-heiress of Sir Richard Serjeaux, of Cornwall, knt. It is given in Nash's list under Serjeant. Vere and quarterings occur at Tardebigge; see Dennis.

SEVERNE, of Powick and Shrawley.—This family appeared at the Visitation of 1682-3, but adduced no proof of their right to the arms they exhibited. John Severne, who was living at Shrawley in the reign of Henry VIII., had issue (with others), two sons, John, of Shrawley, and Thomas, of Powick and Broadway. The former had two daughters, his co-heiresses, Elizabeth, married to John Savage, and Jane, wife of William Sambach, of Broadway. The other son, Thomas Severne, married Elizabeth, daughter of John Nash, of Martley, and died in 1592, leaving a son, John Severne, of Powick, who died in 1660, having had issue two sons, John, of Wallop Hall, co. Salop, mayor of Shrewsbury in 1675; and the Rev. Thomas Severne, M.A., who died in 1698, and was buried in Worcester Cathedral.* He had also three daughters, of whom Katherine married John Somers, of White-ladies, and was mother of the "great" Lord Somers, and Mary was the wife of John Walsh of the

[•] See a copy of the inscription on his tomb-stone in Thomas's Survey of the Cathedral, p. 76.

Moore, gent. John Severne, of Wallop Hall, before named, was father, with others, of a son, Samuel Severne, of Claines, born in 1673, who was great-grandfather of Samuel Amy Severne, of Wallop Hall, co. Salop, and Thenford, co. Northampton, High Sheriff of the latter county in 1829, whose grandson is the present John Edmund Severne, of Thenford.—Argent, on a chevron sable nine bezants. Crest: A cinquefoil or. (K. 4, Coll. Arm, fo. 36; Penn MS.; and Baker's Northamptonshire, i, 712.)

SEWARD, of Badsey; as borne by John Seward, eldest of the seven sons of John Seward, who died in 1728, aged thirty-five.—. . . a lion rampant . . . and a chief (M.I. at Badsey.)

This coat appears to be that ascribed to Syward, the Saxon Earl of Northumberland, viz., Argent, a lion rampant sable, a chief gules.

SEYMOUR.—Gules, two wings conjoined in lure points in base or.* (N.)

The arms of the ducal house of Somerset. Sir Edward Seymour, of Maiden Bradley, Wilts, purchased Lenchwick and Norton, which came to his sons, viz., Edward, Duke of Somerset; Francis, of Sherborne, co. Dorset, father of Henry, sometime M.P. for Evesham; and William, who died a bachelor, and left his share to his brother Francis. The property eventually came to the Biscoes, descended from Vincent John Biscoe, of London, merchant, and Lady Mary, his wife, daughter, of the said Duke of Somerset. (See Nash, ii., 195.)

Shakerly.—Gules five shackles (or shuttles?) in fesse argent. (N.)

One of the Willoughby quarterings at Welland.

Sheene, of Droitwich.—Argent, a chevron between three pairs of keys addorsed sable. (Harl. M.S. 1570.)

^{*} The coat of Seymour was formerly in stained glass at Staunton.

- SHEFFIELD, of Kyre.—Argent, a chevron between three garbs gules. (Penn MS.)
- Shekel, of Pebworth and Little Comberton; as borne by Thomas Shekel.—Argent, a bay horse passant between two tilting spears in fesse sable. Crest: An esquire's helmet proper. (Burke's Armory.)

SHELDON, of Beoley, now of Brailes, co. Warwick, near Shipston-on-Stour.—This ancient family, whose descent and arms were recorded at the Visitations of 1533 and 1569, is presumed by Dugdale to be a branch of the family of that name, formerly seated at Sheldon, in Warwickshire. The first in the pedigree is Richard Sheldon, of Rowley, co. Stafford, whose great-grandson, Ralph, acquired lands in Beoley, Feckenham, Hanbury, and Martin Hussingtree in marriage with an heiress of the ancient family of Ruding. The manor of Beoley was purchased in the reign of Edward IV. by William Sheldon, and continued till the destruction of the mansion house by fire in the civil wars, the principal seat of the family. William Sheldon, temp. Henry VIII., married Mary, daughter and co-heiress of William Willington, of Barcheston, co. Warwick, and with her had much property, which he largely augmented by purchase. He purchased the manor of Weston, co. Warwick, and there his son Ralph built "a fair house" in which, says Dugdale, "his descendants have often resided, though their chief seat be at Beeley, where many of them lye very honourably Brailes was acquired by purchase in the year 1547. The present Henry James Sheldon, of Brailes, is the son of the late Edward Ralph Charles Sheldon,

and grandson of Ralph Sheldon, of Weston, M.P., who was the eldest son of William Sheldon, of Beoley and Weston, mentioned in Nash's pedigree of the family.*— Sable a fesse between three sheldrakes argent; quartering Ruding, Heath, Grove,† and Willington. Crest: A sheldrake argent. Motto: "Optimum pati." (H. 20, and D. 12, ff. 70, 10, in Coll. Arm.; Nash, i., 65; Shirley; and Dugdale.)

Sheldon, of Broadway; a junior branch of the Sheldons, of Beoley, whose descent was recorded at the Visitations of 1569 and 1634. Baldwin Sheldon, its founder, was a younger son of Ralph Sheldon, of Beoley, and Philippa, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Baldwin Heath. He married Jane, daughter of John Wheeler, and by her (who married secondly John à Combes, of Stratford-on-Avon, and thirdly Thomas Lewknor, of Alvechurch), the left issue at his decease, in 1548, (with daughters) three sons, Ralph, William, and Anthony. The line of Ralph ended in two co-heiresses, Elizabeth, married at South Littleton on the 9th of January, 1604-5, to John Kighley, and Mary, married (according to Nash) to Walter Savage, of Broadway. Anthony Sheldon married Jane, daughter of Thomas Lewknor, and sister and heiress of

* Under Beoley, Nash gives a very good account of the family, communicated by J. C. Brooke, Somerset Herald.

[†] The quarterings of *Heath* and *Grove* were brought in by the marriage of Ralph Sheldon, who died in 1546 (son of Ralph, and the heiress of Ruding), with Philippa, daughter and co-heiress of Baldwin Heath, of Ford Hall, co. Warwick, by Agnes his wife, daughter and co-heiress of John Grove, of the same place.

[‡] See ante, p. 342, note *. § Littleton Registers.

Nicholas Lewknor, of Hadzor, and was buried at Broadway on the 26th of February, 1583. His eldest son, William Sheldon, married Cicely, daughter of Francis Brace, of Doverdale, and by her, who was buried in 1613, he left issue at his decease, in 1626, an eldest son, William. his successor. This gentleman married on the 22nd of October, 1607, Anne, daughter of Walter Savage, of Broadway; he died in London in June, 1653, leaving several sons, of whom William, the eldest, succeeded. William was four* times married; by his first wife, Philippa, daughter, and eventually sole heiress of Sir Richard Tracy, bart., he had a son, who died s.p., and three daughters, Anne, Elizabeth, and Mary, co-heiresses to their mother. Elizabeth was first married in 1662, to Richard Savage, and secondly in 1671, to Thomas Starismore: and Mary was married to John Bearcroft. What subsequently became of the Sheldons we have not been able to discover. They sold the manor of Broadway to Sir Francis Winnington.—Arms and Crest as Sheldon, of Beoley, quartering Lewknor. (D. 12, and C. 30, Coll. Arm. ff. 49, 97b; Parish Registers of Broadway; and Nash, i., 144.)

Shellon, of Abberton.—This branch of the Sheldon family was founded by Francis, another of the sons of Ralph Sheldon, of Beoley, and Philippa Heath.† Nash gives no pedi-

[•] So Nash states, and he affirms that his fourth wife was Mary, relict of Richard Loveyn; but Henry Sheldon, gent., who appears to have been the son of William Sheldon, by his second wife (Mary, daughter of Henry Brett, and relict of Spencer Lucy, of Charlecote), married a Mary Lovin, of Broadway, in 1680.

† Nash—Pedigree of Sheldon, of Beoley.

gree of this family; he merely states that the manor of Abberton was granted, with other lands, then lately belonging to the dissolved monastery of Pershore, to Thomas (query William?) and Francis Sheldon, in the year 1542, and that the family "still continue lords thereof, and have married into many considerable families in the country, the Braces, of Doverdale; the Savages, of Inkberrow; the Dineleys, of Charlton; and the Dormers, of Buckinghamshire." Francis Sheldon, of Abberton, was High Sheriff in 1723; and Thomas Sheldon was patron of the church of Abberton, in 1772. This gentleman appears to have died without issue, leaving three nieces, his co-heiresses. One of them died, unmarried, in 1837, aged seventy; another, Anne, married the Rev. Charles Justinian Raynsford, of Powick, and died in 1839, aged seventy-eight; and the third, Lucy, married Samuel Lessingham, of Upton-on-Severn. Mrs. Rainsford, and Mr. and Mrs. Lessingham, assumed by royal sign manual in February, 1828, in compliance with the will of the said Thomas Sheldon, the surname and arms of Sheldon only. -Arms, &c., as Sheldon, of Beoley.

The arms of Sheldon, with a canton ermine for distinction, and the crest (a sheldrake proper), charged for distinction with an escallop gules, were exemplified by the College of Arms to the above named Samuel Sheldon (late Lessingham), of Upton-on-Severn.

Sheldon, of Spetchley; another branch of the Beoley family, founded by Daniel Sheldon, younger son of Ralph Sheldon and the heiress of Ruding. This Daniel married Eleanor, daughter and co-heiress of John Grove, of Ford Hall, co. Warwick, and had issue Richard Sheldon, who married Catherine, daughter of Thomas, third son of

Judge Lyttelton, and obtained from his brother-in-law. John Lyttelton, in 1538, a lease of the lands and manor of Spetchley for 99 years. By Catherine, his wife, Mr. Sheldon had issue two sons, Philip and Walter; and three daughters, Frances,* Cicely, and Jane. The eldest son, Philip Sheldon, married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Slade, and his wife, Christiana, daughter and heiress of John Lewston. By her he had, with other issue, two sons, William and Richard. The latter appears, from a monument in Birlingham Church, to have married Margaret, daughter of John Harman, and to have had issue by her a daughter Mary, who married Francis Harewell, and died in 1617. Philip Sheldon sold his estate at Spetchley, and removed to Dorsetshire.—Arms, &c., as Sheldon, of Beoley; but Penn gives, Argent, on a bend gules three swans proper.

Sheldon, "of Worcestershire, 1663."—Argent, on a chevron gules three sheldrakes of the first, on a canton of the second a rose of the last. Crest: A sheldrake argent. (Her. Dic.)

> The same coat is stated to have been granted to "Sheldon, of Hampton Court, Surrey," on the 26th of December, 1681.†

^{*} Nash omits Frances from his pedigree of this branch of the Sheldon family in vol. ii. p. 357, but she is inserted in his pedigree of the Beoley family, and stated to have married *Richard* Alderford. She really married *John* Alderford, of Knightwick, son of John Alderford, of the same place, by Lettice, daughter and heiress of John Sheldon, of Pershore, and his wife née Hickford; which John Sheldon was, according to a pedigree in the Warwickshire Magasine, a brother of Daniel. This family of Alderford terminated in two coheiresses, daughters of John Alderford, of Prior's Salford, co. Warwick, by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter of Peter Dormer. Eleanor, the elder, who was baptized at Salford in 1583, was married to Charles Stamford; and Margaret, the younger, baptized in 1585, espoused in 1604 Sir Simon Clarke, bart.

† See Berry and Burke. The crest was A sheldrake argent, beaked gules,

Shelton.—Azure, a cross or. (N.; and Her. Dic.)

SHENSTONE. See SMITH.

Sherington.—Gules, between two flaunches checky argent and azure, as many crosses formée in pale or, each charged with another cross formée sable. (N.)

Quartered by the Talbots, of Salwarpe, in right of the marriage of John Talbot with Olive, third daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Sherington, of Lacock, co. Wilts, knt.

SHERMAN.—Argent, a lion rampant sable between three holly leaves slipped proper. (Penn MS.)

With the field or this coat is borne by the family of Surman, of Tredington, co. Gloucester. (See Rudder's Gloucestershire.) It was also borne by the Shermans, of Suffolk, Leicestershire, and Devonshire.

- SHERRARD; as borne by Sir John Sherrard, of Worcestershire.—Barry nebulée argent and sable, on a chief gules three pierced mullets or. (Trick in Harl. MS., 1566, fo. 147.)
- Shirley, of Enfield, Middlesex.—Paly of six argent and azure, a canton ermine, and a crescent for difference.
 (N.)

holding in the mouth a rose of the last seeded or, slipped and leaved vert. The grantee was probably Daniel Sheldon, of Ham Court, Surrey, son of Ralph Sheldon, of Stanton, co. Stafford, by Mary, daughter of John Perkes, and nephew of Gilbert Sheldon, Archbishop of Canterbury, who was the second son of Roger Sheldon, of Stanton. Daniel Sheldon married Judith, daughter and co-heiress of George Rose, of Eastergate, Surrey, and had a son, Gilbert, four years old in 1681; and two daughters, Judith and Mary. Sir Joseph Sheldon, Daniel's elder brother, a woollen draper in St. Paul's Churchyard, was Sheriff of London in 1665, and Lord Mayor in 1676. He received the honour of knighthood on the 23rd of October, 1666, and died on the 16th of August, 1681. He was twice married (one of his wives being Margaret Rose, another of the daughters of George Rose), but had female issue only. (See Le Neve's Pedigrecs of Knights, Harl. MS., 5801, fo. 80b.)

Quartered by Blount, in right of the marriage of Thomas Blount, of Sodington, with Joice, daughter and heiress of Thomas Shirley, of Enfield Chase, Middlesex.

- Shirley; as borne by John Shirley, Deputy Sheriff of Worcestershire in the 5th of Henry VI.—Paly of six or and azure, a canton ermine. (Nash.)
- Shugborough.—Sable, a chevron between three mullets argent. (*Trick in Harl. MS.*, 1566.)
- SIMMINGS. See SAMINE.
- SIMMONDS, of Naunton.—Per fesse argent and sable, a pale counterchanged and three trefoils two and one of the second. (Penn MS.)
- Simonds, of Worcestershire.—Azure, a chevron quarterly or and of the field, between three fleurs-de-lis of the second. (Win. MS.)
- SIMPSON, of Worcester; as borne by the late Rev. J. D. Simpson, B.D., rector of Stoulton.—Argent, on a chief indented azure three crescents of the field. Crest: A falcon rising proper. Motto: "Alis nutrior." (Communicated.)
- Skey, of Spring Grove, Bewdley; as borne by the late Samuel Skey, of Spring Grove, son of Samuel Skey, by Sarah, daughter of William Scott, of Stourbridge.—
 Azure, a fesse ermine between three stars of eight points argent. Crest: A crescent argent.

Among the Prattinton MSS. are some notes relating to this family, taken from a paper belonging to Mrs. Russell née Skey. The founder of the family, Samuel Skey, was originally a grocer at Bewdley; he afterwards became an extensive merchant, and died very wealthy in 1800, aged seventy-four. From Mrs. Russell's notes, it

appears that the family claimed descent from Sir William Skey, "who came over with Maud, Empress of Germany, in 1139," and that John Skey, one of the family, was mayor of Oswestry. The arms belonging to the Skeys, it is stated, are "the azure Feze between three starres of eight points argent." Both arms and crest are evidently allusive to the name.*

SKINNER, of Cofton-Hackett.—Stephen Skinner, of Le Burtons, co. Hereford, had issue two sons, Stephen and Thomas, The former had, with other issue, a son Edward, of Ledbury, a wealthy clothier, who purchased Cofton Hackett, and died at an advanced age in 1631. His eldest son, Richard Skinner, of Cofton, was fined £25 for not taking knighthood at the coronation of Charles I., and served as High Sheriff in the 4th of the same reign. By Margaret, his wife, daughter of Sir Edward Littleton, of Pillaton Hall, co. Stafford, Richard Skinner was father of an only daughter and heiress, Margaret, married to Thomas Jolliffe, of Leek, in Staffordshire, and of Cofton, jure uxoris. (See Joliffe.) Thomas, the other son of Stephen Skinner, of Le Burtons, was father of the Rev. Edmund Skinner, rector of Pitsford, in Northamptonshire, whose son, Robert, was successively Bishop of Bristol, Oxford, and Worcester, and died an octogenarian on the 14th of June, 1670. The Rev. Matthew Skinner, the lineal descendant of the Bishop's eldest son, died s.p. in 1825, and was succeeded by his nephew, Samuel James Long-

^{*} There was a gentle family of this name at Quinton, in Gloucestershire, in the seventeenth century. Mr. John Skey married Anne, daughter of Thomas Rutter, of Quinton and Dorne, and by her, who was buried at Quinton on the 2nd of November, 1650, he was father of a daughter, Joan, married on the 2nd of February, 1659, to William Freeman, of Todenham. Muriel, a daughter of "Mr. John and Anne Skey," was baptized at Quinton in 1648. (Ex inf. T. P. Wadley, cler.)

more, who adopted the surname and arms of Skinner, by royal license on the 19th of October, 1825.*—Sable, a chevron or between three griffin's heads erased argent. Crest: A griffin's head erased argent, in the mouth a hand couped at the wrist gules (sometimes a gauntlet or). Motto: "Sanguis et vulnera." (N.; Burke, &c.)

Skorey.—Per chevron embattled or and sable, three pelican's heads erased counterchanged vulning themselves gules, on a chief azure a fleur-de-lis between two mullets or.

This coat occurs among the arms of Worcestershire families in the Harl. MS., 1043; it is that granted to John Skorey, Bishop of Hereford from 1559 to 1585. It is asserted in the Harl. MS., 1545, that the coat was granted in ignorance, the grantee being justly entitled by descent to bear:—Or, on a saltire azure, five cinquefoils of the field.

SKULL. See Scull.

SKYNNER, of Wichenford Court; as borne by Edmund Skynner, High Sheriff in 1726.—As Skinner of Cofton. (Nash.)

SLADE.—Argent, three horse's heads erased sable, a chief gules. (N.)

This coat occurs at Spetchley (impaling Leweston) on the tomb of John Slade, whose daughter and heiress was married to Philip Sheldon, of Spetchley. (See Sheldon and Poxwell.) The same arms were borne by Samuel Slade, of Bewdley, several times mayor of that town, who left two daughters and co-heiresses, the one married to Mr. Nash, of Martley, and the other to John Baker, of Waresley, High Sheriff in 1728.

^{*} One of the descendants of this family is Alan Maclean Skinner, Q.C., exjudge of County Courts (son of the late Lieut-General John Skinner), from whose privately printed "Memorials of the Right Rev. Robert Skinner, D.D., Bishop of Worcester, with notices of some of his descendants," some of the information contained in the above memoir has been derived.

SLANEY, of Lulsley Court, Suckley, and Hay Hall, Yardley. Nash says that Lulsley Court "has been long in the family of Slaney." John Slaney of that place, married Barbara, daughter of John Mitford, and had three daughters and co-heiresses, one of whom, Sarah, married William Goldsborough, and had a daughter and heiress, Sarah, married in 1757 to Francis Creuzé. The Slaneys of Hatton, co. Salop, now extinct in the male line, were descended from Robert Aglionby Slaney, son of Moreton Slaney, of Hay Hall, by Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Aglionby, of Knowle, co. Warwick. Richard Slaney, of Shiffnal, Salop, a younger son of the above Robert, was father of Moreton Aglionby Slaney, whose only child, Mary, was the first wife of Sir J. S. Pakington, bart.—Gules, a bend between three martlets or. Crest: A griffin's head gules, beaked or, wings endorsed of the last.

These arms are stated to have been granted in 1595, we presume to Sir Stephen Slaney, who was Lord Mayor of London in that year. He was the son of John Slaney, of Mitton, and grandson of Ralph Slaney, of Yardley. Penn ascribes the arms to "Slaynie, of Martley." According to Mr. Papworth, a John Slaney, of London and Worcestershire, 1716, bore Gules, a bend between two martlets or.

SLAUGHTER, of Brace's Leigh and Bransford; and of Slaughter, co. Gloucester. This ancient family possessed Slaughter, in Gloucestershire, for many generations. There are monuments in the church there to John Slaughter, who died in 1580, and Eleanor his wife, and to Paris Slaughter, their son, who died in 1597, aged 54, &c. The Worcestershire property was acquired by Chambers Slaughter, in

^{*} See also Nash, ii., 167.

marriage with Susannah, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Richard Hill,* of Cradley and Bachcombe, co. Hereford. Chambers Slaughter died in 1718, aged sixty-six, and was buried at Slaughter. The estate at Braces Leigh was sold in 1744 to John Garway, of Worcester, and was purchased from him by Holland Cooksey.—Argent, a saltire azure. Crest: Out of a ducal coronet or, an eagle's (or griffin's) head azure beaked gold between two wings expanded of the second. (N.; Penn MS.; and Rudder's Gloucestershire, p. 666.)

SLOW, or SLOWZ, of Kingsnorton; as impaled by Sir Alexander Avenon, Lord Mayor of London in 1569, in right of Elizabeth his wife, daughter of John Slow, or Slowz, of Kingsnorton.—Or, on a fesse gules between three pomeis, a cinquefoil pierced ermine between two martlets argent. (Visitation of London, a° 1568.)

SMALBROOK.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Or, a sword in bend sable; 2nd, Azure, three arrows argent; 3rd, Gules, a chevron or.† (N.)

There was a family of this name at Yardley. Barbara, daughter and heiress of Robert Smalbrook, of Yardley, was married to Henry Devereux, sixth son of Sir Edward Devereux, bart.; and Aylmer Foliott, of Pirton, married Barbara, daughter of Edward Smalbrook, of the same place.

SMITH, of Copcote and Martin Hussingtree. John Smith, of Copcote, married Alice, heiress of the Piries, of Martin

† These quartered coats are impaled in Solihull church, Warwickshire, by Robert Ladbrooke, incumbent of Solihull, who died in 1655, æt. fifty-seven.

Richard Hill acquired Brace's Leigh by purchase, in 1669. He died in 1680, leaving two daughters, his co-heiresses, Susannah, married as above, and Alathea, wife of John Cotton, of the Inner Temple, who died in 1700, leaving issue. (Nash, ii., 74; and M.I. in St. Helen's church, Worcester.)

Hussingtree, and had issue Robert Smith, whose grandson, John Smith, of Martin Hussingtree, married the daughter of — Harding, and had (with a son Thomas, who died s.p.) a daughter Joan, his heiress, married to William Wheeler. (See Pirie.)—Sable, a bend between three mullets of six points argent. (Harl. MS., 1566.)

SMITH, of Stoke Prior and Cropthorne; also of London, and Upton in West Ham, co. Essex, &c. This family claimed descent from the Smiths of Hough, in Cheshire, who derived from Thomas Smith, of Chester, merchant, supposed to have been a nephew of William Smith, Bishop of Lincoln, founder of Brazenose College, Oxford. The pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of London in 1633-4, by Robert Smith, and at the Visitation of Worcestershire in 1634, by Henry Smith, of Cropthorne. The latter pedigree commences with — Smyth, of Stoke Court, whose son William, of Stoke Prior, was father of Robert Smith, "of London, marchant, free of the Draps." This Robert Smith has a handsome brass in Stoke Prior church; he was born at Stoke Prior in 1535, and was buried* there on the 27th of March, 1609-10. He is described on his brass as "sometime citizen and draper of London, and free of the famous company of Merchant Adventurers of England, of which company he

^{* &}quot;Robert Smith, 'squire, was buried the seven and twentyth day of March, 1610" (Stoke Prior registers). In Stoke church there is another brass plate, whereon is engraved the figure of a citizen in the attitude of prayer, and an inscription setting forth that Henry Smith, citizen and draper of London, born in that parish, who died November the 11th, 1606, gave £100 by his last will to the said parish, for charitable purposes. He was probably a brother of Robert.

was twice governor in Antwerp and Middleborough; he had two wives, Thomasine,* daughter of Arthur Dedicote, of Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, esquire, by whom he had issue eleven sons and six daughters; and Susan, the daughter of Richard Pipe, knight, and Lord Mayor of London, whose body lieth here buried by him. He was born in this parish, and being aged three score and fifteen years, departed this life March 23, 1609-0." His eldest son, Robert Smith, who was also a citizen and draper of London, married "Mary, daughter of — Baynes, of London, by the daughter of — Woodroofe," by whom he was father of Robert Smith, of Lombard Street, draper, 1633, afterwards of Upton, who was created a baronet † in 1665. Sir Robert married Judith, daughter of Nicholas Walmesley, of London (niece of Sir Thomas Walmesley, of Dunkenhalgh, co. Lancaster), and dying in 1669, aged seventy-five, was buried with his wife (who died in 1653, aged forty-eight) at West Ham. His eldest son, Robert, inherited the baronetcy (which is now extinct), and his second son, James, was Sheriff of London in 1672, (on which occasion he received the honour of knighthood,) and Lord Mayor in 1685. James Smith, of Isfield, co. Sussex, the son of Sir James by Elizabeth his wife, daughter and

^{*} Thomasine was buried at Hackney. (Visit. Book of 1634.) Her father was a member of the drapers' company, and as his epitaph at Hackney informs us, "of esquire's estate." He had four wives, and died on the 12th of November, 1562, "one child alive and wife." See Dedicote.

† According to family tradition, Robert, the first baronet, was the son of

[†] According to family tradition, Robert, the first baronet, was the son of "a learned counsel in the law at Stoke Prior, in Worcestershire." (See the Barondages.) It is singular that the family should not have been better acquainted with their pedigree.

co-heiress of Arthur Shurley, of Isfield, was created a baronet in 1714. This title became extinct in 1811. Henry Smith, the second son of Robert, by Thomasine Dedicote, was seated at Cropthorne; he married Elizabeth, daughter of William Harrison,* of Caddicroft, co. Worcester, and had issue: Henry, "eldest son and heir apparent;" Mary, wife of Daniel Stainow, of Oxford; Dorothy; Elizabeth; and Lydia. † The will of Henry "Smythe," of Cropthorne, gentleman, dated September 2nd, 1683, was proved at Worcester. He mentions his sons Henry and John; his daughter Anne; his two granddaughters "my late daughter Millington's children;" his grandson, Edward Millington, then under twenty-one; his son-in-law, Bissell; his grandson, William Bissell; his daughter, Sargent; his son-in-law, Joseph Bovey; and his cousin, Robert Stayner.‡ Edward Smith, "of Stoke Court, esquire" (probably another son of Robert and Thomasine), was party to a

Margaret, another daughter of William Harrison, of Caddicroft, married first, — Bovey, of Coughton, co. Warwick, and secondly, John Keyte, of Ebrington, co. Gloucester.

[†] Visitation Book of 1634, fo. 55b.

[‡] Henry Smith, gent., and Edward Millington, gent., were landowners at Cropthorne in 1703. The wills of the following Smiths, of Stoke Prior, are in the registry at Worcester: Stephen Smith, 1638; Henry, 1638; Gilbert, 1639; William, 1640; Gilbert, 1647; William, 1679. In the churchyard at Powick, there is a broken flat stone, near the entrance to the vestry, upon which the arms and crest of Smith, of Stoke Prior, are sculptured; and on a fragment of evidently the same stone, now placed as a step to a small chancel door, on the west side of the church, is the following inscription: "Here resteth the remains of Stephen Smith, esq. He endured a long and painful . . . which he bore with" Stephen, "the sonn of Stephen Smith," was baptized at Stoke on the 20th November, 1669.

deed dated 1606; he married in 1585,* Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of Edward Denton, of Ambroseden, Oxon, and had issue a son Edward, one year old in 1503, and a daughter Joan, or Joice. † Another branch of the Smiths of Stoke Prior, was of St. Giles's, Cripplegate, at the Visitation of Middlesex, in 1663, when a pedigree was recorded by John Smith, of St. Giles's, tenth son of John Smith, of Stoke Prior, by Jane, daughter of Richard Sanders, of Upton-Warren, and grandson of another John Smith, of Stoke Prior, "descended of the family of the Smiths, of Cheshire." This John had "fined for alderman of London;" by Jane his wife, daughter of Simon Savery, of Bodenham, co. Hereford, he had (with other issue) an eldest surviving son, John, then aged about nineteen years.—Azure, two bars wavy ermine, on a chief or, a demi-lion issuant ermines, a mullet for difference. Crest: An ostrich's head quarterly sable and argent, between two wings expanded gules, in the beak a horse-shoe or. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 55b; Harl. MS. 1476, fo. 104b; &c., &c.)

These arms (but with the issuant lion sable) were confirmed by Flower, Norroy, on the 7th of July, 1579, to Thomas Smith, son and heir of Sir Laurence Smith, of Hough, co. Chester, knt., son of Sir Thomas Smith of the same place; and (adds Gwillim) "they are also borne by Sir Robert Smith, of Upton, co. Essex, bart., and by Sir James Smith, knt., and alderman." (Edit. 1724). On Robert Smith's brass at Stoke, the issuant lion is gules, and the crest is A

† See Harl. MSS., 1566 and 1533, and the Visitations of Oxfordshire, published by the Harleian Society.

^{*} At St. Dunstan's in the West, London. In the registers is the following entry: "February 9, 1585, Edward Smyth, gent., and Dorothy Denton." (See the Col. Top. et Gen., v., 214.)

[‡] The difference of Henry Smith, of Cropthorne, was a crescent on a mullet.

demi-ostrich argent winged gules, in the beak a horse-shoe or. The Smiths of Upton and Isfield, usually bore the lion sable, and for crest An ostrich's head couped, in the beak a horse-shoe all proper; though on some of their monuments at West Ham the lion is ermines, as in the London Visitation. (See Betham's Baronetage; and Graze-brook's Heraldry of Smith.)

Smith, of Halesowen Grange; as borne by Ferdinando Dudley Lea-Smith, J.P., D.L., Barrister-at-law, Major 1st Battalion of Worcestershire Rifle Volunteers, senior co-heir of the Barony of Dudley, and High Sheriff of this county in This family is presumed on good evidence to be derived from the family noticed in the preceding memoir, but the descent has never been conclusively established. Their immediate ancestor, William Smith, of The Breach, Hunnington, near Halesowen, and of Stoke Prior, died in December, 1684, and by his will charged his estates in the parish of Halesowen with an annual payment to support a school at Hunnington. His son, William Smith, of the Breach, had issue three sons: -William, to whom his grandfather left an estate, called Dove House Fields, in Hunnington, ancestor of the Smiths of Bourne Heath, whose heiress, Mary, married William Clinton, of the "Yew Tree," Belbroughton; Joseph, ancestor of the Smiths of Hunnington, now extinct; and Jacob, to whom his grandfather devised his estates in Stoke Prior, purchased of Henry Smith. William (the younger) had also two daughters: Eleanor, married in 1693 to John Cardale, of Dudley, Surgeon; and Sarah. The youngest son, Jacob Smith, of Stoke Prior, married, in 1709, Elizabeth, daughter of Humphrey Lowe, of Warley (by Joice, his wife, daughter of John Lea, and sister of William Lea, of Halesowen Grange, High Sheriff of Worcestershire in

the 8th of William III.), and had issue a son, William Smith (of whom presently), and a daughter, Mary, married, in 1746, to the Rev. Richard Chambers, whose son, by her, Richard Chambers, of Whitbourne Court, was The son, Wil-High Sheriff of Herefordshire in 1793. liam Smith, of Stoke Prior, was born in 1713, and married, in 1737, his cousin, the Hon. Anne Lea, eldest sister and co-heiress of Ferdinando, Lord Dudley, and by her, who was baptized at Halesowen on the 24th of March, 1714, he left issue at his decease in 1784 (with daughters) two sons, Harry Grey Smith and Ferdinando Smith. former succeeded to the estates of his maternal uncle, Lord Dudley, but, dying unmarried in 1760, was succeeded by his brother, Ferdinando. This gentleman married, in 1774, Elizabeth, daughter of Humphrey Lyttelton, of Halesowen, and died in 1794, leaving issue (with daughters) three sons:—Ferdinando, of whom presently; William, Captain, 11th Dragoons, who was present at the battle of Waterloo, and died, unmarried, in India, in 1824; and Henry Lyttelton Smith, lieutenant in the army, who died young at Ceylon. The eldest son, Ferdinando Smith, of Halesowen Grange, was born in 1779. He was a magistrate and deputy-lieutenant for several counties, and Lieut.-Col. of the Worcester Militia. with which regiment he served in Ireland during the Rebellion, and on his return was presented with the freedom of the city of Worcester. Col. Smith married, first, in 1802, Eloisa, daughter of Major-General St. George Knudson, but by her, who died in 1805, had no issue. He married, secondly, in 1830, Elizabeth, fourth daughter of Michael Grazebrook of Audnam, near Stourbridge,

and died in 1841, leaving issue, the above Ferdinando D. Lea-Smith, of Halesowen Grange, who married, in 1865, Amy-Sophia, second daughter of James Heath Leigh, of Belmont Hall, co. Chester, and has a son, Ferdinando William Dudley Lea-Smith, born on the 4th of April, 1872; and William Lea-Smith, of Worcester, a lieutenant on half-pay, late of the 13th Regiment.*— Azure, two bars wavy ermine, on a chief or, a demi-lion issuant sable; quartering Lea (which see), Ward, Sutton alias Dudley, Somerie, Tiptoft, Charlton, Holland, Plantagenet, Wake, &c., &c. Crests: An ostrich's head quarterly sable and argent, between two wings † expanded gules, in the beak a horse-shoe or, for Smith; and A unicorn passant argent gutteé de poix, gorged with a double tressure flory and counter-flory gules, for Lea. Motto: "In seipso totus teres." (Family seals, &c.)

SMITH, of Blakeshall and Sion Hill, Wolverley; as borne by Joseph Smith, of Sion Hill, High Sheriff in 1810. His niece and heiress, Rhoda, married Wade Browne, of Monkton Farleigh, co. Wilts.—Argent, a lion passant regardant sable. (Burke's Landed Gentry,—as quartered by Browne.)

In Wolverley church the coat appears to be Argent, a lion regardant sable on a mount vert; and the crest, A horse's head bridled, being the bearings of the Smiths of Credenhill, co. Hereford. ‡

^{*} From family papers, wills, parish registers, &c.

[†] On some old seals and plate the ostrich's head is placed between two ostrich feathers.

[‡] We have reason to believe that the Smiths of Wolverley derived from a common ancestor with those of Halesowen Grange. Sion Hill was acquired by John Smith, of Blakeshall, in marriage, in 1762, with Mary, sister of John Hurtle, of that place.

- SMITH, of Woodgate.—Argent, a fesse gules, in chief three crosses pattée fitchée sable. (Penn MS.)
- SMITH, of Dudley; as granted to the late Richard Smith, of the Priory, Dudley, afterwards of Shenstone, co. Stafford, and now borne by his sons, Fereday Smith, of Manchester, and Frederick Smith-Shenstone,* late of Dudley, but now of Sutton Hall, near Brighton.—Gules, a bend engrailed argent between two salamanders in flames proper. Crest: On a rock a chamois at gaze all proper. Motto: "Per Saxa per ignes."
- Smith, of Eardiston, bart.; as granted to William Smith, of Eardiston (eldest son of Thomas Smith of Burwarton, co. Salop, by his wife, Letitia, daughter of Edward Morris, of Burford), who was created a baronet in 1809.

 —Sable, a cross flory or, on a chief engrailed ermine a demi-lion issuant between two crosses crosslet gules. Crest: A greyhound couchant, sable, collared, and line reflexed over the back or, the body charged with a cross-crosslet of the last. Motto: "Nec prece nec pretio." (Baronetages; and book-plate.) See Winwood.
- 'SMITH, of Tenbury; as borne by Thomas Smith, of that place, High Sheriff in 1716.—Sable, on a chevron between three crosses pattée fitchée or, as many fleurs-delis gules. (Dr. Prattinton.)
- SMITH, of Evesham; as on the monumental tablet at All Saints', Evesham, of Harriet Smith, who died in 1830, aged 48.

^{*} This gentleman is not related to any family of the name of Shenstone, but he adopted that surname from the place called Shenstone, near Lichfield, in Staffordshire, where he has an estate.

She was the daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Smith, of that town, by Anne, his wife, daughter and heiress of ... Phillips, of Evesham.—Vert, three acorns slipped or; quartering Or, a lion rampant sable, gorged and chained of the first, for *Phillips*; and Argent, on a chevron engrailed gules between three bugle horns stringed sable, as many mullets of the field, for *Horne*.

The above arms (with the crest, A falcon, wings endorsed proper belled or, in the beak an acorn slipped and leaved also proper) were granted to Thomas Smith, of Hadley, co. Middlesex, eldest son and heir of Thomas Smith, of Alcester, co. Warwick, Barrister-at-law, deceased, and his descendants, and to the descendants of Thomas Smith, his father aforesaid, by John Anstis, Garter, and Knox Ward, Clarenceux, on the 8th of May, 1728. (Add. MS. 14830.) Thomas Smith, of Evesham, was the eldest son of Thomas Smith, of Hadley, by Culling, daughter and co-heiress of John Horne. A baronetcy was conferred upon the family in 1802.

- SMITH; as borne by the Rev. William Smith, D.D., rector of Treddington and prebendary of Worcester. He was born at Taunton in 1582 and died in 1658.—Argent, a cross gules between four peacocks azure, on a chief of the second a pelican vulning between two roses of the first. (M.I. at Spetchley.)
- SMITH, of the Lane House, Feckenham. . . . on a bend gules, cottised three mullets or. Crest: A camel statant proper. (Dr. Prattinton.)
- "SMITH.—Sable, three fishes in pale argent, on a chief or, a lion rampant of the first between two ogresses, the dexter charged with a martlet and the sinister with a " (N.)

This has been copied verbatim at literatim into Berry's Encyclopadia Heraldica and Burke's General Armory, in both of which works it is attributed to "Smith, of Worcestershire." The coat is really that of the family of Kitson, of Hengrave, Suffolk, and was granted on the 14th of April, 1527, to Thomas Kitson, of Hengrave; the sinister ogress

being charged with an anchor or, and the lion being guttée d'or. There being "some confusenesse" in the coat, it was subsequently altered by grant, dated February 13th, 1568, to Sable, three lucies haurient argent, a chief or.* The coat occurs in glass at Hampton-Lovett, where it is impaled with the arms of Pakington; Sir Thomas Pakington having married Dorothy, daughter of Sir Thomas Kitson. Habingdon (who is Nash's authority for the coat) appears to have supposed it to be the bearing of Dorothy, daughter of Ambrose Smith, and wife of Sir John Pakington.

Sodington, of Sodington; as quartered by Blount.—Argent, three leopard's faces jessant-de-lis sable. (N.)

On the death of William, son of Ralph de Sodington, his sisters, Eustacia, wife of William de Doverdale, Joan, wife of Walter de Blount, and Martha, wife of Reginald le Porter, were his co-heiresses. (See Pedigrees from the Plea Rolls, in Col. Top. et Gen. 1, 146.)

Sole, of Eckington; as granted by Robert Cooke, Clarenceux, on the 18th of May, 1591, to Robert Sole, of London, son of John Sole of Eckington.—Quarterly gules and or, in the first quarter a tower with three turrets of the second. Crest: Out of a mural crown or, a demi-lion sable ducally crowned of the first. (Harl. MS. 1422.)

In the Add. MS., 14295, the demi-lion is azure and uncrowned.

Soley, or Solley, of Hindlip.—" The first mention of Solley in Hindlip (says Nash), is a deed whereby William Walyshe grants to William Solley, son of Thomas Solley, all his lands at Hindlip, except one meadow, dated in the thirteenth of Henry IV. William Solley had issue, Thomas Solley, who lived till the 8th of Edward IV. He then left two sons, Thomas Solley, lord of Hindlip,

^{*} See The Visitation of Suffolk in 1561, edited by J. J. Howard, LL.D., Vol. 2, p. 97, where both these grants are printed from the originals penes Sir Edward R. Gage, bart.

and Richard, who built a house contiguous to his father's Thomas Solley, heir of Thomas, whose mother was Judge Coningsby's daughter, and whose wife was sister of Roger Winter, of Huddington, purchased, in the 31st of Henry VIII., the house and part of the lands of the younger family; the rest Arthur Solley, heir of the second brother, conveyed, in the 4th of Elizabeth, to Mr. Thomas Nash. The manor of Hindlip, together with the advowson of the church, were, as appears by record 1st Edward VI., after the death of Thomas Solley, if he had not heirs of his body, settled on Humphrey Coningsby, his near cousin by his mother; which Mr. Coningsby accordingly enjoyed it, and in the 5th of Elizabeth sold Hindlip to John Habingdon, cofferer to Queen Elizabeth." -Vert, a chevron per pale or and gules between three soles naiant argent. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 100; Penn MS.; and Nash, i., 584.)

Soley, of Upton-on-Severn and Worcester, and of Lickhill and Sandbourne.—The Soleys of Lickhill and Sandbourne resided in the neighbourhood of Bewdley in the sixteenth century. There are memorials of them in Ribbesford church, commencing with the death of John Soley, in 1604. The pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1682-3. John Soley, of Lickhill, married the Hon. Anne Folliott, eldest sister and co-heiress of Henry Lord Folliott. She died in 1696, aged forty, leaving issue a daughter Rebecca, who inherited considerable estates, which she gave by will to General Folliott (See Folliott.)—Vert, a chevron per pale or and gules between three sole fishes naiant

argent. Crest: A crescent or, surmounted by a sole naiant argent. (K. 4, Coll. Arm. ff. 38, 75, and 136.)

Soley.—Argent, a chevron gules between three soles haurient proper, a bordure engrailed sable. (Win. MS.)

Sollers.—Or, a fesse azure. (N.)

This coat occurs at Rock, among the quarterings of Coningsby, and is attributed to Sollers by Nash; but in the Harl. MS. 1507, Coningsby quarters for Solers, Vert, a pelican in her nest feeding her young or.

Sollers, of Worcester.—Paly of six argent and azure, on a bend or three lions passant gules. (Penn MS.)

Somerie, Barons of Dudley.—Ralph de Somerie, son and heir of John de Somerie by Hawyse daughter and sole heiress of Gervase Paganel feudal lord of Dudley, had seisin of the barony of his grandfather, the said Gervase, in the 6th of Richard I. (1194). His son, Roger de Somerie, died in the 1st of Edward I. (1272-3), leaving issue by his first wife, Nichola, sister and co-heiress of Hugh D'Albini, Earl of Arundel, four daughters, co-heiresses to their mother;* and by his second, Amabel, widow of Gilbert de Segrave, and daughter and co-heiress of Sir Robert de Chacomb, knt., a son Roger, his successor. then aged eighteen. By Agnes, his wife, this Roger had issue a son, John, and two daughters, Margaret and Joan. He died in the 19th of Edward I., when John, his son, was found by inquisition to be his heir, and then aged twelve. John de Somerie was summoned to Parliament as a baron, from 1308 to 1322, but dying s.p. in the latter

^{*} See CROMELEY.

year, his Barony became extinct, and his estates passed to his sisters as co-heirs. Margaret, the elder, the wife of John de Sutton, had Dudley Castle, Kingswinford, Pensnett, &c., '&c., and was ancestress of the Suttons, Lords Dudley (See Sutton); and Joan, the younger, who married Thomas de Botetort, had Weoley Castle, in Northfield.—Or, two lions passant in pale azure.

This coat is borne in the Rolls of temp. Henry III. and Edward I., by Roger de Somery, and in that of temp. Edward II., by John de Someri, a Baron. The coat of Somerie is quartered by Lyttelton, in right of the marriage of Thomas de Luttelton, with Juliana, daughter and heiress of Robert de Somerie, who is said by Bishop Lyttelton to have been "a younger brother of the Baron of Dudley, who served with him (Lyttelton), in parliament for Worcestershire, in the oth of Edward II."*

Somers, of Severn-Stoke; and of White-Ladies, Worcester.—
This family, of which the great Lord Somers was so distinguished a member, owned a small patrimonial estate at Clifton, in the parish of Severn-Stoke, and possessed likewise the mansion called White-Ladies, at Worcester. Mr. Cooksey, in his Life of Lord Somers,† states that one of the family entertained Queen Elizabeth at the White-Ladies on her progress through the county of Worcester, in 1585; and he also says that Charles II. took up his abode there during the short stay he made at Worcester, previous to the decisive battle fought on the 3rd of September, 1651, and that he "shifted himself"

^{*} Collins's *Perage*, edit. 1779, vol. vii., p. 424. Robert Somerie represented Worcestershire in the 1st, 6th, 9th, and 19th of Edward II., and in the 6th of Edward III.

[†] Essay on the Life and Character of John Lord Somers, Baron of Evesham: also Sketches of an Essay on the Life and Character of Philip, Earl of Hardwicke. Proposed to be inserted in a compendious History of Worcestershire. By Richard Cooksey, Esq., of the Inner Temple. Worcester, M.DCC.XCI.

there after the defeat. But these statements must be taken cum grano.* The pedigree which Mr. Cooksey gives of the family commences with John Somers, of White-Ladies, 1589, who married Margaret Buller, of Worcester, and had issue Richard, who by Joice née Child, of Kidderminster, his wife, was father of a son, John Somers (of whom presently), and of a daughter, Mary, married to Richard Blurton,† of Worcester, clothier. John Somers, the son, who was by profession an attorney, commanded

* It was at White-Ladies, near Boscobel, where his majesty is generally supposed to have "shifted himself," (see ante, p. 398, foot-note to NASH), but Mr. Cooksey says that "the name of White-Ladies has, by being connected with Boscobel, made a confusion in all the relations of the king's escape."

"To my Kinsman, Mr. Richard Blurton,

"My respects to you and all our friends. I have underwritten sent you the coate of armes which my kinsman, Mr. Richard Wallis, hath with no small care found out; which being found is worthy of his labour, being a very good coate. I have given him order to draw mine and my wife's in a frame, and so hath cousin Ed. Blurton, who will be at a quarter charge. Your son, my father Blurton, and you, may send up your wife's coate of arms, and we will put them in a frame, and send them down to you; you wrott that you and father Blurton would be at half of the charge, which, when it is done, you shall know; and I assure you kindly used and well done. Happiness to your sonne and heire, long life to you; all which is the desire of your loving kinsman,

" July 1, 1663." "ROBERT FOLEY.

Foley's kinsman, Wallis, was probably a son or some relative of Ezechiel Wallis, of Bristol, who had married his sister, Priscilla Foley. Where Mr. Richard Wallis found the arms does not appear.

[†] Richard Blurton was the son of John Blurton of Worcester, and brother of the wife of Robert Foley, of Stourbridge. (See Blurton.) He had issue two sons, Somers and Foley Blurton, who died young (the one in 1666, and the other in 1670), and a daughter, Mary, married to John Cooksey, grandfather of Holland Cooksey, the real writer of the Life of Lord Somers, referred to above, although it was published in the name of his son, Richard Cooksey. Mr. Cooksey informs us that Richard Somers gave his estate at Claines to his daughter, Mary, on her marriage to Mr. Blurton, "who (he adds) settled at the White-Ladies, and added greatly to that estate." In his Appendix, p. 121, he inserts the following letter from Robert Foley to Richard Blurton, which appears to refer to the Blurton coat of arms:

a troop of horse in the service of the Parliament. Cooksey informs us that his father had settled the Clifton estate upon him on his marriage with Katherine, daughter of John Severne, of Powick, and that he was usually stationed at Upton, and attended to the protection of the family estate at Severn-Stoke in that neighbourhood. After the signal defeat of the Royalist party, Mr. Somers doffed his war-like gear, and settled at Worcester, where he practised his profession. He died in January, 1680-1, aged eighty-six, and was buried at Severn-Stoke. Cooksey says that his afterwards celebrated son was born at the White-Ladies in 1651; but (he adds), "his place of birth or baptism is not to be found in any register." Dr. Nash, too, affirms that though he had diligently searched, he could not find the birth or baptism of Lord Somers, "either in the registers of St. Michael's, St. Helen's, St. Peter's, or the tything of Whiston." (Vol. ii., p. 345.) The diligence of the Doctor's search, says Mr. Noake, in his Notes and Queries for Worcestershire, must now be a matter of doubt, for (says he), the first entry that attracted my attention in the Register of St. Michael's was:—1648, John Somers, gent., and Katherine, the daughter of John Seaverne, gent., and Mary, his wife, were married, Nov. 13. And among the births is the following:—1650, John, the sonne of John Somers, gent., and Katherine, his wife, was born the fourth day of March. "The John Somers (continues Mr. Noake) whose marriage with Katherine Severne is recorded in 1648, was unquestionably the attorney who resided for some time at the White-Ladies, and afterwards within the Cathedral precincts; and their first-born, who was introduced into

the world on the 4th of March, 1650, was afterwards the celebrated nobleman who became the head of the Whigs, and Lord High Chancellor of England, whose defence of the seven bishops in opposition to the tyranny of James II., entitles him to a place in the foremost rank of the defenders of our constitutional liberty." Besides their famous son, Mr. and Mrs. Somers had four daughters, viz., Mary, born on the 15th of October, 1653, married to Charles Cocks, M.P. for Worcester; Katherine, born on the 7th of April, 1655, who appears to have died young; Sebright, who died on the 20th of October, 1679, aged eighteen, and was buried in the cathedral at Worcester, where she has a monument; and Elizabeth, married to Sir Joseph Jekyll, Master of the Rolls. Lord Somers, (who received his peerage when Lord Chancellor, on the and of December, 1697,) died unmarried in 1716, when his estates devolved upon his two surviving sisters, Mrs. Cocks and Lady Jekyll, as co-heiresses. The latter died without issue in 1745; the former was mother of John Cocks, whose son and successor, Charles Cocks, was created a baronet in 1772, and elevated to the peerage as Lord Somers, in 1784. (See Cocks.)—Quarterly vert and gules, a fesse dancettée ermine, in chief a lion passant between two martlets argent. (Penn MS.; * &c., &c.)

These arms occur on the monument of Sebright Somers, in the Cathedral, and (impaled with Blurton), in St. Nicholas's church, Wor-

^{*} The following are Penn's comments on this coat, the reader may perhaps detect some covert allusions therein to the pursuits of the military attorney:— "As he is but youngue in knowing of evil, yet his valour heightens his spirit; and though they would divide what he and the country hath, their vigorous carriage doth not abate his pursutes, but with valour brings all to a head by casting doune their strength."

cester. Lord Somers, however, bore simply Vert, a fesse dancettée ermine. The crest originally borne, Nash informs us, was "a plant in flower, but so ill described by the heralds, that we cannot give the botanical name." (Supplement, p. 50.) Mr. Cooksey says that Sir George Summer, or Somers, who colonized the Summer Islands (Bermudas), was a member of this family; but there does not appear to be any authority for this assertion, and Nash mentions it as a mere family tradition. The armorial bearings of "Sir George Somers, of Baton, co. Dorset," are tricked in the Harl. MS., 1422. They are Vert, a fesse dancettée ermine, a crescent for difference. Crest : A suit of mail, through the arms and legs of which grows a laurel tree proper. According to the Heraldic Dictionaries, a Shropshire family named Somer had a grant on the 17th of February, 1656, of the following coat: Per pale vert and gules, a chevron indented ermine, in chief a lion passant between two martlets argent. Dr. Thomas and Nash call the birds in the Somers coat hawks, and this error has been copied by Berry and Burke.

Somerset, Marguis and Earl of Worcester, &c.—The family of Somerset is descended illegitimately from John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster. John Beaufort, the eldest natural son of that nobleman, was legitimated by Act of Parliament, but with an express exception against any claim to the throne. He was created Marquis of Somerset and Dorset, and Earl of Somerset in 1397. His son, Henry Beaufort, died in his minority, and was succeeded by his brother, John, who in 1443 was created Duke of Somerset and Earl of Kendal. John also died issueless when the Dukedom of Somerset and the Earldom of Kendal became extinct, but the Earldom of Somerset devolved upon Edmund, Marquis of Dorset, his brother, who was created Duke of Somerset in 1447. Edmund, who was Regent of France, Lord High Constable, and a Knight of the Garter, was slain at the battle of St. Albans, in 1455. He had issue two surviving sons, Henry and Edmund, who both died without legitimate issue. The former was

beheaded by the Yorkists in 1463, and the latter suffered a similar fate after the battle of Tewkesbury, in 1471, whereupon all his honours expired, and his sisters (or their representatives), became his heirs. Of these, Anne was married to Sir William Paston, knt., and had issue a daughter and co-heiress, Anne, married to Sir Gilbert Talbot, of Grafton, one of whose daughters and coheiresses married John Lyttelton, of Frankley, ancestor of Lord Lyttelton, who quarters the Beaufort arms in right of this match. Henry, Duke of Somerset, above named, was father, by one Joan Hill, or De la Montagne, of a natural son, Charles, who adopted the surname of Somerset, and was created Earl of Worcester in 1514; he was greatgreat-grandfather of Henry, fifth Earl, who was created Marquis of Worcester in 1642. Henry, the grandson of. the latter, was further advanced to the Dukedom of Beaufort in 1682, and from him the present Duke of Beaufort is lineally descended.—France and England quarterly within a bordure componée argent and azure. Crest: A portcullis or, armed and chained argent. Supporters: On the dexter side a panther argent collared and chained or, spotted sable, azure, and gules, fire issuant from the mouth, eyes, and ears, proper. On the sinister, a wyvern vert devouring a human hand couped at the wrist gules. Motto: "Mutare vel timere sperno." (Courthope's Historic Peerage; Sandford's Genealogical History; &c., &c.)

The above arms were borne by the Beauforts, and are borne by the present Duke of Beaufort; but Henry, Earl of Worcester, (son of Charles), bore, Or, on a fesse bordered componée argent and azure, the arms of France and England quarterly; quartering *Herbert** and

[•] The Herbert coat was brought in by the marriage of Charles, Earl of

Wydville. Others of the family bore the Beaufort arms debruised by a baton sinister argent. (See Sandford's Genealogical History.)

Somerton.—Or, on a chevron between three lion's heads erased gules, as many bezants. (N.)

One of the Lyttelton quarterings, brought in by Paston, in right of the marriage of Clement Paston (great-grandfather of Anne, wife of Sir Gilbert Talbot, whose daughter married John Lyttelton) with Beatrix, daughter and heiress of John de Somerton.

Somerville, of Somerville's Aston, co. Gloucester; Edstone, co. Warwick; and of Kington, in Worcestershire.—This family possessed lands in Kington, and presented to the church in the fourteenth century. John Somerville, of Edstone, died, in the 20th of Elizabeth, seised of a moiety of the manor of Kington, and of the advowson of the church. His son, John, was condemned to death for an attempt upon the life of Queen Elizabeth, but was found strangled in Newgate before the time appointed for his execution. On his death and attainder, the moiety of Kington fell to the Crown, and was granted by letters patent to Abel Gower. Sir William Somerville, brother of John, continued the line, and died in 1616. From him was lineally descended William Somerville, author of "The Chase," who sold the family estate at Aston Somerville.—Argent, on a fesse between three annulets gules as many leopard's faces of the field; quartering Aylesbury, &c. Crest: Two leopard's faces argent in

Worcester, with Elizabeth, sole daughter and heiress of William Herbert, Earl of Huntingdon, Lord Herbert of Ragland, Chepstow, and Gower; and in her right he bore the title of Lord Herbert, previous to his elevation to the Earldom of Worcester. Sandford remarks that the arms of Herbert, as borne on an escutcheon of pretence by Charles, Earl of Worcester, and as quartered by his son, Henry, were, Per pale gules and azure, three lions rampant argent, and not Per pale azure and gules, &c., as usually borne by the Herbert family.

fesse ducally crowned (with one coronet) gules. (Harl. MS., 1563; Nash, ii., 64; and Rudder's Gloucestershire, p. 241.)

This coat is impaled in Leigh Church, by Edmund Colles, in right of Jane, his wife, daughter of Robert Somerville, of Edstone.

Southwell, of Hindlip; as borne by Viscount Southwell. (See Habingdon and Compton).—Argent, three cinquefoils gules, each charged with six annulets or. Crest: A demi Indian goat argent, armed, eared, and ducally gorged gules, charged on the body with three annulets in pale of the last. Supporters: Two Indian goats argent, armed, eared, ducally gorged and chained gules, charged on the body with three annulets in pale of the last. Motto: "Nec male notus eques." (Peerages.)

Sparry, of Clent, Hagley, and Stourbridge.—This family was * at Clent as early as the reign of Edward III. Henry Sparry, of Clent, gent., married Rose, daughter of Richard Pipe, of Bilston, co. Stafford (sister of Sir Richard Pipe, knt., Lord Mayor of London in 1578), and, dying in 1589, was buried in the chancel of Clent church. He was father of John Sparry, of Clent, who died in 1598, leaving issue, by Mary, his wife, an only surviving son. John Sparry, and a daughter, Frances, baptized at Clent in 1586, married to William Amphlett, lord of the manor of Hadsor, by whom she was mother of a son, Richard Amphlett, of Clent. John Sparry, the son, married, in 1615, Mary, daughter of William Cookes, of Norgrove. and had issue an only son, John, baptized at Clent on the 29th of August, 1619, who died in 1660, devising all his property in Clent and elsewhere to his "beloved couzen,"

the above-named Richard Amphlett. (See AMPHLETT.) There was another branch of this family at Walton, in Clent, of whom, probably, was Nicholas Sparry, of Stourbridge, who purchased the manor of Bedcote (i.e., Stourbridge), in 1625, from Sir Thomas Jervoise, knt.—Or, three roses purpure, a chief indented azure. (N.)

It does not appear on what authority Dr. Thomas ascribes these arms to the family. John Sparrye, of Hagley, disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1634, and John Sparry, of Stourbridge,* at that of 1682-3.

Spechesley.—Azure, a fesse between three salt-cellars argent. (N.)

This coat is noticed by Habingdon as being in a window of All Saints' Church, Worcester; but he attributes it to Spechesley with a "Quare." William Spetchley was lord of Spetchley in 1403 and 1419, and John Spetchley was returned into the exchequer in the 7th of Henry VI. among the esquires of this county who bore arms from their ancestors, to attend the king with horse and arms into France. (Nash, ii., 386.)

Speke.—Per fesse azure and gules, a double-headed eagle displayed or. (N.)

Spencer.—Quarterly argent and gules, in the second and

^{*} A John Sparry, of Stourbridge, purchased an estate at Roughton, near Bridgnorth, in 1646, which he afterwards sold to Mr. Bell. His daughter, Dorothy, was married to Nicholas Addenbrooke, of Stourbridge (a disclaimer in 1682-3), and had issue, John Addenbrooke (who married Joice Bowdler), and a daughter, Mary, married to William Cardale, of Dudley. Nicholas Addenbrooke was the son of Henry Addenbrooke, by Gertrude Spratt, and grandson of Thomas Addenbrooke, by Eleanor Sparry, of Clent. The Sparrys were numerous in the neighbourhood of Stourbridge, Hagley, &c.; and the name occurs very frequently in the parish registers of Clent. The Rev. Ambrose Sparry (who appears to be the Ambrose Sparry who was ejected from Martley at the Restoration) was one of the original feofees of Foley's Hospital, at Oldswinford; and the Rev. John Sparry, B.A., was presented to the rectory of Hadsor, by Richard Amphlett in 1678.

third quarters a fret or, over all on a bend sable three escallops of the first. (N.)

The Winnington MS. has the following sub "Spensor:"—"Ouarterly ar. and gules, a baston, in the second and third a frett or. Others give, Azure, a frett (? fesse) ermine 'twixt 6 see-mew's heads erased argent." The last coat (a fesse between six sea-mew's heads erased) was granted in 1604, probably to William Spencer, of Radbourne, co. Warwick,* whose ancestors and relations had property at Defford, in this county. Henry Spencer, who had been educated in the Abbey of Evesham, sealed in 1476 with the present arms of Spencer, as described above, viz., the coat of the baronial house of Le Dispenser, differenced with three escallop shells on the bend. According to Blore's Rutland, the Le Dispensers were descended from William le Dispenser (Dispensator), a brother of Urso D'Abbetot, Sheriff of Worcestershire; but Edmondson derives them from Robert le Dispenser, the king's steward, another brother of Urso, who, according to Blore, died without issue. Galfridus le Spenser was of Martley, in the reign of Henry III., and his grandson, William, was seised of an estate at Defford, and died in 1328. The family continued at Defford for three generations, and we subsequently find them at Badby, in Northamptonshire, lessees under the Abbey of Evesham. This Badby branch bore for arms, Sable, on a fesse or between three bezants as many lion's heads erased of the field; and for crest: An antelope's head erased or, collared gules, lined and ringed of the second. Mr. Baker (Northamptonshire, i., 106) enters fully into the history of the family of Earl Spencer, but admits that its primary derivation is a genealogical problem not easily solved.

Spicer, of Stone; as recorded at the Visitation of 1682-3.—
—Sable, a fesse embattled between three lions rampant or. Crest: A round tower embattled and domed, surmounted by a cross pattée argent. (K. 4, Coll. Arm. fo. 151.)

The Rev. William Spicer, who was presented to the vicarage of Stone by Philippa Spicer, widow, in 1622, appears, from the inscrip-

Baker's Northamptonshire. Mr. Kittermaster, on the authority of some Harleian MS., the number of which he does not specify, asserts that it was granted by Benolt to John and Thomas, sons of William Spenser, gentleman.—See his Warwickshire Arms and Lineages, p. 85.

tion on his tomb-stone at Stone, to have been related to John Spicer, one of the Marian martyrs, who suffered at Salisbury in 1556:—

"Drawn from a martyr's blood, from a generous line Descended, was this meek, this great divine."

He died on the 17th of October, 1656, aged 69, and Ursula, his wife, in 1663, aged 80. He was deprived and succeeded, with his own consent, by his son-in-law, Richard Serjeant, who was ejected at the Restoration, and succeeded by the Rev. William Spicer. The above arms were granted to William Spicer, of Napton, co. Warwick, in 1592.

Spiller, of Eldersfield; as borne by Sir Henry Spiller, knt., lord of Eldersfield in 1629, and by Henry Spiller, of the same place, esquire, 1673.—Sable, a cross between four mullets, or. (N.)

Spilsburie, of "Hustolbury," * near Worcester.—Sable, a fesse gules between three unicorn's heads argent. Crest:

A unicorn's head gorged with a band and four pearls as pertaining to a Baron's coronet.

These arms and crest are given in the Appendix to Berry's Encyclopadia Heraldica, whence they have been transferred to Burke's Armory. They do not appear in Edmondson; and from the false Heraldry of the arms, and the somewhat quaint language in which the crest is described, we suspect that Berry extracted his blazon from some old manuscript. The arms bear some resemblance to one of the coats borne by the Lees, who were Barons of Spellesbury, co. Oxford. A John de Spellesbure was incumbent of Shrawley in 1369; and there is, or was, an old family in this county named Spilsbury, t of whom was the Rev. John Spilsbury (son of William Spilsbury, of Bewdley), who was ejected from the vicarage of Bromsgrove in 1662. This gentleman married the sister and heiress of John Hall, Bishop of Bristol, and died in 1699, leaving issue an only son, John Spilsbury, a dissenting minister at Kidderminster, whom Bishop Hall made his executor. John Spilsbury died on the 30th of January, 1727, aged 60, and was buried at Kidderminster. He had issue three sons, John, Hall, and Francis; and three daughters,

Query Hartlebury?

[†] A Thomas Spilsbury was Mayor of Worcester in 1777.

married respectively to Richard Witton, Joseph Butler, and Matthew Bradshaw. The latter, as appears from an inscription in Kidderminster church, succeeded his father-in-law in his ministry, and died in 1742, aged 42. Dr. Prattinton attributes to this family the arms of *Hanbury*, but he has been misled by Nash, who asserts that these arms are upon the tomb-stone of Elizabeth Spilsbury in Kidderminster church, whereas they belong to the adjoining stone of *Capel Hanbury*.

Spiney, or De Spineto; as quartered by Throckmorton, and (through Tracy) by Folliott, of Pirton. Sir Guy de Spineto, or Spiney, of Coughton, co. Warwick, had, by his wife, the heiress of Wyke, two daughters, his coheiresses, Alice, married to William Tracy, of Todington, co. Gloucester, and Eleanor, married to Sir John Throckmorton. Sir Guy was M.P. for Warwickshire temp. Richard II., and escheator of that county and of Leicestershire. His father, William, had notable employments in the former county in the reign of Edward III., and was grandson of William de la Spine, or Spiney, who married Joan, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John de Cocton, now called Coughton.—Sable, a chevron argent between three crescents or. See Olney.

Spooner, of Wickhamford; as granted to Thomas * Spooner, of Wickhamford, by Robert Cooke, Clarenceux, 29th November, 1589, 32nd Elizabeth.—Azure, a boar's head in bend argent armed or, couped and guttée gules. Crest: A boar's head and neck couped or, pierced with a broken spear argent, embrued proper. (Harl. MS., 1422.)

A pedigree of this family was entered "at Droitwich, com' Wig., 10 Aug., 1683," in the Visitation Book of Warwickshire (K. 3, Coll. Arm., fo. 179). It commences with Thomas Spooner, of

[•] Jane, the wife of Thomas Spooner, died March 10th, 1584, aged 74. (M.I. at Wickhamford.—Nash, ii., 463.)

Wickhamford, who was buried at Tanworth, co. Warwick. His son and heir, William Spooner, was father, by Eleanor, nee Rouse, his wife, of William Spooner, of Henwood Hall, in Warwickshire, who died circa 1674, having had issue, by Margaret, his wife, daughter of John Huggeford, of Henwood, a son and successor, William, aged 53 in 1683, whose son and heir, Samuel (by Mary, his wife, daughter of Samuel Hill, of Hill End, Upton-on-Severn), was then aged about 26. (Mis. Gen. et Her., Monthly Series, i., 300.) The same arms and crest were borne by John Spooner, of Leigh Court, High Sheriff of Worcestershire in 1789.

SPYLLAR. See SPILLER.

SQUIRE, of Hanbury, and of Croydon, co. Surrey; recorded at the visitation of 1569.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent, a squirrel sejant gules, between the paws a nut or, for Squire; 2nd and 3rd, Sable, two lions passant guardant per pale argent and or. (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 33; and Harl. MSS. 615, 1043, &c.)

These quartered arms were confirmed to the family by Sir Gilbert Dethick, *Garter*. The quartering appears to be for *Mervyn*, who bore *three* such lions, but who quartered Squire in right of the marriage of Richard Mervyn, of Fonthill, Wilts, with Dorothy, daughter and heiress of Thomas Squire.*

STAFFORD, of Grafton Manor.—A branch of the baronial house of Stafford, which acquired the manor of Grafton, near Bromsgrove, in the reign of Edward III., in right of the marriage of Sir Ralph Stafford with Maud, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir John de Hastang. Sir Ralph was succeeded by his son, Sir Humphrey, who married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir John Burdett, by whom he had issue Sir Humphrey Stafford, of Grafton, who was slain in Jack Cade's rebellion, in the

^{*} Among the armorial decorations of Fonthill Abbey were, the arms of Mervyn, with those of Squire on an escutcheon of pretence. (See The Gentleman's Magazine for October, 1822, p. 317.)

28th of Henry VI., and was buried at Bromsgrove. left issue by Eleanor, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Aylesbury, of Milton Keynes (by Katherine his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Laurence Pabenham), a son, Sir Humphrey, of Grafton, who fought under the banner of Richard III. at Bosworth, and was attainted and executed in the 1st of Henry VII. last Sir Humphrey married Katherine, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Fray, knt., and had issue Sir Humphrey, who removed to Blatherwick, in Northamptonshire, where his descendants continued until the line ended in two co-heiresses, Susannah and Anne, sisters of William Stafford, the former married, in 1699, to Henry O'Brien, and the latter, in 1703, to George Evans, Lord Carberry.—Or, a chevron gules, a canton ermine; quartering Fitzwakeline, Hastang, Burdett, Aylesbury, Keynes, Cressy, Bereville, Basset, Pabenham, Fray, &c. Crest: Out of a ducal coronet per pale or and gules, a boar's head and neck sable. (Nash i., 157; Baker's Northamptonshire, i., 355; and Penn MS.) See PALGRAVE and BASSETT.

Penn says some think the "righter coate" is, Or, a chevron gules between three martlets sable. See BAGOT.

STAFFORD, of Southwick.—Or, a chevron gules within a bordure engrailed sable. (N.)

One of the Willoughby quarterings at Welland.

Standen.—Argent, a raven proper within a bordure engrailed sable. (N.)

This coat occurs in Beoley church, impaling Sheldon, for Margaret, wife of William Standen, and daughter of Ralph Sheldon of Beoley.

STANFORD.—Argent, three bars azure, on a canton gules a hand in a gauntlet or, holding a broken sword of the first. Crest: A stag's head couped argent, attired or, guttée de sang, on the neck a bar gemelle gules. (N.)

On the north wall of the chancel of Kingsnorton church (says Nash, i., p. 165), there was a memorial of a gentleman and his wife, and over them the above arms and crest. They are the bearings of the family of Stamford, or Stanford, of Rowley, co. Stafford.

- STANFORD, of Stanford.—Barry wavy of six argent and azure. (Penn MS.)
- STANLEY, of Westbromwich, co. Stafford.—Argent, on a bend azure three stag's heads cabossed or. (N.)

On the monument of George Lyttelton in Bromsgrove church.

STANLOW.—Argent, a lion rampant double queuée sable. (N.)

Perhaps the coat of Robert Stanlawe, whose only daughter and heiress, Margaret, was married, temp. Henry VII., to Simon Hanley, of Hanley-William. (See Hanley.) Sir Ralph de Stanlowe, of Staffordshire, bears the coat in the Roll of temp. Edward II.

STAPLETON.—Argent, a lion rampant sable. (N.)

This coat occurs in glass at Severn-Stoke. The same coat was borne by Juliana, daughter of Sir Nicholas Stapleton, of co. York, and wife of Richard de Windsor, who died in the 19th of Edward II.

STARKEY.—Azure, three boar's heads erased or. (N.)

This coat occurs among the quarterings of Bulkeley, on the monument of Sir Edwin Sandys at Wickhamford (see Burkley), but Dr. Thomas is in error in ascribing it to Starkey. That family bore the unnamed (by Nash) coat following this, viz., Argent, a heron-shaw azure.*

STAUNTON, of Whittington.—Vaire, argent and sable, a canton gules. (Penn MS.)

^{*} Usually blazoned, a stork sable.

"It standeth thus in colours (says Penn) in the parish church of St. Peter's, upon an ancient plain wood monument, in which parish this place is; and their burial place is this church, it being in the citie of Worcester, where some of them have also inhabited." In the Harl. MSS. 1043 and 1566, the canton is charged with a cross flory argent.

STAUNTON, of Conyngton.—Vaire argent and sable, a chevron gules. (Penn MS.)

STAUNTON, of Staunton.—Barry of six gules and or, a bend argent. (N.)

This coat occurs in glass at Staunton, and is ascribed to the Staunton family by Habingdon and Dr. Thomas; but, according to the Harl. MS., 1072, they bore Or, a lion rampant sable. The coat Barry of six or and azure, a bend gules, is attributed by Papworth to Stanhow, of Norfolk. In the 17th of Edward III. Roger de Staunton was lord of Staunton, and in the 20th of the same reign Robert de Staunton held the lands which Robert, his ancestor, had formerly held. About the reign of Richard II. the heiress married Whittington. (Nash, ii., 372.)

STAYNER. See STEYNER.

STERLEY, or STRELLEY.—Paly of six argent and azure. (N.)

Impaled at Stanford by Humphrey Salwey, in right of Joice, his wife, daughter of Sir Robert Strelley, of Strelley. He died in 14...

Stevens, of Woodhall, in Norton-juxta-Kempsey.—This family acquired Woodhall by purchase from the family of Gower. Randal Stevens, of Woodhall (son of William Stevens, of Stoke Newington, Middlesex), who died in 1653, aged thirty-nine, has a monument at Norton; and the family was there in the last century.—Per chevron azure and argent, in chief two eagles displayed or. (N.)

Penn calls the birds in chief doves rising or. The ancient family of Stephens, of Little Sodbury, Lypiat, Eastington, &c., co. Gloucester, bears the same arms. Rudder variously describes the birds as "eagles with wings elevated," "falcons displayed," and "eagles displayed," and Burke, in the Landed Gentry, calls them "two falcons volant."

Steward, of Stone and Comberton.—Thomas Steward, of Hill Field, in Staffordshire, was the immediate ancestor of this family. He married Mary Oldnall, daughter of Roger, and eldest sister and co-heiress of John Oldnall, of Stone, by whom he left issue at his decease in 1701 (with others) a son, Thomas Steward, of Stone, who married in 1720 Theodosia Hurtle,* of Sion Hill, Wolverley, and had issue an only son, John Steward, of Stone, born in 1722, High Sheriff in 1793. This gentleman married Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Samuel Hurtle, † of Sutton in the parish of Claverley, co. Salop, and died at Gorst Hill, co. Warwick, in 1816, at the advanced age of ninety-three, having had issue an only son, Samuel Steward, of Stone and Comberton, who married on the 4th of October, 1780, Anne, sister, and eventually sole heiress of Thomas Newnham, of Broadwas Court, who was High Sheriff in 1802. By this lady (who was born in 1757, and died in 1787) Mr. Steward

Theodosia, daughter of "Mr. John Hurtle, and Elizabeth, his wife," was born January 14th, and baptized February 16th, 1697, at Wolverley. She was the sister of William Hurtle, of Sion Hill, and aunt of John Hurtle, of the same place. High Sheriff in 1774. (See HURTLE.)

place, High Sheriff in 1774. (See Hurtle.)

† Samuel Hurtle was of the Wolverley family of that name. By Mary, his wife, daughter of . . . Hadley, of Wootton, he had two daughters, his coheiresses, viz., Elizabeth, baptized at Wolverley, June 11th, 1721, married to William Smith, of Dallicott, co. Salop (son of Edward Smith, by Sarah, his his wife, daughter and sole heiress of William Grosvenor, of Dallicott): and Mary, baptized March 15th, 1724, married, as above, to John Steward. William Smith had issue a daughter Mary, eventually his sole heiress, married to Robert Wilkes, whose only surviving child, Elizabeth Wilkes, born in 1772, espoused Thomas Worrall Grazebrook, of Stourton Castle, co. Stafford, and was mother of the late Thomas Worrall Smith Grazebrook, M.A. (Oxon.), of Dallicott, who died s.p. in 1846, and of a daughter, Elizabeth, heiress of Dallicott, married to George M'Kenzie Kettle. Mrs. Kettle died in 1862, leaving an only daughter and heiress, Elizabeth Clara, wife of T. J. Franks. The Dallicott estate belonged to the Grosvenors for many generations, but since their extinction it has been carried by heiresses into four different families.

had issue the late Thomas Steward, of Stone, who died s.p. in 1830, and two daughters, co-heiresses to their brother, Mary Anne and Charlotte Elizabeth. The younger of these ladies died unmarried; the elder was married on the 24th of November, 1821, to the Rev. Henry Evans, of Byletts, co. Hereford, but died without issue in 1844. Under their wills the Stone and Comberton estates became vested in Mr. Oldnall-Russell, son of the late Sir William Oldnall-Russell, knt.—Sable, on a fesse argent between two chevrons or, three leopard's faces of the field.

The Stewards sealed with this coat, but it is that borne by the family of Oldnall. It is somewhat remarkable, however, that a coat differing from this only in tincture was borne by a Devonshire family named Seward, viz., Gules, on a fesse argent between two chevrons ermine three leopard's faces of the field. (See Harl. MS. 1080, fo. 435b.) See NEWNHAM, OLDNALL, and RUSSELL.)

STEYNER, alias ROWLAND, of Worcester.—An eminent civic family, of whom was John Rowland, or Steyner, "the greatest and gravest magistrate of his time, and famous for his bountiful hospitality."* He "thrice ruled the city," and died in 1580, leaving issue by his wife the daughter and heiress of Robert Yowle, M.P. for Worcester in the reigns of Edward VI. and Mary, a son, Robert, bailiff of the city, in 1584 and 1586. Robert married Sarah, daughter of Francis Heaton, of London, and died in 1622, aged seventy-three, having had issue by her nineteen children, of whom one son and one daughter (Anne, the wife of Robert Wylde), alone survived.—Sable, a chevron ermine. (N.; Add. MS. 19819; and Harl. MS. 1566, fo. 147.)

^{*} Habingdon. See Nash, Appendix, 136.

According to Penn, "Steiner of Worcester beareth Argent, guttée de purpure, over all a bend sable charged with three golpes. This coate (he adds) may very well be saide to have some neere allyence to the name, by its composition both in charge and cullor; but whether it be antient or moderne bearing I shall leave it to the judgment of the most learned." Penn subsequently erased the trick, and wrote in the margin, "Or, 6 trefoils vt." Dr. Prattinton also attributes six trefoils to this family; tike Penn, he has evidently been misled by the arms upon the monument of Robert Rowland, alias Steyner, in St. Nicholas's church, Worcester, which are really those of his wife, Sarah Heaton. (See that name.) As to the strange composition which Penn first attributes to the family, we suspect it to be very "moderne bearing," and of Mr. Penn's own devising. The ermine chevron, as above, is tricked in the Harl. MS., 1566, as the coat of Stayner, and the same is given as the coat of Anne, wife of Robert Wylde, in the Add. MS., 19819.

STICHE, of Worcester.—Sable, three garbs or. (Penn MS.)

This coat (but with the field azure, according to Nash), was in St. Helen's church, on the tomb of Mary, daughter of Ralph Stiche, of Worcester, gent., who died in 1628.

STILLINGFLEET; as borne by Edward Stilling fleet, Bishop of Worcester from 1689 to 1699. This eminent divine was the seventh son of Samuel Stilling fleet, by Susannah, daughter of Edward Norris, of Petworth, co. Sussex, and was born at Cranborne, in Dorsetshire, in 1635. He died on the 27th of March, 1699, and was buried in Worcester Cathedral, where he has a monument. By his first wife, the daughter of William Dobyns, he had a son, Dr. Edward Stilling fleet; and by his second, a daughter of Sir Nicholas Pedley, knt., he was father of Dr. James Stilling fleet, Dean of Worcester in 1726, and rector of Hartlebury, who died in 1746. James was father of the Rev. Edward Stilling fleet, M.A., rector of Hartlebury.

[•] Mr. Papworth also gives this as the coat of "Steynor, of Worcester," and "Rowland, alias Steynor, 1622."

bury, who died in 1777, aged seventy-nine; and of James Stillingfleet, of Doctors' Commons, registrar of the diocese of Worcester, whose son, the Rev. James Stillingfleet, Prebendary of Worcester, rector of Knightwick and Doddenham, &c., died at Malvern on the 6th of July, 1817, aged eighty-seven, leaving issue. There is a pedigree of the family in Hutchins's Dorset, 2nd edit., iii., p. 79.—Argent, on a fesse sable between three fleurs-delis gules, as many leopard's faces of the first. Crest: A leopard's head and neck proper collared and chained gules. The Cranborne branch have used for crest, A demi-leopard guardant proper rising out of a ducal coronet, and holding in the dexter paw a fleur-de-lis gules. (Burke's Armory; and monument* in the Cathedral.)

Kent's Banner Displayed, published in 1755, gives the arms thus: Argent, on a fesse engrailed between three fleurs-de-lis gules as many leopard's heads or.

STIRROPE, of Worcester.—Per pale argent and vert, a chevron counterchanged. (Penn MS.)

The coat, it is presumed, of Robert Stirrope, clothier, and Alderman of Worcester (Mayor in 1647), who died in 1651, aged fifty-nine, and was buried in St. Nicholas's church, Worcester.

- STOCKLEY, of Yoxall, co. Stafford; as quartered by Greswolde.—Argent, a chevron between three boars statant gules. (Harl. MS., 1563.)
- Stone.—Ermine on a chief gules three stag's heads couped or. (N.)

Habingdon attributes this coat to Stone, of Stone, and Dr. Prattinton says it was quartered by Folliott. Thomas Folliott married

^{*} In Dr. Thomas's engraving of the monument, the fesse is charged with three cinquefoils. See his Survey of the Cathedral, p. 51.

Elizabeth, daughter of William Stone, and had issue William Folliott, who married Katherine, daughter and enheiress of Peter Greete, of Naunton, whose arms, according to the Harl. MS., 1566, were, Argent, on a chief gules three buck's heads cabossed or. The coat, therefore, appears to be intended for that of Greete.

Stone, of Chambers' Court, Longdon; as borne by Edward Gresley Stone, High Sheriff in 1847.—Gules, a chevron ermine between three pelicans or, vulning proper. (Communicated.)

Stoner.—Sable, two bars dancettée or, a chief argent. (N.)

Quartered by Walsh. See that name.

Stoniwell; as borne by John Stoniwell, Abbot of Pershore, so called from a hamlet of that name in the parish of Longdon, co. Stafford, where he was born. He died at a very advanced age, in 1553, and was buried in a chapel built by him at Longdon.—Sable, on a chevron argent three leaves proper between as many billets. Also, Argent, on a chief gules a crown between two cocks or. (Prattinton MSS.; and Harwood's Erdeswick, edit. 1844, p. 243, note.)

Stormin.—Gules, a chevron argent between three plates. (N.)

Strange, of Blackmere; quartered by Talbot.—Gules, two lions passant argent armed and langued azure. (N.)

Richard Talbot, son and heir of Gilbert, Lord Talbot, married Ankaret, sister and eventually heiress of John Lord Strange, of Blackmere, whose peerage the Talbots inherited. (See Furnival.) Baldwin le Strange, was deputy Sheriff of Worcester in the 4th of Henry V.

STRANGE. See DANDRIDGE.

Stratton. Argent, on a cross sable five bezants. (N.)

^{*} A similar coat is attributed to Hanley, of Hanley-William.

Quartered by Windsor, in right of the marriage of Thomas Windsor who died in 1485, with Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Andrews, by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter and heiress of John Stratton.

STREET, of Worcester; as borne by George Street, mayor of that city in 1635, and by Sir Thomas Street, town clerk and M.P. for Worcester, afterwards Lord Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench. Sir Thomas, who was knighted, when a Baron of the Exchequer, on the 8th of June, 1681, died in 1696, aged 69. He was the only one of the twelve judges who gave his opinion against the king's dispensing power, and the circumstance of his being thus "faithful found among the faithless" is recorded on his monument in the cathedral.—Gules, three Catherine wheels or, a canton argent. (N.; Penn MS.; and Monument.)

STRELLEY. See STERLEY.

Strode.—Argent, three coneys sable. (Win. MS.)

Strode.—Argent, three eagles displayed gules. (N.)

STRONG. See DANDRIDGE.

Strongbow.—Argent, on a chief azure three crosses pattée fitchée of the first. (N.)

The arms attributed to the celebrated Richard de Clare, Earl of Pembroke, surnamed "Strongbow," as quartered by Talbot and Lyttelton.

Stroode.—Ermine, on a canton sable a crescent argent. (Penn MS.)

The coat, probably, of Nicholas Stroode, whose name occurs in Penn's list of those who were to find horse.

Sturmey, of Sutton-Sturmey, near Tenbury. "Sutton Sturmey," says Nash, "was in early ages the habitation of

that Sturmey who distinguished himself by his zeal in the recovery of the Holy Land, and is buried in Tenbury church." In the reign of Edward I. John Sturmey held lands in Sutton under William de Stuteville; and in the 20th of Edward III. John Sturmey held the same lands which Robert Sturmey had anciently held. In the 7th of Henry VI. the heir of John Sturmey possessed these lands. —Gules, a chevron between three mullets argent. (N.)

These arms are on the shield of the diminutive effigy of Sir John Sturmey, the crusader, in Tenbury Church; and also in glass in the same church.

Sturmey, of Rushock.—This family held Rushock under the Beauchamps. They continued at Rushock until the 7th of Henry VII., when their lands were dispersed among the heirs general of Henry Sturmey, son of Henry Sturmey, and probably grandson of Lawrence Sturmey, who held Rushock in the reign of Edward I.—Argent, three demi-lions rampant gules.

This coat occurs in one of the windows of Rushock'church. It was borne, temp. Henry III., by Henry le Sturmie, (see the Charles Roll) and is quartered by Bracie in the Harl. MS., 1566.

Stury.—Gules, three roses or. (N.)

In the east window of Hampton-Lovett church was the following coat:—Per fesse gules and or, six roses counterchanged; and in the same window was a knight in armour, kneeling, underneath which was written, "Sir Richard Stury." In the same window were the arms of Furneaux, a bend between six crosses crosslet. Sir Richard, or, as he is elsewhere * called, Sir William Stury, married Alice, daughter and heiress of Sir John Blount, by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter and heiress of Simon Furneaux (who died in the 24th of Edward III.), eldest son of Sir Matthew Furneaux. It does not appear on what authority Dr. Thomas attributed three roses to Stury,

^{*} In an article on the Descendants of Matthew Furneaux, from Aske's Collections, in Col. Top. et Gen., i., 243.

but the six roses (which Nash erroneously ascribes to Furneaux) was probably their coat. Another coat of Stury is said to have been Argent, a double-tailed lion purpure crowned or, which was adopted by their descendants, the Folliotts.

Stuteville.—Barry of six argent and gules, a bordure componée or and sable. (N.)

Robert de Stoteville bears in the *Charles* Roll, Baruly argent and gules. The same coat occurs among the Lyttelton and Sutton *alias* Dudley quarterings, brought in by Wake; but we have not met with any example of the coat within a componée bordure. William de Stuteville, the third husband of Margaret de Say, heiress of Richard's Castle, sealed with Baruly argent and gules, three cocks two and one sable.* He died, in the 43rd of Henry III., seised, *jure uxoris*, by the courtesy of England, of many lands in this county, the heir to which was Hugh de Mortimer, his step-son. See Say.

Sudeley.—Or, two bends gules. (N.)

Sir Bartholomew de Suleye, of Worcestershire bears this coat, with a label azure, in the roll of temp. Edward II., and Sir William de Suleye, of the same county, with a label baruly argent and azure. In the same roll John de Suleye, who was summoned to Parliament as a Baron from 1299 to 1321, bears the coat undifferenced. He died in 1336, and was succeeded by his grandson, John de Sudeley, then aged 30. This John had issue a daughter, Joan, eventually his heiress, married to William Boteler, of Wem, co. Salop, whose son, Thomas Boteler, succeeded to Sudeley Castle, in Gloucestershire, and the other possessions of the Sudeleys. See BOTELER.

Sulby, of Worcestershire.—Quarterly argent and gules. (Her. Dic.)

Sulliard.—Argent, a chevron gules between three pheons sable. (N.)

This coat occurs in Beoley church, impaling Sheldon, for Sir John Sulliard, of Wetherden, co. Suffolk, knt., and Philippa, his wife, daughter of Ralph Sheldon, of Beoley.

SURMAN. See SHERMAN.

^{*} William de Estoteville de la Marche bears this coat in the Roll of temp. Henry III.

Sutton, of Sutton.—Gules, a chevron between three mullets argent. (Penn MS.)

Sturmey, of Sutton, bore this coat. Glover attributes the same, but with the chevron and mullets or, to "George Sutton, gentleman usher to the Queen." (See Papworth's Ordinary.)

Sutton, of Bredon.—

The Rev. Henry Sutton, rector of Bredon, appeared at the Visitation of 1682-3, but exhibited no arms. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Bishop Prideaux, and had a son, Prideaux Sutton, also rector of Bredon, who married Mary, widow of the Rev. William Hallifax, D.D., and daughter of Henry Davenport, by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter of Sherington Talbot, of Lacock.

SUTTON, alias DUDLEY, Barons Dudley, of Dudley Castle.— John de Sutton, son of Richard de Sutton, by Isabella, his wife, daughter and heiress of William Patrick, married Margaret, eldest sister and co-heiress of John de Somerie, Lord Dudley, and had issue a son, John, who was summoned to Parliament as John de Sutton de Dudley, by writ dated the 25th of February, 16 Edward III. From him lineally descended John, Lord Dudley, K.G., whose son and heir, Sir Edmund Sutton alias Dudley, allied himself with a descendant and co-representative of the royal house of Plantagenet, viz., Joice Tiptoft, third daughter, and eventually co-heiress, of John, Lord Tiptoft, by Joice, his wife, second daughter and co-heiress of Edward Charlton, Lord Powys, and the Lady Eleanor, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Holland, Earl of Kent, son of Sir Thomas Holland, K.G., by the Lady Ioan Plantagenet, daughter and sole heiress of Prince Edmund, of Woodstock, son of King Edward the First. Sir Edmund died in his father's lifetime, leaving a son, Edward, who succeeded as Lord Dudley.

From him derived Edward, Lord Dudley, whose granddaughter, Frances (only child of his son, Sir Ferdinando Sutton alias Dudley, K.B.), succeeded on the death of her grandfather, in 1643, as Baroness Dudley, in her own right. Edward, Lord Dudley, lavished, it is stated, much of his fortune upon his concubine, Elizabeth Tomlinson, and his children by her; * and being largely indebted, for pecuniary advances, to William Ward, a wealthy London goldsmith, bestowed the hand of his granddaughter and heiress, the aforesaid Frances, upon that gentleman's only son, Humble Ward, who, in consideration that his wife was a eeress in her own right, was advanced by patent, in 1644, to the peerage, by the title of Baron Ward of Birmingham. By the Baroness Dudley, Lord Ward had issue two sons, Edward, who succeeded his mother as Lord Dudley, and his father as Lord Ward; and William Ward, from whom the present Earl+ of Dudley is descended. Frances, the granddaughter of Edward, became in her issue sole heiress of the Barony of Dudley. She married, in 1709, William Lea, of Halesowen Grange, and had issue an only surviving son, Ferdinando Dudley Lea, who succeeded his maternal uncle in 1740 as Lord Dudley. On his death unmarried the title fell into abeyance among his sisters, and still so continues among their representatives, the senior co-heir being Ferdinando

^{*} One of these children was the famous Dud Dudley, Colonel in the royal army during the civil wars, and one of the earliest Staffordshire iron masters. See Dudley.

[†] See Ward. The modern Earldom of Dudley must not be confounded with the ancient Barony. The latter was created by writ of summons, as above stated, in the reign of Edward III., and descends to the theirs general.

Dudley Lea-Smith, of Halesowen Grange. (See Lea and Smith.)—Or, a lion rampant double queuée vert, for Sutton alias Dudley; with numerous quarterings. Crest: In a ducal coronet or, a lion's head azure. Supporters; On either side a lion rampant vert ducally gorged and lined or. Motto: "Retribuam Domino laudem. (Trick of the arms of Edward Sutton, Lord Dudley, in an old MS. penes E. P. Shirley, esq.)

The Suttons frequently placed the two passant lions, which had been previously borne by the Someries and Paganels, in the first quarter of their escutcheon as the feudal coat of the Barony of Dudley, and quartered therewith the cross patonce of Malpas, or, as Erdeswick contends, the true paternal coat of Sutton. That writer calls the double-tailed lion "a new toy of my Lord Dudley's," and insinuates (as does also Dugdale) that it was first assumed by John Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, whose claim to belong to the Sutton family has been considered doubtful by several able genealogists. A green lion was, however, a very ancient bearing of Sutton. The quarterings to which the Barons Dudley were entitled are numerous, and comprise, inter alia the coats of Lexinton, Patrick, Malpas, Somerie, Paganel, Chacombe, Tiptoft, Charlton, Holland, Zouche, Quincy, Plantagenet, Wake, Fitz-Gilbert, Stuteville, &c.

Swift, of Worcester; as borne by William Swift,* of Worcester, esquire, father by Martha, his wife, daughter of . . . Beauchamp, of Newland, of Samuel Swift, mayor of Worcester in 1684, and representative in Parliament for the same city from 1695 to 1714. William Swift died in 1688, and his wife in the following year. The descent was recorded at the Visitation of 1682-3.—Or, a chevron nebulée argent and azure between three bucks courant proper.

These arms were disallowed at the Visitation. (See K. 4, Coll. Arm. fo. 48). Nebulée is an old form of vaire, and does not here

^{*} William Swift, of Mathon, was High Sheriff in the 28th of Charles II.

refer to the shape of the chevron. In the older coat of the Swifts of Goodrich, co. Hereford (from whom these Swifts were probably descended), the bucks were vert, but they subsequently bore the chevron vaire and the bucks proper. Their crest was A demi buck, in the mouth a honeysuckle stalked and leaved all proper. They claimed descent from "the rich mercer of Rotherham." Jonathan Swift, the famous Dean of St. Patrick's, was a member of the Goodrich family, being son of Jonathan Swift, and grandson of the Rev. Thomas Swift, vicar of Goodrich, who died in 1658. From Godwin Swift, an uncle of the Dean, was descended Deane Swift, of Worcester, who died in 1783, aged seventy-six. He derived his baptismal name from his maternal great-grandfather, Admiral Richard Deane, whose daughter Hannah was the third wife of the above Godwin Swift. (See Strong's Heraldry of Herefordshire; and the Herald and Genealogist, viii., 550.)

Swynfen, of Swynfen, co. Stafford; as borne by Henry Swynfen, who was Deputy Sheriff of this county under Robert Marmion, in the 34th of Henry II.—Per chevron sable and argent, in chief three leopard's faces or. (Nash.) See Lichfield.

Symonds, of Crowle and White-Ladies-Aston.—Thomas Symonds, of White-Ladies-Aston, was fined for not taking knighthood at the coronation of Charles I.; and Thomas Symonds, of the same place, was High Sheriff in the 22nd of Charles II. The pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1634, but no arms, Thomas Symonds having disclaimed all right thereto, affirming, according to Nash, that "his father and grandfather were yeomen, and so writ themselves." Nothing is said, however, in the original Visitation Book as to status.—Sable, three cups argent covered or. Crest: A vine branch fructed proper. (N.; and Penn MS.)

Captain Symonds, in his *Diary* (printed by the Camden Society), mentions a Mr. William Symonds, of Worcester, who gave him a copy of a very ancient document relating to Crowle and the Symonds

family. "It is (he says) in the Book of Sir Richard St. George, King of Heralds, and the armes there appeare, Sa. 3 cupps arg. covered or." We also learn from the same source that this Mr. Symonds had a nephew, Thomas, who was a captain in the royal army. These persons were in no way related to the diarist. Nash (i., 51, and ii., 438,) informs us that George Symonds, of White-Ladies-Aston, who died July 1st, 1664, was a great favourite of Oliver Cromwell, whom he entertained at his house the night before the battle of Worcester. A descendant, he says, of this gentleman was concerned in the murder of Mrs. Palmer, of Upton-Snodsbury, in 1707, for which crime he and the only son of the murdered lady, who was concerned with him in the perpetration of this foul deed, were executed and hung in chains, in 1708.

Symonds, of Pendock; as borne by the Rev. W. S. Symonds, lord of the manor, patron of the church, and incumbent of Pendock, descended from an old Herefordshire family, of whom was Robert Symonds, of Sugwas, High Sheriff of Herefordshire in 1702. Mr. Symonds is maternally descended from the Powells of Pengethley, baronets, his ancestor, Thomas Symonds, of Sugwas, having married Penelope, the younger of the two daughters and coheiresses of Sir John Williams, bart., and Mary, his wife, only daughter and heiress of Sir William Powell, alias Hinson, bart., of Pengethley. In her right, Thomas Symonds became possessed of Pengethley, where the elder branch of the family is now seated.—Sable, a dolphin embowed argent, in the mouth a fish proper. Crest: A dolphin as in the arms. Motto: "Miseris succurrere disco." (Book-plate; and information of Mr. Symonds.)

"The Symonds," says Browne Willis, in a letter to Mr. Symonds, of Pengethley, dated June 7th, 1721, "were a good family in Pembrokeshire. One John Simonds was governor of Cardigan from 1303 to 1309, and one Sir Richard Symonds, knt., was a good benefactor of St. David's Cathedral, and founded a Chauntry there to pray for

his soul and that of Eleanor, his wife." The pedigree of Powell, alias Hinson, was recorded at the Visitation of Middlesex in 1663.

Symson.—Per bend nebulée or and sable, a lion rampant counterchanged. (Penn MS.)

The coat probably of Leonard Symson, of Bromsgrove, a J.P. for Worcestershire in 1660. His name occurs in Penn's list of "those that were to find horse," and also in the list of Worcestershire gentry given in Blome's *Britannia*, 1673. His widow, Elizabeth, and his daughter, Sarah, were buried at Bromsgrove, the former in 1718, aged eighty-seven, and the latter in 1729, aged sixty-three.

TALBOT.—Argent, a chevron between three talbots passant sable. (N.)

The arms of Sir William Talbot, as in the old church of All Saints', Worcester. See Nash, Appendix, 131.

TALBOT, of Richard's Castle. See MORTIMER.

Talbot, of Grafton Manor.—" No family in England," says Mr. Shirley, "is more connected with the history of our country than this noble race; few are more highly allied. The Marches of Wales appear to be the original seat; afterwards we find the Talbots in Shropshire, in Staffordshire (where their estates were inherited from the Verdons, in the time of the Edwards), and lastly in Yorkshire, at Sheffield, derived from the great heiress of Neville Lord Furnival." The first of this great historical family who possessed the manor of Grafton was Sir Gilbert Talbot, K.G., second surviving son of John, second Earl of Shrewsbury, who obtained, in recognition of his great services, a grant from King Henry VII. of the manors of Grafton and Upton-Warren, and several other estates in Hanbury, Bromsgrove, Kingsnorton, and elsewhere,

which had been forfeited to the crown on the attainder of Sir Humphrey Stafford. Sir Gilbert died in the year 1517, having had issue by his first wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Ralph, Baron of Greystoke, a son and successor, Sir Gilbert Talbot, knt., who died in 1542, leaving by Anne, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Paston, three daughters, his co-heiresses, viz., Elizabeth, wife of John Lyttelton, of Frankley (see Lyttelton); Mary, wife of Thomas Astley, of Patshul; and Margaret, wife of Robert Newport, of Rushock. He also had issue by Elizabeth Winter, widow, whom he appears to have afterwards married, several natural children. memoir.) Sir Gilbert was succeeded by his half-brother, Sir John Talbot, called "of Albrighton," who was twice married; first to Margaret, daughter and sole heiress of Adam Troutbeck, by whom he was father of John Talbot, of Grafton; and secondly to Elizabeth, daughter of Walter Wrottesley, of Wrottesley, co. Stafford, by whom he had issue John Talbot, of Salwarpe. John Talbot, of Grafton, succeeded, and was grandfather of George Talbot, of Grafton, who succeeded his kinsman as 9th Earl of Shrewsbury, but dying without issue, was succeeded by his nephew, John, as 10th Earl, from whom the late Bertram Arthur, 17th Earl of Shrewsbury, was descended. On the death of the latter, in 1856, unmarried, the Earldom was claimed, and after a protracted enquiry adjudged, in 1858, to Earl Talbot, of Ingestre, who proved his descent from John Talbot, of Salwarpe, This John, of Salwarpe, half-brother of John, of Grafton. married Olive, third daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Sherington, of Lacock, co. Wilts, and was succeeded by

his eldest son, Sherington Talbot, of Salwarpe, Lacock, and Rudge, the male descendants of whose eldest and other sons by his first wife, eventually became extinct, and whose son by his second wife, William Talbot, of Whittington Hall, and Stourton Castle, in Staffordshire (near Stourbridge), was father of William Talbot, D.D., Bishop of Durham, &c., whose son, Charles Talbot, Lord High Chancellor of England, was created Baron Talbot, of Hensol, in 1733, and was direct ancestor of the successful claimant, Henry John, 3rd Earl Talbot, who thus became 18th Earl of Shrewsbury.—Gules, a lion rampant within a bordure engrailed* or. Crest: On a chapeau a lion statant tail extended or. Supporters: Two talbots argent. Motto: "Prest d'accomplir."

The ancient arms of Talbot were, Bendy of ten argent and gules,† and they occasionally bore, as their paternal coat, Azure, a lion rampant within a plain bordure or, the arms of Roger de Montgomery, or de Belesme, Earl of Shrewsbury. The present coat is said to be that of Rhys ap Griffith, Prince of South Wales, and was assumed by the descendants of Gilbert Talbot (who died in the 2nd of Edward I.), by Gwendoline, his wife, daughter, and eventually heiress, of the said Rhys. The Garter-plate of Sir Gilbert Talbot, of Grafton, displays six coats: 1st, Montgomery; 2nd, Rhys ap Griffith; 3rd, Gules, a saltire argent charged with a martlet sable, for Neville, Lord Furnival; 4th, Argent, a bend between six martlets gules for Furnival; 5th, Or, a fret gules, for Verdon; 6th, Argent, two lions passant in pale gules, for Strange, of Blackmere. They also quartered Comyn of Badenoch, Valence, Monchensey, Marshal, Strongbow, McMurrough, Strange, Giffard, Clifford, Neville, Bulmer, Midelham. Glanville, Clavering, Nigel of Halton, Lizours, Merley, Furnival, Lovetot, Verdon, Lacy, &c., &c., all of which coats are likewise quar-

de or. (Nicolas Roll.)

† "Richard Thalebot" bears the coat in or and gules in the Roll of temp.

Henry III. and Edward I.

^{*} The bordure was formerly borne *indented*. Sir "Gilberd Talebot," bore *temp*. Edward II., "De goules, à un lion rampand de or, od la bordure *indenté* de or. (Nicolas Roll.)

tered by Lyttelton in right of the match with the co-heiress of Sir Gilbert Talbot.

TALBOT, of Elmbridge.—This family was founded by Walter Talbot, gent., one of the natural sons* of Sir Gilbert Talbot, of Grafton, by Elizabeth Winter. It is noticed in the Visitation Book of 1569, and was allowed to bear the Talbot escutcheon debruised by a sinister bendlet. Walter Talbot had Cassye's Farm, in Elmbridge, by gift of his father; he married Elizabeth, daughter of Roger Winter, of Huddington, and died at Elmbridge on the 20th of March, 1588, having had issue :--Gilbert, aged twenty-six in 1569, who married Mary Smith, of Chaddesley-Corbett, but died without issue in his father's lifetime; John, aged twenty-one in 1569, who was found by inquisition to be his father's heir, and then aged forty; Thomas, aged fifteen in 1569; and four daughters. John Talbot succeeded his father at Cassye's Farm, and died at Elmbridge on the 29th of November, 1623, leaving a son and heir, Francis, then aged forty years and upwards. was stated by Sir Roundell Palmer, at the Shrewsbury Peerage claim, that several children of Francis were baptized at Elmbridge in 1618, 1619, 1624, and 1631; and also another son of John Talbot, gent., and Ruth, his

^{*} Besides Walter, Sir Gilbert Talbot had by Elizabeth Winter a son, Humphrey, and two daughters, Eleanor and Margaret, the former married to Geoffrey Dudley, of Russell's Hall. The will of Humphrey Talbot, of Bromsgrove, gent., was produced in evidence at the Shrewsbury claim. It is dated September 13th, 1566, and was proved Nov. 15th, 1571. He mentions his wife, Anne, whom he appoints executrix, his children John, Elizabeth, and Francis, all then young (John was under sixteen); his wife's children, William, Nicholas, and Elizabeth Chapman. He desires that his son John may have a liberal education, either at Oxford or at one of the Inns of Court, or Chancery, and he appoints "Mr. John Lyttelton, esquire, of Frankley," overseer.

wife. He further stated that one, Gilbert Talbot, "who appeared to be a younger son of Sir Gilbert," was buried there in 1584; but this was evidently Walter's eldest son, who certainly died before 1588. The family did not appear at either of the subsequent Visitations.—Quarterly of six as on the Garter-plate of Sir Gilbert Talbot (see preceding memoir), a crescent for difference; the whole debruised with a bendlet sinister azure. (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 36; and Evidence and Documents in the Shrewsbury Peerage Claim, 1858.)

Talbot, of Kidderminster and Wolverley.—" This family," says Burke (Landed Gentry), "which removed from Wolverley to Kidderminster in 1656, claims to be descended from a branch of the house of Shrewsbury, and has long used the old Talbot arms." Mr. Walford adds (County Families), that the family is "supposed to be descended from a younger son of Sir John Talbot, of Albrighton, who removed to Wolverley."—Arms, crest, and motto, (used by the family) as Talbot of Grafton.

After the very searching investigation of the Talbot pedigree in the Shrewsbury claim of peerage, it is somewhat surprising to find a family putting forth a claim to be descended from "one of the younger sons of Sir John Talbot," a claim which we apprehend is quite incapable of being established. But under "Hancocks of Wolverley," in Burke's Landed Gentry, we find a still bolder assertion, viz., that Elizabeth, the wife of William Hancocks (daughter of Samuel Talbott, of Wolverley), was the "representative of a family seated there (Wolverley) for centuries, of whom Nash, in his History of Worcestershire, says, they held their estates, without interruption, from the time of the invasion of the Conqueror, 1066." We have failed to discover any such statement in Nash, and it is perfectly clear that the Talbots of Wolverley, though resident in that parish for 250 years, were simple yeomen. The name first appears in the parish registers in 1589,* in which year, on the 16th of October, William

^{*} The registers commence in 1539.

Talbot was married to Jane Brettell. In 1591, James Talbot and Catherine, the wife of James Talbot, were buried, she on the 19th of May, and he on the 25th of June. In 1592 and following years, are entries of the baptisms of children of Francis and Anne Talbot, and of the above William and Jane. From this date the name occurs frequently. The last entry appears to be the burial of Hannah Talbot, widow, on the 8th of February, 1803, aged sixty. This lady, whose maiden name was Green, was married at Wolverley, in 1761, to Samuel Talbot, and had the following children baptized at Wolverley: Molly, William, Elizabeth, Samuel, Hannah, Sarah, and John who died an infant. Of these, Elizabeth (stated in Burke's Landed Gentry to have been "eventually heiress of Samuel Talbott, esq."), was married on the 29th of December, 1790, to William Hancocks, of Wolverley; and Hannah, on the 4th of January, 1796, to Benson Waldron, by whom she had a son, Thomas Talbott Waldron, baptized in 1804. When Earl Talbot's claim to the Earldom of Shrewsbury was under consideration, Henry Talbott, a shoemaker, of Stourbridge, a descendant of the Wolverley family, put forth a claim to the title, but it was not proceeded with. The Kidderminster branch is descended immediately from Samuel Talbot, born in 1726, the son of Thomas Talbot. See Burke, ut supra.

TALBOYS.—Argent, a saltire gules, on a chief of the second three escallops of the first. (N.)

The arms of Elizabeth Baroness Talboys, who, with her husband, Thomas Wimbish, of Nocton, co. Lincoln, had a grant of the manor of Earl's Croome in the 38th of Henry VIII. (See Nash, i., 266.)

TATLYNTON, of Tredington. See Frankley.

TATSHALL, of Tatshall.—Checky or and gules, a chief ermine. (Penn MS.)

This is the coat of the Barons Tatteshall, of Tateshall, co. Lincoln.

Taylor, of Fockbury; as exhibited at the Visitation of 1682-3, but disallowed for want of proof.—A lion rampant debruised by a bend charged with three escallops. Crest: A falcon rising. (K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 157.)

Burke (General Armory) attributes to Taylor (no county or place), Azure, a lion rampant argent depressed by a bend gules with three escallops of the second. (No crest.) Papworth ascribes the coat to "Taylor, of the North," and cites Withie's Additions to Glover, in Harl MS., 1459, A.D. 1628.

TAYLOR, of Winterfold, in Chaddesley Corbett; as borne by Thomas Taylor, of Winterfold, who married Anne, daughter of the Rev. Richard Tristram, of Belbroughton. The heiress married Wheeler, and the family is now represented by the Harwards, through the marriage of the late Rev. Thomas Harward with Anne, daughter of William Wheeler, of Winterfold.—Argent, on a chief sable two boar's heads couped close of the field. (Impalement in a pedigree of the Tristram family, compiled by Cromp, circa 1708.)

These arms, with the crest, A martin passant or, were granted to Taylour, of Parkhouse, Kent, in 1588. (See the Heraldic Dictionaries.) Thomas and Silvester Taylor, both of Chaddesley, disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1634.

TAYLOR, of Worcester.—Or, on a fesse dancettée between three eagles displayed sable, as many lozenges argent. (Penn MS.)

Nash notices a memorial in St. Andrew's church, Worcester, to Dorothy (who died in 1686), wife of George Cooksey, and daughter of Henry Taylor, of Worcester, clothier, a Justice of the Peace for the city, whereon is the coat of Cooksey impaling a fesse dancettée between three spread eagles. Henry Taylor was mayor of Worcester in 1666, and Rowland Taylor in 1675. The latter disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1682-3.

TAYLOR, of Welland.—Sable, a lion passant argent. (N.)

This coat was borne by Ralph Taylor, of Welland, who married Penelope, daughter of Nicholas Lechmere, and died in 1676, aged thirty-nine. (M.I. at Welland.) Edward Taylor, esq., was a landowner at Welland in 1705.

TAYLOR, of Norton, near Evesham, and of Middle Hill, Broadway.—The Rev. William Taylor, D.D., of Norton, had issue by Judith, his wife, sister of Arthur Charlett, master of University College, Oxford, two sons: Ralph, D.D., rector of Severn-Stoke, who died at Rotterdam; and Francis, of South Littleton, D.D., who by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter of William Rawlins, of Salford, co. Warwick, had issue: Francis, who died s.p.; William, recorder and M.P. for Evesham, who in 1724 erected the mansion at Middle Hill, and died s.p. in 1741, aged forty-four; Elizabeth, wife of John Tandy; and Anne, married to Gabriel Small, of London.—Sable, a lion statant argent. Crest: An ounce statant proper. (M.I. at Broadway.)

The same bearings, with an annulet for difference, were confirmed on the 16th of December, 1600, to Thomas Taylor, of Battersea, co. Surrey, gent., the son of John Taylor, of Haselden Grange, co. Gloucester, descended from a family originally resident at Carlisle. (Harl. MS. 1041, fo. 76b.)

TAYLOR, of Strensham Court, and Moseley Hall.—John Taylor of Birmingham, and of Bordesley Park, a wealthy manufacturer, the son of Jonathan Taylor, of Birmingham, and grandson of Jonathan Taylor, of London, was High Sheriff of Warwickshire in 1756. His eldest surviving son, John Taylor, of Bordesley, and of Moseley Hall, was likewise Sheriff of Warwickshire in 1786. He married Sarah, daughter of Samuel Skey, of Spring Grove, Bewdley, and died in 1814, leaving issue John Taylor, of Strensham Court, High Sheriff of Worcestershire in 1817, who died s.p., and James, of Moseley Hall, who also served as High Sheriff of this county in 1826. Mr. James Taylor married, first, in 1814, Louisa, daughter and coheiress of Samuel Skey, of Spring Grove, by whom he

was father of the present James Arthur Taylor, of Strensham, born in 1817, some time M.P. for the eastern division of Worcestershire, who is married and has issue; and, secondly, in 1825, Anne-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Walter Michael Moseley, of Buildwas, co. Salop, and by her had issue a son, William Francis Taylor, of Moseley Hall, born in 1830.—Argent, guttée de poix, on a chief dancettée sable a pale between two escallops of the first charged with an escallop of the second. Crest: A demi-lion proper, semée of escallops sable, holding between the paws a saltire of the last surmounted by an escallop argent. Motto: "Fidelis usque ad mortem."* (Burke's Landed Gentry, and Authorized Arms.)

Temple, of the Nash, Kempsey.—Sir William Temple, bart., purchased the Nash estate about the year 1738. He had issue by his first wife, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Peter Paxton, M.D., an only surviving child, Henrietta, married to William Dickin, of Stanton, co. Salop; and by his second, Elizabeth, daughter of Hugh Ethersey, an only daughter, married to her kinsman, Richard Temple, who succeeded as seventh baronet. Sir Richard Temple possessed the Nash in 1779; he died without issue in 1786, when the baronetcy was assumed by a distant relative, and the Nash estate devolved upon John Dickin, of Stonehouse, co. Devon (eldest son and heir of the abovenamed William Dickin and Henrietta, his wife), who, by royal license dated the 23rd of September, 1796, assumed

^{*} This is a recent grant. The bearings used by the late James Taylor were those granted to Taylor, of London and Lancashire, in 1674, viz.—Ermine, on a chief indented sable three escallops or. Crest: A demi-lion ermine supporting an escallop or. (See Burke's Heraldic Illustrations.)

the surname and arms of Temple. The present Richard Temple, of the Nash, is the eldest son of John Temple, by Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Boger, R.N.—Quarterly first and fourth, Or, an eagle displayed sable, for *Leofric*; second and third, Argent, two bars sable, on each three martlets or, for *Temple*. Crest: On a ducal coronet or, a martlet of the same. Motto: "Templa quam dilecta." (Baronetages; and Herald and Genealogist.)

Tennant, of The Eades, Upton-on-Severn; as borne by Major George Tennant, of the Eades, third son of the late William Tennant, of Little Aston Hall, Shenstone, co. Stafford, by the Hon. Maria Charlotte Pelham, third daughter of Charles, first Lord Yarborough; and grandson of William Tennant, of the same place, by Mary, daughter of the Rev. John Wylde, of Belbroughton.— Ermine, two bars sable charged with three bezants, two on the upper and one on the lower bar, on a canton argent, a chief of the second charged with a cross pattée between two martlets of the third. Crest: A lion passant guardant gules resting the dexter fore-paw upon an escutcheon ermine thereon two bars charged as in the arms. (Shaw's Staffordshire; and Burke's Armory.)

TERRETT, of Chaseley.—Ermine, a castle . . . in chief a crescent . . . (Dr. Prattinton.)

Richard Terrett, of Chaseley, gent., was fined £15 for not taking knighthood at the coronation of Charles I. He disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1634.

THACKWELL, of Rye Court.—This family is stated by Burke to be descended from William Thackwell, Marshal of the Admiralty, who died in 1565. Stephen Thackwell, of Rye Court, born in 1692, married, in 1718, Elizabeth,

eldest daughter of William Cam, of Wilton Place, co. Gloucester, by Mary, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Joseph Cam, of London. He was father of John Thackwell, of Rye Court, lord of the manors of Birtsmorton and Berrow, who married Judith Daffey, stated to be descended from the Egioke family, by whom he had, with other issue, John, his successor, and the late gallant Lieut.-General, Sir Joseph Thackwell, G.C.B. The eldest son and heir, John Thackwell, was father of the present John Cam Thackwell, of Wilton Place, Rye Court, &c.—Quarterly, first and fourth, Paly of six or and gules, a maunch argent semée-de-lis azure, for Thackwell; second and third, Per pale azure and gules, a cross engrailed erminois, in the first and fourth quarters thereof a water-bouget or, for Cam. Crest: Within a chaplet of oak proper, a dragon's head reversed paly of six or and gules, transpierced with an arrow barbed and Mottoes: "Frappe fort," and flighted also proper. "Mihi solicitudo futuri." (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

THIMBLEBY.—Argent, three pallets and four mullets in bend sable. (Penn MS.)

THOMAS; as borne by William Thomas, Bishop of Worcester, from 1683 to 1689. This prelate was the son of John Thomas, a linen-draper at Bristol, who claimed to be descended from a branch of the house of Herbert. The bishop's son, John Thomas, married Mary, daughter of William Bagnall, of Wick, and by her was father of an only son, Dr. William Thomas, the author of A Survey of the Cathedral Church of Worcester, editor of Dugdale's Warwickshire, and the compiler of the list of arms,

quarterings, and impalements of Worcestershire families, printed in Nash's second volume. Dr. Thomas was born in 1671, and was presented to the rectory of St. Nicholas. Worcester, in 1723. He fully intended, if Providence had spared him, to have published a history of Worcestershire, and with this view, had carefully examined and transcribed many of the registers of the bishops. He likewise visited every church in the county, and made considerable additions to the collections of Habingdon. To these labours Nash was very greatly indebted; and his church notes were of great service, by explaining defaced arms and obliterated inscriptions. Dr. Thomas married Elizabeth, only daughter of George Carter, of Brill, co. Bucks, by whom he had five sons and nine daughters; he died on the 26th of July, 1738, aged 68, and is buried near his grandfather, in the cloisters of the cathedral at Worcester.—Per pale azure and gules, three lions rampant argent. (Monument of Bishop Thomas; Nash; and Green's Worcester, ii., 103.)

THOMAS, of Claines; as quartered by Porter at the Visitation of 1634.—Sable, three pheons argent. (C. 30, Coll. Arm. fo. 75; and Penn MS.)

"Heare," (says Penn), "you see what coat they bear, leaving their owne, which was Gules, three lioncels passant guardant or, a labell argent, a cressant for difference. But what the occasion thereof might be I cannot yet be satisfied, therefore I shall leave it, and I think it may rest, the familie being extinct." This is curious, if true, for the coat they "left" is that of *Thomas* Plantagenet, of Brotherton, Earl of Norfolk, son of King Edward I., and ancestor, maternally, of the Howards, Berkeleys, &c.

THORESBY, Bishop of Worcester from 1349 to 1352.—Argent, a chevron between three lions rampant sable. (Bedford.)

- THORNBURGH, of Elmley Lovett, and Suckley; as borne by Dr. John Thornburgh, Bishop of Worcester from 1617 to 1641, and by his sons, Sir Benjamin Thornburgh, knt.; Edward Thornburgh, archdeacon of Worcester; Sir Thomas Thornburgh, of Elmley Lovett, knt (who married Helen, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Sir John Acton, of Elmley, knt.); and the Rev. William Thornburgh,* canon of Worcester. The pedigree was recorded at the Visitations of 1634 and 1682-3.—Ermine fretty gules, a chief of the second. (C. 30, and K. 4, Coll. Arm. ff. 65, 134; and Penn MS.)
- THORNHILL.—Gules, two bars gemelles and a chief argent, (Penn MS.)
- ThornHill.—Argent, a cross patonce azure between four Cornish choughs proper. (Penn MS.)
- Throckmorton, of Throckmorton and Harvington; and of Coughton, co. Warwick.—This family was seated, according to Dugdale, at Throckmorton, or the Rock-moor's town, in the parish of Fladbury, about sixty years before the Norman Conquest. John Throckmorton, of Throckmorton, living in 1339, married Agnes or Anne, daughter and heiress of Sir Richard Aberbury, of Aberbury, otherwise Adderbury, in Oxfordshire, and had issue by her a son Thomas, who, by an heiress of the family of Besford, was father of Sir John Throckmorton, under treasurer of England in the reign of Henry V. "This John was,"

^{*} Anne, elder daughter of Canon Thornburgh, married James Nash, attorneyat-law, and had a daughter, Elizabeth, married to Francis Oldnall, of Worcester, to whose memory there is a monument in St. Andrew's church, Worcester. Francis Oldnall died in 1718, and Elizabeth, his widow, in 1748. They were the great-grandparents of Sir William Oldnall-Russell, knt.

says Leland, "the first setter up of his name to any worship in Throckmerton village, the which was at that tyme neither of his inheritance or purchase, but as a thing taken of the sete of Wicestre in farme, because he bore the name of the lordship and village." He married Eleanor, younger daughter and co-heiress of Guido de la Spine, or Spiney,* in whose right he became possessed of Coughton, co. Warwick, which has ever since been the principal seat of the family. He died on the 23rd of April, 1445, and was buried at Fladbury. The under treasurer's son, Thomas Throckmorton, married Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Robert Olney, † of Westonunder-Wood, Bucks, by Goditha, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of William Bosom. From him descended. after several generations, Robert Throckmorton, of Coughton, who was created a baronet in 1642. third baronet, Sir Robert Throckmorton, of Coughton, and of Weston, Bucks, acquired the Harvington estate in marriage with Mary, only surviving sister and heiress of Sir John Yate, bart, and granddaughter of Sir John Yate, by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Humphrey Pakington, of Harvington and Chaddesley.—Gules, on a chevron argent three bars gemelles sable; quartering Aberbury, Besford, Spiney, Wyke, Olney, Bosom, Whorwood, Monson, Yate, Pakington, Harding, and others. I Crest: An elephant's head erased sable eared or; also,

† This match brought the Weston estate to the family.

^{*} By the heiress of Wyke, and descended maternally from the Coughtons, or Coctons, of Coughton.

[†] The usual atchievement of Throckmorton is thus marshalled: — Throckmorton, Aberbury, Olney, Spiney, Reveshyllyn, Bosom, and Wyke. See OLNEY.

A falcon rising proper armed, jessed, and belled or.* Mottoes: "Virtus sola nobilitas," and "Moribus antiquis." (Nash, i., 142; Dugdale's Warwickshire; Lipscomb's Bucks, iv., 398; and Shirley's Noble and Gentlemen.)

Thruxston, or Throughston, of Thruxston.—Quarterly 1st and 4th Ermine, three griffin's heads erased sable, for Thruxston; 2nd and 3rd, Argent, two bars azure, on a canton of the last a cinquefoil or, for Pypard. Crest: A pelican in her nest argent, vulned proper, feeding her young or.

These quartered arms were confirmed and the crest granted by Robert Cooke, Clarenceux, on the 12th of October, 1575, to Thomas Thruxston, of Thruxston, co. Worcester, gent., son of John, the son and heir of William, the son and heir of Thomas Thruxston, "that married the daughter and heire of Sir Olyver Pypard, knt., that lived in the tyme of Kg. E. iij., to the aforesaid Thomas and his posterity, and the posterity of John, his father." (Add. MS. 14,295; See also Harl. MSS. 1069, 1422, and 1507.)

Thurgrim, of Dormston, and of Batsford. co. Gloucester; the heiress, Joan, only child of Richard Thurgrim, married Thomas Hodington, son of Walter Hodington, and Agnes, his wife, née Cassey.—Argent, on a bend engrailed cottised sable three mullets pierced of the field. (N.)

This coat occurs at Inkberrow and elsewhere, impaled by Hodington, but in the Visitation book of 1533 (H. 20, Coll. Arm., fo. 60), the cottises are omitted.

THURSTON, of Worcester.—Or, on a canton azure a falcon

^{*} This crest is borne, it is said, in memory of one of the family who, hawking in Hampshire, his hawk flew a partridge over the sea into the Isle of Wight, and there killed it. (See Kent's Banner Displayed, p. 181.)

volant jessed and belled of the first. (Dr. Prattinton, from Whittingham.)

The Heraldic Dictionaries ascribe this coat to "Thurstone, of Elston, co. Huntingdon," with the crest, A wolf's head or, pierced through the neck with an arrow gules, headed and feathered argent, vulned of the second.

TIMBRILL, of Bretforton; as borne by John Timbrill, High Sheriff in 1760.—Gules (or azure) a wyvern or. Crest: A demi wyvern or. (Dr. Prattinton.)

TIPTOFT, Baron Tiptoft, and Earl of Worcester.—John de Tiptoft, Lord Tiptoft, K.G., was created Earl of Worcester in 1449. Being a staunch Yorkist, he was on the temporary restoration of Henry VI. seized and beheaded on Tower Hill, in 1470, when all his honours became forfeited. His son Edward appears to have been restored in blood, but died unmarried and under age in 1485, when the Earldom became extinct, while the Barony of Tiptoft fell into abeyance among his aunts, the daughters of John, Lord Tiptoft, by Joice, daughter and co-heiress of Edward Charlton, Lord Powys. Joice, the third of these co-heiresses, espoused Edmund Sutton, son and heir apparent of John, Lord Dudley, whose senior representative is Ferdinando Dudley Lea-Smith, of Halesowen Grange, by whom the arms of Tiptoft are quartered.—Argent, a saltire engrailed gules, quartering Charlton, Holland, Zouche, Plantagenet, Wake, and others.

TIRRY. See WINTER.

Toke, or Tokey, of Worcester; as granted to George Toke,

of Worcester, gent., by Dethick *Norroy*, King of Arms, on the 6th of October, in the 1st of Edward VI.—Azure, a fesse or, on a canton of the last a lion's gamb erased of the field armed gules. Crest: An ibex's head azure, tufted or, collared gemelle of the last, langued gules. (Harl. MS. 1116, fo. 75.)

These arms were granted, it is stated, to the said George Toke, "in consideration of his descent from ancestors undefamed, and of his manful and discreet conduct on various occasions, especially under the Earl of Warwick, at Musselburgh, in Scotland." The Tokes, or Tokeys, of Tokington, bore, Argent, three cinquefoils sable; a coat which the Heraldic Dictionaries ascribe to Toke, while to "Tokye, of Worcestershire," they attribute the arms of Wolmer, one of which family married an heiress of Toke in the reign of Henry VI. The same authorities attribute to "Touke, of Worcester," Azure, a fesse or, in chief a lion's gamb erased of the second, in base a cinquefoil argent; quartering Argent, three cinquefoils sable. Crest: A leopard's head couped azure spotted or. To "Towlons, or Towlowes, of Warwickshire and Worcestershire," they also attribute, Quarterly ermine and sable, four cinquefoils counterchanged. A family named Tallowes, of Warwickshire, bore, Per pale and per chevron ermine and sable, four cinquefoils counterchanged. See Wolmer.

Tolley, of Dod Oak, Shrawley.—Two bars engrailed, on the first three mullets, on the second three escallops, in the dexter canton a right hand. (Dr. Prattinton.)

A family named *Toll*, of Hampshire, bears, according to Burke, Argent, on two bars engrailed gules as many martlets or, and three escallops of the field, on a canton azure a dexter hand in bend of the first. Crest: A boar's head.

Tomkyns.—Azure, on a chevron between three pheasants or, as many crosses bottonée sable. (Penn MS.)

This family, or branches of it, were of Monnington and of Buckenhill, in Herefordshire; the latter bore the chevron uncharged. Mr. Strong, in his *Heraldry of Herefordshire*, attributes two crests to the Buckenhill family: 1st, A lion rampant or, supporting a broken tilting spear argent, and 2nd, Out of a ducal coronet a broken battle-axe proper. And to Tomkyns of Monnington he ascribes for crest: A

unicorn's head erased per fesse argent and or, armed, &c., of the last, gorged with a chaplet of laurel vert. (See also Duncumb's Hereford-shire.) "Mr. Nathaniell Tomkins," (of Elmbridge) occurs in Penn's list of those who were to find horse in Worcestershire.

Toney.—Argent, a maunch gules. (N.)

This is the coat of the Barons Toney, who were descended from Ralph de Todeni, a noble Norman, standard-bearer to William the Conqueror, at the battle of Hastings. Ralph was one of the Domesday landholders in this country, his chief seat being at Abberley. Robert de Toney, a descendant of Ralph, died without issue about 1311, when his estate devolved upon his sister, Alice, whose second husband, Guy de Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, held Abberley in her right. The coat also occurs among the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley.

TORNELL, of Worcestershire.—Gules, three chevrons vaire. (Her. Dic.)

A gross corruption or misreading of Turville, whose coat this is.

Tovey, of Knightwick.—Azure, an eagle displayed argent. Crest: An eagle displayed or. (Burke's Landed Gentry.) Towlons, or Towlowes. See Toke.

Townshend, of Elmley Lovett.—This family derived from Sir Robert Townshend, of Ludlow, knt., Chief Justice of Chester, temp. Henry VIII., a younger brother of John Townshend, ancestor of the Marquis Townshend. His grandson, Robert Townshend, living at the Visitation of 1634, married Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Acton, of Elmley Lovett, knt., and thus became of Elmley, where his son, Henry Townshend, was living at the Visitation of 1682-3. The manor and estate of Elmley Lovett subsequently came to the family of Forester.— Azure, a chevron ermine between three escallops argent. Crest: A stag trippant proper. (C. 30, and K. 4, Coll. Arm., ff. 83 and 46; and Nash, i., 378.) See Forester.

- Toye, of Kidderminster.—Argent, on a fesse between two chevrons gules three mullets of the field. (M.I. at Kidderminster.)
- Toye.—Sable, on a bend argent three crosses crosslet gules. (Penn MS.)

Papworth attributes this coat to Tey, of Northumberland.

TRACY; as borne temp. Edward II. by Sir William de Tracy, of Worcestershire.—Or, two bends gules, between them, in the dexter chief, an escallop sable. (Nicolas Roll.)

The chief seat of this family was at Todington, co. Gloucester, where they were resident temp. Henry II. They were paternally descended from William, second son of John de Sudeley, by Grace, daughter of Henry de Tracy; which William assumed his mother's surname of Tracy, and his posterity bore the Sudeley arms, differenced with an escallop, as above. The Tracy arms were quartered by Folliott, of Pirton, in right of the marriage of Francis Folliott with Alice, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Tracy, of North Piddle. (Harl. M.S., 1566; Rudder's Gloucestershire, p. 770; Lodge's Irish Peerage, iii., 21; and Nash, ii., 188.)

Trayley.—Or, a cross between four martlets gules. (N.)

Borne by Walter Trayley, whose daughter and heiress, Katherine, married James de Pabenham, and had issue a daughter and heiress, married to Sir William Hugford, knt. (See Pabenham.)

- TRENTHAM.—Argent, three griffin's heads erased sable. (N.)

 This coat occurs at Beoley, impaling Sheldon, for Francis Trentham, of Rocester, co. Stafford, and Katherine, his wife, daughter of Ralph Sheldon, of Beoley.
- TRIMNELL, or TRYMNELL, of Oakley Hall, Salwarpe.—The descent and arms of this family were recorded at the Visitations of 1569 and 1634. Its representative in the 17th century was Thomas Trimnell, of Oakley, who was fined £12 for not taking knighthood at the coronation of Charles I. He founded a school at Salwarpe, and was

also a benefactor to the parishes of Stone and Claines. His only daughter and heiress, Mary, was married to John Talbot, second son of John Talbot, of Salwarpe, by whom she was mother of John Talbot, of Oakley, who died in 1666, and devised the Oakley estate to his relative, Talbot Barker.*—Argent, a cross engrailed and a canton gules, the whole debruised by a bendlet azure. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 58b; Harl. MSS. 615 and 1566; and Nash, ii., 337.)

In the Visitation Book of 1569 (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 41), and in the Penn MS., the bendlet is tinctured sable.

Tristram, of Moor Hall, Belbroughton,—The first of this family that settled in Worcestershire was the Rev. Thomas Tristram, of Balliol College, Oxford, a Shropshire gentleman, who was appointed rector of Belbroughton in 1610. He married for his first wife Mary, daughter of the Rev. Richard Vernon, of Hanbury, and with her fortune purchased the advowson of the church of Belbroughton, which was afterwards sold to St. John's College, Oxford. He married secondly a daughter of Mr. Blicke, of Bromsgrove, and died in December, 1640, having had issue by his first wife an only son, Richard, who succeeded him as rector of Belbroughton, and a daughter, Elizabeth, married to Townshend; and by his second, three sons: John, a noted physician, who had the advowson of Belbroughton, and whose son and grandson (both named Henry), were rectors of Belbroughton: William, t of Oldswinford, whose daughter, Mary,

^{*} This gentleman died without issue in 1719.

⁺ This William Tristram (says the MS. of his relative, Dr. Tristram), "in-

was married to William Penn, of Harborough Hall, and was grandmother of William Shenstone, the Poet; and Andrew Tristram, who was appointed "Minister of God's Word," at Clent, in January, 1649, but refusing to conform after the restoration, became, in 1667, a licentiate of the College of Physicians, and settled at Bridgnorth, where he practised his profession. The Rev. Richard Tristram (eldest son of the Rev. Thomas, by his first wife), was appointed rector of Belbroughton, on the 1st of February, 1641. He purchased the Moor Hall estate, one moiety in 1654, and the other in 1657; he was thrice married, first, about 1637, to Anne, daughter of James Perrott, of Bell Hall, by whom he had (probably with other issue), an only daughter, married to Roger Waldron, of the Gildeshouse, Belbroughton; secondly, to Anne, daughter and heiress of John Heming, of Hanbury; and thirdly, to the daughter or widow of . . . Russell, of Rowley, co. Stafford. He died on the 10th of February, 1691, and was succeeded by his son (by his second wife,) John Tristram, of Moor Hall, who married Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Lancelot Nicholls, of Bow Hills, Alveley, co. Salop, and dying in 1734, aged seventy-six, was suc-

vented the first round glass house in these parts, and greatly improved the art of making flint glass, and of purifying iron for making steel." Besides his daughter, Mary, mentioned above, he had two sons, William, of Oldswinford, who married in 1692 his cousin, Elizabeth Waldron; and the Rev. Thomas Tristram, rector of Allesley, near Coventry, from 1692 to 1723, who married Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of Daniel Dun, and died on the 8th of September, 1723, aged fifty-seven, leaving issue (with others) a son, the Rev. Thomas Tristram, M.A., of Pembroke College, Oxford, rector of Castle Coombe, co. Wilts, and afterwards vicar of Hampton, who died without issue on the 16th of February, 1738. There are two handsome monuments in Allesley church to these gentlemen, surmounted with the Tristram arms.

ceeded by his only son, John Tristram, of Moor Hall, M.B., the friend and correspondent of Bishop Lyttelton. Dr. Tristram practised for some time as a physician in London, but subsequently came to reside at Moor Hall, where he busied himself in literary pursuits. He was of University College, Oxford, where he graduated B.A. in 1700, M.A. in 1703, and M.B. in 1706. He was twice married, first to Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Peter Parker, of London, who died without issue; and secondly to Lætitia, only surviving child of Thomas Jones, of London, apothecary, by whom he had three sons* and four daughters. His eldest son, John Tristram, of Moor Hall, was High Sheriff of Worcestershire in 1773, and died in 1786, leaving issue by Betty, his wife, daughter and coheiress of Nicholas Bennet, + of the Breach and Brookfield House, Belbroughton, an only son John, of Moor Hall, who married in 1779 Elizabeth, daughter of John Russell, of Greenwich, and dying in 1786, aged thirty-three, was succeeded by his only son John. This gentleman sold the Moor Hall estate; he died at Oswestry in 1824, leaving issue by Sarah, his wife, daughter of Richard Wilbraham, six daughters, his co-heiresses, three unmarried, and three, Elizabeth, Clara, and Emma, married

^{*} Matthew Tristram, one of the younger sons, married Anne, another of the daughters and co-heiresses of Nicholas Bennet, and was father, by her, of the Rev. Thomas Tristram, of Brookfield House, Belbroughton, vicar of Grantham, who married Louisa, daughter of Major-General the Hon. John Barrington (and sister to the third, fourth, and fifth Viscounts Barrington), and was grandfather of Thomas Hutchinson Tristram, D.C.L., the well-known civilian.

[†] Nicholas Bennet was High Sheriff of this county in 1741. We have been unable to ascertain what arms he bore.

respectively to the Rev. Frederick Thomas Scott, John Sutherland Valentine, and the Rev. William M'Bean Willis. Of these, Mrs. Willis died without issue, Mrs. Scott has no issue, and Mrs. Valentine has three sons and three daughters.—Quarterly 1st and 4th Argent, three torteaux, a chief gules charged with a label of three points azure, for Tristram; 2nd and 3rd, Sable, three pheons argent, a canton of the last, for Nicholls. Crest: A wolf's head erased sable. (Chiefly from an illuminated pedigree compiled by Laurence Cromp. circa 1708, and from the MSS. of Dr. John Tristram; communicated by J. S. Valentine, esq.)

No crest is on record at the College of Arms. The wolf's head is the crest of Nicholls, which since the marriage with the co-heiress of that family, has been adopted by the Tristrams, of Moor Hall. The monument of the Rev. Thomas Tristram, in Allesley church, co. Warwick (Vide note ante p. 581), is surmounted with an escutcheon of the arms of Tristram quartering Dun, and quarterings* and the crest of Dun, viz., Out of a ducal coronet or, a lion's gamb also or, grasping a snake sable. Other branches of the family have used for crest, A martlet with wings endorsed sable, upon a chapeau. At the Visitation of 1682-3, the name of John Tristram, of Belbroughton, appears in the list of disclaimers, but, it is added, he is "of an ant' family, and hath a right to bear arms." It appears from the MSS. of Dr. Tristram, of Moor Hall, that his family and that seated at Bampton, in Devonshire,

^{*} Viz., Quarterly 1st and 4th, Azure, a wolf salient argent, for Dun; 2nd, Argent, a lion rampant gules debruised with a bendlet sable, for Branche; 3rd, Gules, a fesse vaire, in chief a unicorn passant between two mullets or, a bordure engrailed of the last, for Wilkinson. The same arms and quarterings (except that the Dun coat has a chief argent), are attributed in the Harl. MS. 1463, to "Sir Danyell Dun, one of the masters of the requests."

[†] The Tristrams, of Bampton, entered their descent and arms at the Visitation of Devonshire, taken in 1620. The pedigree commences with John Tristram, of Bampton, and ends with his great grandson, Henry (son of John, who signed the pedigree) aged thirteen, in 1620. They appear to have obtained a fresh grant of arms. (See Harl. MS. 1080, fo. 317b.)

were descended from a common ancestor, "One Edward Tristram (he says) in the 22nd of Henry VII. (1507), removed from the Marches of North Wales, near Ludlow, into Devonshire, and took with him his paternal or ancient coat of arms, viz., Field argent, three torteaux, with a chief of the second charged with a label of three points azure." He adds that his great grandfather, the Rev. Thomas Tristram, "removed out of the said Marches of North Wales, near Oswaldtree, not far from Ludlow, into this place (Belbroughton), 103 years after the aforesaid Edward Tristram's departure thence into Devonshire, viz., in the 8th of James 1st." The pedigree of a Devonshire family of Tristram, which bore the three torteaux, was recorded at the Visitation of London in 1633-4, and the family continued a registration at the College of Arms down to 1775, ending with Jane, an heiress, who died in that year.

Tromwin.—Or, on a saltire engrailed sable a bezant. (N.)

A quartering of Salwey and Winnington. Under "Stanford," Nash states (on Habingdon's authority), that the family of Tromwin bore Sable, a saltire engrailed or, and that the Salweys bore the same coat, being, as Habingdon supposed, the same family. The heraldic dictionaries ascribe to "Truwill, or Trumwyn, of Worcester," Sable, on a saltire engrailed or, a pellet. Crest: A Saracen's head proper, wreathed about the temples argent and sable, habited on the shoulders of the last, round the neck a sash or collar tied behind in a bow vert. This was the Salwey crest, and is now used by the Winningtons. See Salwey.

TROUTBECK.—Azure, three trout fretted in triangle têtes à la queue argent. (N.)

The arms of Troutbeck, of Mobberley, in Cheshire, whose heiress married Sir John Talbot, of Albrighton.

TROVELL, of Worcester.—Per pale azure and gules, on a bend or between two eagles displayed argent three mullets sable, a chief of the fourth charged with three garbs vert. (Dr. Prattinton, from Whittingham.)

This coat is assigned, in the Harl MS. 1558, to "John Travell, of London, descended from Travell, of Wenlock, Salop, 1633-4." (See Papworth's Ordinary.) It resembles the coats of Goylin, and Goldney.

Trussell.—Argent, a cross fleurettée gules. (N.)

One of the Willoughby quarterings at Welland.

Trussel.—Or, fretty gules on each joint a bezant. (Penn MS.)

A pedigree of a family bearing these arms is given by Dugdale, in his History of Warwickshire. They were of Cubleston and Acton Trussel, in Staffordshire, and their arms were quartered by the Veres, Earls of Oxford, in right of the marriage of John de Vere, fifteenth Earl of Oxford, with Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir Edward Trussel.

Turbervile, of Chambers' Court, Longdon, and Kyre Wyard; also of Twining, co. Gloucester, and London.—Checky vert and gules, a fesse ermine. Crest: An eagle displayed sable. (Rudder; and Harl. MS. 1476.)

Penn gives the arms of Turbervile as Barry of six or and azure, three lions rampant in fesse gules,* and says that the family is descended from "the Turberviles, Lords of Coyty (co. Glamorgan), whose crest is An arm armed holding a broken lance or." The arms and crest of the Turberviles, of Coyty, however, are given in the Heraldic Dictionaries as above.

Turbervile.—Argent, a lion rampant gules.—Gules, a lion rampant or. (N.)

Turner; as granted by Sir Isaac Heard, Garter, and Thomas Locke, Clarencieux, on the 26th of July, 1785, to the Rev. Richard Turner, rector of Comberton, and vicar of Elmley.

—Argent, a lion rampant gules between three mill-rinds sable, on a bordure engrailed azure eight annulets or. Crest: A Cornish chough proper, perched on a mill-rind or.

The grant of these arms (which is printed in Dr. Howard's Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica, monthly series, p. 157) recites that the grantee's family had previously used for arms Ermine, on a cross voided, four mill-rinds. Some particulars of this family and its present representatives will be found in the Miscellanea, ut supra.

TURNER, of Park Hall, near Kidderminster; as borne by the late Abraham Turner, of Kidderminster, who died on the

^{*} Papworth gives this coat, or one resembling it, to Woodburgh.

12th of December, 1856, eldest son of Jacob Turner, of Park Hall, who died in 1820, by Anne, only daughter of Thomas Farley, of Henwick.—Sable, on a cross argent five mill-rinds of the field. Crest: A lion passant guardant argent resting the dexter paw upon a mill-rind sable. Motto: "Esse quam videri." (Book-plate and seal of Abraham Turner.)

These arms are those granted to Sir William Turner, knt., Lord Mayor of London in 1669. He was the third son of Turner, yeoman, and grandson of John Turner, of Norton, co. Hereford. With the colours reversed, the coat was borne by the Turners, of Kirkleatham, baronets, who were descended from the Lord Mayor's eldest brother.* The same crest and motto are borne by Turnour, Earl of Winterton. When the Rev. Charles Turner (brother of the above Abraham) assumed the additional surname and arms of Farley, a somewhat different coat was granted for Turner, for which see Farley.

Turton, of Claines.—Argent, ten trefoils slipped, four, three, two, and one, proper. (Penn MS.)

The same coat occurs at Eldersfield on the monument of Ann Turton, wife of Richard Turton, of Westbromwich, co. Stafford, and daughter of Thomas Browne, of Corse, who died in 1661.

Turvey, of Walcot, Pershore; a family possessed of considerable landed property, which descended to the Earls of Plymouth, Other Windsor Hickman, son and heir of Thomas, Earl of Plymouth, having married Elizabeth, daughter and at length sole heiress of Richard Turvey, of Walcot, who died in 1658, æt. sixty. Edward Turvey, of Walcot, gent., was fined for not taking knighthood at the coronation of Charles I. John Turvey, of Bredon, was High Sheriff in the 19th of Charles II.; and the

^{*} See the Topographer and Genealogist, i., 506.

name of Thomas Turvie* occurs in Penn's list of the Worcestershire Gentry who were to find horse.—Vert, a falchion in bend between three towers argent. (Penn MS.)

Edward Turvey, of Walcot, and Henry Turvey, of Hanbury, disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1634. Mr. Kittermaster, in his Warwickshire Arms and Lineages, says that the above arms, together with the crest, A dexter arm vert cuffed argent, hand sable, were granted to "Thomas Turney, of Walm" (meaning, it is presumed, Turvey of Walcot), by Sir Edward Bysshe, Clarencieux.

TURVILLE. See TORNELL.

Twitty, of Worcester; recorded at the Visitation of 1682-3.

—Or, a saltire engrailed gules, a chief azure. Crest:

A dove rising gules. (K. 4, Coll. Arm. fo. 94; and Penn MS.)

Tvas, of Worcester; as borne by Sir Daniel Tyas, knt., an apothecary, alderman, and twice mayor of the city of Worcester, viz., in 1639 and 1643. "This man," says Penn, "being mayor of Worcester at the beginning of the late wars, the late King Charles the First, of ever blessed memory, for the good service, and his forwardness in setting the city in a posture of war, his Majesty was pleased to knight him." This honour was conferred upon him at Worcester on the 12th of June, 1644.† Sir Daniel died in 1673, aged eighty-seven, and was buried at Powick; his son and heir, John Tyas, who was mayor of Worcester in 1678, appeared at the Visitation of 1682-3,

^{*} The name of "Thomas Turvey, of Bredon, esq.," occurs in Blome's list of the gentry of Worcestershire, a°. 1673.

⁺ See Symond's Diary.

and entered his descent, but exhibited no arms. He married Margaret, daughter of Robert Skinner, Bishop of Worcester.—Argent, a chevron gules. (Penn MS.)

These arms (impaled with those of Johnson) appear on Sir Daniel's monument at Powick. They are those of Henry de Tyes, Baron Tyes, who was executed for treason in 1321. (See the Roll of 1308-14). The coat of Tyes occurs at Frankley among the Lyttelton quarterings.

TYNDALE, of Pull Court, Bushley.—Edward Tyndale, fourth son of Sir William Tyndale, of Hockwood, co. Norfolk, obtained, in 1538, a lease of the manor of Bushley from the Abbot of Tewkesbury, to whom he was steward and auditor. This grant was afterwards confirmed by the Crown. He married two wives, and had issue by the first two sons, Thomas and William, and five daughters. By Joan, his second wife, daughter of William Lawrence. he had further issue, viz., three sons, John, Edward, and Henry, and three daughters. He died in the year 1546. Thomas, his eldest son, obtained a grant of Eastwood, in the parish of Prestbury, co. Gloucester, in 1565. He had issue Edward and Elizabeth (who both predeceased him), and, dying in 1571, by his will gave Eastwood to his cousin, Thomas Tyndale, then a minor.* Mr. Giles Bloomer is said, by Burke,† to have been "the grandson and heir of Joanna ! Tyndale of Pull;" his daughter,

^{*} This Thomas was, according to Rudder, the son of Thomas Tyndale, and grandson of William, who was the second son of Sir William Tyndale, of Hockwood; but Burke, in his *Landed Gentry*, makes him the son of Thomas, of Eastwood and Pull. The account of the family in the *Commoners* (iv., 546), however, agrees with the pedigree given by Rudder.

[†] Commoners, i., 376. ‡ "Joanna, daughter to Mr. Tyndall, of the Poole," was married at Bushley, to William Higgins, of Aschurch, on the 19th of September, 1544.

Matilda, married Roger Dowdeswell, and was ancestress of the Dowdeswells of Pull Court.—Argent, a fesse gules between three garbs sable. (Rudder's Gloucestershire, p. 756.)

Tyrrell.—Azure, a lion rampant argent within a bordure engrailed or. (N.)

One of the Blount quarterings at Mamble.

Tyttery. See Rogers.

TYZACK, of Stourbridge.—The Tyzacks were a French Protestant refugee family, from Lorraine, who, together with their relatives. Henzey and Tyttery, settled in the neighbourhood of Stourbridge, where they afterwards carried on the manufacture of broad glass. Their original surname was Du Thisac, but this soon became corrupted to Tyzack. They appear to have frequently intermarried with the Henzeys,* and it is not improbable, from their using similar armorial bearings, that they were descended from a common ancestor with that family, The name appears to be quite extinct in the neighbourhood of Stourbridge, but is still found in the north of England and in the county of Norfolk. Edward Tyzack, of Amblecote, near Stourbridge, "broad-glass manufacturer," was, with John Bradley, of Oldswinford, glass-maker, a trustee to the marriage settlement, dated 1704, of Paul Rogers and Mary Haselwood.—Gules, three acorns two and one slipped argent, on a chief or three billets sable. (Seal of Peregrine Tyzack.) See HENZEY.

^{*} As early as the year 1600 Thiebaut, son of Claude de Hennezel, married Louise, daughter of Charles Du Thisac. See Desbois, Dictionnaire de la Noblesse.

The same coat is quartered by Sir Henry C. Rawlinson, K.C.B., late M.P. for Frome, son of Abram Tyzack Rawlinson, of Chadlington, Oxford. In 1843 the royal licence was granted to Edward Davison, late of Tritlington, in Northumberland, but then of Wheatfield House, near Edinburgh, and to Isabella, his wife, eldest daughter and co-heiress of George Tyzack, late of Hebden, in Northumberland, deceased, to take the surname of Tyzack only, and to bear the arms of Tyzack; whereupon the following bearings were exemplified on the oth of January, 1843, for Tyzack:—Azure, three acorns two and one, or, a chief indented gold thereon two billets sable, the whole within a bordure wavy argent, a canton ermine for difference. Crest: In front of an oak tree proper, two pellets surmounted by a third, charged with a bendlet sinister wavy or, the tree charged with an annulet gold, for difference. Without the differences of the canton in the arms and the annulet in the crest, these arms were to be borne by the issue of the said Edward and Isabella. (Register of Grants, vol. xlvi., fo. 216, in Coll. Arm.)

Ufflete.—Argent, on a fesse azure three fleurs-de-lis or.

This coat is given in the Roll of temp. Edward II. as that of Sir Gerard de "Ousflet," one of the ancient knights whose issue male was then extinct. "Sir Gerard Uselete," says Nash, "was of Uselete, in Yorkshire, and one of his co-heirs [Catherine] married [Sir William Beauchamp, father of the first] Lord Beauchamp of Powick, whereby his arms are quartered by the Lygons of Madresfield." The above coat, however, he attributes to Hulgreve, and in his list of arms he (or Dr. Thomas) attributes to Ufflete the coat of Furnival (Argent, a bend between six martlets gules), which was quartered by Ufflete in right of the marriage of Sir John de Ulvesflete, or Ufflete, with Lora, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Gerard de Furnival.

Ufford.—Sable, a cross engrailed or. (N.)

One of the quarterings of Willoughby in Welland church.

ULSTER, DE BURGH, Earl of.—Or, a cross gules. (N.)

Ouartered by Mortimer.

UMPTON, or UNTON.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Azure, on a fesse engrailed or, between three spear-heads argent, a greyhound courant sable, for *Umpton*; 2nd and 3rd, Gules, two chevrons or, for *Waldesheff*. (N.)

These arms are impaled in Strensham church by Sir John Russell,

who died in 1556, in right of Edith, his wife, daughter of Sir Thomas Umpton.

UNDERHILL.—Sable, two bars argent, on a chief or, a hill or mound vert. (Penn MS.)

This is probably intended by Penn for the coat of Richard Underhill, whose name appears in his list of those who were to find horse. It is not given in any of the Heraldic Dictionaries. The ancient Warwickshire family of Underhill, who possessed estates in this county, bore Argent, a chevron sable between three trefoils slipped vert, and the same coat was quartered, for Underhill, by Baker, of Northfield.

Vale.—Argent, a cross sable. (N.)

Quartered by Berry (of Hampton-Poyle) in Besford church.

VALE, of Mathon Court; and of Hall Court, co. Hereford; as granted on the 12th of September, 1826, to the Rev. Edward Vale, second son of William Vale, deceased, and borne in 1872 by the Rev. William Scarlett Vale, and his brother, Edwin Martindale Vale, of Mathon Court, sons of the late William Vale, of Mathon Court, Lieut. R.N. (who died in 1842), by Catherine, his wife, daughter of Thomas Ridgley.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Or, between two cottises dancettée three crosses crosslet in bend sable between six eagles displayed of the last, for Vale; and and 3rd, Argent, two escallops azure between as many bars gules, over all a bend sable charged with three martlets or, for Martindale. Crest: On a mount vert, a swan's head couped at the neck argent guttée de poix, surmounting two crosses pattée fitchée in saltire gules. Motto: "In te Domine Speravi." (Berry Supplement; and Burke's Landed Gentry.)

VALENCE.—Barry argent and azure, an orle of martlets gules. (N.)

One of the Talbot and Lyttelton quarterings.

VAMPAGE, of Ruyhall in Ripple, and of Pershore and Wollashill; recorded at the Visitation of 1533. John Vampage, of Ruyhall, was deputy Sheriff of Worcestershire in the 7th and 22nd of Henry VI. Sir John Vampage, of Pershore, knt., lineally descended from Sir Brian Vampage of the county of Worcester, married the daughter and heiress of William Wollashull, of Wollashull, and had issue a son, John Vampage, who married Mary, daughter and heiress of John Sarrell, of Wick. By her he was father of Robert Vampage, who married Eleanor, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of William Greville, of Arle, co. Gloucester, and had (with others) two daughters and co-heiresses, Margaret, the wife of Thomas Harewell, and Dorothy, married to William Hugford. Margaret Hugford, the only daughter and heiress of the latter, was married to Thomas Hanford, ancestor of the Hanfords of Wollashill, by whom the Vampage arms were quartered at the Visitation of 1634.—Azure, an eagle displayed argent beaked and membered or, within a single tressure flory of the second. (H. 20, Coll. Arm. fo. 60b; and Harl. MS. 1566.)

The coat quartered by Hanford at the Visitation of 1634 was Azure, an eagle displayed argent within a double tressure flory and counterflory or. (C. 30, Coll. Arm. fo. 113.)

- VAUX, of Worcestershire; as borne by Sir John de Vaux, temp. Edward II.—Gules semée of martlets or, an inescutcheon of the last charged with two lions passant azure. (Nicolas Roll; and Penn MS.)
- VAUX.—Argent, on an inescutcheon gules within an orle of eight estoiles of the last a lion's head erased of the first. (Penn MS.)

VAUX.—Checky or and gules, a mullet for difference. (Penn MS.)

"This," says Penn, "is a verie antient and honourable bearing, and belonged to one Mr. Vaulx, in the Citty of Worcester, who was a great herald and a mighty lover of antiquities; but I can't find that there is any of his left." The Vauxes of Harrowden, who were anciently lords of Cotheridge, bore, Checky or and gules, on a chevron azure three roses of the first.

VERDON.—Or, a fret gules. (N.)

This coat occurs among the quarterings of Talbot, Lyttelton, and Lygon. It was borne, temp. Edward II., by Theobald de Verdon, whose eldest daughter and co-heiress, Joan, married Thomas Lord Furnival, and had issue a son, William Lord Furnival, whose daughter and heiress married Thomas Nevill, and was mother of Maud, wife of John Talbot. See Furnival.

VERDON.—Sable, a lion rampant argent. (N.)

Ouartered by Blount.

VERE. See DENNIS.

Vernon, of Hanbury.—This family is supposed to be a junior branch of the Vernons, of Wheatcroft, co. Chester, who derived their descent from Nicholas Vernon, fourth son of William Vernon, of Shipbroke, by Auda Malbanc, his wife. The first of the family who settled in Worcestershire was the Rev. Richard Vernon,* for forty-six years rector of Hanbury, who died in 1627, aged seventy-seven. His eldest son, Edward Vernon, purchased the manor and estate of Hanbury, and recorded his pedigree and

^{*} According to the Visitation pedigree entered in 1634, Richard Vernon was the second son of Ralph Vernon, who purchased Cranage and Twemlow, in Cheshire, and younger brother of John Vernon, whose eldest son, Ralph, was of Audley, co. Stafford. He had also a brother, Edward, rector of Welford, co. Gloucester, who "in his lifetime, and at his own proper charge, did erect a school house in Audley, wherein to teach the children of the said parish." (Inscription in Audley church.) Richard Vernon, of Hanbury, also gave £40 to the same parish.

arms at the Visitation of 1634;* and his second son, Humphrey, was mayor of Worcester in 1634. Edward's grandson, Thomas Vernon, of Hanbury, M.P. for Worcestershire, was the celebrated lawyer so well known by his Reports, who acquired a competent fortune by his profession, and added much to the estates of the family. Dying without issue, in 1721, he left Hanbury to his cousin, Bowater Vernon, the son of William Vernon, of Caldwell, Kidderminster, by the daughter of the Rev. Samuel Bowater, rector of Astley, and grandson of William Vernon, of Egioke, who was a brother of Richard Vernon, of Hanbury, father of the testator. gree was again entered in 1682-3 by Thomas Vernon, of Worcester (second son of Edward, of Hanbury), then aged about sixty, and by the Rev. John Vernon, rector of Martley, son of the Rev. John Vernon, who was fourth son of the Rev. Richard Vernon, rector of Hanbury. When Nash wrote, the Hanbury estates were in the possession of Henry Cecil, afterwards Marquis of Exeter (Tennyson's "Lord of Burleigh"), in right of his wife, Emma, the only daughter and heiress of Thomas Vernon. From this lady the Marquis was divorced in 1791, and he subsequently married Sarah Hoggins. The present Harry Foley Vernon, of Hanbury, late one of the representatives in Parliament for East Worcestershire, and High Sheriff in 1873, is the only surviving son of the late Thomas Taylor Vernon, whose great grandfather, Captain Thomas Vernon, was a younger brother of the abovenamed Bowater Vernon.—Or, on a fesse azure three

^{*} His son and heir, Richard, was then aged 19.

garbs of the field, in chief a cross-crosslet fitchée gules. Crest: A demi-woman proper, habited in purple and gold, hair or, wreathed about the temples with wheat, and holding in her arms a garb, also or. Motto: "Ver non semper viret."* (C. 30, fo. 32, and K. 4, ff. 119, 164, in Coll. Arm.; Harl. MS. 1352; Penn MS.; Nash; and Burke's Landed Gentry.)

"In an old pedigree of the Vernons," says Nash, "the field of their arms is ermine. The present family," he adds, "have left out the crosslet fitchée, which they had no right to do, as it was given to them for a difference from the Cheshire Vernons, to which family, as yet, they have never joined their pedigree in the registers of the College of Arms."

Vescy.—Or, a cross sable. (N.)

Quartered by Conyers, at Spetchley.

VICKERICE, of Worcester.—Sable, on a chief dancettée or two cinquefoils gules within a bordure engrailed ermine. (Penn MS.)

This coat, but within a plain bordure ermine, is attributed by Burke to Vickary, of "Bristol and Worcestershire." At the Visitation of 1634, Robert Vicaris, of Astley, Robert Vickers, of Bewdley, and Robert Vickers, of Astley, disclaimed arms; and at that of 1682-3, Robert Vicaris, of Astley, and Robert Vickers, of Bewdley, also disclaimed. Penn also attributes to "Vickerice," (no locality), the same coat, but the chief charged with three cinquefoils.†

VINCENT, of Stockton, and of Kinver, co. Stafford.—Azure, a chevron between three quatrefoils slipped argent. ("This cheueron was gules in the Petigre done when it was first made.") Crest: A talbot statant argent eared or, col-

^{*} This motto, which (as Die Vernon says) "moralizes two meanings in one word," is used by most families of the name of Vernon.

[†] A John Vicaridge, of "Natton," married in 1603 Mary, daughter of William Sheldon, of Broadway, and had a son, John, baptized at Broadway in 1607. The said Mary was buried at Broadway in 1611.

lared and lined gules, the end of the line tied in a bunch. (Certified by "Will'm Segar, Garter," in Add. MS. 19816.)

This family is stated (in the above cited MS.), to have been descended paternally from that of Lovell; the first recorded ancestor having been one Vincent Lovell who escaped from the Battle of Stoke Field in 1487, and lived in concealment, "and whose sonne called himselfe Vincent."

VINCENT.—Azure, three quatrefoils argent. Crest: A bear's head erased muzzled

These bearings occur at Kempsey, on the monuments of Thomas Vincent, barrister-at-law, who died in 1712, aged sixty-one, and Jane, his sister, who died in 1723, aged sixty-eight; children of John Vincent, Barrister-at-law, and brother and sister of Barbara, wife of William Acton, of Wolverton.

WAGSTAFF.—"A cinquefoil and border studied. Qu.?" (N.)

Wainwright, of Dudley; as borne by E. H. Wainwright, of that place.—Argent, on a chevron between three fleurs-de-lis azure, a lion rampant of the field, all within a bordure engrailed sable. Crest: A lion rampant argent, holding an ancient battle-axe, handle of the first headed or. Motto: "Spes mea in Deo." (Berry; and Burke.)

Two coats of Wainwright are tricked in the Add. MS., 14,834, The first is "Wainwright, of Cheshire," viz., Argent, on a chevron azure three lions rampant or, within a bordure engrailed . . Crest: A lion rampant supporting a battle-axe, handle azure, head or. Underneath is written, "Respit taken for proof of this coat, but none made. See Dugdale's Chester. Nothing of the aforesaid arms is to be found in Yorkshire." The other, which is stated to have been "passed by Bysshe Garter, 1647," is, Argent, on a chevron azure between three hurts, a lion rampant between two fleurs-de-lis of the field. Crest, the same,

WAKE.—Or, two bars gules in chief three torteaux. (N.)

The coat of the Baronial family of Wake, whose heiress married Edmund of Woodstock, son of King Edward I. It is quartered by the Lytteltons and Wards, and by the Lea-Smiths, of Halesowen Grange, in right of descent from Joan Plantagenet, the "Fair maid of Kent," the only daughter and heiress of the said Edmund.

- Wakefield, Bishop of Worcester, 1375-95.—Sable fretty argent, on a canton gules a cross patonce or. (Papworth.)
- Wakeman, of Drayton, in Chaddesley-Corbett; and of Tewkesbury and Beckford, co. Gloucester.—Vert, a saltire wavy ermine. Crest: A lion's head erased or, vomiting flames and smoke proper. (Harl. MS. 1041.)

According to Burke's Landed Gentry, these arms were first granted to John Wakeman, Bishop of Gloucester, the last Abbot of Tewkesbury, who died in 1549; and afterwards regranted, in 1586, to Richard Wakeman, of Beckford, brother of Roger Wakeman, of Drayton. In the Harl. MS., 1080 (a volume of Devonshire Visitation Pedigrees), there are two pedigrees of a Wakeman family, both from Chaddesley Corbett. To the one (descended from Roger Wakeman, of Chaddesley, brother of the Abbot of Tewkesbury), is tricked the arms and crest as above; but Robert Wakeman, D.D., living in 1620, brother of Richard Wakeman, of Flyford Flavell, and son of Thomas Wakeman of the same place (who was a son of John, of Chaddesley), bore, Argent, on a cross sable the sun in splendour or, in the centre thereof a crown azure. Crest: A cock or, combed and wattled gules, in the beak a scroll inscribed "Vigila qui dormis." Motto (under the arms): "Patior ut potiar."

Wakeman, of Perdiswell Hall; as granted to Sir Henry Wakeman, bart., so created 1828.—Paly of six vert and argent, a saltire engrailed ermine. Crest: Between two palm branches proper, a lion's head erased argent vomiting flames, gorged with a collar engrailed cottised vert charged with three ermine spots or. Motto: "Nec temere nec timide." (Baronetages.)

Henry Wakeman, of Perdiswell, when High Sheriff of this county in 1791, bore the arms and crest of Wakeman, of Beckford; but his descent from that family not being "proven," the bearings were altered as above on the creation of the baronetcy.

WALDESHEFF.—Gules, two chevrons or. (N.)

Quartered by Umpton, which see.

Waldive.—Or, three leopard's faces sable. (N.)

WALDRON, of the Field House, Clent, and of Belbroughton and Stourbridge; as borne by Roger Waldron, of the Gildeshouse, Belbroughton, living about 1650, who married the only daughter of the Rev. Richard Tristram, by Anne, his first wife, daughter of James Perrott, of Bell Hall, esquire; and by William Waldron, of Stourbridge, banker, High Sheriff in 1795, whose only daughter and heiress, Mary, was married to John Baker, of Wareslev. The Waldrons were also of the Field House in Clent for several generations. The name occurs very frequently in the Clent registers, the second entry in the register book, being the baptism of "Dorothy, ye daughter of John Waldron, and Margarett, his wiffe," on the 20th of April, 1562; and the name is still common in the neighbourhood. One of the family, Roger Waldron, married in 1603 Elizabeth, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Roger Oldnall, of Stone; and a Roger Waldron, of Walton, in Clent, gent., was one of the trustees to the marriage settlement, dated 1713, of Thomas Shenstone, of the Leasowes, and Anne Penn, the parents of William Shenstone, the poet. Of this family is Thomas Aston Waldron, of Belbroughton House.—Argent, three bull's heads capossed sable armed or. Crest: An heraldic

tiger sejant sable, semée of plates, tufted, &c. or. Motto: "Fortis et velox." (Seal of William Waldron, 1795.)

These arms are painted in an old emblazoned pedigree of the Tristram family, dated *circa* 1708, as those of Roger Waldron of Gildeshouse. They also occur at Hadsor, impaled by Burrish, and on the monument of the Rev. William Waldron, M.A., for forty-seven years rector of Hadsor, who died in 1741, aged seventy-one. Some of the family have used for crest, A demi heraldic tiger regardant sable, platée.

Wale, of Broadwas; as quartered by Buck of the Nash.—Argent, on a cross sable five lions rampant or. (Harl. MS. 615.)

The same coat is also attributed in the Harl. MS. 1450, to George Wale, of Droitwich, whose daughter and co-heiress, Elizabeth, married Gilbert Wheeler, of Droitwich; but see Wall.

- Walford, of Salwarpe; originally from a village so named near Ross, co. Hereford.—Argent, a fesse gules in chief a lion passant of the last.
- Walker, of the Coneybury, in the parish of St. John's.— Argent, on a fesse between three martlets sable, a cinquefoil or. (Penn MS.; and Win. MS.)
- WALKER, of Worcester.*—Gules, a cross ragulée between four lion's heads erased argent crowned or. (N.)

These arms were granted on the 20th of December, 1660, to Francis Walker, of Bringwood, co. Hereford, who had been "faithful to the King in the late unhappy wars," together with the crest, A demi lion rampant . . . crowned . . . supporting a cross fleurettée fitchée or. (Harl. MS., 1144.) The same coat was quartered by Newnham. (See that name.) It also occurs in the Win. MS., as the bearing of "Walcor," of Salop.†

^{*} A William Walker was mayor of Worcester in 1704, and Francis Walker in 1744.

[†] Blakeway, in his Sheriffs of Shropshire, gives the arms of Francis Walker, High Sheriff of that county in 1725, as, Gules, a cross flory between four lion's

- Walker, of Norton Villa, Whittington; as granted to G. J. A. Walker of that place.—Per pale azure and vert, on a fesse dancettée between three mural coronets or, a crescent gules between two torteaux. Crest: A lion's gamb erect and erased gules, charged with a mural crown or between two plates in pale. Motto: "In Deo confido." (Burke.)
- Walkington.—Gules, a chevron between three martlets argent. (N.)

One of the Savage quarterings at Elmley Castle.

- Wall, of Droitwich; as quartered by Wylde, in right of descent from the marriage of Thomas Wylde, of the Commandery, who died in 1558, with Eleanor, daughter and co-heiress of George Wall, of Droitwich.—Argent, a cross sable. (N.)
- Wall, of Palmers, an old timbered mansion in the parish of Rock.—Argent, a fesse ermine between three lion's heads erased . . . langued gules.

These are the arms attributed to the family by Nash, sub Rock (Vol. i., p. 12), but Penn ascribes to "Wall, of the Rocke," Argent, a cross sable, a crescent for difference. At the Visitation of 1682-3, the family claimed to bear, Argent, three bear's heads erased gules muzzled or, in chief three torteaux; and for Crest, Out of a mural coronet or, a bear's head erased sable muzzled or, between

heads erased argent. He was of Ferney Hall, in the parish of Clungunford, the son of Job, and grandson of Richard Walker, of Wootton, in the county of Salop. "The present Sheriff (he says), son of Job Walker, by Rebecca, one of the sisters and co-heirs of Henry Lord Folliott, of the Kingdom of Ireland, was of Bringwood, in the county of Hereford, and, as it would seem, master of the extensive iron works there, when he received a grant of arms from Sir Edward Walker, Garter King of Arms, but was afterwards, in 1715, seated at Ferney Hall. He left an only son of both his names, who deceasing, bequeathed his estates to his relation, the Rev. Folliott Herbert Cornewall, now (1820) Lord Bishop of Worcester." See Folliott.

two wings azure; but "nothing was found (it is stated) to justify them," and they were accordingly disallowed. The same arms appear at Rock, on the tomb of the Rev. George Wall, D.D., rector of Holt, who died in 1727. It is somewhat singular that these arms, which are really those of Barker (they were borne by Sir Christopher Barker, Garter King of Arms*), were also used by a Cheshire family named Wall. In the Harl. MS. 1535, they are attributed to "Wall, of Chester;" and Dingley, in his History from Marble, notices them as being on the monument of "William Wall, mayor of Chester," in St. Peter's church, in that city. This gentleman filled that office in 1586; his daughter and heiress was married to Thomas Fletcher, mayor of the same city in 1598. The Funeral Certificate of Mrs. Fletcher is printed in Dr. Howard's Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica (i., p. 43.) In it it is stated that "this wo" gentlewoman deceased beareth, Argent, three beare heads erased gules musseled or, in cheefe 3 pelletts, and for a difference a cressant azur." This coat, it is added, was borne "p' le nosme de Wall," but "whether it doth rightfully belonge to that familey or no is to be desided by the Kinges of Armes of this province upon vew thereof."

Wall, of Hallow Park, afterwards of Worthey Park, Hants; as borne by Samuel Wall, banker, High Sheriff of Worcestershire in 1818. He was the son of Samuel Wall, of Worcester, by Milicent, daughter and heiress of William Ellis, of Worcester, and grandson of Samuel Wall, of Brookhampton, born in 1697.—Per fesse or and azure, a fesse embattled counter-embattled between three fleurs-de-lis all counterchanged. Crest: Out of a mural coronet or, a wolf's head argent charged on the neck with a fesse embattled counter-embattled gules. Motto: "Firm." (Berry's Hampshire Pedigrees.)

These arms were confirmed and the crest granted to Humphrey Wall, of Leominster, co. Hereford, on the 7th of July, in the 36th Elizabeth, A.D. 1594, and they were allowed to John Wall, of Kingsland, co. Hereford, at the Visitation of that county in 1683. (See Strong's Heraldry of Herefordshire, and the Harl. MS. 1069.)

[•] MS. penes E. P. Shirley, esq.; see also the Heraldic Dictionaries, and the Col. Top. et Gen. iii., 49.

WALLSGROVE alias FLEET. See FLEET.

WALSH, of Shelsley, Abberley, Redmarley, and Stockton; and of Walsh Hall, in Meriden, co. Warwick.—The pedigree of this very ancient family was recorded at the Visitations of 1569, 1634, and 1682-3. The first Walsh, of Shelsley, appears to have been Sir Henry le Waleys, who flourished in the reign of Edward I., and was patron of the church in 1300; next occurs William, in 1313; and Henry, in John Walsh, of Shelsley-Walsh, grandson of Henry, married temp. Henry VI., Joan, daughter and heiress of John Wyard, of Aspath, co. Warwick, and was grandfather of John Walsh, of Shelsley, who by Margaret, his wife, daughter of John Blount, of Sodington, had four sons: John, of Shelsley (of whom presently); Thomas Walsh, Baron of the Exchequer, whose son Thomas was lord of Stockton; Edwin Walsh, rector of Holt; and Walter Walsh, ancestor of the Abberley branch. John Walsh, of Shelsley, the eldest son, had issue a son Francis, who was of Shelsley at the Visitation of 1569, and then had an eldest son, Richard, aged twelve. This Richard, who was afterwards knighted, was the last* Walsh of Shelsley; he was also lord of Aspath (now called Meriden), co. Warwick, and High Sheriff of Worcestershire at the time of the Gunpowder Plot. By Katherine, his wife, daughter of Sir Thomas Porter, he had issue two daughters and co-heiresses, viz., Anne, married to Sir

^{*} It appears, however, that there were Walshes residing at Shelsley after this, for in the church of Areley Kings is an inscription to William Walsh, who died in 1708, aged eighty-eight, the son of Michael Walsh, of Shelsley, who left him estates at Shelsley, Hartlebury, and Areley; he was "ruined and undone (it is stated) by three quakers and three lawyers, and a fanatic to help them out."

Thomas Bromley, of Holt; and Joice, wife of Sir Rowland Cotton, of Bellaport. Walter Walsh, the youngest son of John and Margaret, was Groom of the Privy Chamber to King Henry VIII., and twice served the office of Sheriff of Worcestershire; he married Elizabeth, relict of Sir William Compton, and daughter and heiress of Sir Walter Stonor, Lieutenant of the Tower. the king granted the manor of Abberley, which had been forfeited to the crown on the attainder of the Earl of Warwick. He had issue Walter Walsh, whose son, Sir William Walsh, dying without issue, left Abberley to William Walsh, the son of his brother Walter, whose son Joseph was aged "about sixteen," at the Visitation of 1634, and died in 1682, aged sixty-three, having had issue (with a son, Walter, who died s.p.), William Walsh, the once celebrated poet and critic, on whose death, without issue, in 1707, the Abberley estates passed to his sister and co-heiress, Anne, the wife of Francis Bromley, younger son of Henry Bromley, and grandson of Sir Thomas Bromley, who married the co-heiress of Walsh, of Shelsley. The Stockton branch of the family appeared at the Visitation of 1682-3. Nash says it "soon ended in females;" but a William Walsh was patron of the living in 1758, his predecessors being Thomas, M.D.,* 1718; Edward, 1663; Catherine Walsh, widow, in 1543; and Thomas, in 1534.—Argent, a fesse between six

[•] Mr. Noake, in his Rambler in Worcestershire, mentions that a Dr. Walsh, about 1750, was in possession of a small portion of the Walsh estates, viz., a farm at Stockton, situated near the churchyard, which was sold "after the death of the last Walsh." Somewhere about the year 1779, a Mr. William Moseley assumed the name of Walsh on succeeding to an estate in Worcestershire.

martlets sable.* Crest: A griffin's head erased argent. Motto (as in Shelsley church): "Veritas et virtus vincunt." (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 21; C. 30, fo. 94; K. 4, fo. 113; and Nash, i., 2, and ii., 351.)

In the Harl. MS. 1566, Walsh of Abberley guarters seven coats: 1st, Argent, on a chevron between three roses gules, an annulet, for Wyard; 2nd, Azure, two bars dancettée or, a chief argent, for Stonor; 3rd, Or, three roses gules, for Harnehull; 4th, Argent, on a bend azure three mullets of the field, for Wenard; 5th, Azure, six lions rampant argent, on a canton or a mullet gules, for Kirkby; † 6th, Argent, a chevron between three lion's gambs erased downwards sable, for Brecknock; 7th, Azure, three bars gemelles and a chief or. In Wyrardsbury church, Bucks, lies buried "Walter Walshe, of Elmeley, co. Worcester," who died in 1561. He was the son and heir of Walter Walsh, by Elizabeth Stonor, and upon his monument is an escutcheon of ten quarterings, arranged as above, except that Brecknock is preceded by De La Pole ! (Azure, on a fesse between three leopard's faces or, an annulet), and following by a fesse checky . . . and, Barry azure and or . . . These quartered arms impale Gules, a saltire vaire between four mullets argent, for his wife, Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Hill, Serjeant of the Cellar to King Henry VIII.

Walshe, of "Shaldesley," and "Beardley," co. Worcester; and of Wormesley, co. Hereford.—Argent, a fesse be-

† The Stonors quartered Delapole at the Oxfordshire Visitation of 1574 (Harleian Society, vol. v., p. 143), apparently in right of the marriage of Thomas Stonor, of Stonor, who died 1474, with Joan, natural daughter of John Delapole, Duke of Suffolk.

§ Nash, with his usual carelessness, attributes this coat in his second volume, p. 376, to *Brecknock*; and the bend and mullets (*Wenard*) he says is the coat of *Harnehull*.

^{*} This coat was borne temp. Edward I. by "Will. le Waleis." (Roll of the date.)
† The MS. attributes this coat to Paynell, but the arms of that family (according to Nichols's Leicestershire, iv., 225) were Gules, a cross flory argent. Sir David Brecknock, father of Isabel, wife of Thomas Stonor, married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Kinsman, and Margaret, his wife, daughter and heiress of John Paynell, so that Walsh was entitled through Stonor and Kinsman to quarter Paynell. The arms of Kinsman were, Gules, a fesse checky or and sable between six crosses crosslet argent. It should be added that others of the Walsh quarterings are incorrectly appropriated in the Harl. MS. 1566.

tween six griffin's heads erased sable. Crest: A griffin's head erased argent. (Her. Dic.)

Walsingham.—Paly of six argent and sable, a fesse gules. (N.)

This coat occurs at Broadwas, on the memorial stone of Humphrey Walsingham, who died in 1622, aged ninety-one. (Nash, i. 138.) A family of Walsingham, resident at Coston Hackett, is noticed in the Visitation Book of 1634 (C. 30, so. 70), but no arms were entered.

Walsted.—Gules, a buck's head cabossed ermine. (N.)

Walter.—Azure, a fesse indented or between six spread eagles argent. (Win. MS.)

Walwyn, of Coddington, co. Hereford; also of Newland, Upper Wick, and Worcester.—The pedigree and arms of John Walwyn, of Coddington, then resident in the county of Worcester, were entered at the Visitation of 1569. In the 13th of Henry IV. Henry de Hagley sold the manor and advowson of Hagley to Thomas Walwyn, ancestor of the Walwyns of Longworth.—Gules, a bend within a bordure ermine, in the sinister chief a talbot passant or, a mullet for difference. (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 34.)

Penelope, the wife of Robert Walwyn,* of Newland, and daughter of Richard Lygon, of Madresfield, died in 1596, and was buried at Great Malvern, where was formerly a handsome monument, exhibiting the armorial insignia of the Walwyns and Lygons, with numerous quarterings, all of which are fully described by Habingdon, in the Harl. MS. 2205.

"Wans," of Worcestershire.—To this name Burke, in his Armory, erroneously ascribes the arms of Vaux, viz., Gules, on an inescutcheon within an orle of martlets or, two lions passant of the first.

^{*} By his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Bishop Westfaling, Robert Walwyn was father of Herbert Walwyn, of Upper Wick, and others. (See K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 128.)

- Warbelton.*—Lozengy or and azure, a bordure gules. (N.)
 One of the Lyttelton quarterings at Frankley.
- WARBURTON, of Grafton.—Quarterly argent and gules, in the 1st and 4th quarters an ermine spot, in the 2nd and 3rd a fret or. (Penn MS.)

WARD, of Dudley, Witley Court, &c.—This family derived its importance and its peerage from the marriage of Humble Ward, (only son of William Ward, of London, goldsmith, by Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Humble, of London, vintner,) with Frances Baroness Dudley, granddaughter and sole heiress of the last Lord Dudley of the Sutton line. Mr. Ward was created Baron Ward of Birmingham by patent, dated 23rd March, 1643-4. His father was the sixth son of Edward Ward, of Bexley, co. Norfolk, of an ancient family in that shire, which subsequently enjoyed a baronetcy now extinct. By his wife, the Baroness Dudley, Lord Ward had several children. Edward, the eldest son, succeeded to the Barony of Ward on the death of his father in 1670, and to that of Dudley on his mother's death in 1697. He married Frances, sister and sole heiress of Sir Thomas Brereton, of Hanford, bart., by whom he had an eldest surviving son, William, who predeceased him, leaving issue, Edward, who succeeded his grandfather as Lord Dudley and Ward; William, who succeeded his nephew (the only son of the said Edward, who died s.p. in 1731), and was the last Lord Dudley of the Ward line; and a daughter, Frances, in

^{*} The official seal of William Warbelton, Sheriff of Hants in 1451, is engraved in the *Herald and Genealogist*, iv., 219. It bears the above arms without the bordure.

her issue sole heiress, who married William Lea, of Halesowen Grange, and was mother of Ferdinando Dudley Lea, who eventually inherited the Barony of Dudley. On the death s.p., in 1740, of the said William Lord Dudley and Ward, the latter barony passed to the male heir of Humble, the first Lord Ward, viz., John Ward, of Sedgley, co. Stafford. This nobleman was advanced to a viscountcy in 1763, by the title of Viscount Dudley and Ward; and his grandson, John William Ward, a distinguished statesman and critic, was further advanced in 1827 to the Earldom of Dudley; but, dying unmarried in 1833, the viscounty and earldom expired, and the Barony of Ward devolved upon his kinsman, the Rev. William Humble Ward, grandson of the Rev. William Ward, rector of Himley, who was a younger brother of John, the first Viscount. This nobleman was the father of William Lord Ward, in whose person the Earldom of Dudley was revived in 1860. (See Sutton.)—Checky or and azure, a bend ermine. Crest: In a ducal coronet or, a lion's head azure. Supporters: Two angels proper. hair and wings or, their under robes carnation or sanguine, their uppermost azure. Motto: "Comme je fus." (Peerages, &c.)

A second crest is attributed to the family by Burke, viz., A lion sejant guardant azure. That above described was borne by the Suttons. The crest of the Wards of Bexley was A buck (or Indian goat) passant proper, collared, ringed, and lined or, which, together with the arms, is stated to have been granted in 1575.

WARD.—Argent, two bars between three martlets gules, a bordure engrailed sable. (Penn MS.)

WARDWICK, or WARWICK.—Vert, three lions rampant, crowned, collared, and chained or. (N.)

One of the Conyers quarterings on the monument of Judge Berkeley at Spetchley, See Convers.

WARLEY, or WYRLEY, of Warley-Wigorn, Halesowen; formerly on the monument in Halesowen church, of Thomas Warley, who died in 1471, and Joan, his wife, who died in 1510.— Ermine, a lion rampant. . . . (Nash, i., 524.)

With this coat was impaled, Argent, a chevron between three bull's heads couped sable langued gules. (1b.)

Warmstrey, of Worcester; as borne by Dr. Thomas Warmstrey, who was installed Dean of Worcester, November 27th, 1661, and died, October 30th, 1665. He was the son of William Warmstrey, Registrar of the diocese of Worcester, and grandson of Robert Warmstrey, also Registrar of that diocese, who died in 1601.—Azure, a cross moline between four crescents, the horns of each turned outwards or. Crest: Three ostrich feathers azure, banded gules. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 102b; Penn MS.; Harl. MS. 1566; and M.I. at St. Albans, Worcester, to Francis, son of Robert Warmstrey, who died in 1589.)

In the library of Warmstrey House, Worcester, formerly the residence of this family, are the above arms quartering Gules, three lozenges in fesse or; and impaling Brown of Little Frome, viz., Argent, a chevron between three mullets sable.

Warren.—Checky or and azure. (N.)

One of the Berkeley quarterings.

Warwick, Ancient Earls of.—Checky or and azure, a chevron ermine. (N.)

This is the feudal coat of the Earldom of Warwick, as quartered by the Beauchamps, and sometimes placed in the first quarter of their escutcheon. It is said to have been borne by the famous Guy, Earl

^{*} The second wife of Robert Warmstrey, who died in 1601, was Mary, daughter of Richard Brown, of Little Frome. She died in 1613.

of Warwick, before the Conquest, but is usually attributed to Newburgh. Nash ascribes the same coat to Robert de Warwick, Deputy to William Beauchamp, Sheriff of Worcestershire in the 6th of Edward II.

WASHBORNE, of Washborne, Wichenford, and Stanford.—This ancient knightly family was seated at Little Washborne, in Overbury, before the reign of Edward III. Roger de Washborne, living about the reign of Edward III., had two sons, both named John. The elder married Katherine Tromwyn, but by her, who married, secondly, Sir John Musard, knt., he had no issue. He was succeeded by his grand-nephew, John Washborne, of Washborne and Stanford, the son of Peter Washborne, who was the son of John, the younger son of Roger de Washborne. John Washborne was twice married: by his first wife, Joan, daughter and heiress of Sir John Musard (by Katherine, his wife, widow of the aforesaid John Washborne the elder), he had issue an only child, Isolda,* who was married to John Salwey, and carried with her the Stanford estates. His second wife was Margaret, the daughter and co-heiress of John Poher, lord of Wichenford, by whom he was father of Norman Washborne, who, says Nash, after various law suits with the Salweys, retired to his mother's estate at Wichenford, where the family continued for six generations, intermarrying with the Kynastons, Myttons, Staples, Tracys, Savages, Lygons, &c. The family appeared at the two Visitations of 1569 and 1634. Their pedigree in the latter Visitation

^{*} She appears to have married, secondly, Thomas Harewell: for Thomas Harewell and *Isolda*, his wife, presented to the church at Stanford in 1428. She presented to the same church as Isolda Salwey in 1423.

was entered and attested by John Clent, of Knightwick, on behalf of his stepson, John Washborne, of Wichenford, then aged about fifteen years, and who was "cosen and heir of John,* his great grandfather." Mr. Clent had married Lettice, nee Littleton, the widow of William Washborne, who died before 1634, in the lifetime of his grandfather, and had left issue two infant children, the said John and a daughter, Mary. The direct male line of the Washbornes of Wichenford expired in the person of William Washborne, who sold Wichenford in 1712 to Mr. Skynner, and afterwards resided at Pytchley, in Northamptonshire. By his wife, Hester, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Ernle, knt., he had issue a daughter and heiress named Elizabeth, who was married in 1723 to Francis Money, and was ancestress of the family of Money-Kyrle, of Much Marcle, co. Hereford.—Argent, on a fesse between six martlets gules, three quatrefoils of the field; quartering Ermine, a chief bendy sinister of six or and sable, for D'Abitot; and Gules, a fesse or in chief two mullets argent, for Poher. Crest: On a wreath, a bundle of flax argent surmounted by another wreath argent and gules thereon flames of fire proper. (D. 12, Coll. Arm., fo. 24, and C. 30, fo. 39; Harl. MS. 1566; Penn MS.; and Win. MS.)

^{*} Nash says this John was Sheriff of Worcestershire in the 20th of Richard II.—a stupid blunder, for he was born in 1548, and his will is dated February 9th, 1634. With him the pedigree entered in 1634 commences, and he survived his son and grandson. He was twice High Sheriff, viz., in the 24th and 42nd years of the reign of Queen Elizabeth. He was the son of Anthony Washborne, was twice married (to Mary Savage and Eleanor Lygon), and had in all seven sons and six daughters. (Vide C. 30 in Coll. Arm.)

The crest over the arms in the Harl. MS. 1566 is a burning dish; but there are two other crests in trick, one inscribed "a bunch of leeks," the other "a bundell of flax," both argent and banded. Sir John de Assheborne, of Worcestershire, bears in the Roll of temp. Edward II. Gules, a fesse between six martlets argent, a coat which differs only in tincture from that of Beauchamp of Powick. It is to this, probably, that Nash alludes (vol. ii., p. 233), when he says that the Washbornes "bore likewise the arms of the Earl of Warwick's second son, perhaps only as kinsmen or clients to that mighty Earl." He also says that they quartered Zouch, Corbet, Wysham, Walsh, and Blount.

Washington.—Argent, two bars gules, in chief three mullets of the last.

This coat occurs at Wickhamford on the tombstone of Penelope Washington, daughter of Colonel Sir Henry Washington and Elizabeth, his wife, daughter of Sir John Pakington, of Westwood. She died on the 27th of February, 1697. Sir Henry Washington was Governor t of the city of Worcester during its first siege in 1646, and he also led the storming party at Bristol. His widow married Samuel Sandys, the Royalist Colonel, and, dying in 1698, was buried at Wickhamford. Francis Townsend, Windsor Herald, supposed Colonel Washington to have been identical with Henry, son and heir of Sir William Washington, of Packington, co. Leicester (of the family of Washington of Sulgrave), by Anne, half-sister of George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham. † This Henry was three years old in 1618. According to Baker (*Northamptonshire*, i., 514), John Washington, brother of the above Sir William, was the great-grandfather of the American patriot, George Washington; but Col. Chester, in a recent communication to the *Herald and Genealogist* (iv., p. 49), has proved this to be a mistake. The Washington crest is A raven, wings endorsed proper issuing out of a ducal coronet or.

Wasteneys.—Sable, a lion rampant argent collared gules. (N.)

^{*} The families of Wysham and Walsh also bore A fesse between six martlets, the former with the field sable and the charges argent, and the latter with the field argent and the charges sable.

[†] He was made Governor of Worcester in the absence of Lord Astley, who had been taken prisoner by the Parliamentary forces, and was then in confinement at Warwick.

¹ See Green's Worcester, ii., Appendix, cliv.

This coat (which was borne temp. Edward I. by William de Wasteneys), was quartered by Gresley in right of the marriage of Sir Nicholas Gresley, living in 1300, with Thomasine, the daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Wastneys, knt., of Colton, co. Stafford. It occurs at Staunton, on the monument of Anne, wife of Simon Gresley, second son of Sir William Gresley, of Colton, knt., who died in 1591.

- Watkins, of Hill House, Hanbury; as on the tablet at Hanbury of John Watkins, of Hill House, who died in 1708, aged forty-seven.—Gules, a chevron between three towers or. (Nash, i., 553.)
- Watkins; as borne by the Rev. Richard Watkins, rector of Rock, and by his brother Charles, who afterwards assumed the additional surname and arms of Meysey, and became of Shakenhurst. They were sons of the Rev. Richard Watkins, rector of Clifton Camville, co. Stafford, by Anne, daughter of John Meysey, of Shakenhurst.—Azure, a fesse between three leopard's faces jessant de lis or. Crest: Out of an eastern crown or, a griffin's head gules. See Meysey.
- Watkins, of Woodfield, Ombersley; as granted to John Gregory Watkins, of Woodfield, High Sheriff in 1850,—Azure, on a chevron between three escallops argent as many leopard's faces jessant de lis gules. Crest: A talbot's head argent, erased and collared with cinquefoils gules. Motto: Ffyddlawn Bennydd." (Burke.)
- Watson, of Norton-in-Bredon.—Argent, on a chief sable three martlets of the field. Crest: A talbot statant ermine, collared and chained. (Dr. Prattinton.)

These bearings should probably be, Or, on a chief vert three martlets of the field. Crest: An ermine passant proper, collared, lined, and ringed or. See the Heraldic Dictionaries.

Watson, of Bengeworth and Aldington.—Thomas Watson, son of John Watson, by Agnes his wife, daughter of . . Young, married Agnes Weekes, and was father, with others, of three sons: William Watson, of Bengeworth and Aldington; Thomas, of Stratton, co. Gloucester; and John Watson, Bishop of Winchester from 1580 to 1584. William Watson, of Bengeworth, had three sons: John, Thomas, and William. His descendants were of Bengeworth at the Visitation of 1682-3.—Azure, a chevron ermine between two coneys courant in chief and a sun in base or. (Harl. MS., 1566.)

At the Visitation of Hampshire in 1634, Bishop Watson entered his descent and arms, the latter being Azure, a fesse ermine between three suns or. Crests: 1st, On a chapeau, a talbot statant ermine, collared, ringed, and studded or; 2nd, On a wreath, a snake noued in a circle, tail and head extended in chief fesseways, within the circle four other snakes two and two saltireways. (See Berry's Hampshire Pedigrees.) In Mr. Bedford's Blazon of Episcopacy, three different coats are ascribed to the Bishop; first, that above described (on the authority of Harl. MS., 1473); second, that recorded at the Hants Visitation; and the third, for which he cites the Add. MS., 12,443, is Azure, a hare courant, in chief three suns or. In a copy of one of the Gloucestershire Visitations in the Harl. MS., 1041, the family bears Azure, a hare courant between three suns or (see also Harl. MS., 615); and finally, Penn attributes to the family, Azure, a greyhound courant between three estoiles or.

- Watts, of Worcester; as borne by John Watts, gent., who died in 1715, aged eighty-four.— . . . two bars . . . in chief three pellets. (M.I. in All Saints' Church, Worcester.)
- Watts, of Blakesley, co. Northampton; descended from John Wathes, of Eston, or Aston, in Blockley, temp. Edward III.—Ermine, on a chief gules a bezant between two billets or. Crest: A lozenge gules between two wings

expanded or. (Burke's Armory; and Baker's North-amptonshire, ii., 23.)

This coat was granted (according to Papworth), in 1615.

- Watts, of Worcester.—Azure, on a fesse between three arrows bendways argent as many crescents of the field. (Penn MS.)
- Webb.—Gules, a cross between four eagles close or. (Win. MS.)
- WEBB, of "The Berrow;" as borne by Thomas Webb, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Worcestershire Militia, son of Thomas Webb, of Ledbury, banker, who was the only son of Thomas Webb, by Anne, eldest daughter and coheiress of the Rev. Thomas Knight, of Joyfields, co. Worcester, grand-daughter of Jacob Knight, of Daylesford, co. Worcester, and Southmead, co. Gloucester, and a descendant of Sir John Knight, knt., mayor of Bristol in 1663, in which year he entertained King Charles II., and received the honour of knighthood from the sword of that King.—Azure, a cross flory or, in the first and fourth quarters an eagle displayed, and in the second and third a maunch argent; quartering Knight. Crest: The battlements of a tower argent, thereon a demi eagle displayed azure winged vaire, in the beak a spur gold. Motto: "Be first." (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

In Burke's Armory, and in Dr. Strong's Heraldry of Herefordshire, the following bearings, being those of Knight, are attributed to this family:—Argent, three pales gules, on a canton of the last a spur leathered of the first. Crest: Out of a mural coronet a demi-eagle displayed or.

WEDDESBURY; as borne by John Weddesbury, Prior of Wor-

- cester, a° 1507.—Gules, on a fesse sable (sic) between three strawberry branches slipped as many birds close or. (N.)
- Weir, of Mere Green, Hanbury; granted on the 24th of April, 1779, to John Weir, of St. Anne's, Soho, a Lieutenant in the 43rd regiment of foot.—Azure, a fesse erminois between three mullets in chief or, and a crescent in base argent. Crest: A dexter cubit arm erect proper charged with a cross crosslet fitchée gules, in the hand a dagger argent pommel and hilt or. (Dr. Prattinton.)
- Wells. Argent, a chevron voided azure between three flames of fire proper. Some bear, Or, a lion rampant sable, tail forked, langued and armed gules. (Win. MS.)
- Welts.—Per pale or and azure, a chevron between three fleurs-de-lis counterchanged. (N.)

Quartered by Haselwood.—But see Haselwood and Palmer.

Wenard.—Argent, on a bend azure three mullets of the field.
(N.)

Quartered by Walsh, through Stonor, in right of the marriage of Sir John Stonor, temp. Henry III., with the heiress of Wenard, of Wenard, co. Cornwall.

West, of Earl's Croome; as borne by Samuel West of that place, High Sheriff in 1775.—Argent, a fesse dancettée sable.

Nash attributes this in error to John Hurtle, who was Sheriff in 1774.

Westcote (the family from which Lord Lyttelton is paternally descended).—Argent, a bend cottised sable within a bordure engrailed gules bezantée. Crest; A Moor's head

in profile couped at the shoulders proper wreathed about the temples argent and sable. (N.) See LYTTELTON.

A second coat of Westcote is given in the Visitation of Devonshire, a° 1620, viz.:—Argent, a fesse gules, in chief three covered cups of the last.

Westfaling; as impaled by *Humphrey Lyttelton* (who died in 1624), at Naunton, in right of Margaret, his second wife, daughter of Herbert Westfaling, and widow of Dr. Eedes, Dean of Worcester.—Azure, a cross between four caltraps or. (*Dr. Prattinton*.)

Brown-Westhead, of Lea Castle, Wolverley; as granted to Joshua Procter Westhead, of Manchester, and of Lea Castle, son of Edward Westhead, of Manchester, merchant, by Anne, his wife, sister of John Brown, of Lea Castle, on his assuming by royal licence in 1850, the surname of Brown, in addition to and before that of Westhead, in compliance with the will of his said maternal uncle.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent, two barrulets dancettée sable between three Saracen's heads couped at the shoulders affrontée proper, wreathed round the temples of the first and second, for Westhead; 2nd and 3rd, Brown, of Lea Castle (which see). Crests: 1st, (for Westhead), Within a fetterlock or, a Saracen's head as in the arms, wreathed round the temples argent and sable; 2nd, Brown. Motto: "Ora et labora."

Weston.—Sable, a chevron between three holly leaves argent. (N.)

Formerly in one of the windows of the Cloisters of Worcester Cathedral. See Thomas, p. 27.

WESTON, of Worcester; as impaled at Powick by Richard

Case, in right of his wife, Anne, daughter of Joseph Weston, of Worcester.—Or, an eagle displayed sable.

Westwood, of Bromsgrove; as borne by the Rev. John Westwood, vicar of Halesowen, who died April 12th, 1672, and impaled by Joseph Withers (who died in 1741, aged fifty-one), in right of his wife, Mary, the daughter of Mr. Westwood, of Chadwick, near Bromsgrove.—Azure, a chevron between three mullets or. (M.I. at Halesowen, and at St. Swithin's, Worcester.)

John Westwood, of Bromsgrove, was fined for not taking knighthood at the coronation of Charles I. He also disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1634.

Westwood, of Worcester; as granted by Segar on the 24th of November, in the 44th of Elizabeth, to Humphrey Westwood, of Worcester, son of Simon Westwood.*—Gules, four mullets of six points or, a canton ermine. Crest: A wild man's arm vert, holding a club in bend gules spiked at the end or, on the thicker part argent. (Harl. MS. 1566.)

These arms are, by a singular error, attributed by the *Heraldic Dictionaries* to "Frey, of Westwood." A very similar coat was granted in 1576 to the family of *Wedgwood*, of Harracles, co. Stafford, viz., Gules, four mullets and a canton argent.

Weyland.—Argent, on a cross gules five fleurs-de-lis or. (N.)

Quartered by Windsor, through Andrewes, in right of the marriage of James Andrewes, of Bailham, co. Suffolk, with Alice, daughter and

^{*} Humphrey Westwood gave by will, dated 1622, 50s. yearly to the poor of the parish of Chaddesley Corbett, where he was born, issuing out of a tenement in Uxbridge. Simon Westwood also gave a similar annuity to the poor of the same parish charged upon his lands at Harborne, co. Stafford. (See the Charity Commissioners' Reports.)

co-heiress of John Weyland, and grand-daughter of William Weyland, by Margaret, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Burnaville, knt. (See Berry's Buckinghamshire Pedigrees.)

WHEELER, of Droitwich.—The pedigree of this family, as recorded at the Visitation of 1634, commences with John Wheeler, of Droitwich, father, by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of William Acton, of Acton, of Gilbert Wheeler, of Droitwich and of Oxfordshire, who married Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of George Wale, of Droitwich, and had issue John Wheeler, who by Anne his wife, sister and heiress of Nicholas Purslowe, of Sudbury, co. Salop, was father of Gilbert Wheeler, of Droitwich, living in 1634. Gilbert married Mary, daughter of John Porter, of Claines, and had (with others,) a son and heir, John Wheeler, of Droitwich, also living in 1634, who had issue two sons, Edmund and Gilbert, and three daughters. One of this family, viz., Gilbert Wheeler, of Droitwich, was High Sheriff of the county in 1742.—Per bend gules and azure, a fish wheel in bend or, on a chief of the last a wolf's head erased sable between two pellets. (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 94; Harl. MS. 1450; and Add. MS. 19816.)

Penn blazons the coat Per bend azure and gules, &c., and it is so given in the *Heraldic Dictionaries*.

Wheeler, of Martin Hussingtree.—Bishop Lyttelton says that this family was seated in Worcestershire as early as Edward II.'s time, and bore coat armour. The family is directly descended from William Wheeler, who early in the 16th century married Joan, the sister and heiress of Thomas Smith, otherwise Pirie, of Martin Hussingtree. Sir William Wheler, knt., a descendant of this family,

was created a baronet in 1660, with special remainder in default of male issue, to his cousin, Charles Wheler, of Martin Hussingtree, and of Birbury, co. Warwick. Sir William died issueless, and the title devolved, according to the limitation, upon the said Charles Wheler, from whom the present baronet of Leamington Hastings, co. Warwick, is lineally descended.—Or, a chevron between three leopard's faces sable. Crest: In a ducal coronet or, an eagle displayed gules. Motto: "Facie tenus."

These bearings were granted to the family in 1585. The ancient coat was Argent, on a chevron engrailed between three buckles azure as many martlets or.* In the Harl. MS. 2113, is a trick of the arms of "S' Charles Wheler, of Burbury, co. Warw, B'., antiently of Martyn Hussingtre in com. Worcester," viz., Quarterly 1st, Wheler modern; 2nd, Sable, a bend between three mullets of six points argent, for Smith: 3rd, Argent, on a bend sable three pears or, for Pirie; 4th, Wheeler ancient. Crest and motto as above. "Wheeler, of London, goldsmith, who came out of Worcestershire," bears in the Harl. MS. 1069, 1st and 4th, Wheler modern; 2nd, Pirie; and 3rd, Wheeler ancient. Crest as above. The same arms are also tricked in the Harl. MS. 1566.

Wheeler, of Kyrewood; as borne by Edward Vincent Wheeler, of Kyrewood, High Sheriff in 1857, the descendant of "a respectable and wealthy family who have long occupied the manor of More, in Lindridge, under the lessee."†—Arms, crest and motto, as Wheeler of Martin Hussingtree. (Burke's Landed Gentry.)

WHEELER, of Wollaston Hall, near Stourbridge, and Wooton Lodge, co. Stafford.—John Wheeler, of Wollaston Hall, a

+ Nash, ii., 96. Kyrewood was purchased by Edward Wheeler, uncle of the above E. V. Wheeler, in 1808, from the Hollands and Sandfords.

[•] Dr. Thomas attributes this, but with the chevron sable, to "Whelar." It occurs quartering Pirie in glass at Martin Hussingtree.

ŧ

magistrate for the county of Worcester, who founded a charity school at Red Hill, Oldswinford, died in 1708, aged sixty-two, and was buried at Oldswinford. He married twice, and had issue by his first wife five daughters, and by his second four sons and six daughters. The line of his eldest son, John, who in 1716 removed to Wooton Lodge, ended in a daughter, Penelope, who married Thomas Kynnersley, of Loxley. The second son, Richard, succeeded his brother at Wollaston Hall. He married Mary, daughter of Peter Egerton of Shaw, and by her, who was born in 1694, he had issue John, Richard, Mary, and Christiana. The estates at Stourbridge and Wooton subsequently devolved upon the family of Unwin.—Argent, on a chief azure two Catherine wheels of the field. (*Dr. Prattinton.*)

- WHETHULL, WHETHILL, or WITHALL.—Per fesse azure and or, a pale and three lions rampant counterchanged. (N.)

 One of the Coningsby quarterings.
- Whippy, of Belbroughton, &c.; as borne by the late Benjamin John Whippy, of Lee Place, Oxfordshire, eldest son of Benjamin Whippy, and grandson of Thomas Whippy, of Belbroughton, by Esther, his wife, daughter of John Tristram, of Moor Hall.—Vert, on a mount in base or an oak tree of the same, on a chief argent three mullets gules. Crest: A horse's head erased. (Burke's Landed Gentry.)
- WHITAKER, of Caldewell, Pershore; as borne by John Whitaker-Wilson, eldest son of the late Thomas Whitaker, by Mary, daughter of John Hunt, of Naunton Beauchamp. Mr. Whitaker-Wilson was authorised by royal

license, dated February 5th, 1869, to assume the latter surname in addition to, and after his patronymic, in compliance with the will of Jane Bennett, of Pershore, widow.—Sable, three mascles argent. Crest: A cubit arm grasping a broken spear. (Communicated by the family.

WHITCOMBE, of Orleton.—This family, which is of ancient standing in the counties of Salop and Worcester, derived from Thomas Wydcombe, of Wydcombe, in the parish of Chewton Mendip, co. Somerset, who having married Edith, the daughter and heiress of Adam Mavesyn, of Berwick Mavesyn, co. Salop, settled in that county in the reign of Henry IV., where, and at Orleton, near Tenbury, the family has ever since continued. Whitcombe, of Orleton, who was High Sheriff of this county in 1778, had issue three daughters and co-heiresses, viz., Frances, wife of Major George Munro; Catherine, wife of John Niblett, of Haresfield Court, co. Gloucester: and Judith, who was married in 1785 to Sir William Hicks, bart, but died s.p.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Paly of six or and sable, three eagles displayed counterchanged, for Whitcombe; 2nd, Argent, a fesse between three cinquefoils sable, for Mavesyn; 3rd, Quarterly gules and ermine, in the first and fourth quarters a goat's head erased proper, for *Morton*. Crest: In a ducal coronet argent, a demi eagle displayed per pale sable and argent, wings counterchanged. (Seal, &c.)

WHITGIFT, Bishop of Worcester, 1577-83, afterwards Archbishop of Canterbury; as granted by Dethick in 1577.—Argent, on a cross flory sable four bezants. (Bedford.)

In the MS. Lambeth 555, this coat is quartered with Or, on a cross flory azure four bezants. (Bedford.)

- WHITGREAVE, of The Hill, Bockleton; as quartered by Barneby, in right of descent from the marriage of Thomas Barneby, temp. Edward IV., with Isabella, daughter and sole heiress of Thomas Whitgreave, of the Hill.—Azure, a cross voided or charged with four chevrons gules. (M.I. at Bockleton.)
- WHITMORE, of Hanley; as quartered by Lechmere, in right of the marriage of Richard Lechmere, temp. Henry VII., with Joan, daughter and co-heiress of John Whitmore, of Hanley.—Vert, fretty or.
- WHITMORE. See JONES.
- WHITTICKE.—Azure, on a chevron argent between three pheons or as many crosses pattée gules. (Penn MS.)

The arms, probably, of John Wightwick, Serjeant-at-law, who died in 1645, and was buried in the cathedral, Worcester. (See Green, ii. Appendix, p. 33.)

- WHITTICKE.—Azure, a chevron argent between three pheons or. (*Penn MS*.)
- Whittington, of Staunton, whose heiress married Horton.—Gules, a fesse checky or and azure—as quartered by Horton; but Nash gives the field sable, and Penn adds "in the dexter chief an annulet gold," which was the difference of the famous Sir Richard Whittington, Lord Mayor of London. The coat with the field gules occurs in glass in the cathedral at Worcester, but Dr. Thomas erroneously ascribes it to Godard. (See his Survey, p. 61.)
- WHITTON, of Powick.—This family is noticed in the Visitation Book of 1634, (C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 114), but no arms were entered.

Whorwood, of Stourton Castle, Compton, &c., in Staffordshire; and of Bentley-Pauncefort, Holdfast, Kingsford, &c., in Worcestershire.—Argent, a chevron between three stag's heads cabossed sable; quartering Field of Kingsnorton. Crest: A stag's head cabossed sable, in the mouth an oak branch vert fructed or. (Harwood's Erdeswick, &c.)

Wicksted, of Shakenhurst, and of Betley Hall, co. Stafford.— Charles, son of George Tollet, of Betley, by Frances, his wife, only child of William Jolliffe, of Sculcoats, and Frances, his wife, daughter of Thomas Wicksted, of Nantwich, co. Chester, assumed by sign manual, dated the 25th of March, 1814, the surname and arms of Wicksted only, and became of Shakenhurst in right of his wife. (See Wigley and Meysey.)—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent, on a bend azure between three Cornish choughs sable beaked and legged gules as many garbs or, for Wicksted; and and 3rd, Checky argent and azure, a chevron engrailed or charged with three anchors sable, on a chief gules a lion passant of the first, for Tollet. Crests: 1st, Two snakes proper issuing from and entwined round a garb or, for Wicksted; 2nd, A pyramid erected on a pedestal of one degree argent, the top entwined by a serpent descending proper, on an escroll, the motto, " Prudentia in adversis." (Burke's Landed Gentry, &c.)

Wigley, of Pensham and Shakenhurst; and of Ullesthorpe, co. Leicester.—Edward Wigley, M.D., having married Anne, daughter and co-heiress of William Makepeace, of Pensham, his son by her, the Rev. Henry Wigley, became of Pensham. This gentleman married Mary, only daughter and heiress of Edmund Ludlam, of Leicester, and had

issue, Edmund (of whom presently), and Henry, who assumed the surname of Greswolde, and became of Malvern Hall. The elder son, Edmund Wigley, M.P. for the city of Worcester, married in 1795 Anna Maria, daughter and heiress of Charles Watkins-Meysey, of Shakenhurst, by whom he had issue (with two sons who died s.p.) three daughters and co-heiresses, the youngest of whom, Mary-Charlotte, was married in 1834 to Charles Wicksted, of Betley, afterwards of Shakenhurst, jure uxoris.—Paly of eight embattled argent and gules. Crest: Issuing out of flames proper, a tiger's head argent, maned and tufted sable, gorged with a collar embattled gules. (Nichols's Leicestershire, iv., 119, and ii., 788.)

Wigmore.—Sable, three greyhounds courant in pale argent collared or.—Argent, three greyhounds courant in pale sable. (N.)

The Heralds found the first of these coats (but the greyhounds collared gules) in Kidderminster church, at their Visitation in 1634. (See C. 30, Coll. Arm., fo. 27b.)

Wigston, of Worcestershire.—Ermine, on a chevron per chevron sable and azure, three estoiles or. (Her. Dic.)

This is an impalement of Cooksey, of Wolverton, William Cooksey having married Alice, daughter of Roger Wygston, of co. Warwick. The coat is tricked in the Cooksey pedigree in the *Harl. MS.* 6139.

- WILD.—Argent, a chevron sable in chief three martlets. (Win. MS.) See WYLDE.
- WILFOORD, of Worcestershire.—Gules, a chevron engrailed between three leopard's faces argent. Crest: A stag's head gorged with a laurel crown. (N.; and Burke's Armory.)

- WILLAN; as borne by *Henry Willan*, J.P., of Albion Lodge, Hanley Castle, 1873.—Gules, on a bend argent three mullets of six points sable in the sinister chief a bezant. Crest: A demi-lion rampant or, in the dexter paw a mullet of six points sable. (Communicated.)
- WILLCOCKS, of Worcestershire.—Argent, a fesse sable between three cock's heads erased of the last combed and wattled gules. (Her. Dic.)
- Williams, of Pitmaston and Doddenham; as borne by John Williams, of Pitmaston, High Sheriff in 1823. He was the son of John Williams, by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter of Francis Best, of Holy Cross, Pershore, and the descendant of an old Herefordshire family. By Dorothy, his wife, sister of Edmund Wigley, M.P., of Pensham, he had issue Francis-Edward Williams, of Malvern Hall, co. Warwick, and Doddenham, who was placed on the roll of High Sheriffs for this county for 1855-8, but was excused from serving that office on the ground of ill health—Gyronny of eight ermine and ermines, a lion rampant or guttée de sang. Crest: Between two spears erect proper, a talbot passant per pale ermine and ermines. (Burke's Landed Gentry.)
- WILLINGTON.—Gules (sometimes or),* a saltire vaire. (N.)

 This is an ancient Warwickshire family whose arms were quartered by Sheldon, in right of the marriage of William Sheldon, of Beoley, with Mary, daughter and co-heiress of William Willington, of Brailes and Barcheston, co. Warwick. She died in 1553. The same coat was borne by Benjamin Willington, citizen and laceman, of London, who died in 1718, aged sixty-four, and was buried at St. Nicholas's, Worcester.

^{*} Dr. Thomas and Nash give the field or, and Sheldon so quarters it in the Harl. MS. 1167; but in the Rolls of temp. Edward I. and Edward II. the field is gules.

Willis, of Bewdley; as granted by John Anstis, Garter, and Knox Ward, Clarenceux, on the 6th of March, 1731, to John Willis, of Chelsea, and his descendants, and the descendants of his grandfather, William Willis, late of Bewdley, co. Worcester.—Or, on a chevron between three mullets of six points gules, a cross pattée of the field. Crest: A hind trippant, in the mouth a branch of oak proper fructed gold, charged on the shoulder with a mullet of six points of the last. (Add. MS. 14830.)

Richard Willis, consecrated Bishop of Winchester in 1734, was the son of a capper at Bewdley, and in all probability a member of this family. Mr. Bedford gives his arms as Argent, a chevron sable between three mullets gules,* on the authority of Cole's MSS.

WILLIS; as borne by Francis Willis, Dean of Worcester, 1586, and President of St. John's College, Oxford. He died in 1596, and was buried in the cathedral at Worcester.—Argent, a chevron gules between three willow trees proper raised on so many hillocks vert. (Habingdon MSS.; and Monument in the cathedral.)

WILLIS, of Wick-Episcopi; as borne quarterly, in the second and third quarters, with Bund, by John William Bund-Willis-Bund, of Wick, only son of John Walpole Willis, by his second wife, Ann Susanna Kent, daughter of the late Thomas Henry Bund, of Wick. The said John Walpole Willis, who is the second son of the late Captain Willis of the 13th Dragoons, and a presumed descendant of the extinct baronetical family of Willis, of Fen-Ditton,

^{*} These are the undifferenced arms of the old family of Willis, of Napton and Fenny Compton, co. Warwick.

co. Cambridge, married, first, Lady Mary Isabella Lyon, daughter of Thomas, 11th Earl of Strathmore, by whom he has issue a son, Robert Bruce Willis.—Per fesse gules and argent, three lions rampant counterchanged within a bordure ermine. Crest: Two lion's gambs erased, the dexter argent the sinister gules, supporting an escutcheon or. (Burke's Landed Gentry.) See Bund and Wilmot.

WILLOUGHBY, of Netherton in Cropthorne; as impaled at Welland by John Russell, M.A., in right of his wife, Mary, daughter of George Willoughby, of Netherton, Serjeant-at-law. He died 1580.—Or, fretty, azure; quartering Beke, Ufford, Latimer, Arches, Shakerley, Paveley,* Burghersh (?) Trussell, Stafford, of Southwick, Leyborne (?)† Maltravers, Sivrefast, Danmerle, Champernon, Dethick, and Biggory. Crest: The bust of a man couped at the shoulders and affrontée proper, ducally crowned or. (Nash, ii., 455.) See Feyce.

We learn from Nash that the manor of Little Comberton was conveyed by John Dudley, Duke of Northumberland (then Viscount Lisle), to George Willoughby, whose son, Thomas, conveyed it in the 9th of Elizabeth to his relation, John Hunks. (Vol. i., p.255). George Willoughby, esquire, was patron of the church of Little Comberton in 1550, and Thomas and Robert Willoughby, gentlemen, presented thereto in 1580. How George Willoughby, of Netherton, was related to this family, or to the noble family of Willoughby, we have not ascertained; but the above quarterings indicate a descent from Robert, first Lord Willoughby de Broke (who died in 1503), and Blanche, his wife, daughter and heiress of John Champernon. Collins, however, states that Lord Willoughby had an only son, Robert, his successor, who married Elizabeth, the daughter and co-heiress of Richard, Lord Beauchamp, of Powick, by whom he was father of an only surviving son, Edward, whose daughter, and eventually sole heiress, married

^{*} See PAVELEY.

Sir Fulke Greville, and was ancestress of the Earls of Warwick, and of the present Lord Willoughby de Broke. We can only account for a few of the quarterings in this atchievement. Some are probably misnamed by Nash.

WILMER. See DIXON.

WILMOT, of Kidderminster-Foreign.—This family claimed to be of the same stock as the Earl of Rochester. pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1682-3 by Iames Wilmot, on behalf of his brother John, and his nephew, Pynson Wilmot, of Kidderminster-Foreign. It commences with Robert Wilmot, of Worcestershire, whose son, John Wilmot, of Hartlebury, was father, by the daughter of Middlemore, of Robert Wilmot, of Ward End, co. Warwick, afterwards of Smethwick, co. Stafford, and lastly of Kidderminster-Foreign, who died about the year 1678, aged seventy, having had issue (with four daughters), four sons, viz., John, of Kidderminster, aged about fifty in 1682; Robert, of Hartlebury, then aged about forty-six, who married and had issue; James, of Hartlebury, also married;* and the Rev. Thomas Wilmot, vicar of Bromsgrove and Kingsnorton, then aged about thirty-seven, who had two daughters, Sarah and Anne, aged respectively eleven and The eldest son, John Wilmot, married Jane, eight.

† According to Nash, there were two vicars of Bromsgrove in succession named Thomas Wilmot, the one presented in 1669, and the other in 1699. Elizabeth, the daughter of one or them, married Sir Thomas Cookes Winford, bort

^{*} One of the daughters of this gentleman was named Olive. The soi-disant "Princess Olive, of Cumberland" (born in 1772), was the daughter of a Robert Wilmot and Anna Maria, his wife, and the niece of the Rev. James Wilmot, D.D., rector of Alcester and Barton-on-the-Heath, co. Warwick. She had a brother, Thomas Wilmot, of Coventry.

daughter of William Pynson, of Wolverhampton, and by her had two sons, Pynson, aged about twenty-one in 1682, and Matthew, aged about eleven. Pynson was twice married, first, to Martha, daughter of Gilbert Julians, or Gellians, of Dudley; and, secondly, to Anne Wood, of Droitwich. He died in 1727, having had issue by his first wife a son, the Rev. Thomas Wilmot, of Ealing, whose son, Robert, born in 1700, was vicar of Walton, co. Gloucester; and, by his second, he was father of the Rev. Pynson Wilmot, born in 1705, for fifty-one years vicar of Halesowen, who died in 1784, leaving issue (with two other sons who died issueless), a son, the Rev. Pynson Wilmot, who died without issue in 1798, and an only daughter, Anne, married in 1802 to the late Thomas Henry Bund, of Wick.* The Rev. Charles Wilmot, rector of Oddingley, from 1744 to 1756, was a member of this family. His son, William Wilmot, † of Halesowen, married Anne, second daughter and coheiress of Walter Woodcock, by Frances, his wife, second sister and co-heiress of Ferdinando Lord Dudley, and had issue five sons, viz., Pynson, who had an only son, John King Wilmot; George Wilmot, of Dudley, who died in 1846,‡ leaving an only daughter, married to Studley; Walter Woodcock Wilmot, who married Hannah Sinclair, and died in 1852, leaving issue an only

^{*} From a pedigree communicated by J. W. B. Willis-Bund, esq. The original receipt for the entry of the pedigree in 1682 is in Mr. Willis-Bund's possession.

[†] William Wilmot is said to have been a cousin of the Rev. Pynson Wilmot, vicar of Halesowen, and a nephew of one of the vicars of Bromsgrove.

[†] This George kept a toll-gate at Cooper's Bank, near Dudley! See ante., p. 335.

son, Daniel Sinclair Wilmot, father of the present Walter Benjamin Wilmot, of London; William, who was married, but died without issue in 1834; and Charles, who was married and had issue.—Argent, on a fesse gules between three eagle's heads erased sable two escallops or. Crest: A unicorn sejant or. ("Disallowed" at the Visitation.—See K. 4, Coll. Arm., fo. 79.)

"The above," says an old family document penes Mr. Willis-Bund, of Wick, "is yo arms of yo ancient Wilmot family, before Henry Wilmot, a branch of it, was created Earl of Rochester, Dec. 13th, 1645. Succeeded by his son, John Wilmot; his son, Charles, died in infancy. Henry, or John Wilmot, wo died July 26, 1680, was said to be yo 3rd generation from yo Worcestershire family."

- WILSON; as borne by the Rev. George Wilson, M.A., rector of St. Clement's, Worcester, a descendant of Thomas Wilson, D.D., Dean of Worcester in 1571, who died in 1739, aged ninety-three, and was buried at St. Helen's, Worcester. Sable, a wolf salient or, in chief three mullets of the last. Crest: A demi wolf issuant. (M.I. at St. Helen's.)
- Wimbish, of Nocton, co. Lincoln, and of Earl's Croome; as borne by Thomas Wimbish, husband of Elizabeth, Baroness Talboys.—Purpure, a lion rampant argent. (Nash, i., 266.) See Talboys.
- WINCHCOMBE, Bishop of Worcester, 1396-1401.—Azure, on a chevron between three birds or as many cinquefoils of the field, on a chief of the second a fleur-de-lis also of the field. (Bedford.)

The device or rebus of this Bishop occurs on a tile at Great Malvern. It is described by Mr. Way, and illustrated with an engraving,

^{*} The correct date is Dec. 13th, 1652.

in the Gentleman's Magazine for July, 1844, p. 29. "The tile (he says) represents a sort of capstan, with a rope wound round, bars being inserted at intervals for the purpose of turning it, and a large comb; this whimsical expression of the name Winch-comb is surmounted by the mitre and pastoral staff."

WINDSOR, of Hewell Grange.—This family is descended from Walter Fitz-Otho, living at the Conquest, the son of Otho, or Other, a powerful Baron, possessed of considerable estates in the time of Edward the Confessor. Walter, who was the patriarch also of the distinguished families of Fitzgerald and Grace, was castellan of Windsor, in which office he was succeeded by his son, William, called de Windsor, which thenceforth became the family surname. The Windsors were of Stanwell, in Middlesex, until the reign of King Henry VIII., when they removed to Worcestershire, the first settler here being Sir Andrewes Windsor, K.B., who was summoned to Parliament from 1529 to 1536, as Baron Windsor de Stanwell. He was the son of Thomas Windsor, of Stanwell, by Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Andrewes.* Windsor surrendered his estate at Stanwell to the king, and had Bordesley Abbey and Hewell Grange given him in exchange, together with several manors and lands belonging to the dissolved Monastery of Bordesley.† He married Elizabeth, sister and heiress of Edward Blount, Lord Mountjoy, and daughter of William, eldest son of

^{*} By Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Stratton. Her father, John Andrewes, was the son of James Andrewes, by Alice, daughter and co-heiress of John Weyland, the son of William Weyland, by Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Burnaville, knt.

[†] The curious circumstances under which Lord Windsor was deprived of Stanwell are related by Collins, and quoted by Nash in a note to p. 406 of his second volume.

Walter, first Lord Mountjoy, by Margaret his wife, daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Echingham. liam, the second Lord Windsor, married Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Wliliam Sambourne, of Southcote, knt.; Edward, the third Lord, married Lady Katherine Vere, only child of John, Earl of Oxford, by his first wife, Lady Dorothy Neville; and Henry, the fifth Lord, was father, by Anne, his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Rivet, of Chippenham, of a daughter, and eventually sole heiress, named Elizabeth, married to Dixie Hickman,* of Kew, whose son, Thomas, assumed the surname and arms of Windsor, and succeeded to the Barony. This nobleman was in 1682 created Earl of Plymouth; his eldest son, Other,† died vitâ patris in 1684, leaving by his wife Elizabeth, daughter and at length sole heiress of Thomas Turvey, of Walcote, a son Other, who succeeded his grandfather, and was father, by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter and heiress of Thomas Whitley, of Poole, co. Chester, of Other, Earl of Plymouth, who married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Lewis, of Soberton, Hants. His grandson,

^{*} This ancient family is deduced from Robert Fitz-Hickman, Lord of the manors of Bloxham and Wickham, co. Oxford, in 1272. He had two sons, John and William; John, the elder, assumed the surname of Bloxham, but died without issue, and was succeeded by his brother, who had two sons, Sir Roger and John, both surnamed de Bloxham. The family subsequently resided at Woodford Hall, Essex. The immediate ancestor of the Earls of Plymouth, Walter Hickman, was the third son of Anthony Hickman, of Woodford, from whose eldest son, William, the Hickmans, of Gainsborough, co. Lincoln, baronets, were descended.

[†] Lord Plymouth had issue by his second wife, Ursula, daughter and coheiress of Sir Thomas Widdrington, knt., a son, Thomas Windsor-Hickman, who was created Viscount Windsor in the Peerage of Ireland, in 1699, and Baron Montjoy in that of England, in 1711, both of which titles are now extinct.

Other, fifth Earl of Plymouth, married his cousin, Sarah, the daughter and co-heiress of Andrew, last Lord Archer, and by her had issue Other Archer, the sixth Earl, who died s.p. in 1833, and two daughters, who on the death, without issue, of their uncle Henry, the eighth Earl, and the consequent extinction of the Earldom, became coheiress to the Barony of Windsor. These ladies were Maria, wife of Arthur, second Marquis of Downshire: and Harriet, married in 1819 to the Hon. Robert Clive, son of Edward, first Earl of Powis. Between them the Barony fell into abeyance, but was terminated on the 25th of October, 1855, in favour of the younger sister, Lady Harriet Clive, of Hewell, who thus became Baroness Windsor. Her ladyship assumed, on the 8th of November, 1855, the surname of Windsor, in addition to and before that of Clive, and was succeeded at her death by her grandson, Robert George Windsor-Clive. The family appeared only at the last Visitation of this county in 1682-3.—Gules, a saltire argent between twelve crosses crosslet or, for Windsor, and Per pale indented argent and azure, for Hickman; quartering Molyns, Bintworth,* Andrewes, † Weyland, Burnaville, Stratton, Blount, Ayala, Echingham, Samborne, Vere, Rivel, Turvey, Whitley, Lewis, Archer, and others. Crest: A stag's head erased affrontée proper. Supporters: Two unicorns argent maned, armed, hoofed, and tufted or. Motto: "Je me fie (Peerages; and K. 4, Coll. Arm. fo. 19.)

The arms of Clive are Argent, on a fesse sable three mullets or.

^{*} Bintworth bore Gules, five lions rampant in cross or. See MOLYNS.

[†] Andrewes bore Argent, on a bend cottised sable three pierced mullets of the field.

Crest: A griffin passant argent ducally gorged gules. Motto: "Audacter et sincere."

WINFORD, of Glasshampton, in Astley.—This family, whose descent and arms were recorded at the Visitations of 1634, and 1682-3, came originally from Yorkshire, and settled in Herefordshire, whence they removed to Astley. John Winford, son of Walter Winford, of Astley, and grandson of Richard Winford, of Sapey, co. Hereford, by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Walter Blount, of Astley, married Catherine, daughter of George Hornyold, of Bredon, and dying in 1637, was succeeded by his son, Sir John Winford, knt., a devoted loyalist, who was present at the battle of Worcester.* Sir John died in 1682, aged seventy-two, leaving two sons, Henry, who married Mercy, sister and heiress of Sir Thomas Cookes, bart., and had issue; and Thomas, second prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas, who was created a baronet on the third of July, 1702, with remainder to the heirs male of the body of his elder brother, Henry. in the month of September following without issue, and was succeeded in his title and estates by his nephew, Sir Thomas Cookes Winford, bart., on whose death without issue in 1744, the title became extinct, and the estates passed to Thomas, son of Timothy Geers, who adopted the surname of Winford. He had two daughters only. the survivor of whom (neither having children), left Astley and other estates to the Rev. Denham J. J. Cookes.†—Argent, a chevron between three quatrefoils

^{*} He compounded for his estate with the Parliamentary Commissioners for £703 13s.
† Sir Thomas Cookes, bart., had left his estates to his three nephews, the

pierced sable. Crest: On a ducal coronet, a Moor's head in profile erased proper. (C. 30, and K. 4, Coll. Arm. ff. 40 and 71.)

Wingfield, of Lippard, or Leopard Grange, near Worcester.

—Of this family, which claimed to be a branch of the ancient and knightly house of Wingfield, of Letheringham, in Suffolk, Nash gives a copious pedigree, compiled and illustrated by Bishop Percy, who was related to the family. Its representative at that time was George Wingfield, of Lippard, born in 1736.—Argent, on a bend gules cottised sable three pairs of wings conjoined in lure of the field. Crest: A high cap or bonnet between two wings displayed. (N.; and Penn MS.)

Winnington, of Stanford Court.—" This family," says Nash, "is of great antiquity in Cheshire, and were lords of the manor of Winnington, near Nantwich, 3 Edward I., 1275. They intermarried with the Grosvenors, Mainwarings, Warburtons, and other principal families of that county. They continued to reside at Winnington till the 35th of Elizabeth, when Sir Richard Winnington, knt., dying without issue male, his only daughter became his heir, and married Sir Peter Warburton, who thus became possessed of the manors of Winnington, Pulford, &c., and his male issue enjoyed them till the only daughter of General Warburton married Samuel Pennant. The only brother of Sir Richard Winnington was made a Colonel,

above Thomas Cookes Winford, John Winford, and Harry Winford, in succession, and in default of issue to his kinsman, John Cookes, of London, and his issue. These three nephews having all died issueless, the property went to the Cookes family.

resigned his post in the army, and settled at Powick, near Worcester, where he married and had one son, Francis, who was bred to the law, became eminent in his profession, made Solicitor General, and supported the exclusion bill. He was a most zealous defender of the liberties of his country in Parliament, where he for some time represented the city of Worcester, and afterwards the boroughs of Windsor and Tewkesbury, and was the first patron of Lord Somers, who is said to have lived with him two or three years as his clerk in chambers." This account does not appear to be strictly accurate. From a MS. pedigree in the possession of the late Sir Thomas E. Winnington, bart, compiled by Salwey Winnington in 1721,* a descent is suggested from Paul Winnington (who was living cælebs in 1615), great-grandson of Robert, who was son of Thomas Winnington, of the Birches, co. Chester, living in the 8th of Henry VII., which Thomas represented a junior branch of the Winningtons, of Winnington. Major John Winnington, the presumed son of Paul, married a daughter of . . Blizzard, and was father of Sir Francis, the Solicitor General, born at Worcester in 1634, who acquired the Stanford estates in marriage with Elizabeth, sister and co-heiress of Edward Salwey, of Stanford. Sir Francis died in 1700, and was succeeded by his son, Salwey Winnington, the compiler of the above pedigree, whose issue male eventually expiring, the representation

^{*} This pedigree was privately printed by the late Sir Thomas Phillipps, bart., and has since been published in Dr. Howard's Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica, vol. i., p. 124. See also Shirley's Noble and Gentle Men. The Baronetages call the Solicitor General a son of Francis Winnington, an officer in the army in the reign of Charles I.

of the family devolved upon Edward Winnington, the grandson of Francis Winnington, of Broadway, second son of Sir Francis. This gentleman was created a baronet on the 15th of February, 1755, and was direct ancestor of Sir Francis-Salwey Winnington, of Stanford, the present and fifth baronet.—Argent, an inescutcheon voided (sometimes called an orle), sable, within an orle of martlets of the last; quartering *Salwey*, &c. Crest: A Saracen's head affrontée couped at the shoulders proper, wreathed about the temples argent and sable. (This is the crest of Salwey, which has been adopted by the Winningtons, of Stanford. The proper crest of Winnington is A still proper.) Motto: "Gratâ sume manu."

The Winningtons, of The Birches, are stated in the *Heraldic Dictionaries* to have borne Argent, a bend between six lozenges sable. The above arms with the *Still* crest, the same authorities say were granted to Wynnington, of the Middle Temple, and of Offerton, and the Hermitage, co. Chester, in 1675.

WINSMORE, of Worcestershire.—Argent, a fesse wavy gules between three crescents sable, an annulet for difference (Edmondson's Addenda to his Dictionary.)

William Winsmore was mayor of the city of Worcester in 1711; Moses Winsmore in 1728; and William Winsmore in 1739. Beatrix, the grand-daughter of Alderman William Winsmore, was the second wife of Alderman Edward Withers, she died in 1750, aged forty-nine. (M.I. in St. Andrew's Church, Worcester.)

WINTER, or WINTOUR, of Huddington.—Habingdon informs us that this family settled at Droitwich in the reign of Edward II., and continued there until the marriage of Roger Winter with the co-heiress of Hodington and Cassey, in the reign of Henry VI. Although possessed

of considerable landed property in Worcestershire, the Winters did not appear at any of the Visitations of this county; but copious pedigrees of the family are given in the Harl. MSS. 1041 and 1566. According to Nash,* the name is derived from the British words, Gwyn Tour, i.e. the white tower, and this, he says, seems confirmed by the crest of the family being a falcon mounted on a white tower:† The above-mentioned pedigrees commence with Sir Roger Winter, knt., who married Margaret, widow of John Lord Mohun, of Dunster, and had issue Robert, whose son, Richard, was grandfather of "John Winter, esq., captaine of the castell of Mayett, in France under John, Duke of Beaufort." was father of Roger Winter, of Wich, whose wife, Joan, was the daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Hodington, of Hodington, and a descendant and co-representative of the ancient house of Cooksey. Their son, Roger Winter, married Anne, daughter of Richard Washborne, and had issue Roger Winter, of Hodington, whose effigies, and that of his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Hungerford, knt., are represented in one of the windows of Huddington church. Robert ! Winter, of Huddington, their son, was father, by his first wife, Cathe-

* Habingdon appears to be Nash's authority.

[†] This crest is represented in a window of Huddington church, and also on the monument of Sir George Winter, bart. Dr. Thomas gives the *arms* of the family as "Four falcons alighting on an embattled wall."

[‡] In "Mr. Throgmorton's house," at Chasleton, co. Oxford, is the coat of Winter, *Checky or and sable*, a fesse gules, impaling Throckmorton, and over it, "Kathrin, mar. first to Edward Wynter, of Huddington, esq.; after, to Smyth, of Camden, esq." (See *The Visitations of Oxfordshire*, Harleian Society, p. 16.) Her second husband was *Thomas* Smith of Campden, co. Gloucester.

rine, daughter of Sir George Throckmorton, of Coughton, co. Warwick, of George Winter, who married Jane, daughter of Sir William Ingleby, of Ripley, co. York, and had issue Thomas Winter, whose direct descendant, George Winter, of Huddington, was created a baronet in 1642. Sir George was thrice married, but, dying without issue in 1658, the baronetcy became extinct, and the Huddington estate passed, under his will, to his two brothers-in-law, Francis, Earl of Shrewsbury, and Gilbert By his second wife, Elizabeth, Robert Winter had issue a son, John, who married Anne, daughter and heiress of William Tirry, of Cork, in Ireland, by whom he was father of Sir William Winter, knt., Vice-Admiral of England, who, "with great valour and success," opposed the famous Spanish Armada, and was rewarded by Queen Elizabeth with a grant of the manor of Lydney, in Gloucestershire. Sir William married Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Langton, and was father by her of Sir Edward Winter, of Lydney, whose son (by the Lady Anne, his wife, daughter of Edward, Earl of Worcester, K.G.), Sir John Winter, was a devoted loyalist during the civil war, and is said to have performed a wonderful leap of nearly two hundred feet from the rocks at Tiddenham into the river when pursued by the Parliamentary forces. From him the Wintours of Lydney were descended. George Winter, a younger brother of the Admiral, purchased the manor of Dyrham, in Gloucestershire, in the 13th of Elizabeth. He married Anne, sister and co-heiress of Robert Brayne, of Stanton, and died in 1581, leaving (with other issue) a son, John, of Dyrham, Stanton, and Hinton, co. Gloucester, who

accompanied Sir Francis Drake in his famous voyage round the world. His great grand-daughter, Maty (only surviving daughter and heiress of John Winter, of Dyrham) married William Blathwayt, and was ancestress of the Blathwayts of Dyrham.—Sable, a fesse ermine, in chief a crescent of the last. Crests: In a ducal coronet or, a cubit arm erect in armour argent, holding three ostrich feathers, the middle one sable, the others gold.—Also, A cock pheasant close proper; and, On a mural coronet a hawk with expanded wings. (Harl. MS. 1566; and Rudder's Gloucestershire.)

In the Harl. MS. 1041, fo. 50, is an escutcheon of the arms of Winter, quartering Hodington, Cromeley, Somerie,* D'Albini, St. Lis, Cyfelioc, Lupus, Knovill, Golofer, Bassett, Cassey, Tromwyn, Tirry (Or, two bars lozengy gules), and Langton (Gules, a chevron ermine between three lions rampant argent). The shield is surmounted with the pheasant crest, but by the side is tricked the cubit arm as above described, with this observation, "This is the right creast to Winter's coat."

- WINTER, of Worcestershire, "Derham" in Gloucestershire, and Norfolk.—Checky or and sable, a fesse argent. Crest: A hind passant argent, ducally gorged lined and ringed or. (Her. Dic.)
- Winwood.—Argent, a saltire between three fleurs-de-lis. (Win. MS.)
- Winwood, of Lindridge; as borne by William Winwood, High Sheriff in 1765, the son of Mr. Winwood, of Mamble. He married a daughter of William Smith, of the Lowe, to whose family he left the Eardiston estate.—

 Argent, a cross bottonée sable. Crest: In a ducal coronet

^{*} See CROMELEY.

or, an eagle's head between two wings expanded sable, in the beak a chaplet vert. (Dr. Prattinton.)

Wisam.—"An aincient family almost extinct.—Quarterly, Argent, three leopard's heads erased or; on the second, Ermine a fesse or." (Win. MS.)

This confusing description is copied verbatim et literatim from the manuscript. No coat at all resembling it is ascribed to any family of the name in the Heraldic Dictionaries. The Wyshams, who were an ancient family in this and the adjoining counties, bore a very different coat.

WITHALL. See WHETHULL.

WITHAM.—Or, a bend gules between three falcons sable. (N.)
Impaled by Sir Thomas Bigg, at Norton, in right of his wife, Anne, daughter of William Witham, of Ledstone, co. York.

WITHERS, of Worcester; as borne by Charles Trubshaw Withers, of Sansome Fields, Worcester, High Sheriff in 1758. Mr. Withers, who was the son of Joseph Withers, of Worcester, mayor of that city in 1740, and the descendant of a Hampshire family, received the honour of knighthood on the 6th of August, 1798, and died at Dripshill on the 24th of September, 1804. In right of his wife, Frances, widow of Richard Nash, D.D., and daughter and heiress of John Ravenhill, by Katherine Dansey, his wife, grand-daughter and heiress of Sir Francis Russell, of Strensham, bart., Sir Charles bore on an escutcheon of pretence the quartered arms of Ravenhill, Dansey, and Russell. His youngest sister, and eventually heiress. Katherine, was married in 1756 to Robert Blayney, of Evesham.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent, a chevron sable between three crescents gules, for Withers: 2nd and 3rd, Quarterly gules and vert, four pheons in cross.

points to the centre of the escutcheon argent, for Trub-shaw. Crest: A boar's head sable, in the mouth three ears of wheat or. (Engraving in Nash; and M.I. to Joseph Withers, at St. Swithin's, Worcester.)

- WITTLESEY, Bishop of Worcester, 1364-8.—Or, a saltire, azure. (Bedford.)
- Wodehouse, or Woodhouse, of Boycott, Salwarpe, where the family had a large estate. The last of them is said to have died in great poverty at the end of the last century.

 —Sable, a chevron or guttée de sang between three cinquefoils ermine. (N.)

These are the arms of the ancient Norfolk family of Wodehouse, now Earls of Kimberley. John Woodhouse, of Salwarpe, disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1634.

- Wolashul, of Wolashul; as quartered by Hanford at the Visitation of 1634.—Argent, a wolf passant sable. (N.; and C. 30, Coll. Arm. fo. 113.)
- Wollaston, of Billesley, in Yardley; as borne by Francis Wollaston, of Birmingham, who purchased the manor of Yardley. He was a member of the ancient family of Wollaston, of Wollaston, afterwards of Perton, co. Stafford, and Shenton, co. Leicester.—Argent, three mullets pierced sable, a crescent gules for difference. (Nichols's Leicestershire.)

These arms were exemplified to the family by Camden, on the 10th of July, 1616.

Wolley, of Hindlip, &c.; as borne by the Rev. Samuel Wolley, M.A., prebendary of Worcester and Gloucester, and vicar of Powick, born 1698, died 1764. The family were, Nash believed, founder's kin at New College; and he states

--: ---:

<u>::</u>

يا

2 ...

that Giles Wolley, of Hindlip, was admitted into Winchester College as founder's kin in 1642, and John Wolley in 1634.—Argent, a chevron sable charged with an eagle displayed of the field. Crest: A lion couchant. (M.I. at Powick.)

OLDNALL-WOLLEY, of Worcester; as exemplified by the College of Arms on the 7th of August, 1843, to Edward Oldnall, of the city of Worcester, gentleman, who by royal license, dated the 24th of July, 1843, was authorized to take the surname of Wolley after that of Oldnall, and bear the arms of Wolley quarterly with his own family arms, "to testify his grateful regard to the memory of Frances Wolley, of Worcester, spinster, and T. Wolley, of Southampton Row, in the county of Middlesex, esquire."— Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent, on a cross sable five lions rampant erminois, a canton of the second for distinction, for Wolley; and and 3rd, Sable, a lion rampant within an orle of crosses pattée fitchée argent, on a chief or three crosses crosslet of the field, for Oldnall. Crests: 1st (for Wolley), A lion rampant erminois charged on the shoulder with a cross pattée fitchée sable for distinction; and (for Oldnall), A demi-lion argent guttée de larmes ducally crowned, and resting the sinister paw upon a cross pattée fitchée or. Motto: "Pieux quoique preux." (E Coll. Arm.)

WOLMER, of Kington, or Tokington.—This family, whose pedigree and arms were recorded at the Visitation of

^{*} These Oldnall bearings are evidently founded on those of Long, of co. Wilts.

1569, acquired its property in Kington through the marriage of Thomas Wolmer, in the 15th of Henry VI., with Maud, daughter and co-heiress of John Tokey. The family did not appear at either of the subsequent Visitations, but it appears from a monumental inscription at Inkberrow, that a John Wolmer, of Kington, who married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Henry Thomas, of Claines, died in 1695, aged sixty-five.—Gules, on a chevron between three escallops argent a pellet; quartering Argent, three cinquefoils sable, for Toke. (D. 12, Coll. Arm. fo. 39; Harl. MSS. 615 and 1566.)

Wolmer.—Gules, on a chevron between three escallops argent five pellets. (*Penn MS*.)

Another coat attributed to Wolmer, of Kington, is, Gules on a chevron argent between three escallops or an annulet sable.

Womerton, of Womerton, co. Worcester, Hatton, co. Salop, and London; as granted in 1571 by Robert Cooke, Clarenceux, to John Womerton, of Womerton and Hatton.

—Or, three escutcheons sable, each charged with an eagle displayed of the field. Crest: A unicorn's (or a boar's) head couped. (Harl. MS. 1476.)

Thomas Womerton, of London, entered his pedigree at the Visitation of that city in 1634; he was son of John Womerton, of Worcestershire, son of Edmund, son of Thomas, who was the second son of John Womerton, of Womerton and Hatton.

- Wood, of Warwickshire and Worcestershire.—Argent, a fesse between three leopard's heads sable. (Her. Dic.)
- Wood, of Alfrick; disallowed at the Visitation of 1682-3.—Gules, three demi-woodmen argent, each holding a club or. (K. 4, Coll. Arm. fo. 76.)

- Wood, of Worcester; as borne by Thomas Wood, J.P., mayor of Worcester in 1745, who died on the 26th of August, 1754, aged sixty. He was the son of Basil Wood, of the White Abbey, co. Salop, by Abigail, his wife, sister of Sir Edward Leighton, of Loton, bart.; and grandson of Alexander Wood, of Shinewood, by Margaret, daughter of Sir Walter Astley, of Patshall, bart. His wife, Anne, (who was a daughter of Thomas Rogers, of Worcester, and sister of Thomas Rogers, of Besford,) died in 1766, aged sixty-five. Gules, three demi-woodmen argent, each holding a club or. Crest: A demi-woodman as in the arms. (M.I. in St. Helen's Church, Worcester.)
- Wood.—Sable, on a bend argent three fleurs-de-lis of the field. (Dr. Prattinton.)

This coat occurs at Staunton, on the tomb of Anne, eldest daughter of Thomas Wood, of *Growtey*, and wife of Simon Gresley, second son of Sir William Gresley, of Coulton, knt., who died in 1591. See Nash, ii., 373.

- Woodroffe; as borne by Benjamin Woodroffe, S.T.P., prebendary of Worcester.—Gules, on a chevron argent three buck's heads cabossed sable, a chief per fesse nebulée sable and argent. Crest: A dexter arm embowed habited with leaves vert, holding a bunch of honeysuckle proper. (Dr. Prattinton, from a print.)
- Woodville, Earl Rivers.—Argent, a fesse and canton gules. (N.)
- Woodward, of Ripple, and Upton-on-Severn.—This family was of much note at Ripple in the 16th century, and their pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1634. In the church at Ripple is a brass to John Woodward, sometime yeoman of the guard to King Phillip, and also to Queen

Elizabeth, who died in 1596; his grandson, William, died in 1668, aged seventy-five.* Katherine, the daughter and heiress of Thomas Woodward, of Ripple, was married to John Dormer, of Lee, Bucks, barrister-at-law, and was mother of John Dormer, of Ripple, and of Lee, who was created a baronet in 1661.—Barry of six argent and sable, three buck's heads cabossed or. Crest: A wolf gules, collared or. (C. 30, Coll. Arm. fo. 71; and Harl. MS. 5841.)

The same arms were borne by Sir John Woodward, knt., of Evesham, High Sheriff in the 21st of James I.

- WOODWARD, of Worcestershire.—Argent, three bars gules over all as many stag's heads cabossed or, on a chief sable a wolf passant between two pheons of the third. Crest: A demi-lion rampant sable, holding between the paws a pheon or. (Her. Dic.)
- Woodward, of Worcester; entered at the Visitation of 1634.—

 Azure, a pale between two eagles displayed argent.

 Crest: On a ducal coronet or, a greyhound sejant argent.

 (C. 30, Coll. Arm. fo. 79b.)

The name of John Woodward, of Worcester, appears in the list of disclaimers at the same Visitation. The above arms and crest were granted by Robert Cooke, *Clarenceux*, to John Woodward, of Avon Dassett, co. Warwick, and were entered in the Visitation of that county in 1619.

Woodward, of Birlingham, near Pershore; and of Arley Castle; as borne by Robert Woodward, second son of the late William Woodward of Birlingham, who died in 1842,

^{*} In the parish register of North and Middle Littleton is this entry, 1665-6: "Mr. Edward Woodward dyed March 7th, but his body was buried at Lee, Bucks, with his ancestors."

and grandson of William Woodward, of Birlingham Manor House, who died in 1787. Mr. Woodward succeeded under an arrangement with his elder brother William, to the family estates at Birlingham, and has acquired by purchase other landed estates in Worcestershire, and the Arley Castle estate in 1852, late the property of the Lords Mountnorris.—Vert, five oak leaves or. Crest: A dexter arm embowed in armour holding a falchion. (Communicated by the family.)

Woolfe, or Woof.—Gules, a chevron between three wolf's heads erased or; and (for augmentation) an inescutcheon of the first charged with a lion of England, i.e., passant guardant or. Crest: A demi-wolf sable, holding between the paws an imperial crown proper. Motto: "Fides in adversis."

These arms, which occur in the Harl. MS. 1043, among the shields of Worcestershire families, were confirmed, and the augmentation granted by Sir Edward Walker, Garter King of Arms, on the 4th of July, 1661, under a special warrant of King Charles II., dated the 25th of June preceding, to Francis Woolfe, of Madeley, co. Salop, gent., "to be borne by him and his descendants as a testimony of his service in receiving and entertaining his said Majesty in his house after the defeat of his army in the unhappy battle of Worcester." The useful assistance thus rendered to the king by Mr. Woolfe was likewise recognized by the present of a service of plate, including a silver tankard suitably inscribed. There does not appear to be a recorded pedigree of any Worcestershire branch of this family, but the name occurs in different forms at an early period. In 1504 Ricardus Wolfe was incumbent of North Piddle; on the 6th of February, 1532, John Wolfe, vicar of Clifton, witnessed the will of Harry Jefferies; in 1544 the will of John Wolfe, of Ombersley, was proved, his wife Agnes being executrix, and his son Thomas overseer of the same; and in 1587 administration to the estate of William Wooffe, of Ombersley, was granted to John Wooffe, his brother. Samuel Woolf and Thomas Woolf possessed property at Rushock about the same period. Part of the pedigree of Woolfe, of Madeley, and of Great Haseley Court, Oxfordshire, is registered at the College of Arms. These arms and crest are borne by Richard Woof, F.S.A., F.R.S.L., &c., &c., late Town Clerk of Worcester, son of Richard Woof, grandson of Philip Woof, and great grandson of Ralph Woofe, whose father, Richard Woofe, or Woolfe, of Much Wenlock, was a son of Thomas Woolfe, of Barrow, co. Salop, believed to have been the third son of Francis Woolfe the grantee before named.

Worcester; as borne, according to Nash, by *Thomas de Worcester*, Deputy Sheriff of this county *temp*. Henry III.

—Argent, a raven proper.

The same coat was formerly in one of the windows of the cloisters of Worcester Cathedral, inscribed "Ricardus de Wigorn." See Thomas, p. 28.

Worcester, or Wyrcestre. See Botenor.

Workester See.—Argent, ten torteaux, four, three, two, and one.

The date of the introduction of these arms appears to be unknown, but it is almost certain that they were derived from the coat of Bishop Giffard (1268—1302), whose elder brother, Sir Alexander Giffard, who died before 1279, bore the same arms. (See GIFFARD.) It is somewhat remarkable that Gervase Babington, who was Bishop of Worcester from 1597 to 1610, bore a coat which was identical with that of his See. The See of Worcester has yielded to the Church of Rome four Saints: St. Edwin, a° 693; St. Dunstan, 957; St. Oswald, 960; and St. Wolstan, the last Saxon bishop, 1062. To the English nation six Lord Chancellors: Walter de Grey, 1215; Nicholas de Ely, 1266; Godfrey Giffard, 1268; Walter Reynolds, 1308; John Thoresby (Cardinal), 1349; and John Alcock, 1476. Three Lord Treasurers: John Barnet, 1362; Henry Wakefield, 1375; and Walter Reynolds, 1308. One Chancellor to the Queen: Simon, 1125. One Lord President of Wales, and one Vice President. (Haydn's Book of Dignities, p. 372.)

WORCESTER DEANERY.—Argent, ten torteaux (as the See), a canton azure thereon the Virgin Mary, in her dexter arm the infant Jesus, and in her sinister a sceptre, all or. (Edmondson.)

WORCESTER CITY.—(1) Quarterly sable and gules, a castle

argent. (2) Argent, a fesse between three pears bendways sinister sable. Mottoes: "Floreat semper fidelis civitas;" "Civitas, in bello, in pace, fidelis;" and "Semper fidelis, mutare sperno." (C. 30, and K. 4, Coll. Arm. &c.)

The earliest authority for the City Arms seems to be the Heralds' Visitation of 1569, where the castle coat is given. In the subsequent Visitations of 1634 and 1682-3, the same is repeated as the "ancient arms," with a second coat, the fesse between three pears, as the "modern arms" of the city. In more recent times it has been customary to combine these two coats, by placing the latter in a canton upon the former, but no official authority has been discovered for this arrangement. There is a local tradition that when Queen Elizabeth, during one of her progresses, visited Worcester, she observed a tree laden with pears, growing at the Cross, and was so amazed at the forbearance of the citizens from plucking the fruit, that she added the three pears to the city arms. According to a curious political poem (temp. Henry VI. and Edward IV.), on the Battle of Towton, (fought on the 29th of March, 1461,) printed in the Archaeologia (vol. xxix. pt. 2), in which allusions are made to the heraldic badges displayed on that occasion, the device of the city of Worcester was then a wolf; but Drayton, in his Battle of Agincourt, fought 1415, says that the badge or cognizance of Worcester was "a pear tree laden with its fruit." The same poet in another poem, in which he describes the characteristics of various counties, has:

"Quoth Worcestershire again, 'And I will squirt the pear.'"

In Leland's Collectanea is an earlier list of county characteristics, in which the pear again appears as a Worcestershire emblem:

"The property of every shire
I shall tell and ye shall hear,
Herefordshire, 'Shield and spear,'
Worcestershire, 'Wring the pear,'

from which we may infer that our Wigornian ancestors drowned their cares in the juice of the pear, and not in that of the grape. To this it may be added that on Drayton's authority, a pear tree fructed has been adopted as a badge by the two Worcestershire regiments of Rifle Volunteers. In a pamphlet on the Seals and Arms of the City of Worcester, Mr. R. Woof, F.S.A., informs us that the device of three pears has not been traced earlier than one of the half-crowns coined

at Worcester whilst the mint of Charles I. was established there during the civil war. This has one pear on the obverse and three on the reverse, as mint marks. Shortly after, in 1659, a token was struck having three pears, two and one, on a shield; and more than thirty tradesmen's tokens of the age of Charles II. bearing the same device, are represented in Green's History of Worcester. The device on the earliest seal of the town of Worcester, used as early as 1298, is intended apparently for a representation of the city. It bears the legend, "Sigillum Commune Civium Wigornie." Another bears for device an embattled gate standing between two oak trees, above which appears the moon and the sun, and is circumscribed, "S. Ballivorum Civitatis Wygorn." A third seal, dated 1654, "The Seale of the Statute Marchant of Worcester," exhibits an embattled gate between two vines. The County of Worcester appears to have adopted a coat of arms. "The earliest date (says Mr. Woof) at which I can learn its public use is 1838, when it was displayed upon the iron castings of Powick bridge; it is now used by all the great public establishments of the county. I am unable (he continues) to meet with a correct blazon of these adopted arms; and the engraved examples, which differ considerably, in no instance afford sufficient detail for a description. The shield is parted per fesse, in the upper portion is a river, on the sinister side a boat in full sail, and distant hills, and in the dexter chief a beehive and bees; on the fesse point a cornucopia; in the base of the escutcheon two coats of arms (in oval shields), which may be intended for those of Bewdley and Kidderminster, occupy the spaces of the second and third quarters. Motto: "Deo juvante arte et industria floret."*

Workester, Earls and Marquises of.—The following is a list of the several persons upon whom the titles of Earl or Marquis of Workester have at various times been conferred:—

Abbetot, Urso de, is said in the Win. MS. to have been "Earle of Worcester in the reign of William Rufus." (See Abbetot.)

Bellamont, Waleran de, younger son of Robert, Count of Mellent in Normandy, and Earl of Leicester in

^{*} This is the motto of the town of Kidderminster.

England, was created by King Stephen Earl of Worcester, with the custody of the castle annexed to it; but taking part with the Empress Maud, the King burnt the city to the ground, and the Earl, deprived of his possessions, retired to France, and died a monk at Preaux in 1166. (See Bellamont.)

Percy.—The next Earl was Thomas Percy, younger brother of Henry, Earl of Northumberland. He was made Earl of Worcester by Richard II. in 1397, and was a knight of the garter, but, having joined the Percys in their unfortunate rebellion, he was taken prisoner at the battle of Shrewsbury, and beheaded in 1402, and attainted by Parliament in the 5th of Henry IV. He bore, Or, a lion rampant azure, with a crescent for difference.

Beauchamp.—The next Earl was Richard Beauchamp, Lord Abergavenny. This dignity was bestowed upon him in 1420, but he died a few years afterwards of a wound received in France, without male issue, when the Earldom again became extinct. His only daughter and heiress, Elizabeth, married Edward Nevill, sixth son of Ralph, Earl of Westmoreland, from whom the present Earl of Abergavenny is descended. (See Beauchamp.)

Tiptoft.—John Lord Tiptoft was the next Earl, having been so created in 1449. He was a vehement Yorkist, and was seized and beheaded on Tower Hill in 1470, when his honours became forfeited. (See Tiptoft.)

Somerset.—Charles Somerset, natural son of Henry Beaufort, Duke of Somerset, was the next. He acquired the Earldom of Worcester in 1514; and his direct descendant, Henry, 5th Earl, was created Marquis of Worcester in 1642, which two dignities are now vested in the Duke of Beaufort, his descendant. (See Somerset.)

WORFIELD. See WORVILL.

Worley.—Argent, a chevron engrailed between three bugle horns sable, stringed and garnished or. (N.)

Impaled by William Leycester, at Coston, in right of Eleanor, his wife, daughter of Edmund Worley, which Eleanor died in 1514. (Nash, i., 252.)

Worrall, of Austeliffe, in the parish of Wolverley, and of Stourton, co. Stafford: as quartered by Grazebrook. This family is traceable to the early part of the sixteenth century,* by the parish registers of Wolverley, Kidderminster, and Kinver, and was apparently descended from Nicholas Worrall, born about 1514, who was buried at Kidderminster in 1569. Thomas Worrall, of Stourton. eldest son of Richard Worrall of the same place, married, in 1720, Mary, daughter and eventually sole heiress of James Hart, of Kidderminster, and Theodosia, his wife, by whom he had an only surviving child and heiress, Sarah, born in 1722. This lady, who was likewise heiress to the Stourton estate of her uncles, Richard Worrall and the Rev. John Worrall, was married to Michael Grazebrook, of Audnam, near Stourbridge, by whom she was mother of Thomas Worrall Grazebrook, of Stourton

^{*} A Roger Werall was incumbent of Wichenford from 1472 to 1489.

Castle, and Michael Grazebrook, of Audnam.—Or, a fesse between three crescents gules. (Papworth, &c.)

Worvill, or Worfield, of Bransford Court, and of Powick.

—Or, on a bend gules double cottised sable, three crescents argent. (Penn MS.; and N.)

George Worvill, of Leigh, disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1634. The above coat occurs at Powick on the tomb of Thomas Worfield, who died on the 27th of June, 1662. It was also borne by John Worfield, who left many charitable legacies to the city of Worcester, and to the parishes of Powick, Leigh, Wick, and Bransford in 1642. His widow married Sir Robert Nedham.

Wowen, of Crow's-nest, or Crown-east, near Worcester; as borne by John Wowen of that place, temp. Nash, "whose family," says he, "have enjoyed it near one hundred and fifty years." John Wowen, of Habberley, was High Sheriff in the 8th of George I.—Sable, a hawk's lure feathered argent, garnished, stringed, and tasselled, and two fleurs-de-lis in fesse or, between three falcons of the second, beaks, legs, and bells gold. Crest: A hawk's lure argent, garnished or, charged with a fleur-de-lis sable, the string and tassell erected and nowed gules. (Nash, ii., 311.)

These bearings were granted to John Wowen, of London, merchant, son and heir of John Wowen, M.A., deceased, by Sir John Vanbrugh, knt., *Charenceux*, and Peter le Neve, *Norroy*, on the 26th of December, 1715. (Add. MS. 14830.)

- WRENFORD, of Longdon.—Azure, an eagle displayed argent ducally gorged or. (M.I. at Longdon—Dr. Prattinton.)
- Wright.—Gules, a bend ermine between two martlets or. (N.)

This coat occurs on the Bigg monument at Norton for John Wright, of East Meade, or East Mayne, Hants, who married Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Bigg, knt. (See Nash, ii., 197; and Berry's Hampshire Pedigrees, p. 335.)

- Wyard, of Kyre-Wyard, and of Aspath, otherwise Meriden, co. Warwick; as quartered by Walsh, in right of the marriage, temp. Henry VI., of John Walsh, of Shelsley, with Joan, daughter of John Wyard,* of Aspath.—Argent, on a chevron between three roses gules an annulet or. (N.)
- Wyatt.—Gules, on a fesse or between three boar's heads couped close argent a lion passant between two pheons sable. Crest: A demi-lion rampant sable, holding in the dexter paw a pheon or. (*Trick in Harl. MS.* 1566, fo. 147.)
- WYATT, of Worcester.—Or, on a fesse gules between three boar's heads couped close sable, as many mullets of the field. Crest: A buck trippant regardant gules.† (Penn MS.)

These arms appear on the monument in St. Alban's church, Worcester, of Edmund Wyatt, gent., who died August 28th, 1684, aged 78; also (impaling Lynoll) in St. Helen's church, on the monument of Edmund Wyatt, Mayor of Worcester in 1695, who died in 1726, aged seventy-five, and Dorothy, his wife, who died in 1702,

* In the Harl. MS. 1566, fo. 10, he is called, "John Warde, or Wyard, major of London, 1375."

[†] The same arms were borne by the Wyatts of Stapleton, co. Gloucester, and are represented on the tomb of John Wyatt, (who died in 1719, aged ninety,) in Stapleton church. The descent and arms of a family named Wyatt, of Tewkesbury, were entered at the Gloucestershire Visitation of 1623. They bore the arms as above, but the boar's heads erased; and their crest was, On a mount vert, a stag couchant regardant proper pierced with an arrow argent. The pedigree commences with William Wyatt, who, by his marriage with Elizabeth, daughter of John Nansan, of Birtsmorton, was father of John Wyatt, of Tewkesbury. He married Ursula, daughter of William Coll, and had issue John, of Tewkesbury, who, by Frances, daughter of Giles Tracy, of Naunton, had a son, John, one year old in 1623. (See the Harl. MS. 1041, so. 105.) The arms assigned to Wyatt, of Tewkesbury, in Burke's Armory differ slightly from those here blazoned.

aged forty. Edmund Wyatt, of Worcester, disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1682-3. Nash informs us (ii. 317) that Cudeley, in the parish of St. Martin, was purchased by Ralph Wyatt, high bailiff of the city of Worcester in 1570 and 1572, "a worthy magistrate, who maintained the honour of his city." It descended to his son, William,* barrister-at-law and town clerk of the city of Worcester, whose only daughter and heiress, Frances Wyatt, with her husband, Mr. Richard Wyatt, sold it to Sir Robert Berkeley, knt.

Wybbe, of Hanbury and Hadsor.—This family was known in Worcestershire as early as the reign of Henry VI., at which period Thomas Wyb was resident at Hadsor. John, son of William Wybbe, of Hanbury, had issue (with a son, Henry, who died s.p.), two daughters, Alice and Sibilla. The elder was married to Thomas Jennetts, and the younger to Thomas Hawkeslow, by whom she had issue a daughter and heiress, Anne, married to Thomas Middlemore.—Gules, a human heart between three cinquefoils or. (Harl. MSS. 615, 1566, and 5814.) See Wythe.

In the Harl. MS. 1566 there is a trick of another coat of Wybbe, viz., a stag's head cabossed, between the attires a cross formée fitchée. Jennetts quarters in the same MS., Sable, a stag's head cabossed or, between the attires a cross crosslet or, which is evidently intended for the coat of Wybbe.

WYBBE. See BUTLER.

Wych.—Sable, a pile ermine. (N.)

"Wich," (i.e. Droitwich), says Habingdon, "imparted its name to a family called sometimes Dudurhull. Adam de Wich, or Adam de Dudurhull, was provost of Worcester in the beginning of Henry the third's reign, and in a deed relating to Cleeve Prior, styles himself Sir Adam de Wich, Sheriff of Worcestershire.† The Wythes were heirs to this family." (See Nash, i., 305.)

^{*} William Wyatt, of Worcester, "esquire," paid a fine for refusing knight-hood at the coronation of Charles I.

[†] Adam del Wich was deputy to William de Cantilupe, Sheriff of Worcestershire, in the 13th and 14th of John; and Adam de Wirecester also occurs as

- WYKE (as quartered by Throckmorton).—Gules a fesse between six guttées d'or.
- WYKES, of Morton Jeffries, co. Hereford.—Azure, a lion rampant checky argent and gules. (N.; and Penn MS.)

This coat was borne by George Wykes, of Morton Jeffries, who died in 1605, and was buried in Worcester cathedral. (See Thomas, p. 100.)

WYLDE, of The Ford and the Harryots, Droitwich; The Commandery, Worcester; Kempsey; and Glazeley Hall, Salop. —This family, which once possessed extensive estates in this county, is deduced from Richard Wylde, third son to . . . Wylde, of Warwickshire, which . . . Wylde is in a pedigree set forth by Lawrence Cromp, York Herald, in the Add. MS. 19819, suggested to have been a son of Jenkin Wylde, of Denbighshire. Simon Wylde, of "The Ford," son of the said Richard, had issue Thomas Wylde, of the Commandery, Worcester, who was twice married. first to Alice, daughter of Robert Ludington, of Worcester, and secondly to Eleanor, eldest daughter and coheiress of George Wall, of Droitwich. George Wylde, his eldest son by the second wife, was of the Inner Temple, and a Serjeant-at-law; he married Frances. daughter of Sir Edmund Huddleston, of Sawston, knt., and, dying in 1616, aged sixty-six, left issue a son, John, Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer, whose only child married Charles West, Lord Delawarr. Thomas Wylde, the other son of Thomas Wylde, by Eleanor Wall, was

deputy to William de Cantilupe, in the 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th years of John's reign. (See the list of Sheriffs in the Appendix to the 3rst Report of the Deputy Keeper of the Public Records.) To Thomas de Wigornia, who was Deputy Sheriff temp. Henry III., Nash ascribes Argent, a raven proper.

of Kempsey and of Glazeley Hall, Salop. He died in 1620, having had issue two sons, who both died issueless. Robert Wylde, of the Inner Temple, and of the Commandery, the only son of Thomas Wylde by Alice, his first wife, died in 1607, aged seventy-two; he had issue Thomas Wylde, also of the Inner Temple and of the Commandery, whose son, Robert, was of the Middle Temple and of the Commandery, and by Anne, his wife, daughter of Robert Rowland, alias Steyner, of Worcester, left issue at his decease in 1650, aged fifty-five, a son, Robert, who was of the Commandery at the Visitation of 1682-3, and then aged fifty-nine. He married Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Dennis, vicar of St. Helen's, Worcester, and had issue Thomas Wylde, of the Commandery, aged twelve in 1682. This Thomas represented the city of Worcester in Parliament, and very greatly impaired his fortune by contested elections. was succeeded by his son, Robert, who married a daughter of Charles Dowdeswell, of Forthampton Court, co. Gloucester, and had issue Thomas Wylde, who, by his first wife, had issue a son, Thomas Rous Wylde, who married Anne, daughter of William Russell, of Powick; and by his second, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Ralph Browne, of Caughley, Salop, he was father of a son, Ralph Browne Wylde, who assumed the surname of Browne, and was father of the present Thomas Whitmore Wylde-Browne, of the Woodlands,* Salop. Charles, the second son of Robert Wylde, married a Miss Fewtrell,

^{*} Mr. Ralph B. Wylde-Browne succeeded to this estate on the death of his half-brother, Thomas Rous Wylde.

and his present representative is the Rev. Charles Edmund Fewtrell-Wylde, son of the Rev. Robert Wylde, vicar of Claverdon, co. Warwick, and nephew of John Fewtrell-Wylde, of the Uplands, Chelmarsh, Salop, who assumed the surname and arms of Fewtrell, in addition to, and before those of Wylde, on the 9th of July, 1852, in compliance with the will of his said uncle.—Argent, on a chief sable, three martlets of the field. Crest: A lion passant guardant gules, resting the dexter paw upon an escutcheon argent. (C. 30 and K. 4, Coll. Arm., ff. 84b, 40; and Add. MS. 19819.)

The more ancient coat of the family was Argent, a chevron sable, on a chief of the last three martlets of the first. This coat, quartering Argent, a cross sable (for Wall), is given in the Harl. MS. 1422, with the above crest, and also with a second crest, An eagle displayed or, beaked sable, as the arms of "George Wylde of the Inner Temple, 4th son of Thomas, pr. Rob. Cooke, Clar., 1585." It is added that the crest was altered to the lion, and the chevron taken away, in 1587. Similar particulars are given in the Add. MS. 14295. The Wyldes bore another coat, viz., Sable, a chevron ermine between three whelk shells argent. Crest: A stag's head erased ermine. This (quartering Wall) is ascribed to George Wylde in the Harl. MSS. 1566 and 5814, and in the Add. MS. 19816.

Wylde, of Belbroughton.—This family appeared at the Visitation of 1682-3, and claimed to bear the chief and martlets, but "further proof" was required. Thomas Wylde, gent., has a tablet at Belbroughton; he died in 1682; Mary, his wife, in 1675; and Charles, his son, in 1711. The present representative of this family appears to be the Rev. John Wylde, of Belbroughton. His immediate ancestor, John Wylde, living at the end of the 17th, and the early part of the 18th century, married Anne, daughter, and in her issue co-heiress of John Lacy, of the Lane

House, Feckenham, and was father of John Wylde, who by the daughter of Whaler, had a son, John, who married Miss Moor, and had issue the Rev. John Wylde, rector of Aldridge, co. Stafford, from 1766 to 1778. This gentleman married Mary Philpott, and had issue a son John, who succeeded him as rector of Aldridge; and daughters, of whom Mary was married to William Tennant, of Little Aston Hall, co. Stafford; and Dorothy, to the Rev. Charles Curtis, brother of Sir William Curtis, bart. The Rev. John Wylde married Miss Phipps, and by her was father of the present Rev. John Wylde, of Belbroughton, who married a daughter of the late Rev. Thomas Philpott, rector of Pedmore, and has issue.—Arms, &c., as Wylde, of the Commandery.

Wyndham.—Azure, a chevron engrailed between three lion's heads erased or. (N.)

In Worcester Cathedral in glass. (See Thomas's Survey, p. 14.)
WYRCESTER. (See BOTENOR and WYCH.)

Wysham, of Woodmanton, in Clifton-on-Teme; and of Tedstone-de-la-Mere, co. Hereford.—This ancient knightly* family acquired their estate in Clifton in succession to the Cliftons, probably by the marriage of Sir William Wysham with Margaret, daughter of Sir Adam Clifton.† The family (says Nash) much increased their estate by an alliance with Beauchamp, of Holt. The elder branch failing in heirs male, expired soon afterwards; the

† See FRERE.

^{* &}quot;Of this family (says Habingdon) I did read in the legers of the Priory of Worcester among many knights, but of one esquire, and hee styled 'that honest man, John Wysham, esquire.'" (Cited by Nash, i., 242.)

younger continued for a time at Tedstone De-la-Mere, an adjoining parish in the county of Hereford, where they resided in 1569, when Cooke made his Visitation of that county. Mr. Duncumb, in his History of Herefordshire, gives an account of the Tedstone branch down to 1710. The Guises, of Elemore, in the county of Gloucester, quartered the Wysham arms at an early period; John, son of Reginald de Guise who died in 1420, having married Alice, the heiress or co-heiress of Sir John Wysham, who was the son of Sir William Wysham, and grandson of Sir John Wysham, and Hawyse This lady's mother was Margaret, the daughter and heiress of John Beauchamp, of Holt; and in commemoration of this marriage, Sir John W. Guise, bart., obtained in 1863 a grant to him and his successors of a swan and a bear* for supporters. In 1421 and 1434, John Wysham occurs as lord of Holt, in right of his wife, who is usually called the *only* daughter and heiress of Lord John Beauchamp; but Nash calls her "one of his daughters and co-heirs," and says that the other co-heir married Skull. It seems probable, however, that Skull married a co-heiress of Wysham, for Walter Skull succeeded John Wysham, esquire, as patron of Shelsley in 1445. (See Beauchamp, of Holt.)-Sable, a fesse between six martlets argent. (N.)

This coat was borne by Sir John de Wisham, of Gloucestershire, temp. Edward II. (Roll of the date.)

WYTH.—Azure, a lion rampant or, armed and langued gules within a bordure of the second. (Penn MS.)

^{*} The crest and badge of the Beauchamps. Earl Beauchamp's arms are also supported by a bear and a swan.

Wythe, of Droitwich.—John Wythe, of Droitwich, married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of William Wych, of the same place, and had issue a son, John Wythe, who was buried at St. Peter's, Droitwich, in 1557. He married Isabel, daughter and heiress to the son and heir of John Moore, and Rose, his wife, which Rose was the daughter and heiress of William Brace.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Vert, a lion rampant or armed and langued gules within a bordure of the second, for Wythe; 2nd, Argent, a fesse dancettée paly of six gules and sable between three mullets of the last, for Moore; 3rd, Sable, a bend between two arms braced argent, for Brace. (Penn MS.; and Trick in Harl. MSS. 615 and 1043; see also Nash, i., 328, 329.)

"Wythe (says Nash, i., 549), a family mentioned in St. Peter's, Droitwich, was perhaps the same with Wilby, or Wibb (see Wybbe), a family in Hanbury, who gave name to their habitation. These lands came to Alice, daughter and heiress of Thomas Wybbe, wife of Thomas Jennettes, who had by her Matilda, married to John Stafford; and they had one only daughter, Agnes, married to Richard Andrews, whose family sold it to Mr. Richard Vernon, and it still retains the name of the Wybbe House."

Wyvell.—Gules, three chevrons braced in fesse vaire, a chief or. (N.)

An impalement of Talbot in Salwarpe church.

YARRANTON, or YARRINGTON.—Sable, two chevrons argent, on a chief or, two skeins of yarn and a tun azure. (Penn MS.)

Penn first of all ascribed the following coat to this family: "Sable, a paire of yarning blades tied with a hank of yarne argent sett on a trussell," but he has erased this, and substituted the above, of which he gives a trick. Hugh Yarranton, of Belbroughton, disclaimed arms at the Visitation of 1634, and Lancelot Yarranton, of Astley, at that of 1682-3. No arms appear to be recorded to the name in the

Heralds' College, and it is to be feared that Penn invented the coat. He has omitted his usual comments, but he probably intended this for the bearing of the celebrated Captain Andrew Yarranton, author of that curious work, "England's Improvement by Land and Sea," in which he tells how to "outdo the Dutch without fighting, to pay debts without money, to prevent unnecessary suits at law," &c., &c., &c. This worthy, of whom an account will be found in Nash, was born in Astley parish about the year 1616. He was, according to his own account, apprenticed to a linen draper, but finding the shop "too narrow and short" for his large mind, he embarked in several other undertakings, and during the civil war became a soldier. The name of Yarranton still exists in this county; several of the name were bailiffs of Bewdley in the 17th and 18th centuries, and in the registers of the parishes of St. Helen's,* and St. Alban's, Worcester, the name occurs several times.

YATE, of Chaddesley-Corbett and Harvington.—Argent, a fesse embattled between three gates sable. See PAKINGTON.

YATES, of Worcester.—Per fesse embattled argent and sable, three gates counterchanged. (Penn MS.)

YEDFEN. See ADDEHAN.

YEEND, of Pershore. See BEDFORD.

YEOMANS, of Worcester; as borne by William Yeomans, who married Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Rowland Berkeley, of Cotheridge. The heiress married Harrison, of Temple Laughern.—Sable, a chevron between three cronels of spears argent. (Burke's Illuminated Heraldic Illustrations.)

Young, or Yonge, of Croome D'Abitot.—The pedigree of this family is given in the Harl. MS. 1566; it commences with John Yonge, of Croome, living in the reign of Henry VII., who married Anne, daughter of Richard Jennetts, by Jane, his wife, daughter of Hugh Wrottesley,

^{*} William Yarranton, of Worcester, clothier, died in 1689, aged forty-eight, and was buried at St. Helen's.

of co. Stafford. They had issue Sir Thomas Yonge, knt., who was of Croome; but the family appears to have removed to Stratton Audley, co. Oxford.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Argent, on a bend sable three griffin's heads erased or, for Young; 2nd and 3rd, Jennetts (which see). Crest: A stork argent, beaked gules, the wings expanded, in the beak a snake of the first. (Harl. MSS. 1566, and 1072.)

Penn attributes the same coat to Young, of "Chadgley."

Young, of Poole House, Hanley Castle; descended from the Youngs, of Croome. The pedigree was recorded at the Visitation of 1082-3.—Quarterly 1st and 4th as the preceding; 2nd. Or, three roses gules (another coat of Young); 3rd, Jennetts. Crest: A wolf passant sable. (K. 4, Coll. Arm. fo. 138.)

The three roses alone appear on the tomb of Captain Talbot Young, of Pool House (who died in 1705, aged twenty-eight), in Hanley Castle church. This, with the wolf crest, was borne by the Youngs, of Keynton, co. Salop.

Zachary, of Areley Kings'.—Quarterly 1st and 4th, Vert, on a fesse wavy argent between three garbs or, an acorn slipped and erect with leaves of the field; 2nd, Gules, on a fesse between three saltires couped or, two bendlets vert, both for Zachary; 3rd, Gyronny of six or and azure, a lion rampant ermine, on a chief argent an escallop between two fleurs-de-lis sable, for Mucklow; 4th, Sacheverell (which see). Crest: A garb or, charged with an acorn slipped and erect with leaves vert. Motto: "Virtus per se."

The above arms and quarterings were granted by patent, dated August the 3rd, 1780, to John Zachary, of Lower Areley, co. Worcester, son of Daniel Zachary, of London, merchant, to be borne by the said John Zachary and his descendants, and by the descendants of his grandfather, Thomas Zachary.* This Thomas Zachary (grandfather of the grantee), died in 1741; he was the son of Thomas Zachary, of London, M.D., and married Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of William Mucklow, of Areley, the grand-daughter of William Mucklow, also of Areley, by Frances, his wife, the only natural daughter of Henry Sacheverell, of Morley, co. Derby. The pedigree of Zachary was registered in the College of Arms by the above named John Zachary in 1773.

ZEABORN.—Bendy of ten argent and azure, over all a lion rampant or. (Penn MS.)

"The same colours (adds Penn) borne barry of ten and a lion rmpant, is belonging to the name Seaborne."

ZOUCHE.—Gules, ten bezants, four, three, two and one. Also Gules, bezantée, a canton ermine. (N.)

The first coat occurs in glass at Redmarley D'Abitot. It is that of the Barons Zouche (Alan la Zouche bore it temp. Henry III.), and is quartered (through Tiptoft, Charlton, and Holland), by the family of Lea-Smith, of Halesowen Grange. That, with the canton, is attributed to William la Zouche in the Roll of temp. Edward II.

Zudley.—Argent, a chevron engrailed gules surmounted of another or, between three adders nowed sable. (Penn MS.)

Rudley bears a very similar coat in the same MS.

^{*} E Coll. Arm. per the late T. W. King, York Herald.

ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA.

- P. 9.—Alcock.—The arms of Jesus College, Cambridge, which was founded by Bishop Alcock in 1496, are as those here described within a bordure gules charged with eight crowns or. The crest "Out of a crown gold, a cock sables membered gules," was granted to the College on the 6th of July 1595, by Robert Cooke, Clarenceux, at the request of the then master, Thomas Ithell, D.C.L. The original grant is preserved among the college archives.
- P. 17.—Asgil.—That singular character John Asgill, who was expelled the House of Commons on account of his writings, was the second son of an Edward Asgill, of Hanley Castle. He was admitted a student of the Middle Temple in 1686, called to the Bar in 1692, and died at an advanced age, in the year 1700, a prisoner for debt in the King's Bench prison. The "profane and blasphemous" work which caused his expulsion from the House was published in 1730, and is entitled, "An argument proving that, according to the Covenant of Eternal Life revealed in the Scriptures, Man may be translated hence into that Eternal Life without passing through death, although the Human Nature of Christ himself could not thus be translated till he had passed through death." An interesting account of Asgill and his works

is given by Southey, in the *Doctor*, chapters 172-3. See also *Notes and Queries*, 1st S., vi., 3,300, and 4th S., x., 116.

P. 37.—Add:—

BEARD, of Worcester; as borne by Richard Beard, M.D., who died July 8th, 1734, aged 47.—Argent, three human heads couped proper. (M.I. in St. Peter's church, Worcester.)

- P. 53.—For Binkworth read Bintworth.
- P. 73.—Boyleston.—Saresius seems to have been the correct baptismal name of the rector of Rock. His only surviving daughter, Anne, was married to John Meysey, of Shakenhurst, and died in 1738, aged 62. (M.I. at Mamble.)
- P. 89.—Buck.—For Nash, i., 19, read Nash, ii., 19.
- P. 99.—Caldwell, of Bewdley.—Bonham Caldwell, or Caldwall, was descended from the Caldwells of Upton Warren and Leicestershire, and should therefore have borne the same arms. His father, John, was the son of Edward Caldwell, of Stottesdon, co. Salop, a younger son of Samuel Caldwell who entered the pedigree at the Visitation of Leicestershire in 1619. Bonham Caldwell (who was born in 1692, and died in 1720) was father, by Diana née Dewell, his wife, of a posthumous daughter Anne, ultimately his sole heiress, who was married in 1748 to Bonham Smallman, of Bridgnorth. Their daughter, Anne Dewell-Smallman, espoused, in 1798, William Masters, of Greenwich, and had issue a son, the Rev.

John Smallman Masters, who registered the pedigree from which we derive this information in the College of Arms, in 1834, and obtained a grant of armorial bearings founded upon those of Smallman and Caldwell,* viz., Gules, two chevronells between two falcons, belled, rising in chief or, each charged on the breast with a cross pattée fitchée azure, and in base a cross pattée fitchée of the second. Crest: A cock's head erased argent, combed and wattled gules, in the beak an ear of wheat slipped or, between two wings azure semée of estoiles gold.

- P. 100.—CAMOYS. See LEWKNOR infra.
- P. 103.—Carter.—Dele of Hanbury. It is merely an impalement of Vernon in Hanbury church, and the family was of Denton, Bucks.
- P. 105.—Add:—

Cassey; as borne by *Richard Cassey*, rector of Tredington, *temp*. Henry V.—Argent, a chevron between three griffin's heads erased gules. (M.I. at Tredington.)

P. 110.—Chattock.—Thomas Chattock sealed in 1604 with a plain cross; and Christopher Chattock, in 1787, with the arms here described, but without the red cross. A similar coat is borne by the family of Chadwick, and by

^{*} The arms of Smallman, as granted by Cooke, Clarenceux, on the 10th of October, 1589, to Thomas Smallman, of Elton, co. Hereford, esq., a bencher of the Inner Temple, are, "Gules, a chevron between three faulcons volant gold; and to y* Creast, Upon a helmet, on a wreathe gold and gules, an Antalope seant sable with a crown about y* neck and a chaine, y* hornes, cleyes, &c., gold." (Add. MS. 14293.) Stephen Smallman, of Wilderhope, co. Salop, son of the said Thomas, recorded his pedigree and these arms at the Visitation of Shropshire in 1623. The heiress of a branch of this family, which was seated at Kinnersley Castle, in Herefordshire, married James Pytts, of Kyre, but died s.p.

the Chideocks of Chideock, co. Dorset. The coat of Chattock, as quartered by Percye of Shaftesbury, in right of the marriage of John Percye with Avys, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Chattock, is Or, a fesse gules between three gads proper. (See the Visitation of Dorset, anno 1565, G. 8, in Coll. Arm.)

- P. 118, Note *.—John Clerke, "the King's Auditor," was the son of John Clerke of Rowley, and brother of the wife of John Hill. He is stated, in the Harl. MS. 6128, to have died s.p. (See also Nichols's Leicestershire, iv., 407.)
- P. 123.—COKE.—D'Ewes Coke was the son of Heigham Coke by his *second* wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Willoughby D'Ewes, of Stowlangtoft Hall, co. Suffolk, and not by his first wife, Mary Lechmere.
- P. 131.—Cooke, line 10, dele "Sir." It was Sir Thomas Cooke's father who purchased Staunton, and to whom Habingdon refers.

P. 147.—Add:—

Crane, of Habberley, Kidderminster.—This old yeoman family, which claims to be a branch of the Cranes of Chilton, co. Suffolk, has been possessed of a small estate at Habberley, in the Foreign of Kidderminster, ever since the reign of Queen Elizabeth, the first mentioned in the family documents being Edward Crane, who was living in the year 1578. They also possessed at one time some property at Creeting St. Olaves, in Suffolk. John Crane, of Habberley (the son of John Crane and Joan, his wife, both living in 1676), had

issue two sons, John and Thomas. The latter, who died in 1728, aged 48, was father, by Elizabeth, his wife, of two sons, viz., Thomas, who married Margaret Wheeler, and had issue; and John Crane, of Bewdley, whose only child, Betty Carolina, was married to Wilson Aylesbury Roberts, of Bewdley, and was mother of Wilson A. Roberts, M.P. for that Borough. ROBERTS.) John Crane, the eldest son of John above named, died in 1739, leaving issue, by Mary, his wife, a son, John, who was twice married. By his first wife, Anne Hinton, to whom he was united in 1743, he was father of Thomas Crane, of Bewdley, banker, who died unmarried in 1824; and by his second, Elizabeth Crane (daughter of the above-named Thomas Crane and Margaret née Wheeler) he had issue the late Edward Wheeler Crane, born in 1767, who had three sons-John, who died without issue in 1866 and devised the Habberley estate to his youngest brother; Edward, living unmarried in 1873; and Henry Crane, of Habberley, and of Oakhampton, Stourport, born in 1801, who is married and has issue (with daughters) an only son, John Henry Crane, born in 1855.—Argent, a fesse between six cross-crosslets fitchée gules. Crest: A crane proper beaked or. Motto: "Utcunque placuerit Deo," (Communicated by the family.)

The Cranes of Chilton bore a fesse between three crosses bottonie fitchée. (See the Visitation of Suffolk, a° 1561, edited by J. J. Howard, LL.D.) The above coat is identical with that of Craven.

P. 148.—Cromer.—The coat, a chevron engrailed between three crows, is impaled by Carew, at Littleton.

- P. 170.—Doughtie.—Penn's blazon is not quite accurate; the mullets should be six-pointed and pierced or. The coat is so represented on the seal of Henry Doughty, of Worcestershire, affixed to a document dated 1741.
- P. 181.—Dunne.—For the arms, crest, and quarterings of Sir Daniel Dunne or Dun, see p. 583, note.

P. 222, Add:—

FRYE; as borne by Adrian Frye, "of Worcester city."—
—Quarterly 1st and 4th, [Gules] three horses courant in pale [argent]; 2nd and 3rd, Argent, a chevron gules between three water-bougets sable. (Harl. MS. 1566.)

The quartering appears to be Yarde, or perhaps Yerty. See the Visitation of Devonshire, a° 1620, published by the Harleian Society.

P. 261.—HASELWOOD, line 7, read Mary, daughter of William Andrews, of Barnes Hall, who died s.p. by him. (See Nash, ii., 328.) The family of Haselwood, of Wick, seems to be now represented by Francis Harries, of Cruckton Hall, Salop, grandson of the Rev. Edward Harries, of Cruckton, by Lucia, daughter and heiress of Francis Turner Blythe, of Broseley (see Blakeway's Sheriffs of Shropshire), which Mr. Blythe married in 1746, Lucia-Catherine, daughter and (apparently) coheiress of Thomas Haselwood, of Wick. Mrs. Blythe was baptized at Holy Cross, Pershore, on the 5th of April, 1723, and was buried there on the 13th of April, 1750. The only other child of Thomas Haselwood baptized there was Dorothea, on the 19th of December, 1720. James is not mentioned in the registers, but an Edmund Haselwood, gent., was buried there on the 1st

Besides Thomas, his eldest son (who of June, 1754. was baptized at Holy Cross on the 23rd of February, 1682), Sir Thomas Haselwood had the following children:—Charles, baptized in 1684; Elizabeth, baptized in 1686; Margaret, buried in 1685; and Judith, buried in (Registers of Holy Cross.) The Edmund Haselwood who by Jane, his wife, was father of Edward, of Wickwarren, appears to be the Edmund Haselwood who was Warden of the Fleet Prison in the reign of Henry The will of Jane, his widow, is dated the 10th of July, 1541, and was proved in London on the 26th of July, in the same year. She possessed the manor of Farndon, in Northamptonshire,* which she devised to her son Edward. She mentions her daughter, Anne Woodall, and her sons, Thomas, William, and Henry. To the latter, who was "parson of Cuddington, in Oxford," she left a "blacke gowne," and £6 13s. 4d. The will of Edward Haselwood, of Wick-Warren, dated 26th March, 1558, was also proved in London on the 7th of May, 1559. His nephew, William Babington, esq., was to have the bringing up of his son, Fulke, and was enjoined to keep him to his learning at one of the Universities, either Oxford or Cambridge, until he was twentyone, and then to "set him at one of the Ynnes of Courte" till twenty-four. He mentions his sons John, Edward, and Thomas, and his daughter, Elizabeth; also Edmund Haselwood, servant to William Babington, and Anne Haselwood, servant to Mistress Chetwode. refers to the manor of "Ferdon." His brethren, Thomas

^{*} In 1557 Edmund Haselwood held a lease of Farndon, under John Butler, esq. See Col. Top. et Gen., vii. 46.

Babington and Thomas Haselwood, and his nephew, William Babington, to be overseers. Fulke Haselwood, "of Wick, near Pershore, co. Wigorn," made his will on the 1st of December, 39th of Elizabeth. He leaves his manor of Wick-Burnel to his eldest son, Thomas, then a minor—mentions his second son, John; his third son, William; his wife, *Dorothy*; his brethren-in-law, Nicholas Poulett,* and Anthony *Hungerford*,† esq.; and his daughters, Anne, Elizabeth, Mary, Dorothy, and Edith. The will was proved in London on the 9th of February, 1596. (For these abstracts of wills we are indebted to the Rev. Francis Haslewood, of Benenden, near Staplehurst, Kent.)

- P. 333.—LAWRENCE.—On a flat stone in the church of Holy Cross, Pershore, is an inscription to Francis Lawrence, gent., who died in 1733, aged 54. Upon it are these arms, [Argent?] a cross ragulée [gules]. Crest: A demiturbot tail upwards [argent].
- P. 342.—LEWKNOR.—In Dr. Jackson Howard's valuable "Visitation of Suffolke in 1561, with additions from family documents, wills, &c.," there is a pedigree of the Lewknor family, extracted from Drury's MSS., and corrected on the authority of the evidence in the Camoys peerage case. It appears from that pedigree that Nicholas Lewknor was not descended from the co-heiress of Camoys, but from Richard, a younger brother of Roger Lewknor, from whom he was fifth in descent. The arms of Camoys (see Camoys, p. 100), were therefore improperly

† See p. 462, note ‡.

^{*} Nicholas Powlett married a Mary Hungerford. See Rudder's Gloucestershire, p. 549.

quartered by Sheldon at the Visitation of 1634. Some pedigrees assign Eleanor Camoys as a wife to Richard, but this, as Dr. Howard shews, is undoubtedly an error. It appears from the same pedigree that Constance, the wife of Thomas Forster (see Forster, p. 214), was one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Sir Roger Lewknor, son and heir of Sir Thomas, eldest son of Sir Roger Lewknor and Eleanor Camoys. The representatives of Thomas Forster would therefore be co-heirs to the Barony of Camoys.

- P. 405.—NICHOLETS.—The Gilbert Nicholets who was Sheriff of Herefordshire in 1668-9, was the father of Col. Gilbert Nicholets. The latter died in 1713, aged 33, so was not born in the year in which he is here inadvertently stated to have served as Sheriff. (See pedigree of Nicholets in Mr. Robinson's Manor Houses of Herefordshire.)
- P. 464.—Roberts, of the Field House.—The immediate ancestor of this family was William Roberts, of Monmouth, who died in 1629. His son, John Roberts, died in 1636, leaving (with other issue) a son, William, born in 1608, who married Mary, daughter of John Arram, and died in 1667, having had issue two sons: William, of Drybridge, co. Monmouth, and of Gray's Inn, gent., whose male issue failed; and Richard, born in 1648, whose son, the Rev. John Roberts, was vicar of Framsden, co. Suffolk. This reverend gentleman married in 1710 Jane, daughter of Nehemiah Osland, by whom he left issue at his decease in 1756 (with others), an eldest surviving son, the Rev. William Roberts, President of Magdalen College, Cambridge, who died in 1814, having had issue by Anne, his

wife, daughter of the Rev. John Gee, three sons, viz., William, of Gloucester, M.D., father (with others), of the late Major-General Sir Henry Gee Roberts, K.C.B., who died in 1860, aged 60; Henry, of whom presently; and Charles, whose only child, a daughter, died young. Henry Roberts, the second son, was of Drybridge, in Monmouthshire, and of Stourbridge, in this county, where he practised as a solicitor. He married in 1793 Henzey, youngest daughter of John Pidcock, of The Platts, and died in 1845, aged 75, leaving issue (with daughters, who all died unmarried), an only surviving son, the late Charles Roberts, solicitor, of Stourbridge, who purchased the Field House, where he died in 1868, aged 67, leaving issue by Marianne, his wife, daughter of E. M. Noble, of Birmingham, (with daughters), six sons, viz., Charles Henry; William (to whom the grant of arms was made in 1864); Alfred; Edward (Captain in the army); Frederick (ob. s.p. in 1872); and Oscar-Wilson. son, Charles Henry, of the Field House, &c., (residing in London), married in 1861 Mary, only daughter and heiress of Roger Crompton, whose surname and arms, in addition to and preceding those of Roberts, he assumed by royal license dated the 3rd of August, 1861. a pedigree communicated by the family.)

- P. 486.—RUTTER.—The coat entered by Thomas Rutter, of Stratford-upon-Avon, third son of William Rutter, of Quinton, at the Visitation of Warwickshire, in 1619, was Gules, a lion passant in chief and three garbs in base argent.
- P. 495.—Sandys.—It should have been added that the Rawson

coat was quartered in right of the marriage of William Sandys (grandfather of Archbishop Sandys), with Margaret, daughter and heiress of William Rawson, of co. York.

- P. 599.—Walford.—There is a flat stone in the chancel of All Saints' Church, Evesham, to the memory of Agnes Jane, infant daughter of Theophilus and Agnes Walford, who died the 1st of April, 1773. Theophilus married, it appears, Agnes, daughter of Edward Gibbes, of the Honington family, and granddaughter of Sir William Keyt, the last baronet of Ebrington. He was the son of Samuel Walford, of Stratford-upon-Avon, and grandson of Thomas Walford, of Binton, co. Warwick. (Communicated by the Rev. T. P. Wadley, M.A.). The Walfords of Binton bore, Argent, a fesse, in chief three mullets sable. Crest; A dexter hand holding an ostrich feather. On the monument at Stratford of Samuel Walford, mayor of that town, who died in 1746, are the same arms, but with a martlet or, on the fesse (apparently for difference.) (Berry.)
- P. 98.—Line 1, dele "in 1680." Anne Brawne died in that year. See her M.I.S. at Saintbury.
- P. 343.— LICHFIELD. Clement Lichfield was also called Wycks. He is thus noticed in the parish registers of South Littleton:—"1546, Beryed in the paryshe churche of All Halowyn in Eveshin, Mast Clement Wycks, bacheler of Diuinite and sume tyme Abbott of the monastery of Evishin, &c."

54.74

	•		٦
			1
		·	•
			▼ -
			-
	•		•

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

- I. THE PENN MANUSCRIPT.
- II. LIST OF SHERIFFS FROM 1760 TO 1873.
- III. LIST OF FAMILIES WHOSE PEDIGREES AND ARMS WERE RECORDED AT THE SUCCESSIVE VISITATIONS.
- IV. DISCLAIMERS AT THE VISITATION OF 1634.
- V. DISCLAIMERS AT THE VISITATION OF 1682-3.
- VI. Fines for Exoneration from Knighthood at the Coronation of Charles I.
- VII. LIST OF THOSE GENTRY THAT ARE TO FIND HORSE IN WORCESTER-SHIRE (FROM THE PENN MS.).
- VIII. WORCESTERSHIRE ROYALISTS WHO COMPOUNDED FOR THEIR ESTATES.
 - IX. WORCESTERSHIRE GENTLEMEN SELECTED FOR INVESTITURE WITH THE PROJECTED ORDER OF "THE ROYAL OAK."
 - X. CATALOGUE OF GENTLE FAMILIES IN THE COUNTY OF WORCESTER, A.D. 1660.
 - XI. ROMAN CATHOLICS, NON-JURORS, AND OTHERS, WHO REFUSED TO TAKE THE OATH OF ALLEGIANCE TO KING GEORGE I.
- XII. WORCESTERSHIRE LANDOWNERS IN 1703-4.

			1
	•		4
			•
		·	•
·			
·			•

APPENDIX.

I.

THE PENN MANUSCRIPT.

This interesting manuscript, to which I am indebted for so many of the coats of arms blazoned in this work, was compiled apparently towards the end of the seventeenth century.* It is in small 4to. and formerly belonged to the late Mr. Courthope, Somerset Herald.

The first portion of the volume is occupied by a very valuable armorial of the county of Worcester, containing about 430 coats of arms both in trick and blazon, entitled "A Catalogue of all the Nobilitie and Gentry of Worcestershire, with their Armes and blason, illustrated with short phrases of History." The other portion is a recondite treatise on Heraldry, to which is prefixed the following title-page:—

THE MISTERY OF MISTERIES: or, the Secrets of Heraldry discovered; wherein is declared the signification of things born in Coates of Armorie, and most especially of plain dead things, by the many formes and fashions, modelled and shaped out into severall sorts by points and lines. And how to give Judgement upon the bearing of a Coat of Armes, by comparing the things born with the foregoing discourse.

Of the so-called "short phrases of History" with which the Armorial is said to be "illustrated," these may serve as specimens:—

^{*} Before 1677, for under "Foley of Whitley," it is stated that "Master Foley, now living, hath beene promoted firste to be high sheriff of the countie, and after knight of the shire, in Oliver, that usurper's time." This must refer to Thomas Foley, who was Sheriff in the 8th of Charles II., (1656-7) and M.P. for the county in 1658-9; and who died in 1677.

LITTLETON OF NANTON

Beareth argent a cheveron betweene three escallops sable. The first bearer may heare be said to be a faithfull subject to his sovereigne, who would rather die then submit to the King's enemies, which may be so compared by this shell fish, which will first be broken rather than yield to be opened the wrong way.

LECHMORE

Beareth gules a fess and two pelicans in cheife or vulned proper. Having had much troubles by his warr to his country's loss, having holpen them to a more setled condition he is not fully satisfied in it for the losse of their blood, but condoles their condition, resolves to bring y^m to better refreshment or further losse to himselfe.

SEABRIGHT

Beareth argent three cinquefoyles peirced sable. Having many wayes for comfort to cure the breath of a peace, and finding no probability for continuance, but being pierc't with resistance, heightens him to revenge, proceeds in severall degrees, and holding his vigour to defeat them, at last brings them to a dismall finishing.

COVENTRIE OF CROOME

Beareth sable a fesse ermine betweene three cressants or. The affaires of the nation being wheeld to a dismall condition, mooves a desire to help it to ease, enlarges the designe to a perfect way in a high performance, is girt about with a token of majesticall attire for continuance of reward for so worthy a worke.

PERROTT OF BELLHALL

Beareth gules three peares or on a cheife argent a lyon issuant sable armed and langued of the first. Usurpers using the mean to destroy the fruits of what was good, is most valourous supprest by a secret surprize and abated of his high designes, brought to know civillity, and to feel the reward of such turbulant persons.

ASGUILE

Beareth azure, three asse's heads erased argent. It may be thought that here the asse was beguiled in the loosing of his head, and soe become an allusion to the name, as some (I must confess) may judge, but that I shall leave to the judgment of the Herald, who should know all things of this nature.

BEARECROFTE OF HANBURY

Beareth sable on a cheveron betweene three beare's heads erased argente a mullet and to cressants gules. The head is called in latine *Caput*, not only because it is *capeable* of the knowledge attained by the sences, but that it containeth them.

These comments are about as mysterious and enigmatical as those of the older writers, whom the writer probably deemed it clever to imitate; but still some suspicion may be entertained that he had in view the personal characters of the living representatives of each family, and their conduct during the political struggles of the seventeenth century. To every coat a similar fanciful explanation is attached.

Of the "Mistery of Misteries" there are no less than three different versions bound up in the volume, only one being complete, and in each there are slight verbal variations. We append the commencement of the third:—

What Heraldry is I shall not stand to discover, it being so richly set forth and so largely discourst of in so great a measure by so many renowned and worthy persons who have wrought much to the advancement of this heroicall and noble science. Neither shall I endeavour to deduce its antiquitie, which must be very old, as that famous Herald Mr. Guillium opened.

The third version is evidently the more finished performance, but it proceeds no further than "THE CHIEF." The second terminates still more abruptly, and is followed by a leaf containing some additions to the account of the author's family (presently to be noticed). This leaf is an old letter signed with the initials J. P., requesting "Bro. William" to send "that he promised (probably money) by the carrier," and to give the bearer a quart of ale. We have had considerable difficulty in decyphering this letter, for it is almost obliterated by the subsequent writing. In like manner the writer has utilized another letter; it serves as a fly-leaf to divide the Armorial from the Mistery of Misteries, and is addressed to "Mr. John Playford, bookseller at the Temple in Fleete Street." Unfortunately it is unsigned, for it is a copy or draft, but we here give it in extenso:—

Sir,—By way of discourse there wass a Gentleman certified me that you had a greate desire (if you could get Mr. Morley's introduction) to sett it in press. If you keepe in the same minde, and have not lightened of it, send me word, and what you would give for it; for there is a friend of mine hath it who would part with it for a certaine sume of moneye; so desiring your answer, I rest—

June 5th, 1664.

This appears to refer to some unpublished work by a Mr. Morley, called "The Introduction to "*

^{*} Perhaps The Introduction to the Skill of Music, by John Playford, 1703.

The title-page of "The Mistery of Misteries" is likewise written upon the back of a rude draft of a letter (unsigned) containing several interlineations and alterations addressed to some "lady of quality," setting forth the writer's "deplorable condition, and his weak and infirm state." He entreats her ladyship to compassionate his mean condition, and to send him "ffourty shillings" to buy him a "suite of cloathes," by the hand of one of her "worthye servants," and (he adds) "I will send you a note for the receiving the same from our treasurer out of my sallory."

The name of the author of this remarkable MS. is not given, but for various reasons we take him to have been one John Penn, and a native of Worcestershire.

That his surname was Penn he himself informs us (as will shortly appear), but our only reasons—not very cogent reasons we must confess—for supposing his baptismal name to have been John, are that, besides the initials J. P. attached to the letter to his brother William, there is a loose scrap of paper in the volume containing some memoranda, on the back of which is written "John Penne." Moreover, there was a person of both these names who about the same period compiled a manuscript called "Rudiments of Heraldry, or blazon of Gentreyes Arms of severall Countyes," in which the bearings of Worcestershire families are introduced. This manuscript was advertised for sale in 1842 by Thomas Rodd, the well known bookseller, but in whose possession it now is we have not been able to ascertain.

The author of this MS. (whoever he was) was a staunch Royalist, and in his frequent allusions to the "late dismall warrs," and to the iconoclastic propensities of the Parliamentary soldiers, invariably styles Cromwell a usurper, and Charles I. a "blessed" king, or a "martyr."

In the Mistery of Misteries he introduces the shield of the Penns as an illustration of "plaine things" (whatever that may mean), as follows, the 2nd and 3rd quarters being, he informs us, an "augmentation of honour:"

OF PLAINE THINGS

He beareth two coates quarterly, the first Argent, on a fess sable three plates, the second Gules, a cross quarterpierced paled or and fest argent, the third as the second, the last as the first, by the name of Penn. The mettle is the token of proofe that he being a peaceable and princely spirited man, on(e) that was mild, sober, and just in his dealings, and moderate and civill in his cariage with others, a well qualified and religious man, loving and charitable to those of the true church, and carefull to preserve peace, and by his valour to press desturbers that caused

the breach. And his cullor is sable that thereby he was a sollid man on taking a seasonable time for the going on in any affaires, &c. &c.

And so on, every ordinary, every charge, and every colour having some mysterious import. But, as the elaborate and not very lucid interpretation fills several pages, we omit it.

In the armorial part of the volume also we have the shield of

PENN OF HARBROW.*

In the parish of Churchill, neere Starbridge. Beareth Argent, on a fess sable three plates, in cheife a lyon passant gules, and wass standing thus in the beginning of our late warrs in the said church window, and there remaineth if it be not ruinated by the late usurpers, as well as others.

The admirers of the poet Shenstone will not need to be reminded of those beautiful lines of his on the extinction of the ancient family of the Penns of Harborough, from whom he was maternally descended.

Their old half-timbered mansion still exists at Harborough, and the rooks still caw as of yore among its ancient and umbrageous elms. He tells us (Eleg. xv.):

'Twas here in happier times this virtuous race, Of milder merit, fix'd their calm retreat; War's deadly crimson had forsook the place, And Freedom fondly loved the chosen seat.

The Penns flourished at Harborough for full four hundred years: the last male heir died at the early age of twenty-nine, on 31st Dec., 1731, his father surviving him, as the poet tells us, but a few days:

On his pale corse the sixth sad morning rose.

Edmund de Penne witnessed a deed dated 42 Edw. III. (1368). Richard Penne of Harborough was a benefactor to the cathedral church of Worcester, and to the parishes of Hagley, Clent, Pedmore, Belbroughton, Churchill, &c. His will, dated 1470, is in part quoted by Nash, sub Churchill, from the original then in the possession of William Dolman of Harborough. Richard Penn and Joan his wife, both kneeling, the same writer informs us, were represented

^{*} In the margin is written "Broadmore."

in one of the windows in Churchill church; as Shenstone poetically expresses it:

Sketch'd on the lattice of th' adjacent fane Their suppliant hands implore the reader's prayer.

William Penn of Harborough, gent. perantiqua stirpe oriundus as asserted on his monument in Hagley church, married Mary daughter of William Tristram* of Oldswinford, and had issue, besides the son above named, three daughters, Anne, Mary, and Sarah. The last, in compliance with whose will her father's monument was erected, died unmarried in 1733, aged 35. Anne, the eldest, became the wife of Thomas Shenstone† of the Leasowes in the adjoining parish of Halesowen, and was mother of the amiable poet; and Mary married

* William Tristram was one of the sons of the Rev. Thomas Tristram, rector

of Belbroughton, by his second wife. See Tristram, p. 580.

1710. Deed Poll whereby William Shenstone, in consideration of the natural love and affection, &c. towards his son Thomas, grants to him a piece of land in Halesowen parish. Signed Will X Shenstone.

Attested by Ann × Underhill.

Jeremiah × Branken. Elijah Vnderhill.

Anne Underhill was perhaps a Shenstone. In Halesowen church is an upright stone with this inscription:—

"Here lieth the body of Anne, wife of ELIJAH UNDERHILL; she departed this life Dec. 3, 1714, aged about 60." (Some verses.)

1732, 31st July. Administration to the effects of Anne Shenstone granted to John Spencer, guardian of William Shenstone (the poet) a minor.

[†] The marriage settlement of Thomas Shenstone and Anne Penn bears date January 6, 1713. It is an indenture between William Shenstone, of the parish of Halesowen, yeoman, of the first part; Thomas Shenstone, of the same parish, yeoman, younger son of the said William, and Anne Penn, spinster, daughter of William Penn, of Harberrow, in the parish of Hagley, gent., of the second part; the said William Penn of the third part; and Roger Waldron, of Walton, in the parish of Clent, gent., and John Shenstone, of the said parish of Halesowen, yeoman, of the fourth part. By it is settled "all that messuage or tenement, with barns, stables, &c. called the Leasowes, formerly in the possession or occupation of one Thomas Taylor, but now in the possession of the said William Shenstone." William Shenstone was a mark's-man; the others all signed their names. This document is among Mr. Lea-Smith's evidences at Halesowen Grange, as are also the following relating to the Shenstone family:—

the Rev. Thomas Dolman, incumbent of Broom, by whom she was mother of, it is presumed, the William Dolman who lived at Harborough in Nash's time, and of a daughter, Mary, to whom the poet was in early life attached.

The antiquity of the family of Penn is thus indisputable; but, as

No wild ambition fir'd their gentle breast To swell with empty sounds a spotless name,

they recorded no pedigree at the Heralds' Visitations, and probably "writ themselves yeomen," for in 1634 two of the name, William Penn, of Hagley, and Francis Penn, of Belbroughton, disclaimed.

Their arms were the same as those recorded to Penn of Gloucester, Salop, Wilts, and Bucks (of whom was the famous founder of Pennsylvania) with the addition of a red passant lion in chief. In the Harl. MS. 1241, at fo. 128, is a long pedigree of a Shropshire family of Penn, bearing the fesse and roundles, but it does not show the connection of the Harborough family.

Harborough Hall (now occupied by Philip Williams, esq.) belongs to the Scotts of Great Barr, representatives of the Dolman family, Sir Joseph Scott, the first baronet of Barr, having married Margaret, daughter and heiress of Edward Whitby by Mary, his wife, daughter and heiress of the Rev. John Dolman, rector of Aldridge, who was, we believe, a brother of the husband of Mary Penn.*

In what degree the author of this manuscript may have been related to this ancient family, we regret our inability to explain; but the following details of the fortunes and misfortunes of the Penns are so peculiarly interesting that we make no apology for extracting them. Assuredly "war's deadly crimson," which the poet says forsook their ancestral hall at Harborough, was conspicuously present here. We have modernized the spelling throughout.

Being with some persons of quality, and much quibbling upon one another's name, they made a reflection to the name of Penn that it was but a scribbling thing, and at the best but a piece of a quill. Another answered, "Nay, it was of some fame, for it was the *Pen of a ready writer*."

^{*} The Rev. John Dolman was a son of the Rev. Nathaniel Dolman, rector of Aldridge, who died in 1692. Shaw (*History of Staffordshire*) says that Mrs. (afterwards *Lady*) Scott was second cousin to Mary Dolman of Broom, the poet's first cousin.

Our author defended himself with many ingenious and abstruse arguments. First he declared that a pen was the first thing that God created, "with which he writ the general concerns of his whole decree, and full sum of the whole creation;" but his name had nothing to do with a quill, for, as Mr. Camden in his *Remaines* saith, "it signifies ha high place on the top of a hill."

Haply some of this name might have come in with the Romans, as there are several of them in the kingdom, as in the county of Cornwall there is one, a gentleman who bears Sable, 6 fleur de luces, twice three, barwise, argent.

As for our beginning, I own it to proceed from the Britons, our estates lying amongst them, and in the Marches of the same, which anciently belonged to Penn-house, before that it was divided and scattered by many branches into several counties, as some into Shropshire as Ashford, but whether it be enjoyed by any of the name now I know not, and some other places in that county; and also Dunkley in Staffordshire, but that is changed into another name by the match of a daughter; and Penn Orchard in the same county, but whether it be in the name I cannot tell. As also Worcestershire hath also several places of good estates belonging to our name, as the Penns,* the Peathouse, the Pigeon House, and Belbroughton in the parish of Hanbury† (sic), and further

^{*} The Penns at Belbroughton belonged to the Penn family. See in Coleman's pamphlet on the Family of Penn, p. 16, a note of the will in 1591 of Gilbert Penn of that place, scythe-smith. A Gilbert Penn was in 1632 trustee of a charity school at Chaddesley. In 1711 William Penn was a trustee of the same; and in 1713 the surviving trustees, one of whom was William Penn, exchanged certain charity lands with Francis Highway, scythe-smith. Gilbert Penn, yeoman, by will dated 21 Dec., 1653, gave 26s. to the poor of Chaddesley, payable out of a certain estate at Belbroughton called Moorfields. See the Charity Commissioners' report.

[†] Further on in the volume, written partly on the back of the letter to "Bro. Will"," and partly upon the letter itself, is a fragment of what we may call a study for the above account of the name and family of Penn. In several respects it agrees verb. et lit. with the above, but the following is additional: "The chief house hath been lost long since, yet the places belonging to it are these, Harborough, the Peat House, the Pigeon House, and Penn Hill in Worcestershire, Beauchamp's Court House before it came to the worthy family of the Liggons, who, buying it of one of our forefathers, were enjoyned to pay 20 pounds per annum to all living descended from him or by match acquired the name, which was so continued for several generations, and the last that was so paid was to Anne Penn, the wife of Thomas Penn, my grandfather, in the reign of King Charles the First, by Lady Ligann, the mother of Sir William Ligann [who] after was married to one Mr. Kightley; but, our country house being rifled and ransacked for being officers for the blessed King Charles the First,

in the beginning of the reign of King Charles the First, by whose wars came our fall, as thus,-for my grandfather being much troubled with the beginners. of rebellion as then were, and being in company with some of the gentry about settling things for government in city and county in defence of the King, Church, and State, was desired to be a partaker in the same, and presently became a martial to Col. William Sandys, Governor of Hartlebury Castle, and by him. was also made receiver and paymaster to his regiment. After that, Sir Martin Sandys, being then Governor of the City of Worcester, made choice of my father to be Capt. for St. Andrew's ward in the City, who was as free to embrace it. and undertook it, performing all duties belonging to his place; and at last summoned out by commission to service to go and take Stourton Castle in Staffordshire, which he did, and with his company besieged it, battered down the castle gates and entered himself first into it, bidding them follow, and falling to desperate service they quickly conquered it and came off victors; but shortly after, in a skirmish near that place, he and some others were killed, and he interred in the body of the church of Wolverhampton, which was then a demicathedral, and had a pretty choir. My uncle was a lieutenant of horse in Capt. Gunter's troop; that belonged to Hartlebury Castle; who, having been upon several services, was at last killed near Kinver in this county,* and interred in the body of that church, but my grandfather surviving them continuing in the Castle at Hartlebury were at last besieged, and, after many hot onsets by storm and battering by cannons, and no hope of relief, Chester and Oxford, and other places taken and surrendered, and Worces[ter] being then besieged, they surrendered upon conditions to pass with bag and baggage, and having not marched a mile but they were all seized upon, and battled very sharply at such an unawares that they were immediately routed, some killed and others enforced to fly, and all taken from them, where my grandfather, being with books and goods in carts. was enforced to part with horse and all to save his life, and to trudge away on foot, and after a season he being by the sequestrators and grand committee fined for the King's rents, having before mortgaged several estates to raise moneys to pay the soldiery for the enemy, the Rump Parliament's forces grown

* Kinver or Kinfare is in Staffordshire, a few miles from Stourbridge. Stourton Castle is in Kinver parish.

the writings were lost, so that at the Restoration, things being demanded, he desires to show our right to it or bring our witnesses to it, but, finding none living, he would not yield to pay anything, so that in losing the one and life of the other it rested." Nash informs us that Thomas (it should be *Richard*) Lygon had Beauchamp's Court, Powick, in marriage with Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Lord Beauchamp of Powick. The Sir William Lygon referred to by Penn married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Pledwell, and she married, secondly, Samuel Knightley, who is called "of Beauchamp's Court," in the splendid pedigree of Knightley, printed in Dr. Howard's *Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica*.

so strong and that blessed King's so weak, they could go to fetch none, neither could the tenants bring in any for the scouting soldiers, but were taken and imprisoned, and what moneys they had evermore forced from them. Thus we fell under the cloud, but he, being sued for the King's rents, was by them at the Exchequer quickly cast, and the moneys to be paid, and so, as he had mortgaged some before, he then must sell, as he did, three estates outright, and one mortgaged so deep he could scarcely have a sufficiency for himself.

I was with my aunt in the city, and when his gracious Majesty King Charles the Second with his army from Scotland came unto it at the fight, we were so ransacked by plunder that we had not anything left; and after seeking for to regain some small dues that were of lands left elsewhere, when we gave the demand of it, they presently gave a denial of satisfying, and demand to shew our right to it, but the writings being lost at the fight, and witnesses dead, we could obtain nothing, and at the Restoration the books of accounts for the payment of the soldiers and writings of the sale of lands lost, I ceased from moving any further.

This long extract proves conclusively that the author of this curious production was a Mr. Penn, but there is nothing to show how he was related to the Harborough family. He was, it seems, the grandson of a Thomas Penn by Anne his wife, and he had a brother William.

The name of Penn occurs pretty frequently in the parish registers of Clent, &c. Roger Dugar and Benet Penn were married there in 1568; and in 1572 Simon Skinner and Elizabeth Pen were married. In 1574 "Johane, y wiffe" of Richard Pen, was buried. In February 1574-5, Mathew, the daughter of Humphrey Pen, gent., and Alice, his wife, was baptized. (She was married in 1594 to William Pearson, gent.) In 1593 John Pen, "father of Richard Pen and Benet Pen," was buried. In 1597 William Pagett and Benet Pen were married. Alice, the wife of Humphrey Pen, gent., was buried on the 5th of March, 1615-6, and Humphrey Pen, gent., was buried on the 20th of April, 1616.

In 1662 William Penn of Hagley leased some lands in Nether Clent to Thomas Penn of Clent, his son; and three children (Hester, William, and Joane) of Thomas Pen and Joane, his wife, were baptized at Clent in the years 1655, 1658, and 1661.

A William Penn of Bromsgrove, gent., married Margaret, daughter of Henry Cookes of Burcot (of the Bentley family), and was living in 1683. And Mary, eldest daughter of a William Penn of Belbroughton, was married in 1728 to Thomas Smith of Hunnington, in Halesowen.

The name of Penn is still tolerably common in the neighbourhood.

OF WORCESTER FROM 1760 TO THE PRESENT TIME.

As Dr. Nash has given a complete list of the Sheriffs of this county from the Conquest to the date of his work, it has been thought unnecessary to repeat what is easily accessible in that work. The ensuing list, therefore, commences only with the accession of George III., and the *Anno Domini* has been substituted for the *Anno Regni*. It may be mentioned that an authentic list of Sheriffs of all counties, from the 2nd of Henry II. to the 5th of Edward III., is given in the 31st report of the Deputy Keeper of the Public Records, and that a list of the Sheriffs of Worcestershire down to the 17th of James L, differing in some few instances from Nash's list, will be found in the Harl-MS. 1043.

1760 John Timbrill of Bretforton.

1761 Richard Case of Powick.

1762 Sir Samuel Hellier of Rushock, knt.

1763 Benjamin Johnson of Worcester.

1764 Rowland Berkeley of Cotheridge.

1765 William Winwood of Lindridge. 1766 Thomas Cookes of Harvington.

1767 Sir Herbert Perrott Pakington of Westwood, bart.

1768 Thomas Bury, jun., of Abberley.

1769 Edward Knight, jun., of Wolverley.

1770 John Martin of Overbury

1771 Edmund Pytts of Kyre.

1772 Charles Watkins - Meysey o Shakenhurst.

1773 John Tristram of Moor Hall.

1774 John Hurtle of Sion Hill.

1775 Samuel West of Earl's Croome.

1776 Josiah Dineley of Peopleton.

1777 Samuel Netherton of Hill-end House, Chaseley.

1778 Edward Whitcombe of Orleton.

1779 John Foster of Wordsley.

1780 Richard Amphlett of Hadsor.

1781 John Darke of Bredon

1782 Joseph Berwick of Worcester.

1783 Jonathan Pytts of Kyre.

1784 Thomas Bund of Wick.

1785 Richard Bourne-Charlett of Elmley Castle.

1786 George Perrott of Pershore.

1787 Richard Harrison of Temple Laughern.

1788 John Baker, jun., of Beveré.

1789 John Spooner of Leigh Court.	1823 John Williams of Pitmaston.
1790 Philip Gresley of Salwarpe.	1824 Sir Christopher Sidney Smith of
1791 Henry Wakeman of Perdiswell.	Eardiston, bart.
1792 Fleetwood Parkhurst of Ripple.	1825 Thomas S. Vernon of Shrawley.
1793 John Steward of Stone.	Died March 16th, 1825, when Sir
1794 Thomas Farley of Hallow.	Thomas Phillipps of Middle Hill,
1795 William Waldron of Stourbridge.	bart., was appointed in his room.
1796 Thomas Hill, jun., of Broom.	1826 James Taylor of Moor Green.
1797 Moses Harpur of Astley.	1827 George Farley of Henwick.
1798 John Addenbrooke-Addenbrooke	1828 George Meredith of Berrington
of Wollaston Hall.	Court.
1799 Edward Dixon of Dudley.	1829 Edward Rudge of Evesham.
1800 William Smith of Eardiston.	1830 John Scott of Stourbridge.
1801 Thomas Phillipps of Broadway.	1831 Osman Ricardo of Broomsberrow
1802 Thomas Newnham of Broadwas.	Place.
1803 John Phillips of Winterdyne	1832 Joseph John Martin of Ham
House.	Court.
1804 Edward Knight of Wolverley. Ob.,	1833 John Brown of Lea Castle.
succeeded by Thomas Holme	1834 John Howard Galton of Hadsor.
of Beoley.	1835 Sir Edward Blount of Mawley
1805 John Amphlett of Clent.	Hall, bart.
1806 Sir Thomas E. Winnington of	1836 Sir Offley P. Wakeman of Perdis-
Stanford Court, bart.	well, bart.
1807 Thomas Bland of Ham Court.	1837 Wilson Aylesbury Roberts of
1808 Sir John Pakington of Westwood,	Bewdley.
bart.	1838 Robert Berkeley, jun., of Spetch-
1809 Henry Bromley of Abberley.	ley.
1810 Joseph Smith of Sion Hill.	1839 William Congreve Russell of
1811 Thomas Hawkes of Dudley.	Kingsheath.
1812 John Baker of Waresley.	1840 James Foster of Stourbridge.
1813 Edmund Lechmere-Charlton of Hanley.	1841 Thomas Charles Hornyold of Blackmore Park.
1814 John Knight of Lea Castle.	1842 Edward Holland of Lenchwick.
1815 Edward Dixon of Dudley.	1843 William Robins of Hagley.
1816 Joseph Lea of The Hill, Stour- bridge.	1844 John Richards of Wassell Grove, Hagley.
1817 John Taylor of Strensham Court.	1845 Thomas Simcox Lea of Astley
1818 Samuel Wall of Hallow Park.	Hall.
1819 John Jeffreys of Blakebrook,	1846 William Hemming of Foxlydiate.
Kidderminster.	1847 Edward Gresley Stone, of Cham-
O. Distand Caiffthe of Thomasons	ham Court I anadan

bers Court, Longdon. 1848 Joseph Fred. Ledsam, of North-

1849 John Dent of Walcott.

field.

1820 Richard Griffiths of Thorngrove

1822 Samuel Ryland of Kingsnorton.

1821 Elias Isaac of Boughton.

Park.

1850 John Gregory Watkins of Wood-
field, Ombersley.
1851 Sir Thomas Edward Winnington
of Stanford, bart.

1852 Sir Edmund Hungerford Lechmere of The Rhydd, bart.

1853 Charles Noel of Bell Hall.

1854 Edward Bearcroft of Mere Hall. 1855 Will. Dowdeswell of Pull Court.

1856 Francis Tongue Rufford of Prescot House, Stourbridge.

1857 Edward Vincent Wheeler of Kyrewood.

1858 Samuel Baker of Thorngrove.

1859 Walter Chamberlain Hemming of Spring Grove.

1860 Ferdinando Dudley Lea Smith of Halesowen Grange.

1861 James Moilliet of Abberley.

1862 Sir E. A. H. Lechmere of The Rhydd, bart.

1863 Richard Hemming of Bentley Manor.

1864 Harman Grisewood of Daylesford.

1865 Albert Hudson Royds of Crowneast Court.

1866 Edward Charles Rudge of Abbey Manor, Evesham.

1867 Richard William Johnson of Bricklehampton Hall.

1868 Charles Michael Berington of Little Malvern Court.

1869 John Vincent Hornyold of Blackmore Park.

1870 Thomas Rowley Hill of Worcester.

1871 William Hanford Flood of Wollas Hall.

1872 Harry Sales Scobell of The Abbey, Pershore.

1873 Harry Foley Vernon of Hanbury Hall.

III.

LIST OF FAMILIES WHOSE PEDIGREES AND ARMS WERE ENTERED IN THE SUCCES-SIVE HERALDIC VISITATIONS OF THE COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

VISITA	TION	TAK	EN	IN	1533	3. (MS. H	I. 20,	IN T	не Со	LLEGE	OF.	Arı	Mrs.)
Acton of Barnesle Berrton Beylett Brace of Butoller Clyfton of Folyot of Folyott Fokesar Gower of Greville	Doveron Clyfte Thorn	dale on don, c	o. Gi		eester	81 56 84 69 71 69 67 57b 73 55 8-73	Nanf Porte	ynton hyold he sey of gon of klow of ant er of M ell of lon grym	Shal Con of Ho Milde Stren	kenhu nberto oden enham nsham	rst on , knt.		•	Fol. 54 60 72 61b 57 70 54 58 67 70 60 60b
VISITA Abbingt Acton of Acton of	ton of V Sutton Sutton	Wicher and I and I	nford Burto Bock	on	n .	38 19 27	Actor	n (qua rford o eby of	rtere	ed by nightv ll and	Barne vick Actor	by)		MS. 38 48 38 11

^{*} It is doubtful if these were of Worcestershire. See the Introduction to this work p. xviii, note.

† No arms entered.

Fol.	l Fol.
Bucke of Nashe 35	Meysey of Shakenhurst 28
Butler of Wich 49	Moore of Dunclent (impaled by
Copley of Bredon 41	Foliot)
Daubeney of Cirencester 32	Morgan of Little Comberton, and
Dethick of Sedgeberrow 46	Hanbury 31
Foliot of Longdon and Morton . 16b	Pakington of Chaddesley 29
Foster of Knighton 34	Rompney of Lulsley 53
Friar of Blanketts 30	Rowse of Lench-Randolf 22
Geffreys of Earl's Croome 35	Ruding of Martin Hussingtree . 32
Gower of Woodhall, Boughton, &c. 30	Rufford of Nether Sapey 47
Hall of Henwick 52	Russell of Little Malvern 50
Hanbury of Hanbury 42	Russell, knt
Hanbury of Beanhall 43	Salwey of Stanford
Haselwood of Wick-warren 51	Sheldon of Beoley 10
Heydon of Watford (Herts) 29	Sheldon of Broadway 44
Hoby of Limster (Leominster, co.	Squyre of Hanbury
Hereford), knt 30	Talbot of Grafton (Earl of Shrews-
Hodington. See Russell 7	
Hunckes of Northwick 23	Talbot (natural branch)
Ingram of Earl's Court 51	
Jeffreys of Holme Castle 51b	
Kighley of South Littleton 26	:
Lewknor of co. Sussex 40	l c
	Weekhame of Wishenford
	1 *** 1
Lytteiton	Wolmer
VISITATION TAKEN IN 1634. (1	MS. C. 30, IN THE COLLEGE OF ARMS.)
Abington, alias Habington, of	Ayre of Hartlebury 75b
Brockhampton, co. Hereford,	Barneby of Acton and Hull 82b
and Hindlip, co. Worcester . 183	Dames of Development 1 77 1
Acton of Bockleton 81	Domoslow of Domoslow II-11
A	#D
Acton of Acton	Daviddon of Claires
ton, co. Gloucester 49	Bearcroft of Mere Place alias Mere
Andrew of Beoley, Redditch, Offen-	Croen
*Archbold of Sherridge and Bed-	
	Kidderminster)
	Beaufo (quartered by Lench) . 64
	Berkeley of Spetchley and Cothe-
Arle (quartered by Hanford) . 113	1 D - C - 1 / 27 C 13
Attwood of Wolverley and Perdis-	Besford (quartered by Hanford) . 113
well 103	1

[•] No arms entered.

Fol.	
Blount of Sodington and Kens-	Dyson of Inkberrow 72
wick 38 & 49	Evett of Woodhall 76
Boteler (arms in Kidderminster	Eyre, vide Ayre
church)	Fowke of Hallway 108
Botetort (arms in Kidderminster	Freeman of Blockley 46b
church)	French of Pershore 51
Bourne of Battenhall (knt.) and of	Frogmer of Claines 70b
Wick 54	*Gage of Bentley (co. Sussex) 104
Brace of Hill Court 60	Gardyner of Shipston-on-Stour . 77
Bridges of Eastington 110	Ghest of Row Heath 69b
Brode of Dunclent Park 53b	Good of Redmarley D'Abitot . 68
Bromley of Upton-on-Severn and	Gower of Colemers, in the parish
Holt Castle 87	of Kingsnorton 41b
Brown of Pershore and Little	Gower of Boughton, Hadsor, Wick,
Comberton 50b & 114b	and Droitwich 47
Buck of Nash and Bedwardine,	Gower of Woodhall 53
knt	Gower of Colemers and Boughton 102
Bushell of Cleeve Prior 35	Greaves of Moseley 61
Camoys (quartered by Sheldon) . 97	Greswold of Yardley 90b
Chetelton (quartered by Bromley). 87	Greville (quartered by Hanford) . 113
Child of Northwick 67b	
Clent of Knightwick 45	Hackluit (quartered by Bridges) . 110
*Cliffe of Great Witley 46	Hall of Henwick
Clifton (quartered by Bromley) . 87	*Helme of Eldersfield 52
Cockett of Hadsor and Droitwich. 66	Herbert of Ribbesford, knt 37
Cocks of Crowle 57	*Hicks of Shipston-on-Stour 109
Cokesey (in Kidderminster church) 26	Hiet of Bishop's Wick 107
Colles of Leigh 25	Hinckley (quartered by Pitt) . 89
Colles of Grimley 108b	Horniold of Bredon and Black-
Cooke of Claines 39	more Park 84
Copley of Bredon 105b	Horniold of Bredon
*Corbett of Defford 90	Hugford (quartered by Hanford) . 113
Cratford of Claines 105	Hunt of Hollow Fields, Hanbury. 78
*Cresheld of Evesham 99	Hyde (quartered by Pitt) 89
D'Abitot of Redmarley 30	Ingram of Earl's Court and Wol-
De la More (impaled by Barneby) 83	ford, co. Warwick 88b
Devereux of Castle Bromwich,	James of Astley 63
bart 88	Jeffreys of Holme Castle 40
Dickins of Leaton and Great Mal-	Jeffreys of Earl's Croome 43
vern 48	*Jones of Droitwich
Dickleston (quartered by Hanford) 113	Keyt of Bishampton, and Ebring-
Dinley, or D'Inley, of Charlton . 91	

^{*} No arms entered.

Fol.	Fol.
Kighley of South Littleton 36b	Phelip, knt., (in Kidderminster
Knightley of Beauchamp's Court . 67	church)
*Knotsford of Holdfast 56	Pitt of Kyre Wyard 89
Langstone, of Sedgeberrow and	Poole (quartered by Pitt) 89
Malvern 59	Porter of Tapenhall, Claines . 75
Lechmere, of Lechmere Place,	Rake (quartered by Hanford) . 113
Hanley	Rous of Rous-Lench, knt 35b
Lench of Doverdale, Shelve, and	Ruding (quartered by Sheldon) . 97b
Wich 64	
Lewknor (quartered by Sheldon) . 97b	Rumney of Lulsley and Knight-
Littleton, of Frankley 31	wick 62b
Lloyde (quartered by Porter) . 75	Russell of Strensham, bart 86
Lyddiat of Wollaston 63b	Russell of Little Malvern 77b
Lygon of Madresfield 48b	St. Petre (in Kidderminster church) 26b
Martin of Barton, co. Cambridge,	Salwey of Stanford 41
residing at Leigh Court112b	Sandys of Ombersley and Grimley 42
Maylard, Register to the Dean and	Sarrell (quartered by Hanford) . 113
Chapter 56	*Savage of Elmley Castle 54b
Meysey of Shakenhurst 62	Savage of Broadway & Powick, also
Milborne (in a window of Kidder-	of Tidmington and Egioke 55 & 111b
minster church)	*Savage of Eldersfield
*Millington of Cropthorne 34	Sebright of Besford, bart 76b
*Middlemore of Hawkesley 65	Sheldon of King's Totenell and
Middlemore of Haselwell 93	Broadway 73b & 97b
*Mintridge of Leigh 92	*Simmonds of Crowle and White-
Morton of Clifton in the parish of	Ladies 47
Severn-Stoke 69	Smyth of Cropthorne 55b
Mucklow of Areley 89	Solley of Hindlip and Smyte . 100
Mull (quartered by Porter) 75	Thomas (quartered by Porter) . 75
Nanfan of Birtsmorton 34b	Thornburgh, Bishop of Worcester,
Nash of Tapenhall, Claines, Om-	and of Elmley Lovett, knt 65
bersley, and Droitwich 52	*Tomkins, Prebendary of Wor-
Nest of Chaseley 80	cester 74
Nevil (in Kidderminster church) . 27b	Townshend of Elmley Lovett . 83b
Newsham of Knighton, Inkberrow 58	Trymnell of Okeley, in Salwarpe . 58b
Nott of Shelsley Beauchamp 61b	Vampage (quartered by Hanford). 113
Nicholets of the Hill, in Eastham. 32b	Vernon of Hanbury 32
Palmer of Blackley	Walsh of Shelsley-Walsh, Abberley,
*Parsons of Overbury and Offen-	and Redmarley 94
ham 68b	*Walsingham of Cofton Hackett . 70
Penell of Woodstone in Lindridge 93b	
	Washborne of Winchenford 39
	·

^{*} No arms entered.

Wheeler of Droitwich	
*Whitton of Powick and Lewk-	Woodward of Ripple and Upton-
nor	
Wigmore (in Kidderminster	Woodward of Worcester 79b
	Wyld of the Ford, Droitwich, and
Winford of Astley 40	of Glazeley 84b
	
11101m mr o. v. m v. m v. v. v. v.	40 /340 TT 0
VISITATION TAKEN IN 1682 AND	
A	MS.)
	*Cocks of Witley 116
Archer of Welland 160	*Cook of Acton Beauchamp . 125
Ashby of Worcester 57	Cookes of Bentley 106
Avenant of Shelsley Walsh 118	Cooksey of Worcester 163
Bagshaw of Inkberrow 51	Dineley of Charlton 29
Baker of Feckenham 102	Dineley of Bromsgrove 105
Barneby of Hull 66	Dineley of Ridmarley 64
Baugh of Pensham and Pershore. 146	Dingley of Hanley Castle 35
Baugh of Twining, co. Gloucester. 33	Droitwich Corporation
Bearcroft of Shurnock Court, and	Evesham Corporation
Tibberton 60	Fincher of Shelve and Worcester . 67
Berecroft of Worcester 126	Foley of Stourbridge 80
Berkeley of Spetchley 124	Foley of Witley Court 114
Bewdley Corporation 7	Folliott of Martin Hussingtree . 130
Blount of Hallow 37	Fownes of Stoke Prior 89
Bloxam of Offenham 25	
Bourne of Acton Hall 149	
Brace of Doverdale and Hill	*Gregorie
Court	Griffith of Worcester 121
	Gyles of Prickley 155
Bromley of Upton-on-Severn . 55	
Bull of Hallow Park 53	tow 32 & 34
Burlton of Sandbourne 77	*Hastings of Daylesford 100
Byrd of Evesham 148	Hemming of Worcester 162
	Hicks of Shipston on-Stour 92
	Higgins of Worcester 58
	Hill of Worcester 122
	Hodges of Hampton Lovett and
Clare of Caldwell 26	
Clutton of Pensax 52	Hollington of Alvechurch 87

^{*} No arms entered.

Fol	10 00 . 30 3
Hornyold of Blackmore Park . 140	
Hunt of Blockley and Lindsey . 90	
Hunt of Hollow Fields 42	
Hunt of Stoke and Bradley 8	
James of Astley 6	Solley of Worcester 38
Jolley vel Joliffe of Cofton Hall . 82	
Jones of Edvin-Loach	*Sutton of Bredon 137
Jones of the Bower 152	Swift of Worcester 48
Kidderminster Corporation	Taylor of Flockbury 157
Knight of Stoke Prior 56	Thornburgh of Suckley 134
Lygon of Madresfield 142	Townshend of Elmley Lovett . 46
Marston of Hall Green 102	
Maylard of Shakenhurst vel Che-	*Tyas of Worcester
conhors in p'och' de Bayton . 73	Vernon of Martley 164
Mesey of Mamble 6	
Milles of Worcester "vide Glocsh"	Walls of Palmers 86
Nanfan of Hanley Castle 135	Walshe of Stockton 113
Newberie of Severn Stoke 133	1
Newport of Upper Hanley 153	
Oldnall of Worcester 133	`******
Parsons of Overbury 13	
Porter of Tapenhall 16	
Portman of Astley 68	
Purshull of Purshull Hall 8	
*Rotton of Moseley 10	1
Rufford of Sapey 15.	
Rumney of Suckley 4	` aaa'
	Yong of Pool House in Hanley
Russell of Strensham 14	
Savage of Elmley Castle 39	•
carage of Limitey Casale	7 1

^{*} No arms entered.

DISCLAIMERS AT THE VISITATION OF 1634.

(From MS. C. 30 in the College of Arms.*)

Addyes, Thomas, Powick. Archar, John, Eastham. Arden, Richard, Martley. Arden, Launcelot, Astley. Aynsworth, Thomas, St. Andrew's, Pershore. Bache, Simon, Suckley. Baldwyn, Thomas, Redmarley D'Abitot. Barnes, Anthony, Bishop's Wick. Barston, Richard, Redmarley. Barston, Richard, Ribbesford. Baylard, Francis, Moreton. Beale, Thomas, Pendock. Beast, William, Hartlebury. Bernarde, Henry, Pendock. Best, Henry. Best, Thomas, Elmley Lovett. Bloxam, Thomas, Offenham. Bolton, Richard, Feckenham. Boothe, Edmund. Bourne, Gilbert, Elmbridge. † Bourne, Foulke, Bourne, John, Bradstock, Rowland, Queenhill. Burlton, Humfrey, Kidderminster.

Burnford, Richard, Bromsgrove. Bury, Thomas, Abbotsley. Bookey, William (sic erased). Cecil, John, Bromsgrove. Chambers, William, Northfield. Chamber, John, Stoke and Bradley. Chapman, Thomas, Blockley. Chaunce, Thomas, Hadsor. Chaunce, John, Bromsgrove. Chaunce, John, Woodcote. Chaunce, John, Bedward. Chetle, Thomas, Drayton Bassett. Colles, Andrew, Lulsley. Collyer, Henry, Hanbury. Cole, Henry, Bromsgrove. Cooke, William, Elfield. Cookes, John, Bentley. Costnet, Richard, Pershore. Cother, John, Ripple. Coucher, Thomas, eldest son of the Alderman at Worcester. Dallehaye, Thomas, Bockleton. Daniannes, Ra., Defford. Doures, Walter, Hartlebury. Dowtey, Thomas. Dowtey, William, Horsam.

+ Se Greswolde, p. 238.

^{*} Communicated by Sir Albert W. Woods, knt. Garter King of Arms.

Eden, William, Darlingscott, Edgeock, George, Croome D'Abitot. Edgoke. William, Pirton. Field, John, Kingsnorton. Field, Thomas, " Field, William, Fletcher, Nicholas, Paxford. Foley, Richard, Stourbridge. French, Richard, Salwarpe. Gardeners, Giles, Bricklehampton. Garrett, John, Bromsgrove. Garrett, Henry. Geast, John, Alvechurch. Gifford, Rowland, Much Marcle. * Greene Armell, Upton Snodsbury. Gyles, John (v. Button), Astley. Gyles, Edmund, White Ladies Aston. Hackett, William, Upton on Severn. Haines, Richard, Emload. Halford, John, Armscott. Hall, John, Suckley. Hambury, Henry, Dodderhill. Harburn, Thomas, Ripple. Hathwood, Andrew, Belbroughton. Havnes, Thomas, Inkberrow or Hanburv. Haywood, Raphael, Acton Beauchamp. Henley, Richard, Eckington. Hill, Thomas, Astley. Hobday, Thomas. Holborrowe, John, Wolverley. Holesowld, William, Eldersfield. Holland, John, Tenbury. Holland, Thomas, Alfrick. Horton, Edward, Northfield. Hunt, Raphael, Stoke and Bradley. Hunt, Thomas, Bredon. Herbert, Thomas, Riple (sic erased). Jefferis, William, Longdon. Tenkens, John, Dudley.

Langford, alias Oliver, George. Lewes, Roger, Dodenham. Lewes, William, Martley. Lingham, James, Upton on Severn. Lloyd, Thomas, Frankley. Loggin, Edward, Bretforton. Low, Roger, Bromsgrove. Mason, William, Birlingham. Mason, Richard, Croome D'Abitot. Manseel, William, Orderley? Maunsell, William, Dudley. Milton, William, Bewdley. Milward, Edward, Pedmore. Moorley, John, Upton on Severn. Nash, Gilbert, Bromsgrove. Newington, Thomas, Offenham. Norris, John, Winterfold. Nott, Thomas, "Skraley" (Qy. Shels-Oliver, alias Langford, George. Paget, John, Belbroughton. Palmer, George, Astley. Parker, Thomas, Longdon. Peirsall, Ralph, Alvechurch. Pellye, Thomas, Ombersley. Pen, Frauncys, Belbroughton. Penn, William, Hagley. Phelps, Nicholas, Much Malvern Phillips, Thomas, Littleton. Pilkington, Edward. Piland, Thomas, Little Wolverton. Pooler, John, Hartlebury. Poulton, Thomas, Redmarley D'Abitot. Purshull, John, Elmbridge. Persons, William (sic erased.) Perrott, Francis, Belbroughton erased.) Rawlyngson, Danyell, Upton on Severn.

88---2

^{*} This appears to be an old family at Upton Snodsbury. Armell Greene of Snodsbury married Elizabeth, daughter of Walter James (living 1634), son of Hugh, and elder brother of John James of Astley.

Ricards, Richard, Norton.
Rolls...n, Richard, KingsnortonRotten?
Roper, John, Kingsnorton.
Ross, Francys, Malvern.
Ryley, John, Redmarley D'Abitot.
Sare, Sylvanus, Bewdley.
Saunders, John, Rashwood?
Saunders, Thomas, Hallow.
Sharp, Richard, Oblidg?
Shaylerd, Henry, Hanbury.

Simonds, Thomas, White-Ladies-Aston.

Smithe, John, Bishampton.

Smyth, John, Holy Hill.

Soley, Leonard, White-Ladies-Aston.

Soley, Christopher, Peopleton.

Sowley, William, Churchill.

Sparrye, John, Hagley.

* Spragge, John, Offenham.

Stone, Roger, Witley Parva.

Taylor, Thomas, Chaddesley Corbett.

* Of this family it is believed, was Admiral Sir Edward Spragge, who was knighted on the 24th of September, 1665, when a captain, for his gallant conduct in the first action with the Dutch. On the 11th of January, 1665-6 Pepys met him at "Sir W. Pen's;" he describes him as "a merry man, that sang a pleasant song pleasantly." On the 1st of April, 1667, Mrs. Turner tells Pepys "how Sir Edward Spragge hath lately made love to our neighbour, a widow, Mrs. Hollworthy, who is a woman of estate and wit," but she would none of him. Sir Edward, after rendering many important services to his country, was unfortunately drowned on the 11th of August, 1673, whilst passing in a boat to the Royal Charles, from his own ship, which had been disabled in the action with Van Tromp. He was buried in Westminster Abbey, without any memorial; nor (says the noble editor of Pepys's Diary) "have we the slightest record of his early history, or of the family from which he was descended." (Bohn's edition, i., 388, note.) The following entry of his burial occurs in the registers of Westminster Abbey—

"1673. S'. Edw. Spragge bur. in y North Ile, Sept. 23d."

C. G. Y. (the late Sir C. G. Young, Garter) in a note to this entry (in the Col. Top. et Gen., vii., 377), states that Sir Edward was a native of Ireland, and that he died "sine prole legit." We have not been able to discover what arms he bore, but the Heraldic Dictionaries assign the following to the name of Spragg:—Or, three rose-leaves in pale vert between two pallets azure, a chief gules. Crest: A sword in pale proper, on the point thereof suspended a crown of olive or. In Offenham Church is an inscription to Thomas Spragg, who died March 7th, 1696, aged 86. In 1603 John Spragge was Sponsor to Cæsar, son of Robert Godwin, who was baptized at Offenham on the 2nd of March, 1602-3. In 1641, June 10th, Robert Spragg of Offenham was married at Blockley to Margaret Freeman; and in 1722, on the 15th of July, Robert Spragg of Offenham married Mrs. Frances Watson, at Bengeworth. The name is not extinct in the county, but the bearers of it (or some of them) are in reduced circumstances. They claim the Admiral as one of the family. (For the above register extracts we are indebted to the Rev. T. P. Wadley, M..)

Taylor, Silvester, Chaddesley Corbett.
Terrett, Richard, Chaseley.
Tirer, John, Alvechurch.
Trobell, William, Birlingham.
Turberville, Thomas, Hill Croome.
Turvey, Henry, Hanbury.
Turvey, Edward, Walcote.
Underhill, William, Bromsgrove.
Underhill, Walter, Ekdersfield.
Vicaris, Robert, Astley.
Vickers, Robert, Astley.
Vickers, Robert, Astley.
Wall, Humphrey, Redmarley.
Ward, John, Tenbury.
Ward, Mathe., Belbroughton.
Webley, William, Suckley.

Welch, Michael, Shelsley Kings. Westwood, John, Bromsgrove. Wheeler, Robert, Offenham. Widcombe, John, Chadsey. Widdwas, Thomas. Wild, Thomas, Astwood. Wilde, Robert, Upton Warren. Winnall, John, Evesham. Winshurst, George, Stourbridge. Woodhouse, John, Salwarpe. Woodward, John, Worcester. Worvile, George, Leigh. Wyght, William, Shipston. Wythes, Francis, Himbleton. Yarranton, Hugh, Belbroughton. Yardley, John, Hanbury.

DISCLAIMERS AT THE VISITATION OF 1682-3

(FROM MS. K. 4, FO. 219, IN THE COLLEGE OF ARMS.)

Addenbrook, Edward, vicar of Sapey. * Addenbrook, Nicholas, Stourbridge. Applebee, John, Clk., Earl's Croome. Arnold, John, rector of Pendock. Aynesworth, John, Kynwarton. Badger, John, Clk., St. John's. Ballard, John, Suckley. Barnes, Thomas, Queenhill. Bartlett, Thomas, Evesham. Bellamie, Thomas, Kidderminster. Birch, William, rector of Kington. Blondell, Robert, Norton. Boraston, John, rector of Ribbesford. Bordall, David, rector of Beoley. Boyleston, Sares, rector of Rock. Bracton, Ar., vicar of Himbledon. Brooke, Thomas, vicar of Bishampton. Brooke, William, Bradley. Brooke, James, Upton. Broughton, Willm., D.D., Chadsley Corbet. Browning, William, Martley. Bucke, George, Oddingley. Burt, Robert, Worcester. Burton, John, Ombersley.

Bury, Humphrey, Mamble. Bury, Thomas, Charlett, John, Piddle. Charlett, Ar., Hill. Clarke, James, Hampton. Clarke, John, min'. of Holy Cross. Crowley, Ambrose, Stourbridge. Dowley, Robert, Bradley. Draper, Gregory, Burton in Sapy. Drinkwater, Thomas, rector of Ab berton. Feild, Nicholas, Evesham. Feild, Edward, Feild, John, Worcester. Fincher, Thomas, Worcester. Fletcher, Richard, Paxford. † Ford, Simon, D.D., Stourbridge. Freeman, William, Prickley. George, Robert, Badsey. Gnall, John, Worcester. Gorle, John, Kemsey. Gower, Richard, Hackley. Green, Robert, Worcester. Gregory, Grymes, John, vic'. of Longdon.

* See note to Sparry, p. 540.

[†] Dr. Ford was rector of Oldswinford from 1676 to 1699. He was the son of Richard Ford of East Ogwell, co. Devon, and was descended, through his mother, from the family of Nicholas Wadham, founder of Wadham College. One of his daughters, Martha, was married to Thomas Milward of Wollescote.

Gyles, Samuel, Astley. Hackluitt, Samuel, Beaudeley. Halward, Thomas, Prickley. Hardy, John, Worcester. Harris, Thomas, Evesham. Harvey, Wm., rector of Burlingham. Haye, John, Alvechurch. Hewood, Raphael, Acton Beauch. Hickman, Edward, Stourbridge. Hill, John, rect. of Upton Warren. Hodge, Tho., vicar of Cropthorne. Hopkins, Thomas, Shrawley. Howman, William, Worcester. Jennens, Anne, wid., Warley Wigorn. Johnson, Jat., vicar of Stoke Prior. Johnsom, William of Alfrick. Jordan, W., vicar of Kidderminster. Juice, Sam., rector of Bruts-Morton. Kemsey, William, Martley. Kendrick, Christ'., vc'. of Eckington. Knight, Thomas, Beaudeley. Lane, William, Evesham. Ley, Sam'., rec't. of Flyford Flavel. Litherland, William, Redmarley Oliver. * Lowbridge, Thomas, Bradley. Lynall, John, Worcester. Marshall, Fra., vic'. of Grimley.

Martin, William, Little Hampton. Mason, To., rector of Salwarpe. Mason, Richard, Burlingham. † Mathews, Samuel, Worcester. Mence, John. Mence, John, Hambury. Milner, Thomas, Evesham. Milward, Edward, Lighe. Mitchell, or Mishell, Jas., Evesham. Moore, Humphrey, Alvechurch. Newnam, James, Chadsley Corbet. Parkes, Thomas, vicar of Upton Snodsburv. Parsons, William, Hanley Castle. Perks, William, Kingsnorton. Pitcher, George, Pensham. Pooler, Joseph, Beaudelev. Porter, William, Bromsgrove. Radford, Thomas, Wribenhall. Reynolds, Thomas, Worcester. Reynolds, Fra., vicar of Crowle. Rosse, Edward, Suckley. Rudge, William, Evesham. Russell, Edward, Martley. Ruthorne, Joseph, Evesham. \$ Shewringe, Thomas, Wor. City. § Smith, Jarrit, Evesham.

^{*} This name occurs at an early period in the parish registers of Clent; the earliest form is *Loberich*.

[†] Mayor of Worcester in 1671.

[‡] Thomas Shewring was mayor of Worcester in 1682 and 1687. He was a great benefactor to the city, and founded the hospital which bears his name. During his last mayoralty King James II. visited Worcester. Attended by the mayor and aldermen, his Majesty proceeded in great solemnity to a Popish chapel in Foregate Street, but on their arrival Shewring refused to enter, saying in reply to the King's invitation, "I think we have attended your Majesty too far already." Depositing the sword of State, therefore, before the King in the chapel, and making their reverence to him, they retired, and returned to divine service at the Cathedral. (Green's Worcester, i., 296.)

[§] See Morris, p. 385. A Jarrett Smith was buried at Prior's Salford, co. Warwick, Nov. 10th, 1726; and Benjamin and John, sons of Jarrett Smith, were buried there in the same year. He was probably related to Jarrett Smyth, or Smith, M.P. for Bristol (only son of John Smith of Bristol), who married, in

Smith, George, Worcester City.
Sparrye, John, Stourbridge.
Stretal, John, Astley.
Stretch, John, Astley.
Taylor, Rowland, Worcester.
Tristram, J°., of Belbroughton (of an ant'. family, and hath a right to bear arms.)
Vicaris, Robert, Astley.
Vickers, Robert, Beaudeley.
Wade, James, Pensham.
Walters, Peter, Beaudeley.
Webb, Thomas, Redmarley Addams.

Weston, John, Worcester. Wheeler, Jervase, Hartlebury.
White, Thomas, Castle-Morton.
Whitefoot, Paul, rector of Spetchley.
Williamson, George, Bromsgrove.
Williamson, George, George,

1732, Florence, sister and co-heiress of Sir John Smyth of Long Ashton, bart., to whose estate he succeeded, and was created a baronet in 1763. Sir Jarret, in consideration of his possessing the Long Ashton estate, and of his marriage with the said Florence, had the arms and crest of the Long Ashton family granted to him by patent dated April 7, 1767, under the hands and seals of Garter and Clarenceux.

LIST OF THOSE GENTLEMEN OF WORCES-TERSHIRE POSSESSED OF LANDS OR RENTS OF THE YEARLY VALUE OF £40, WHO WERE FINED FOR NOT TAKING KNIGHTHOOD AT THE CORONATION OF KING CHARLES I.

THE ensuing list is extracted from "The Book of Compositions for not taking Knighthood at the Coronation of King Charles I., 1630—1632," preserved in the record office. It has already been printed in Mr. Noake's *Notes and Queries for Worcestershire*, but we have here arranged the names alphabetically, for facility of reference.

In explanation of this, to modern notions, singular method of raising money, we cannot do better than quote the preamble of the Act 16 Car. I. Cap. 20, by which compulsory knighthood was abolished:—

"Whereas upon the pretext of an ancient custom or usage of this realm of England, that none of full age, not being knights, and being seised of lands or rents of the yearly value of forty pounds or more, might be compelled by the King's writ to receive or take upon them the order or dignity of knighthood, or else to make fine or respite of the same, several writs about the beginning of his Majesty's reign issued out of the Court of Chancery for proclamations to be made in every county to that purpose, and for certifying the names of all such persons, and for summoning them personally to appear in the King's presence before a certain day, to be there ready to receive the said order or dignity;"

and process of distringas had been made against a very great number of persons, "many of whom were altogether unfit, in regard either of estate or quality," to receive the said dignity; and very many were "put to grievous fines." "And whereas it is most apparent that all and every such proceeding in regard of the matter therein pretended is altogether useless and unreasonable;" it was enacted that thenceforth no person should be compelled to accept knighthood, nor undergo any fine in case of refusal.

Although this "ancient custom and usage" had been previously put in

force at the coronations of Edward VI., Mary, and Elizabeth, and several persons fined for declining the honour thus sought to be thrust upon them, we hear but little of its "vexations" until the accession of James I., when all who possessed an annual rental of $\pounds 40$ were required either to come and be dubbed knights, or to compound with the commissioners. On that occasion no fewer than 300 submitted to the ceremony, and the "honour" of knighthood, as a matter of course, ceased to be regarded as a favour.

The popular estimation in which these coronation knights were held may be gathered from a ballad of the period, in which all the "farmers, and carters, and hedgers, and ploughmen," are invited to "come to court and be all made knights:—"

"He that hath forty pounds per annum, Shall be promoted from the plough; His wife shall take the wall of her grannum, Honour is sold so dog-cheap now.

Though thou hast neither good birth nor breeding,
If thou hast money thou'rt sure of speeding—
Honour invites you to delights—
Come all to Court and be made knights!

Knighthood, in old time, was counted an honour, Which the blest spirits did not disdain; But now it is used in so base a manner, That it's no credit, but rather a stain."

This ballad was revived in the days of Charles I. Another version of it is printed in Hunter's *History of Sheffield*, where it is entitled, "Verses on account of King Charles the First raising money by Knighthood, 1630."

A modern parallel to this profuse distribution of honours (though, of course, unattended with its vexatious consequences in case of refusal), may be adduced in the conduct of George III., when an insane female named Margaret Nicholson made an abortive attempt on his life.

On this occasion loyal addresses congratulating the King on his escape poured in from all quarters; and so lavishly did his Majesty bestow the honour of knighthood on the bearers of these addresses that "Peg Nicholson knights," as they were derisively called, were held in very little esteem.

The witty "Peter Pindar," much in the spirit of the writer of the ballad before quoted, urges the—

'—— Cobblers, postilions, coal-heavers, and tinkers Ye makers of saddles, and harness, and blinkers, Old clothes-men, and crimps, thief-takers, and jailors, Bug-doctors, bum-bailiffs, ye butchers and tailors,"

to haste away with addresses or, he significantly adds,

"The dogs and the cats will be knighted before ye."

The statute "De Militibus," stated by the Record Commissioners to be of uncertain date, but usually printed as of the first of Edward the Second, fixes the annual income of those "who ought to be knights" at £20 per annum, and sets forth who may be excused, and on what grounds. The whole subject of feudal and obligatory knighthood has been treated at length in a paper by F. M. Nichols, M.A., F.S.A., printed in the 39th volume of the *Archaeologia*.

WIGORN'.

SIR WILLIAM SANDYS, KNT., COLLECTOR.

Acocke, Richard, of Yardley, gent.			••				£12	0	0
Acton, Thomas, of Bockleton, esq.							20	0	0
Acton, Robert, of Ribbesford, gent.							15	0	0
Amphlett, William, of Hadsor, gent.							I 2	0	0
Andrewes, Thomas, of Battenhall, esq.					• • •		15	0	0
Anslowe, Edward, of Worcester, gent.							14	0	0
Arden, Richard, of Martley, gent.	•••						16	0	0
Atwood, Samuel, of Wolverley, esq.							10	0	0
Atwood, Jo., of Staunton, gent.	• • •						I 2	0	0
Bagshawe, Arthur, of Inkberrow, gent.				•••		• • •	15	0	C
Ballard, John, of St. John's, Bedwardin	e, ge	nt.	•••		•••		I 2	0	0
Barkeley, William, of Cotheridge, esq.				• • •		•••	40	0	0
Barnabie, John, of Bockleton, esq.			• • •				I 2	10	0
Barnes, William, of Tredington, esq.		•••		• • •		•••	16	0	0
Barraston, Thomas, of Rock, gent.	• • •		• • •		• • •		10	0	0
Barret, Edward, of Droitwich, gent.		• • •		• • •		• • •	22	0	0
Batch, Simon, of Suckley, gent.	•••		• • •		• • •		10	σ	0
Baugh, Richard, of Tibberton, gent.		• • •		•••		• • •	12	0	0
Baugh, Edward, of Pensham, gent.	•••		•••		•••		I 2	0	0
Bearcroft, Philip, of Hanbury, gent.				• • •		•••	I 2	10	0
Bearcroft, Edmund, of Inkberrow, gent.			•••		• • •		10	0	0
Blount, Giles, of Wick, Epi		•••		• • •		•••	11	5	0
	•••		• • •		• • •		15	0	0
Bloxham, Thomas, of Offenham, gent.		• • •		• • •		•••		0	0
					8	39	2		

Booth, Edward, of Pershore, gent.			•••		•••	£	,14	0	0
Boulton, Robert, of Feckenham, gent.		••		•••		•••	10	0	0
	•••		•••		• • •		I 2	0	0
Bourne, John, of Ombersley, gent.		••		•••		•••	I 2	0	0
	•••		•••		•••		10	0	0
Breinton, John, of Worcester, gent.				•••		•••	10	0	0
Bridges, John, of Eastington, esq.	•••		• • •		•••		25	0	0
Bromley, Henry, of Upton on Severn, e	sq					•••	10	0	0
Browne, Thomas, of Eldersfield, gent.	• • •		• • •		• • • •		I 2	0	0
Burie, Thomas, of Abberley, gent.				•••		•••	10	0	0
Burnford, Richard, of Bromsgrove, gent			• • •		•••		I 2	0	0
Bushell, Thomas, of Prior's Cleeve, gen	t						13	6	8
Callow, Jo., of Bishampton, gent.			•••				10	0	0
Cave, William, of Leigh, gent				• • •		•••	10	0	0
Chambers, William, of Northfield, gent.							10	0	0
Chambleine, Jo., of Astley, gent		• • •		•••			10	0	0
OI CIT I	•••		•••				10	0	0
Cheatle, Thomas, of Worcester, gent.				•••		• • •	20	0	0
Child, William, sen'., of Blockley, esq.					•••		33	0	0
Child, William, of Shrawley, esq			• • • •				25	0	0
Clent, John, of Wick, Epi., gent.		•••		•••			10	0	0
Coller, Henry, of Hanbury, gent.			•••	•••	***		I 2	0	0
Collins, John, of Worcester, gent.	••.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	10	0	0
Cooke, Thomas, of Longdon, gent.			•••	•••			15	0	0
Cookes, Edward, of Shiltwood, esq.			•••	•••			40	0	0
Cookes, John, of Bentley, gent	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	10	0	0
Copley, Thomas, of Norton juxta Brede	n es			•••		•••	12	10	0
Coucher, John, of Worcester, esq	J11, C	· 4 •	•••		•••		12	0	o
Cowcher, John, of Ridmarley D'Abitot	esa	•••		•••		•••	14	0	0
Cowper, Flourris, of Ridmarley, gent.			•••		•••		10	0	0
Coxe, Thomas, of Crowle, esq.		•••		•••		•••		10	0
Coxe, John, of Claines, gent	•••		•••		•••		17 16	0	0
Crabbe, John, of Bromsgrove, gent.		•••		• • •		•••			0
Darby, George, of Fladbury, gent	•••		•••		•••		10	0	0
Darby, George, or Flaubury, gent		•••		• • •		•••	10	0	
Darke, Richard, of Alston, gent.	•••		•••		• • •		12	0	0
Dingley, Edward, of Sheriff's Lench, es	-	•••		•••		•••	10	0	0
Dingley, William, of Strensham, gent.	•••		•••		• • •		11	0	0
Dison, Francis, of Bradley, gent		• • •		•••		•••	10	0	0
Doughtie, Thomas, of Sucklie, gent.	•••		•••		• • • •		11	0	0
Dowleswell, Roger, of Bushley, gent.		• • •		•••		•••	10	0	0
Feild, William, of Kingsnorton, gent.	• • •		•••		• • •		20	0	0
Fincher, John, of Inkberrow, gent.		• • •		• • •		• • • •	10	0	0
Flecte, Edward, of Worcester, gent.	•••		•••		•••		13	6	8
Fletcher, Nicholas, of Paxford, gent.		•••		•••		• • •	14	0	0

Fletcher, Thomas, of Paxford, gent	•••			£	10	0	0
Fownes, Thomas, of Bromsgrove, gent		•••		•••	10	0	0
Freeman, Edward, of Emlode, gent	•••		•••		15	0	0
Engage William of Disables comb	••				10	0	0
Freeman, John, of Bushley, gent					15	0	0
Posses L. Communication of Development and American				·	12	0	0
French, Richard, of Salwarpe, gent	•••				10	. 0	0
~	••				15	0	0
Garrett, Henry, of Broadway, gent					10	0	0
Giles, Edmund, of White-Ladies Aston, gent.		• • • •			10	0	0
					10	0	0
Giles, John, of Astley, gent Good, Thomas, of Ridmarley D'Abitot, esq					30	0	0
Gower, Robert, of Kingsnorton, esq	•••			• • •	12	10	0
Gower, Thomas, of Droitwich, gent			•••		20	0	0
Greene, Armell, of Upton, Snodsbury, gent.		•••		•••	10	o	0
Greene, Thomas, of Kingsnorton, gent.			•••		II	o	o
Greenes, Hugh, of Worcester, gent			•••	•	10	o	0
a			•••		10	o	0
		•••		•••	10	0	0
Hackett William of Unton-on-Severn cent	•••		•••		10	0	0
Hackett, William, of Upton-on-Severn, gent. Halford, John, of Armscott, gent		•••		•••		6	8
Hall, Edward, of Hallow, esq	•••		•••		I 3	0	0
Hall, Edward, of Hallow, esq Hames, Thomas, of Inkberrow, gent	••	•••		•••			0
Hanbury, John, of Feckenham, gent	•••		•••		12	0	0
Hanbury, John, of Feckenham, gent. Hanbury, John, of Worcester, gent	••	•••		•••	10	0	
Handway, John, of Worksite, gent	٠		•••		10	0	0
Haselwood, Francis, of Wick-juxta-Pershore,		•••		• • •	12	10	0
Hasselocke, John, of Worcester, esq	•••		•••		I 2	٥.	0
	••	•••		•••	10	0	0
	•••		•••		10	0	0
Hill, John, of Castle-Morton, gent	••	•••		•••	10	0	0
Hill, James, of Upton-on-Severn, gent	•••		•••		10	0	0
	••	•••		•••	13	6	8
Hobdins, alias Feckenham, Jo., gent	•••		•••		10	0	0
Holberrow, John, of Wolverley, gent.				•••	10	0	0
Horner, John, of Martley, gent	•••		•••		13	6	8
Hornihold, John, of Hanley Castle, esq	••	•••		•••	27	10	0
Hornihold, Thomas, of Bredon, esq	•••		•••		I 2	10	0
Horton, Thomas, of Staunton, esq Huband, Francis, of Rous-Lench, gent Hunt Raphael of Hanbury gent	••	• • •		• • •	30	0	0
Huband, Francis, of Rous-Lench, gent	•••		•••		I 2	0	0
		• • •		•••	I 2	10	0
Hunt, Thomas, of Inkberrow, gent	•••		•••		10	0	0
Huntbach, Thomas, of Worcester, gent.					I 2	0	0
Hurdman (or Hardman), Edward, of Worces	iter, esq.		• • •		I 2	0	0
Ingram, William, of St. John's, Bedwardine, e	esq.	• • •			32	0	0
	-				-		

								
Johnson, William, of Alfrick, gent						£12	0	0
Jones, John, of Crowle, gent					• • •	10	0	0
Kighley, John, of Littleton, gent						10	0	0
Knotsford, John, of Holdfast, gent.			•••			10	0	0
Langstone, Nicholas, and William, his son	and	heir				15	0	0
Lench, George, of Inkberrow, esq			•••		• • •	11	13	4
Liddiat, John, of Wollaston, gent						18	ō	0
Lilly, Nicholas, of Bromsgrove, gent.						9	6	8
Lowe, Roger, of Bromsgrove, gent						10	0	0
Lunde, Thomas, of Bredon, gent			•••			10	0	0
Manne, John, of Ridmarley, gent						13	6	8
Marston, John, of Yardley, gent			,			12	0	0
Martin, William, of Hampton, gent						10	0	0
Mason, Robert, of Worcester, gent.						10	0	0
Mason, William, of Birlingham, gent						I 2	0	0
Maysey, Mathias, of Shakenhurst, esq.						11	13	4
Middlemore, George, of Kingsnorton, esq.						18	ŏ	ö
Middlemore, William, of Hawkesley, esq.						14	0	0
Moore, Richard, of Severn-Stoke, esq						15	0	0
Moore, Thomas, of Suckley, gent						12	0	0
Morinle, George, of Leigh, gent						16	0	0
Mucklowe, William, of Ardeley, esq.						14	0	0
Nash, John, of Martley, gent						10	0	0
Nash, Thomas, of Claines, gent			•••			10	0	0
Nash, James, of Droitwich, gent						18	0	0
Neast, Edward, of Chaseley, gent					• • • •	18	0	0
Norris, John, of Chaddesley Corbett, gent.		•••				10	0	0
Packington, Humphrey, of Chaddesley Con	rbett	. esai	ire			31	5	0
Palmer, Francis, of Bricklehampton, gent.		• • • •		•••		12	ő	0
Palmer, George, of Suckley, gent						10	0	0
Palmer, Anthony, of Great Comberton, gen	ıt.					10	0	0
D 1 (M)CI						10	0	0
Parrott, Humphrey, of Bell Hall, gent.						12	10	0
Parsons, Philip, of "Oldburie" (Overbury)), ger					15	0	0
Parsons, William, of Longdon, gent	, 8					10	0	0
Pearsall, Ralph, of Alvechurch, gent.			•••			10	0	0
Perkes, John, of Wychbold, gent						10	0	0
Poole, Ralph, of Beoley, gent						10	0	0
Powck, Thomas, of Rock, gent						10	0	0
Purton, Thomas, of Ridmarley, gent.		•••	• • •	• • • •		10	o	0
Rawlingson, Daniel, of Upton-on-Severn, g			• • •			10	o	0
Romney, Paul, of Suckley, gent	•••					12	0	0
Rosse, Francis, of Great Malvern, gent.		•••		•••		12	0	0
Rosser, John, of Kingsnorton, gent.			• • •			13	6	0
, ,,, ,						- 3	-	_

									_
Rotten, Richard, of Kingsnorton, gent.					•••	£	(10	0	0
Rowney, Simon, of Darlingscote, gent.		•••		•••		• • •	10	0	0
	•••		•••		•••		15	0	0
Russell, John, of Little Malvern, esq.		•••		•••		•••	I 2	0	0
Salwaie, Humphrey, of Stanford, gent.	•••		•••		• • •		25	0	0
Sambage, William, of Broadway, esq.		•••		•••		• • •	14	0	0
Saunders, Thomas, of Moore, esq.	•••		•••				10	0	0
Sheylard, Henry, of Hanbury, gent.				•••		•••	10	0	0
Skinner, Richard, of Cofton Hackett, e	sq.						25	0	0
Smith, Thomas, of Badsey, gent	-						10	0	0
Smith, John, of Worcester, gent.	•••						10	0	0
Smith, John, of Frankley, gent							10	0	0
Sowley, Edward, of Worcester, gent.							10	0	0
Stevens, William, of Broadway, gent.	•••		•••				10	0	0
Stevens, William, jun., of Broadway, ge	nt	•••		•••		•••	10	0	o
Symonds, Thomas. of White-Ladies-Ast	on o	ent	•••		•••			6	8
Terrett, Richard, of Chaseley, gent.	оп, Б	CIIC		•••		•••	13		-
Tomkins, John, of Worcester, esq.	•••		•••		•••		15	0	0
Townshend, Henry, of Elmley Lovett,	000	•••		•••		•••	10	0	0
	csy.		•••		•••		14	o	0
Trimnell, Thomas, of Salwarpe, gent.		•••		•••		•••	12	0	0
Turvey, Edward, of Walcot, gent.	•••		•••		•••		15	0	0
Tyas, Daniel, of Worcester, gent		•••		•••		•••	10	0	0
Walle, William, of Rock, gent.	•••		•••		•••		10	0	0
Walsh, William, of Ridmarley, esq.		•••		•••		•••	40	0	0
Washborne, John, of Wichenford, esq.	• • •		•••		•••		35	0	0
Webley, William, jun., of Alfrick, gent.		•••		•••		•••	11	0	0
Westwood, John, of Bromsgrove, gent.	•••		•••		• • •		12	0	0
Wheeler, Gilbert, of Droitwich, gent.		•••		•••		• • •	16	0	0
Wheeler, John, of Droitwich, gent.	•••		•••		•••		10	0	0
Wheeler, John, of Wychbold, gent.		•••		•••		•••	13	6	8
Wheeler, Robert, of Offenham, gent.			• • •				13	6	8
Wheeler, William, of Wick-juxta-Persho	re, g	ent.		• • •		•••	10	0	0
White, Jo., of Dorne, gent			•••		•••		I 2	0	0
Widdones, Thomas, of Aston Magna, g	ent.						12	0	0
Wild, Thomas, of Dodderhill, gent.	•••			_			10	0	0
Winford, John, of Astley, esq				•			12	10	0
Woodward, Christopher, of Worcester,	gent.		•••		•••		10	0	0
Woodward, Thomas, of Ripple, esq.						. 	30	0	0
Woodhouse, John, of Salwarpe, gent.	•••						10	0	0
Wrenford, John, of Longdon, gent.		•••	•••		•••		11	0	0
Writer, Thomas, of Worcester, gent.		•••		•••		•••	10	_	-
Wyatt, William, of Worcester, esq	•••		•••		•••			0	0
Wylde, Robert, of the Commandery, go	ent	•••		•••		•••	10	0	0
Yates, Robert, of Yardely, gent			•••		•••		10	0	0
Total amou	nt /	····	2.	•••		•••	I 2	0	0
Total amou	45 丈	, z, 1 C	٠,٠						

VII.

A LISTE OF THOSE GENTRY THAT ARE TO FINDE HORSE IN WORCESTERSHIRE.

(From the Penn MS.)

This curious list occurs at the end of the Penn MS. On what occasion, or for what purpose, it was drawn up does not appear. It differs considerably from the "List of the Gentlemen of Worcestershire that found a man and a horse in the county during the civil wars of Charles I.," printed by Nash in his Supplement, p. 87, inasmuch as several of the names given by Penn are those of persons who supported the Parliament, whilst others who zealously espoused the Royal cause are omitted. Several of the same persons occur in the list of the Worcestershire gentry given in Blome's Britannia, published in 1673. The names are here arranged alphabetically for convenience of reference.

Mr. Abbington.
Nicholas Acton.
Mr. Acton of......
Nicholas Acton of Bockleton.
Mr. Theophilus Aley.
Theophilus Andrews.
Edward Asguile.
John Atwood, of Wolverley.
Mr. Badger.
Mr. Baker.
William Baldwin.
Mr. William Baldwin.
Rowland Barkeley, knt.
Richard Barret.†

Mr. Bartlet.
John Bearcroft.
Henry Best.
Sir George Blunt.
Thomas Bound.
Mr. Richard Bourne.
Thomas Boylston of Bewdley.
Henry Bramley.
Colonel Bridges.
Thomas Brinton.
Henry Bromley, esq.
Mr. Henry Browne, Com:
Mr. Brace.
Edward Bushell.

^{*} Bracketed with Thomas Marriott.

[†] Bracketed with Richard Underhill.

Mr. Bushell, Cl(eeve Prior). Mr. George Carue. Mr. Richard Carwarden. Mr. Theophilus Chetle. Thomas Childe, esq. Mr. Thomas Child. Ralph Clare, knt. Littleton Clent. Mr. Colin. William Collins. Mr. Combes of Alvechurch. Thomas Cooke, gent. Henry Cooke of Sheltwo. Mr. William Cookes of Norgrove. Thomas Cookes. John Corbin. Thomas Lord Coventry. Mr. Craven. Thomas Dangerfield. Lester Devereux, Viscount Hereford. Edward Dingley. (sic) Edward Dingley. Mr. John Dormer of R(ipple). Richard Dougswell. Mr. Dyzen, Hal(low Fields?). John Egiock, esq. Mr. Esthop, Major. Henry Evett. Thomas Finch, esq. Mr. Francis Finch. Mr. Thomas Foley. Lord Folliott. John Founds of Dodford. Mr. Edmund Giles of Whi(te Ladies Aston?). Mr. Gower of Colemarch. Mr. Abel Gower, Holdfast. Nicholas Greene. Humphrey Griswold. Thomas Hall.

Mr. Hall of Hanwick.

Mr. Hanbury of Feckenham.

Captaine Hawford. Henry Herbert, knt. Mr. Herbert. Mr. Jarret, Ald(ington?). Henry Jeofferis. Mr. Jeruise. Thomas Jolley, gent. Mr. Kvrle. John Kyte, esq. John Kyte of Eberton. William Langston. Giles Larrence. Nicholas Lechmore, esq. William Ligon, esq. Henry Littleton, knt. barronet. Mr. Littleton. Humphrey Low. John Lydeat. * Thomas Marriott, gent. Matthew Massey. Mr. Meysey of Sha(kenhurst). Mr. Middlemore, K(ingsnorton?) Edward Moor, Coll: Colonel Moseley. William Mucklow. John Nanfan, esq. James Nash, St. Bury. John Newport. Thomas Overbury, k. John Packington, kt. barronet. Philip Parker, esq. Mr. Humphrey Parret. Mr. Philip Parsons of O(verbury). Edward Pennell. Mr. Penrice, Crow(le). Edmund Pitts, esq. John Rapier. Thomas Rouse, knight barronet. Sir Henry Rudley. William Russell, knight barronet. Mr. Russell of Hanley Castle. Mr. Edward Salley.

[•] He occurs again bracketed with W. Baldwin.

William Sandis, esq. Samuell Sandis, esq. Thomas Savage, esq. James Scuddamore. Sir William * Seabright. Mr. Sheldon, of Beeley. William Sheldon, gent. George Simmonds. Mr. Slavnie. Mr. Spiller. Mr. Stevens. Thomas Street, esq. Nicholas Strood. Leonard Sympson. John Talbot, knt. Sherington Talbot, esq. Mr. Talbot. William Thomas. Mr. Nathaniel Tomkins. Henry Townsend, esq. Thomas Turvie. † Richard Underhill. Edward Varnam. Richard Vernon. Mr. Wall of y' Rock. Humble Ward, Lord Ward. Mr. Watson of Bengworth. Mr. Wheeler, Collo: Mr. Edmund Whittington. Thomas Wide, gent. Mr. Edmund Wild. Thomas Windsor, Lord Windsor. John Winford, knt. Lady Wintour and Mrs. Elianor Wintour. Mr. Yarington. - Yates, Chadsley Cor(bett).

^{*} Query Edward. There was no Sir William Sebright at this period. † Occurs again bracketed with Richard Barrett.

VIII.

A CATALOGUE OF THE LORDS, KNIGHTS, AND GENTLEMEN, THAT HAVE COMPOUNDED FOR THEIR ESTATES.

[SO FAR AS REGARDS THE COUNTY OF WORCESTER.]

					£	s.	ď.
Acton, Geo. Stilden, Worcest., esq.	•••				120	0	σ
Ablely, John, of Worcester, yeoman		• • • •			10	16	0
Berkeley. Sir Rowland, of Cotheridge, knt.	•••		•••		2030	0	0
Bromley, Henry, of Holt Castle, esq		•••		• • •	4000	0	0
Bushell, Anthony, of Cleeve Prior	•••				5	0	0
Barkley, Thomas, of Worcester, gent		•••		• • •	423	13	4
Broad, Edmund, of Stone, gent	•••		• • •		115	ŏ	0
Bache, Thomas, of Worcester city, gent		• • •		•••	2	10	0
Bayley, Thomas, of Evesham	• • •				3	6	8
Child, William, of Shrawley, esq				•••	1844	18	8
Churge, Burbage, of Worcester, gent.	•••		• • •		8	6	8
Clare, Sir Ralph, of Caldwell, knt.		•••			298	0	0
Cupper, Henry Woodcock, Worc., gent.			•••		101	15	0
Davis, Edward, of Droitwich, gent		• • •			190	ō	0
Day, Philip, of Wichfield, gent	•••		•••		15	0	0
Defell, Thomas, senior, of Stourbridge,		•••		•••	60	0	0
Evans, William, of Worcester, gent	•••		•••		359	0	0
Evet, John, of Woodhall, gent		• • •		• • •	225	0	0
Fortescue, John, of Cookhill, esq	• • •		• • •		234	15	5
Freeman, John, of Buckley (Blockley), Worc.,	gent				380	ŏ	ŏ
Hacket, Henry, of Grimley, gent	•••		•••		300	0	0
Herbert, Sir Henry, of Ribbesford, knt					1330	0	0
Ingram, Henry, of St. John's	•••				21	0	0
Lawrance, Giles, Bengeworth				•••	16	13	4
Littleton, Sir Edward, p. Fisher Littleton and F	ranci	s Ne	vell,	esq.	1347	6	8
Middlemore, Robert, of Moseley, gent				•••	400	0	0
Middlemore, George, of Kingsnorton, esq.	•••		• • •		167	14	8
Moore, Francis, of Severn-Stoke, gent		• • •		• • •	121	o	0
				00-			

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						£	s.	ď.
Mucklow, Thomas, of Areley, gent		•••		• • •		45	0	0
Mucklow, William, of Areley, gent.			•••		• • •	360	0	0
Nanfan Bridges, of Worcester, gent		•••		•••		80	0	0
Norwood, Henry, of Bishampton	• • •		•••		•••	15	0	0
Not, Sir Thomas, of Obden, knt				•••		354	7	0
Packington, Sir John, of Aylesbury, Bu	ıcks,	bart.	, wit	h£	190			
per annum as settled	•••		•••		•••	5000	0	0
Pennel, Edward, of Lindridge, gent		•••		•••		60	O	0
Pitts Scudamore, St. John's	•••		•••			18	0	0
Russell, Sir William, of Strensham, bart.,	, with	ı £5	o per	anı	um			
settled for £10	• • •	_	•••		•••	1800	0	0
Sheldon, William, of Bromsgrove		•••		•••		96	0	0
Shrimpton, John, Norton			•••			Ō	I 2	0
Sandis, Martin, Ombersley, gent		• • •		• • •		41	3	4
Stratford, Anthony, Bushley, gent.	•••				•••	40	ŏ	Ö
Shrimpton, Thomas, of Kingsham		• • •				0	16	0
Sands, Sir Martin, of St. Michael-in-Bed	ward	ine, v	vith ;	€50	per			
annum settled	•••	-			·	210	0	0
Seabright, Sir Edward, Besford						1809	0	0
Talbot, Sherrington, Salwarpe			.:.		·	2011	0	0
Tyas, Daniel, of Worcester, apothecary		••		•••		270	0	0
Tomkins, Nathaniel, Elmbridge			•••			208	16	8
Twitty, Thot., of Claines, gent		•••	•			2	10	0
Tyrer, John, of Ludley, gent			•••		•••	50	0	0
Twyning, John, of Fladbury, yeoman		•••		•••		19	10	8
Vernon, Edw., of Hanbury, gent.					•••	400	0	0
Wilde, Rob., of Worcester, gent						576	0	0
Washburn, John, Wichenford, gent.	•••					797	10	0
Winford, Sir John, of Astley, knt						703	13	ō
Wainwright, Rob., of Holt	•••			- • •	•••	7-3 I	-3	0
Washington, Henry, of Worcester, gent.					• • •	15	0	0
Wainwright, Francis, of Holt, yeoman				•••		12	o	0
	•••				•••		_	~

IX.

KNIGHTS OF THE ROYAL OAK.*

THE following is a list of the Worcestershire gentlemen chosen by the King to be invested with this order of knighthood, and the value of their respective estates.

The order was projected by Charles II., but abandoned under the apprehension that it might perpetuate dissensions which were better consigned to oblivion.

Sir William Russell, bart.		•••	#	3000	per annum.
Sir Henry Littleton of Frankle	y, bart.		•••	3000	- ,,
Samuel Sandys of Ombersley, e	esq.	• • •		1000	n
Sherington Talbot, esq	•••		•••	1000	"
Thomas Savage of Elmley Cast	ile, esq.	•••		800	29
Sheldon, of Broadway,	esq			600	2)
Matthew Morphew,† esq.	•••	•••		1000	"
Major Thomas Wild	•••		•••	600	"
Sir Rowland Berkeley, knt.	•••	•••		1000	,,
William Acton, esq	•••		•••	1000	29
Henry Bromley, esq	•••	• • •		1000	,,
Philip Brace, esq	•••		• • •	600	29
Francis Sheldon, esq	•••	•••		600	21
Joseph Walsh, esq.,			•••	1000	37
Sir John Woodford,‡ knt.	•••	• • •		2000	22
Thomas Child, esq	•••		•••	2000	"

The names of several Worcestershire gentlemen are given under other counties. Under Warwickshire is "———— Sheldon of Beoley, esq.," the annual value of whose estate is stated to be £2000. In Herefordshire we find Barneby; in Salop, Wylde; and in Warwickshire, Middlemore. The name of the famous Colonel Carlos is placed under London and Middlesex. He was possessed of an estate valued at £800 per annum.

[•] From Burke's Commoners, i., 688. † Perhaps Meysey of Shakenhurst.

[‡] Query Winford of Glasshampton?

A CATALOGUE OF GENTLE FAMILIES IN THE COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

A.D. 1660.

[FROM THE ADD. MS. (B.M.) 19,816.]

Acton of Acton. . Child of Shrawley. Andrewes. Clare. Anslow. Clint of Knightweek. † Cole of Lye Court. Atwood of Ove:* † Colle of Grimley. Babbington. Badger. Convers. Baker of Northfield. Cook of Barbour. Barkley. Cornwall of Burford. Barnsley of Barns. Hall. Coventry, Lord. Barret of Witch S'. Edward. Cox of Crowle. Bartlet of Codrich, kt. (Qy. Berkeley Dannet. Daston of Domalton. of Cotheridge?) Bigg of Lench-week. Davys. Blount of Astley. Dekill of Cleanes. Blount of Kitterminst. Dethick of Witch. Devereux, Viscount. Dingley of Charleton. Blount of Sillington. Blount of Kenswick. Bond. Dobbins of Kittermins'. Brace of Doverdale. Draper. Broad of Dunklin. Drinkwater. Bromley of Holt. Egiock of Egiock. Buck. Everard. Bushell of Cleeve. Evett. Butts? Farmer. Carew of Littleton. Flecher. Fleet of Hollow. Charlett.

[•] Overley, now called Wolverley.

[†] Colles.

Foliot of Pirton. Folve. Fortescue of Cookhill Founes. Freeman of Batchford. French of Parsia (Pershore). Frogmar. Fryar of Cleanes. Fynch of Rushock. Gower, of Woodhall. Gower of Bolton. Grafton. Greaues of Mosley. Habbington of Henley (Hindlip.) Hall of Hollow. Hanbury. Hanford. Harbert of Ribsford, kv. Harrison. Haslewood of Week. Hobby. * Horinall of Blackmore. * Horinall of Breedon. Horwell. Ingraham of E. Court. Jeffryes of Ham Castle. Jhones. Kempson. Kittleby of Coderidg. Knyghtley. Kyghtley. Kyte. Langston.

Lawrence.

Lechmere.

Lucy.

† Layton of Falkingham.

Liggon of Bechamp's Ct.

Littleton of Frankley.

L of Naunton.

Moore. Morton. Mucklow. Nanfann of Birchmort. Ockley of Walve. Packington of Westwood. Palmer of Parsons. Pitts of Care (Kyre). Richardson. Rous of Rous-Linch. Russell of Strensham. Sallaway. Salvage of Elmeley. Sambage of Broadway. Sandys of Amersley. Seabright. Seaton. Sheldon of Beeley. Sly. Smythes. Spiller. Stayner of Worcester. Street. Symons of White lad. Aston. Talbot, E. of Salop. Thornbury. Throgmorton. Tommas of Cleanes. Townsend. Turberville. Tyckridge. Tyerer. Vernon. Wakeman. Wallwin. Warmester.

Welch of Abberley.

Washborn.

Watson.

^{*} Hornyold.

^{† ?} Leighton of Feckenham.

Wheeler (of Droitwich.)
Whitney of Combe.*
Wilde.
Windsor, Lord.
Winfield of Lippard's.

Winford of Winford. Winter. Worfield of St. John's. Wrenford. Young.

^{*} Of Icomb and of Whitney, co. Hereford. The last male heir of the Whitneys was Thomas Whitney of Whitney, who married Elizabeth, daughter of William Cope of Icomb by the Lady Elizabeth Fane, his wife. He died s.p., leaving Icomb to his widow, who re-married Serjeant Geers. (See COPE, p. 137.) The Whitney arms are Azure, a cross checky or and sable. (Robinson's Manors of Herefordshire.)

THE NAMES OF ROMAN CATHOLICS, NON-JURORS, and Others, connected with the County of Worcester, who refused to take the Oath of Allegiance to King George the First.

[From the LIST EDITED BY JAMES COSIN, son of the Secretary to the Commissioners for forfeited estates appointed after the Jacobite Rebellion in 1715.]

N.B.—The annual valuation of the lands &c., where given, is according to the estimate of the nonjurors themselves.

County of Worcester.						£.	s.	d.
Abington, Thomas, of Hindlip, esq		•••		•••		480		8
Acton, Barbara, of Little-Wolverton, wide	O TOP	•••	•••	•••		50	•	0
			•••		•••	-		
Acton, William, of Little-Wolverton, esq.		• • •		•••		269	10	0
Addis, Anne, of Rushoake, spinster	•••				•••	36	0	0
Adys, Bernard, of Durrance, in the parish	of Up	ton-V	Varr	en, g	ent.	173	7	0
Arden, John, of Upton-Warren, gent.				, 0		32	•	0
Arden, Mary of Grafton						46		0
Atwood, William, of Clanes, gent.				•••		3	0	٥
Atwood, George, of Beverley (Beveré), in	a tha	narich	٠٠	Clair	200	3	_	_
gent	•••		•••		• • •	55	0	0
gent. Awberry, Sophia:—Estate at Shipston in	posse	ession	of	Tho	mas			
	•					20	0	a
Barns, George, of Madderfield, farmer	•••			•••		8	0	ā
			•••		•••			
Bartlett, Rowland, of Hill End, esquire		•••		•••		194	10	6
Bartlett, Anne, of Hill End, widow			• • •					—
Berkley, Thomas, of Clytha in com. Mon	mouth	ı. esa.				82	0	0
Berkley, Thomas, of Spetchley, esq.		, 1				823	_	-
					•••	•	•	9
Berkley, John, of Spetchley, gent	_			• • •		577	0	0
Blount, Constance, of Mawley in com. Sa	lop, w	idow	•••			100	0	0
Bracey, Edmund, of Beoly, yeoman	_					40	0	0
Bracy, Joan of Beoly, widow			• • •		•••	37	0	٥
•••								-
						91		

	£	s.	d.
Brent, Margaret,			
Brent, Mary, Brent Frances of Larkestoke, in com. Gloucester		7.7	5 1
Dient, Frances,	•	••	22
and Elizabeth Conquest, J			
Bullock, Ambrose of Walsall, miller	10	0	0
Carrington, Anne, Lady Viscountess	30	0	0
Chetle, Thomas, of Stoke Prior, gent	12	0	0
Church, Elizabeth, of Beoly	10	0	0
Church, Elizabeth, of Beoly Clifford, Hugh Lord, Baron of Chudleigh	24	0	0
Conquest, Elizabeth. See Brent.			
Dance, Frances, of Hanley Castle, widow	34	0	0
Evans, Ambrose, of Beoly, yeoman		I 2	6
Evans, Ambrose, of Beoly, yeoman Eyre, Henry, of Gray's Inn, in com. Middlesex, esq	46	2	0
Ferrers, Henry, of Upton-Snodgbury, gent	28	0	0
Field, Henry, of St. Giles's-in-the-Fields, in com. Middlesex, sadler		0	0
Fifield, Priscilla, of Acton Beauchamp, widow	•	11	2
Fitzherbert, Basil, of Gray's Inn, in com. Middlesex, gent.	26		0
Gale, Thomas, of Beoly, yeoman	9	4	0
Goffe. Thomas, of Beoly	_	_	_
	619	10	6
Gregson, Robert, of the Tything of Whistones, victualler	,	16	_
Griffith, James, of Longford, in com. Salop, gent		0	
Grove, Thomas, of Brewood, in com. Stafford, gent	_	_	_
Gurmell, alias Sheppard of Chadgsley, in possession of Corbett			
Wheelewright Handford, Edward, of Redmarley Dabbitott, gent	12	15	٥
Hanford, Lucy, of ditto, spinster		- 0	
Hanford, Dorothy, of S'. Andrew's Holborn, widow.—Estate at	40	•	
Great Comberton, in possession of Elizabeth Whoods, widow,			
	85	TO	0
et al	40		o
Hanford, Compton, of Woelashall, in the parish of Eckington, gent.	. 100	o	0
Hanford, Edward, of Woelashall, gent			8
Hassington, William, of Derrington in com. Salop, gent	16		o
Hawkins, Walter, of Brewood, in com. Stafford, yeoman		0	0
			_
Haywood, Jonas, of Beoly, yeoman Hornyold Bridget, of Blackmore Park, widow	112	0	0
Hornyold, John, of Blackmore Park, in com. Wigorn., esq	110	1	8
Hornyold, Anthony, of Hanley Castle, gent	135		0
How, Thomas, of Boscobell, in com. Salop, gent	-33	_	
77 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 5	-0	_
	25 8	0	0
Hutton, Mary, of Clanes, widow	-0		U
Jenks, John, of Whitford, yeoman		_	

	£	s.	d.
King, Giles, of Queenhill, farmer	6	3	0
Knight, Francis, of Bromsgrove, victualler	20	0	0
Knottisford, Teresa, of Egeoke, widow	31	0	0
Lacon, Rowland, of Claines Gerhan	22		0
Langston, William, of St. Clement's Danes, in com. Middlesex,		•	
gent.—Estate at Sedgeborough in possession of William Payne			
	87	10	0
et al	-	_	_
Manbys, Sir Thomas, of Southweald, in com. Essex, knt		_	
Middlemore, George, of Northfield, gent	*^^		_
Minshull, William, of St. Martin's in the Fields, in com. Middle-	192	O	0
Minshull, William, of St. Martin's in the Fields, in com. Middle-			
sex, gent.—Estate at Rushock in possession of George Sanders	30	0	0
Moore, William, of Ripple, fisherman Nash, Lawrence, of Rushoak, gent	2	0	0
Nash, Lawrence, of Rushoak, gent	30	0	0
Nicholls, John, of Queenhill, yeoman	4	0	9
Nicholls, John, of Queenhill, yeoman Pain, Roger, of Budbrooke, in com. Warwick, yeoman	25	0	0
Pain, Matthew, of Bagley, in ditto, yeoman	—		_
Pain, Matthew, of Bagley, in ditto, yeoman Parker, Edward, of Lower Harvington, yeoman		0	0
Paston, John, of Horton, in com. Gloucester, esq	38	I 2	4
Pendrell, Richard, of Hubbald-Grainge, in com. Salop, gent		6	
Pendrell, John, of Parkham, in com. Sussex, gent	<u>.</u>		_
Pendrell, Richard, of the Savoy parish, in com. Middlesex, gent.			
Piggott, Nathaniel, of the Inner Temple, London, esq	38	7	А
Rogers Hugh of Mawley in com. Salon, veoman	4		
Rose, John, of Haddington, veoman	8		
Russell John of Little Malverne gent	253		
Russell Elizabeth of Little Malvern widow	~33 82		0
Shaldon Edward of Reoly and	004		1
Rose, John, of Haddington, yeoman	004	19	1
Smell Thomas of Brownson manner		_	_
Smith, Thomas, of Bromsgrove, yeoman	33	0	0
Somerset, Charles, of St. Andrew's, Holborn, in com. Middlesex,			
esq.—Estate at Great Comberton, in possession of Elizabeth			
Whoods, widow	2	10	0
Stanford, William, of Salford, in com. Warwick, esq	5	0	0
Stone, John, and Stone, William, of Beoly	•	6	8
Stone, William,		_	-
Talbott, George, of Badgcoat, esq	355	17	4
Throckmorton, Sir Robert, of Weston Underwood, in com. Bucks 12	404	2	2
Trinnell, Anne, of Worcester, widow Vincent, Jane, of Little-Wolverton, spinster	47	0	0
Vincent, Jane, of Little-Wolverton, spinster	1	4	0
Wakeman, Benedict, of Beckford, in com. Gloucester, esq	20		0
Walker, John, of White-Ladd-Aston, victualler	T	0	o
Ward, Anne, of Beoly, widow	23		٥
Ward, Anne, of Beoly, widow 91—	- s	- 3	•
91—	4		

Ward, Francis, of Brailes, in com. Warwick, yeoman 6 0 0 Wheeler, John, of Aspley, in com. Warwick, yeoman 6 10 0 Wheeler, Richard, of Beoly 1 6 0 Whitmore, Richard, of Beoly, yeoman 18 0 0 Whitmore, John, of Henley, cordwainer 36 0 0 Whitmore, Benjamin, of Beoly, yeoman 4 5 0 Wilcox, Mary, of Beoly, widow 4 10 0 Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow 4 10 0 Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow 19 0 0 Woolmer, Francis, of Sayton, yeoman 19 0 0 Woolmer, Thomas, of Parshore, gent. 34 0 0 Woolmer, Francis, of Spetchley, gent. 120 0 0 Worcester City. 34 10 0 Abington, Thomas, esq. 8 19 0 Atwood, George, of Claines, gent. 37 17 0 Berkley, Thomas, esq. 42 10 0 Harper, Joseph, victualler 11 15 0 Horniod, Anthony, gent. 22 0 0 Kettle, Richard, clothier 13 13 6 Bucks. Abington, Thomas, of Hindlip, in com. Worcester, esq.—Estate at Seymour's Court, in possession of Thomas Parry et al. 153 4 10 Gloucestershire. Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, o						
Ward, Francis, of Brailes, in com. Warwick, yeoman 6 0 0 Wheeler, John, of Aspley, in com. Warwick, yeoman 6 10 0 Wheeler, Richard, of Beoly 1 6 0 Whitmore, William, of Beoly, yeoman 18 0 0 Whitmore, John, of Henley, cordwainer 36 0 0 Whitmore, Benjamin, of Beoly, yeoman 4 5 0 Wilcox, Mary, of Beoly, widow 4 10 0 Winne, Peter, of Standley-Castle, miller 4 10 0 Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow 1 9 0 0 Woodington, Peter, of Bayton, yeoman 19 0 0 Woolmer, Thomas, of Parshore, gent. 34 0 0 Woolmer, Francis, of Spetchley, gent. 120 0 0 Worcester City. 120 0 0 Abington, Thomas, esq. 8 19 0 Atwood, George, of Claines, gent. 37 17 0 Berkley, Thomas, esq. 11 15 0 Harper, Joseph, victualler 11 15 0 Horniod, Anthony, gent. 22 0 0 Kettle, Richard, clothier 13 13 6 Bucks. Abington, Thomas, of Hindlip, in com. Worcester, esq.—Estate at Seymour's Court, in possession of Thomas Parry et al. 153 4 10 Gloucestershire. Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, of Hilland, in com. W				4	· s.	ď.
Wheeler, John, of Aspley, in com. Warwick, yeoman 6 to o Wheeler, Richard, of Beoly 1 6 o Whitmore, William, of Beoly, yeoman 18 o o Whitmore, John, of Henley, cordwainer 36 o o Whitmore, Benjamin, of Beoly, yeoman 4 5 o Wilcox, Mary, of Beoly, widow Winne, Peter, of Standley-Castle, miller Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow Woolmer, Peter, of Bayton, yeoman Woolmer, Thomas, of Parshore, gent.	Ward, Francis, of Brailes, in com. Warwick	, yeoman	•••			o
Wheeler, Richard, of Beoly 1 6 o Whitmore, William, of Beoly, yeoman 18 0 o Whitmore, John, of Henley, cordwainer 36 0 o Whitmore, Benjamin, of Beoly, yeoman 4 5 o Wilcox, Mary, of Beoly, widow 4 10 o Winne, Peter, of Standley-Castle, miller ———— ——— Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow ———— ———— Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow ———— ———— Woodington, Peter, of Bayton, yeoman ———— 34 o Woolmer, Thomas, of Parshore, gent. ———— 34 o Woolmer, Francis, of Spetchley, gent. ———— 34 o Woolmer, Francis, of Spetchley, gent. ———— 37 r Atwood, George, of Claines, gent. ———— 37 r o Atwood, George, of Claines, gent. ———— 37 r o Attaper, Joseph, victualler ——— 11 r o Harper, Joseph, victualler ——— 11 r o Kettle, Richard, clothier ———	Wheeler, John, of Aspley, in com. Warwick	, yeoman				0
Whitmore, William, of Beoly, yeoman 18 0 0 Whitmore, John, of Henley, cordwainer 36 0 0 Whitmore, Benjamin, of Beoly, yeoman 4 5 0 Wilcox, Mary, of Beoly, widow 4 10 0 Winne, Peter, of Standley-Castle, miller ——— Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow ———— Woodington, Peter, of Bayton, yeoman 19 0 0 Woolmer, Thomas, of Parshore, gent. 34 0 0 Woolmer, Francis, of Spetchley, gent. 120 0 0 Worcester City. Abington, Thomas, esq. Atwood, George, of Claines, gent. 37 17 0 Berkley, Thomas, esq. 42 10 0 Harper, Joseph, victualler 11 15 0 Horniod, Anthony, gent. 222 0 0 Kettle, Richard, clothier 13 13 6 Bucks. Abington, Thomas, of Hindlip, in com. Worcester, esq.—Estate at Seymour's Court, in possession of Thomas Parry et al. 153 4 10 Gloucestershire. Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, of Hilland, in com. Wigorn., esq. 50 0 Bartlet, Anne, predict. 50 0 Sheldon, Edward, of Beoly, in com. Wigorn, esq. 1 8 0 1 Herefordshire. Solaughter, Winifred, of Ashton-Beauchamp, in com. Wigorn., widow ————————————————————————————————————	Wheeler, Richard, of Beoly	-	•••	І	6	0
Whitmore, John, of Henley, cordwainer	Whitmore, William, of Beoly, yeoman	•••				0
Whitmore, Benjamin, of Beoly, yeoman 4 5 0 Wilcox, Mary, of Beoly, widow 4 10 0 Winne, Peter, of Standley-Castle, miller ———— Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow ———— Woodington, Peter, of Bayton, yeoman 19 0 0 Woodington, Peter, of Bayton, yeoman 19 0 0 Woodmer, Thomas, of Parshore, gent. 34 0 0 Woolmer, Francis, of Spetchley, gent. 120 0 0 Worcester City. Abington, Thomas, esq. 37 17 0 Atwood, George, of Claines, gent. 37 17 0 Berkley, Thomas, esq. 37 17 0 Harper, Joseph, victualler 11 15 0 Horniod, Anthony, gent. 22 0 0 Kettle, Richard, clothier 13 13 6 Bucks. Abington, Thomas, of Hindlip, in com. Worcester, esq.—Estate at Seymour's Court, in possession of Thomas Parry et al. 153 4 10 Gloucestershire. Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, of Hilland, in com. Wigorn., esq. 153 4 10 Gloucestershire. Bartlet, Anne, predict. — Sheldon, Edward, of Beoly, in com. Wigorn, esq. 1 8 0 1 Herefordshire. Russell, John, of Little Malvom, in com. Worcest	Whitmore, John, of Henley, cordwainer	•••		36	0	0
Wilcox, Mary, of Beoly, widow 4 10 0 Winne, Peter, of Standley-Castle, miller Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow Woodington, Peter, of Bayton, yeoman			•••			0
Winne, Peter, of Standley-Castle, miller Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow Woodington, Peter, of Bayton, yeoman						0
Wise, Mary, of Beoly, widow					_	
Woodington, Peter, of Bayton, yeoman		•••	•••	—		
Woolmer, Thomas, of Parshore, gent			•••	10	0	0
Woolmer, Francis, of Spetchley, gent	Woolmer, Thomas, of Parshore, gent.	•••		-		
Worcester City. Abington, Thomas, esq				_		
Abington, Thomas, esq						
Atwood, George, of Claines, gent						
Atwood, George, of Claines, gent		•••	•••	8	19	0
Harper, Joseph, victualler	Atwood, George, of Claines, gent	•••			17	0
Horniod, Anthony, gent	Berkley, Thomas, esq	•••	•••	42	10	0
Rettle, Richard, clothier	Harper, Joseph, victualler	•••	•••	TI	15	0
Rettle, Richard, clothier	Horniod, Anthony, gent	•••	•••	22	0	0
Abington, Thomas, of Hindlip, in com. Worcester, esq.—Estate at Seymour's Court, in possession of Thomas Parry et al 153 4 10 Gloucestershire. Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, of Hilland, in com. Wigorn., esq	Kettle, Richard, clothier	•••	•••	13	13	6
Abington, Thomas, of Hindlip, in com. Worcester, esq.—Estate at Seymour's Court, in possession of Thomas Parry et al 153 4 10 Gloucestershire. Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, of Hilland, in com. Wigorn., esq	Ruche					
at Seymour's Court, in possession of Thomas Parry et al 153 4 10 Gloucestershire. Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, of Hilland, in com. Wigorn., esq			Tr.	-4-		
Gloucestershire. Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, of Hilland, in com. Wigorn., esq	Abington, Thomas, of Findip, in coin. We	Dicester, e	sq.—Est	ale		
Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, of Hilland, in com. Wigorn., esq	at Seymour's Court, in possession of Tho	mas Farry	ei ai.	153	4	10
esq	Gloucestershire.					
esq	Bartlet, Rowland, and Anne his wife, of Hil	lland, in c	om. Wig	orn		
Herefordshire. Russell, John, of Little Malvorn, in com. Worcester, gent 55 o o Slaughter, Winifred, of Ashton-Beauchamp, in com. Wigorn., widow 56 18 o Kent. Acton, Barbara, of Wolverton in com. Wigorn., widow — — — Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigorn., gent 65 o o Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 o o London. Aston (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com. Wigorn, widow	esq				0	0
Herefordshire. Russell, John, of Little Malvorn, in com. Worcester, gent 55 o o Slaughter, Winifred, of Ashton-Beauchamp, in com. Wigorn., widow 56 18 o Kent. Acton, Barbara, of Wolverton in com. Wigorn., widow — — — Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigorn., gent 65 o o Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 o o London. Aston (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com. Wigorn, widow	Bartlet, Anne, predict		•••			
Herefordshire. Russell, John, of Little Malvorn, in com. Worcester, gent 55 o o Slaughter, Winifred, of Ashton-Beauchamp, in com. Wigorn., widow 56 18 o Kent. Acton, Barbara, of Wolverton in com. Wigorn., widow — — — Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigorn., gent 65 o o Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 o o London. Aston (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com. Wigorn, widow	Sheldon, Edward, of Beoly, in com, Wigorn	esa		_		-
Russell, John, of Little Malvorn, in com. Worcester, gent 55 o o Slaughter, Winifred, of Ashton-Beauchamp, in com. Wigorn., widow 56 18 o Kent. Acton, Barbara, of Wolverton in com. Wigorn., widow — — — Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigorn., gent 65 o o Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 o o London. Acton (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com. Wigorn, widow)		.,	•••	_	•	~ %
Slaughter, Winifred, of Ashton-Beauchamp, in com. Wigorn., widow 56 18 o Kent. Acton, Barbara, of Wolverton in com. Wigorn., widow — — — Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigorn., gent 65 o o Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 o o London. Aston (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com. Wigorn, widow						
Kent. Acton, Barbara, of Wolverton in com. Wigorn., widow — — — Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigorn., gent 65 o o Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 o o London. Acton (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com. Wigorn, widow)	Russell, John, of Little Malvorn, in com. W	orcester,	gent.	55	0	
Acton, Barbara, of Wolverton in com. Wigorn., widow — — — Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigorn., gent 65 o o Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 o o London. Acton (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com. Wigorn, widow)	Slaughter, Winifred, of Ashton-Beauchamp, i	n com. W	igorn., wi	dow 56	18	0
Acton, Barbara, of Wolverton in com. Wigorn., widow — — — Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigorn., gent 65 o o Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 o o London. Acton (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com. Wigorn, widow)	Kont					
Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigorn., gent 65 o o Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 o o London. Actor (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com. Wigorn, widow						
Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, of Wolverton, spinsters 32 0 0 London. Aston (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com Wigger, widow				_	_	
London. Aston (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com Wigorn widow)	Atwood, William, of Claynes, in com. Wigo	m., gent.	•••	05	0	0
London. Aston (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com Wigorn widow)	vincent, Jane, and of Wolverton, spinster	s		32	٥	0
Acton (sic) Barbara of Wolverton in com Wigorn widow)	Vincent, Dorothy,			J	_	_
Aston (sic), Barbara, of Wolverton, in com. Wigorn., widow Vincent, Jane, and of ditto, spinsters	London.					
Vincent, Jane, and of ditto, spinsters 155 o o	Aston (sic) Barbara, of Wolverton in com	Wigom =	vidow 1			
of ditto, spinsters	Vincent Iane and)			7 6		
Vincent, Dorothy, 1	Vincent, Dorothy, of ditto, spinsters	•••	(*** *5	, •	, ,

3111 21(D1X;			•	-3
Middlesex. Drew, Thomas, of Harvington, in com. Wigorn., gent	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.£ 50		
Montgomery. Bartlett, Rowland, esq		81		0
Norfolk.				
Arden, John, sen., of Upton-Warren, in com. Wigorn., gent.	•••	56	10	0
Northumberland. Drews, Thomas, of Harvington, in com. Worcester: annuity		40	0	•
Salop. Giffard, Augustine.—Estate at Hales Owen, in possession of wic	dow			
Farmer	10W	44	0	0
Staffordshire.			•	
Giffard, Edward, of Worcester, apothecary	•••		_	
Giffard, Catherine, of Worcester, widow Gower, William, of Colmers, in com. Worcester, esq		195		6
Gower, Hellen, of Colmers, in com. Worcester		200	•	0
Hornyold, Anthony, of Hansey Castle, in com. Worcester, ger				
Watson, Mary, of Brewsford, in com. Worcester	•••	100		
Watson, William, of Beresford, in com. Worcester, esq		481	15	6
Sussex.				
Acton, Barbara, of Wolverton, in com. Worcester, widow)				
Vincent, Jane, and Vincent, Dorothy, spinsters \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	•••	60	0	0
Wilts.				
Watson, Mary, of Betsford, in com. Worcester, spinster		20	٥	0
Watson, Katherine, of ditto		100	0	0
Yorkshire—West Riding.				
Brown, Thomas, of Hill End, in com. Wigorn., gent		I 2	0	0
Percy, Charles, of Durance, in com. Wigorn., gent	•••	10	14	0

XII.

WORCESTERSHIRE LANDOWNERS IN 1703-4.

[The following list is transcribed from an old MS. in the possession of R. F. Tomes, esq., of Weston, near Stratford-upon-Avon. The MS. has a parchment cover, upon which is written, "For Edward Walker, esq., mayor of Evesham, in Worcestershire."]

"Freeholders' Booke, Anno Dni. 1703 & 1704."

"A True and perfect List of the Christian Names, Surnames, Addicons and places of abode of all persons within the County of Worcester who are betweene the Age of One and Twenty Yeares and the age of Seaventy Yeares who have, in their owne Names or in Trust for them, within this County of Worcester, Ten pounds or Annû of freehold or Copyhold Lands, or of Lands of Ancient Demesne, or in rents in fee Simple, fee Tayle, or for their owne or some other person's Life, as they are returned by the severall Cheife Conbles. and Petty Conbles. within this County att the Generall quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County of Worcester, the fifth day of October, Annoq. Dhi 1703, and adjourned to the 25th day of October following, pursuant to an Act of Parliament intituled 'An Act for the Ease of Jurors,' as followeth, (vizt).

OSWALDS LOW HUNDRED.

CLAYNES.

George Porter, gent. Richard Brookeholding. William Reynolds. CLAYNES—continued.
Thomas Twitty.
Will. Norton.
George Attwood, gent.

^{* 7} William III., Cap. 32.

CLAYNES—continued.

Phineas Jackson, esq. Benjamine Coley. James Hall. William Fisher, gent. Langley Hill. William Hill. John Hill.

St. MICHAEL IN BEDWARDINE.

Pope Gardiner.
William Bickerton.
Howell Hughes.
Will. Jordan.
George Smith.
Richard Davies.
John Kensall.
Tho. Skinner.
Christ. Oakley.
Thomas Blew.
Ornold Goldenarme.
Tho. Edwards.
Joseph Roberts, &
Richard Hall.

BATTENHALL, WHITTINGTON, SIDBURY.

Thomas Hampton.
Joseph Hampton.
John Brayne.
Mr. Andrewes.
Mr. Winfield.

WARNDON.

Jo^a. Brooke Thomas Baylis

HILL CROOME.

Roger Brookes Nicholas Cotterhill.

WICK EPI.

Henry Johnson, gent. Thomas Bound, gent. Abell Gower, gent.

LITTLE WHITLEY.
William Severne.

RIPPLE.

Francis Tustian.
Will. Best.
Stephen Cother.
Benjamine Herbert.
Thomas Tustian.

BERROW.

Will. Morley. Edm. Weedly. Thomas Beale. Richard Fisher. Jo. Cockes. Paul Thackwell. Thomas Clark. Wm. Fayton. W. South. Edm. Clark.

KNIGHTWICK.

Edward Clent, gent. Richard Stedman.

KEMPSEY.

John Winslow.
Will*. Yearing.
Nicholas Hunt.
Nicholas Castle.
Joseph Castle.
Jo*. Hunt.
Geo. Knight.

Kempsey—continued.

Jo' Gorle.

George Hurdman.

CHURCHILL & BREDICUTT. Dohn King.

HOLDFAST, & LESTINGTON. Thomas Barnes, sen. Richard Knotsford.

Spechley.
John Walter, gent.

St. John.
Richard Carwardine, gent.
Tho. Baylis.*

REDMARLEY DABITOTT. Richard Herbert, Att. Richard Barston.
Will. Church.
Job Carter, chirurgeon.
John Daniell.

LINDRIDGE.
Arthur Low, gent.
Edw⁴. Boddenham.
Richard Walker.

Woolverley.

Samuel Jewkes, esq'.

Jo". Hurtle, sen'.

Sam". Toy.

Richard Bibb.

Thomas Warren.

WOLVERLEY.—continued.

James Hurst.

Joseph Bate.

Simon Billingsley.

Will*. Brittle.

NORTON BY KEMPSEY. Tho. Stevens, esqr. Joseph Payne.

HARTLEBURY. Thomas Lowbridge, gent. . Edwin Eyres, gent. Thomas Tayler, gent. Jo" Harward, gent. Robt. Fidkin. Sam¹¹. Low. Hen. Woodward. John Manning, sen'. Jon. Manning, jun'. Joⁿ. Thorner. W^m. Wheeler, gent. W^m. Skeeler. Edw. Woodhouse. Edw. Harper. Joa. Hill. Tho. Low. Rich^d. Griffin. †Jon. Parttingt . . . Joseph P Jo. Bal . . . Robt. B . . . Phill Wa R

PENDOCK.

Thomas Jackeman. Richard Mayo.

^{*} Inserted by a later hand.

[†] This should probably be Prattington.

WELLAND.

Edward Tayler, esq. Jo. Archer, gent. Will. Chanflower, yeom. Thomas Pewtres.

EARL'S CROMBE. Will. Law.

Knighton & Newnham. Sam^{II}. Good. Moses Hall. Edw4. Boddenham. Richard Stacy. Edw. Millward. Geo. Rushbury. Richard Poston. Hum. Cooke.

VPTON SUP. SABR.

Humph. Solley, esq'. Wa. Bromley, esq. Richard Hill, gent. Will^m Bound, gent. To". Price, sen'., gent. Tames Chamflower. John Winbury. John Hackett. Tho. Claroe. Jos. Lingham. W^m. Hackett. Richard Finch. Richard Dunn. John Dunne. Richard Gattkins. Sam^{II}. Dighton. Edm⁴. Addis. Io". Parsons.

BROADWAS.

John Jones. Humph. Fitzer. W. Brandfeild.

CROME DABITOTT.

Richard Mason. Andrew Edgcock. Richard Goodyeare.

EASTERN DIVISION.

Northwick.

S'. James Rushout, Barr'. Edw. Croft, gent. Robt. Elmes, yeom.

DAYLESFORD.

Peniston Hastins.

EMLOAD.

Jo". Rooke. Jo". Wing. Wm. Pettie. John Bradshaw.

DORNE.

Nich. Fletcher, sen. Nich. Fletcher, jun.

Aston Magn[a].
... w^d. Palmer, esq. Charles. Widdowes. ins?

DRACOT.

Timothy Harris. Richard Fletcher. Tho. Wheatcroft. Edw⁴. Freeman. Will. Dyde, Conble.

BLOCKLEY.

Thomas Fletcher. W. Davies. Thomas Wilkes. Richard Wilkes. John Baker.

CLEEVE PRIOR.

Thomas Bushell, sen. Robert Bushell, sen. Thomas Bushell, jun. Joseph Charlett. Edward Ryeland. Joⁿ. Bennet.

NEWBOLD & TOLTON.

Hugh Parker, esq. W. Such. Henry Prestidge. Nathaniell Rouse.

ARMSCOTT.

Thomas Rowney, esq. Thomas Banbury.
Thomas Tayler.
Gyles Lydeatt.
Richard Tayler.
Robert Halford.
Jo. Halford.
Jo. Ashcombe.
Robert Harris.
Richard Gibbs.

PAXFORD.

Richard Fletcher. Tho. Joyce. Fran. Robbins. Tho. Harris.

ICOMBE.

Tho. Smith. John Roberts.

SHIPSTON SUP. STOWER.

Benjamin Bevington.
John Rose.
Edw⁴. Pittway, jun.
John Pittway, Iremonger.
Thomas Mansell, Mercer.

BLACKWELL.

Mr. John Wing. Anthony Dickins.

TIDMINGTON.

Robert Blac . . .

DARLINGSCOTT & LONGDON.

Thomas Rowney, esq. Tho. Baldwin, gent. W. Eden, sen. W. Eden, jun. Charles Stock. Tho. Stock. Charles Tayler. Jo. Payne. Wilson, gent. Jo. Whing. Edw. Gibbs.

TIBERTON.

Phillip Bearcroft, gent. Edmund Heming. Geo. Hooper.

ALVECHURCH.

James Moore.
Phylemon Baylis.
Robert Haynes.
Jo*. Tyrer.
Lazarus Willson.
Edward Newnham.
Thomas Tayler.
Richard Acton.
W*-. Hedges
Will. Smith.
Thomas Newnham.
John Holington.
Thomas Baylis.
George Holington.

INKBERROW.

John Appletree, esq. John Sheldon, gent.

INKBERROW—continued.

Arthur Bagshaw, gent. John Fintcher, gent. Will. Gower, gent. Robert Bovey. John Bellett. John Phillips. W^m. Laugher. James Heming. William Walford. Isaac Wheeler. Walter Steward. Joseph Heming. Tho. Hopkins. Io". Harvey. Thomas Dyson. ... lliam Souley.

HILL AND MOORE.

Arthur Charlett, gent.
Thomas Horneblower, yeom.
Thomas Saunders.
Jo. Smith, yeom.
Thomas Francis, yeom.
Will. Weston.
Thomas Day.
Thomas Woodward.
Richard Curtis.
John Knowles.

HANBURY.

Tho. Vernon, esq. Tho. Chettle, esq. Tho. Chettle, esq. Richard Vernon, gent. John Wattkins, gent. John Hunt, gent. Sam. James, gent. John Dyson, gent. Robert Vernon. Richard Haywood, sen. George Elvins. Henry Turner. Thomas Holmer.

HANBURY—continued.

Thomas Bidell. William Hichcocks. John Twitty.

BREEDON.

Charles Parsons, gent. Richard Palmer. Thomas Dobbs. William Warner.

Will. Harris.
Tho. Tovey.
John Hopcott.
Henry Rickards.
Sam^u. Rickards.
Thomas Rickards.
John Tompson.
Thomas Browne.
William Reeve.

BYSHAMPTON.

Robert Gaywood. Richard Smith. John Emes. Henry Strapey.

DORMSTONE.

George

ROUSELENCH.

Mr. Fulwood. Mr. Ashwin. Mr. Pratt. Mr. English.

HOBLENCH.

Edward Holtam. Tho. Sharpe.

HARVINGTON.

Thomas Pilkington. George Evans. Henry Perkes. Tho. Haynes.

92-2

HARVINGTON—continued.
Will. Blackford.
Mathew Holbrook.

NORTON JUXTA BREEDON.
William Hancock, esq.
Geo. Richards, yeom.
John Timm, yeom.
Jo. Willetts, yeom.
William Best, yeom.

CROWLE.

Richard Estopp, gent. Richard Trimnell. Job Munlow. John Hornblower.

HUDDINGTON.

John Saunders.

OYERBURY.

Gyles Parsons, esq'. John George. Thomas Roberts. William Cotterell. Charles Wilkes.

CONDERTON.

John Adams.
John Adams.
William Forrest.
William Gray.
John Wood.
John Wilkes.
Thomas Drinkwater.

ALSTON.

Richard Wood.
Jonatham Cowles.
Isaac Tyler.
.... ¹¹ Attwood.
.... Darke.
.... od.

SEDGEBERROW.

Gyles Parsons, gent. Phillip Parsons, gent. Gyles Eden. William Stokes. James Ganderton.

HALFSHIRE HUNDRED.

BROMSGROVE DIVISION.

SALWARPE.

Richard Woodhowse.

CHASLEY.

Will. Buckle, gent. Joseph Terrett, gent. Thomas Beale, gent. William Gatcombe. John Stock.

DOVERDALE.

Mr. George Lench. William Randall.

Elmebridge.

Gerrard Dannett. Will. Norris. Will. Mole. Robert Hunt.

DODDERHILL.

Tho. Nott, esq. William Bookey.
Thomas Saunders, gent.
John Geeves.
William Lilley.
John Lilly.
William Dugard.
Charles Saunders.
Gilbert Pendris.
John Everton, sen'.

CROWLE.

Richard Daffy. Will^m. Hunt. Thomas Rose.

KINGTON.

John Hall. Edward Hagard. William Knight.

ELMLEY-CASTLE.

Tho. Savage, esq. John Ropier. Thomas Spooner.

VP[TON] WARREN.

John Fox. John Smith. Thomas Sherriffe. George Weobley. Robert Richards.

KINGS-NORTON.

William Middlemore, gent. John Feild, gent. Fran. Palmer, gent. Benj. Greeves, gent. Timothy Chambers, gent. Will^m. Middlemore, gent. Robert Newey. Ion. Rabone. Peter Feild. Richard Brednock. John Feild. Hen. Bragg. William Collins, Taner. William Collins. John Ellcock. Clement Wall. Henry Rabone. Will. Fitter. Io". Feild. Edw. Hawkes. Will. Firth.

KINGS-NORTON-continued.

Sam. Ckettle. John Hawkes. John Chambers. Tohn Lindon. Will. Sergeant Tho. Kettle. Humph. Moore. Charles Feild. Will. Greeves. John Cotterell. Richard Balome. Josiah Harrington. Peter Chiles. Ton. Moore. To". Pritchett. Tames Greeves. Sam". Benton. Rannolds. feild.

FECKENHAM

Anth. Hanbury.
John Cooke, yeom.
Hen. Cooke.
Richard Handy.
Richard Ledbury.
Hen. Hill.
Tho. Butter.
Hen. Ledbury.
Joseph Millward.

BROMSGROVE.

Tho. Lowe, esq.
Hen. Tillt.
Hen. Dowler.
James Callow, sen'.
Sam. Potter.
Edward Harris, jun'.
John Walker.
Sam. Chellingworth.
Humph. Potter.
Edward Harris, sen'.
John Dipple.

Bromsgrove—continued.

Will^m. Dipple. Caleb Tilt. Richard Arden. Richard Dipple. John Eccles, sen' Thomas Carpenter Hen. Walford. Richard Knight. Richard Bell. James Lacey. John Lacey. Will. Biggs. Will. Tilt. Josias Bate. Roger Orford. John Herbert. Joseph Baker. John Higgs. Io". Buttler. John Smith. John Cooke.

FOCBURY YIELD

John Carpenter. Hump. Bate. John Brace. John Ashmore. Joseph Wylkes.

[CATSHI]LL YIELD.

Tho. Gemm.
John Chance.
Nich. Chance.
Anthony Chance.
John Wilkes.

CHADWICK YIELD.

John Badger.
Jos. Bash.
Antho. Dowbridge.
Will. Duce, sen.
Will. Duce, jun.
Caleb Carpenter.

SHIPLEY YIELD.

Will. Moore, gent. Robert Kimberley. Will. Chance. Jo*. Blick. Will. Hill.

BURCOTT YIELD.

Martin Blick. Mark Tayler. Ben Duce.

PADSTON'S YIELD.

Thomas Wilkes. Richard Cookes. Tho, Wilkes.

FECKENHAM.

John Collier. Will. Kettley, jun. Thomas Woods. Richard Handy, jun. Thomas Haynes. Willm. Heming. Geo. Buttler. Thomas Wright. Richard Yate. Will^m. Bolton. Ton. Bolton. Chris. Smith. To. Greene. Io. Carter. Hen. Eades. Edward Pretty. Will. Goore. William Doverdale.

COFTON HACKET

Benj. Jolliffe, esq. Tho. Beeske [or Beecke.]

HAMP[TON] LOVETT.

. . ohn Packington.
[Barr'. added afterwards.]

WICH ALS DROITWICH. Mr. Edward Wheeler, sen. Mr. Symon Barker. Mr. Winter Harris. Mr. Nich. Wheeler. Mr. Richard Norbury. Mr. James Watts. Mr. Robert Penrice. Mr. Edward Rastall. Mr. Robert Stayner. Mr. John Wheeler. Mr. Edward Wheeler, jun. Mr. Tho. Roberts. Mr. Charles Watts. Mr. Hen. Hodges. Mr. Willm. Norris. Mr. Edward Lench. Henry Chellingworth. George Longeford. Richard Robinson. Henry Steward. Tho. Hall. Richard Smith. Mr. Will. Woodhouse.

NORTHFIELD.

Tho. Bach, gent. Robert Roe, jun. W. Best. Edward Palmer. John Palmer. Thomas Kettle. Richard Willson. Edward Waldron. Will. Kettle. W. Greene. Will. Shaw.*

TARDIBIGG.

Nathaniel Mugg,) Henry Sheward, Jgent.

TARDIBIGG—continued.

John Jones, James Kettle, Richard Bertles, John Allen.

[KIDDER]MINSTER DIVISION.

HAGLEY.

Will. Penn.
Willm. Waldron.
Richard Jeston.
John Pagett.
John Wannerton.
Edm. Kettle.

Willm. Mountford.

BORROUGH DE KIDDR.

Edward Walker. Simon Wood. Wa. Lewes. John Winnall. Edw. Woodward. Will. Pvtt. Tho. Harris. Thomas Tayler. Hen. Toye. Richard Potter. Will. Smith. Tho. Doelittle, sen. Willm. Best. Edward Buttler, jun. Tho. Segar. Thomas Bellamy, sen. Sam¹¹. Reade. Griffeth Griffetts. John Payton. Joseph Guess. Tho. Doelittle, jun.

^{*} After Will. Shaw, "Charles Knottisford, Esq.," has been inserted in another hand. It is not clear whether he belongs to Northfield or Tardebigge.

BELBROUGHTON.

Mr. Hump. Perrott. Mr. Tho. Perrott. Mr. John Harris. Mr. John Tristram. John Bennett. Rich^d. Cole. Humph. Powell. Jo". Perkes, sen. Jo". Perkes, jun. Robert Eades. Nathan, Dewce. John Eades. Wm. Penn. Tho. Gopp, sen. ... seph Smith. Cox. Wilkes.

LUDLEY.

Hen. Grove. Richard Penn.

FRANKLEY.

Richard Palmore.

WORLEY-WIGORN.

Will. Deeley. Will. Feldon.

KIDDRMINSTER FOREN.

John Solley, esq'.
Pinson, Willmott, gent.
John Acton.
Phillip Skeeler.
Jo'. Yarranton, sen'.
Tho. Grove.
Mathew Pardoe.
John Dedicott.
John Hinton.
John Penn.
John Crane.
Thomas Crane.

KIDDRMINSTER FOREN.—continued.

Sam". Crane.
John Wall.
W". Smith of Ribbenhale.

ELMLEY LOVETT.

I lenry Townshend, esq.
John Reynolds.
John Mole.
Thomas Best.

OVER MITTON.

Mr. Edward Pillett. John Newey.

PEDMORE.

John Parrott.

KINFORD.

Benson Waldron.

CRADLEY.

Mr. John Mancell.
John Hill.
Sam^u. Forrest.
Joⁿ. Lea.
Robert Dudley.
Joⁿ. Hill.
Joⁿ. Tompson.
John Homer.

OLDSWINFORD.

Edw. Dyson, att.
'Thomas Milward, att.
John Sparry, gent.
Joseph Ford, Dr. (M.D.)
Ambrose Crowley, Ironmonger.
Richard Hickman, Clothier.
Edw. Hensey, Glassmaker.
Will. Scott, clothier.
Richard Baker, mercer.
Thomas Moss, mercer.

OLDSWINFORD—continued.

John Roe, Mercer. Zach. Haywood, Sadler. Jeremia Tayler, Bookseller. Joseph Guest, Baker. Tho. Oliver, Iremonger. Tho. Littleford, Butcher. Walter Bradley, Chaundler. W. Norton, Innkeeper. Thomas House. Thomas Smart. Will. Thomas, Innkeeper. Thomas Best. Will. Tristram, gent. Humph. Jeston. W". Tristram, jun. Thomas Bradley, Glassmaker. Nich. Whitemore, yeom. John Philpott. Geo. Norborrow. Richard Bibb. Edward Millward, gent. Joseph Perkes, Locksmith. Edward Perkes, Locksmith. John Hill, Sythsmith. Francis Witton, gent. John Read. John Wheeler, gent. Richard. Phillipps. John Carder. John Compton.

THROCK N.

John Callow.
. . hn Twinning.

DUDLEY.

Mr. Jonathan Tayler. Mr. Samⁿ. Tayler. DUDLEY—continued.

Mr. Oliver Shaw.
Mr. Oliver Dixon, jun.
John Parkes.
Edws. Parkeshouse.
Fran. Wilkes.
Samuell Tompson.
Roger Hawkes.

CHURCHILL

John Cox.

Rushock.

Thomas Nash. Lawrence Nash.

STONE.

Will. Climore.
John Doelittle.
John Scott.

CHADESLEY CORBETT.

Mr. Richard Smith.
Mr. John Newnham.
Mr. John Tayler.
Mr. Humphrey Newnham.
W. Penn.
Mr. John Oldnall.

Mr. John Oldnall. Mr. John Hancock. Richard Lambe. John Lambe. John Cooper.

Thomas Bash.
Thomas Attwood.

FRANKLEY.

Richard Palmere.

[•] This person enclosed a "corner" on Stourbridge Common, which went, and still goes, by the name of "Norton's Corner," and has given a name to the adjoining hamlet of *Norton*.

PERSHORE HUNDRED.

LOWER DIVISION.

GRAFTON FLYFORD.

Mr. Robert Baker.

Mr. Andrew Baker.

John Jones.

Richard Maris.

BIRCHMORTON.

Will. Pewtresse. Will. Hickis. Thomas White.

BUSHLEY.

Richard Dowdeswell, esq. Will. Berkley, gent. Richard Biddle. Daniell Alcock.

VPTON SNUDSBURY.

Mr. Auncell Greene. Armel Howldshipp. Jo*. Tolley. Thomas Page. Willm. Browne.

MARTIN HUSSINGTREE.
Richard Yarnold.
Thomas Ellis, sen'.

QUEENEHILL.
Thomas Barnes.

LONGDON.

Mr. Charles Parker. Mr. Benj. Beale. Michaell Cox.

HANLEY CASTLE.

Thomas Bartley, gent. John Barron.

Hanley Castle—continued.
Gorle Cheatle.
Will. Sanders.
Abel Low.
Richard Cartrick.
John Laughton.
Daniel Webley.
Francis Panting.
Rich⁴. Rosse.
Will. Freeman.

MALVERNE MAGNA. Iohn Warner.

Richard Leeth.

Nathaniel B . . .

Mackli

Edm⁴

I

Will. Carter.
Thomas Little.
Will. Hayward.
Will. Clerk.
John Clark.
Guy Winniate.

CASTLE MORTON.
Henry Nott.
Richard Cartwright.

STANTON.

Will. Walker. Will. Parker.

LEIGH.

Edward Martin, gent. Richard Morton. Francis Morton. John Collier. Thomas Holliman. John Gabb. John Pennell.

LEIGH-continued.

Will^m. Johnson.
William Baker.
John Baker.
Richard Cookes.
John Dogood.
Thomas Glaze.
Richard Gorway.
John Bullock.

MADERSFEILD.

William Lygon, esq.
George Dowdeswell, esq.
Samuell Sillman.
Nicholas Baxter.
John Chamflower.
John Wood. [Wood has since been erased and Need substituted.]

BRAINSFORD.

Chambers Slaughter, esq. Mr. George Fellowes. Humphrey Deane. Jn°. Deaken. Thomas Crispe.

MATHON.

John Dangerfeild, jun.
John How, jun.
John Vobe.
. . ichard Willmore.
. Godfrey.

Powick.

Richard Mence, gent.
Richard Wintle, gent.
Hum. Sowden.
John Smith, sen.
Samuell Wall.
John Allie, gent.
Richard Pytt.
Joseph Adames.
William Baker.

Powick—continued.

Thomas Hurdman, gent.
James Nixon.
John Smith, jun.
Samuell Smith.
Arthur Bury, gent.
Thomas Gawton, gent.
Richard Horton.
John Cotterell.
John Linnoll.
John Sawyer, gent.
Geo. Farr.

YARDLEY.

Thomas Christopher. Robert Yates. William Alcock. Thomas Peters. James Lea. George Bissell. John Cotterell. John Dolphin, jun. Joseph Fawkes, of Greete. Joseph Fawkes, of the Grove. Thomas Hadley. Thomas Wright. William Arch. Will. Phillips. Samuell Bissacker. Henry Pennell. Thomas Ashford.

NEWLAND.

Francis Saunders.
Will. White.
Edw⁴. Cowther.
John Lane.
Alban Thom
Adam Coo

HANLEY CHILD.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Mr. Buttler.
Sam^{ll}. Bishopp.
Robert White.
Henry Russell.
Job Horneblower.
Win'.(?) Hortland.

HANLEY WILLIAMS.

Mr. Newport. Mr. Soley.

UPPER DIVISSION OF PARSHORE.

STOKE PRIOR.

Stephen Knight, esq. Willm. Cookes, gent. Richard Chellingworth. John Perkes, gent. Willm. Cheatle, gent. James Knight, gent. Sam. Stifford, gent. John Lilley, gent. William Smith, yeom. John Tilt. Tho. Cookes. Tho. Cheatle. Willm. Knight. Thomas Lilley.

ECKINGTON.

Willm. Jennings.
Richard Bolter.
John George, jun.
John Checketts.
John Aynesworth.
John Cooke.
John Ranford.
Joseph Boulter.
John Jenings.
John Wattkins.
Thomas Tovey.
Richard Woodward.

ECKINGTON—continued.

Dan. George.
John George.
John Jennings.
John Chandler.
Robert George.
...". George.

BIRLINGHAM.

Thomas Mason, gent.
George Baugh, gent.
John Charlett.
Thomas Cobberley.
John Lunn, gent.
Thomas Tayler.
Samuell Palmer.
John Treble.
John Thornbury, als Willefed.
John Harris.
Ralph Terrole.
George Batchelour.

WYER-PIDDLE.

Hen. Chantrell.
Joseph Perkes.
John Serman.
Sheldon Stephens.

ABERTON.

Francis Sheldon, esq.

WALCOTT.

Sam. Noake. Will. Quarrell.

BROADWAY.

Walter Savage, sen., esq'.
Fran. Winington, esq'.
Walter Savage, jun., esq'.
William Savage, Physitian.
Willm. Stephens, gent.
Anthony Stevens, Innholder.
John Willson, yeom.

Broadway—continued. Isaac Averill, yeom.

Thomas Russell, yeom.
Jo". Lampett, yeom.
Willm. Billy.
Fran. Cotterill.
Fran. Phipps.
John Brookes.
Thomas Stretch.
Jo". Wood.

William Wood. Walter Russell. John White. John Phillips.

Richard Mansell. Richard Walker. Antho. Sambach, esq.

Geo. Savage, esq. John Vi . . . ? Benj

John Russell.
Willm. Dickins.
Antho. Lampett.
Tho. Stretch.
John Foster.
Willm. Sambash.
Richard Oldacre.

BROUGHTON-HACKETT. Willm. Hunt.

Tho. Hollyock.

NORTH PIDDLE.

Thomas Harris. Brooke Saunders. Thomas Mowle.

FLYFORD FLAVELL. Wm. Ball.

Comberton Magna. Tho. Deaves. HOLY CROSSE P.

Jo". Perkins.
Jo". Nash.
Jo". Ganderton.
Willm. Gray.
Mr. Willm. Berkley.
Mr. Gyles Lawrence.

ALDERMARSTON.

Edward Partridge, esq. Richard Hayden.

CROPTHORNE.

S'. Edw⁴. Dingley, k'.
Mr. Fran. Dingley, gent.
Henry Horniblow.
James Wilkes.
William Wilkes.
Richard Haynes.
William Fell.
Edw⁴. Grove.
Henry Smith, gent.
Jonas Borton.
Edward Millington, gent.
Richard Holland.
Jo*. Beard.
Will*. Adams.
John Johnston.

FLADBURY.

Tho. Weston.
Jo". Hopkins, sen'.
Jo". Hopkins, jun.
W". Cole.
Clement Perkes.
Thomas Bushell, jun.
Philip Perkes.
James Frances.

COMBERTON PVA.

Charles Lawrence.
Tho. Aynesworth.
John Dance.

BRICKLEHAMPTON. Fran. Palmer.

Thomas Marriott.
Thomas Wilkes.

WICK JUXTA PARSHORE.

S'. Thomas Hazlewood, kt.
Joseph Browne, gent.
John Forte.
John Wagstaffe.
John Blake.
John Bentley.
Bentley Hatton.
George Quarrell.
Richard Cale.

STRENSHAM.

S'. Fran. Russell, bar'. Io". Batchelour.

PINFIN.

Thomas Workeman. Willm. Harris.

PEOPLETON.

Joseph Ellins.

DEFFORD.

John Dance.
Sam. Westmacott.
John Tayler.
Willm. Jones.
John Ward.
W. Dance.
Thomas Bissell.
Edward Dance.
Newdigate Luddington.

PENSHAM.

Mr. Thomas Bau...

PIRTON.

Richard Rastell.
Thomas
Tho

BLAKENHURST HUNDR . . .

UPPER DIVISSION.

NORTH AND MIDDLE LITTLETON.

Gyles Smith.
Edward Smith.
John Ewens.
John Haynes.
John Yates.
Thomas Handy.
Willm. Horne.
Willm. Handy.
Edw⁴. Maunder.

OFFENHAM.

Robert Bloxam. Willm. Newington. Robert Sprague. Edward Kenwick.

SOUTH LITTLETON.

Fran. Tayler, gent. Richard Harris.

WICKAMFORD.

John Baylis. Willm. White.

BADSEY.

Mr. John Sheward.
Thomas Pidgeon.
John Willson.
Francis Grove.
Mr. George.
Francis Horne.
Edward Willson.
Pearcy Grove.
George Stevens.

BRETFORTON.

Edward Loggin. Henry Bird, jun. BRETFORTON—continued.

John Morris.
Benj. Bird.
John Willis.
Thomas Byrd, jun.

LOWER DIVISSION.

NORTON AND LENCHWICK. S'. Anthony Craven, bar.

[OMBERSLEY.]

John Bourne of Acton. Mr. Thomas Baker of Boreley. Mr. Sam". Saunders of May"x. Mr. Thomas Amphlett of Vphampton. Mr. John Bourne of Tychney. Richard Randall of Hadley. Willm. Hadley of the same. John Amphlett of the same. Rich⁴. Randall of Chatley. Thomas Randall of Tapenall. John Haford of Haford. Richard Winnall of Powers. John Gardner, of Hill. John Oakey, of Ombersley. John Jones, of Booreley. John Winall, of Winall. John Gyles of Cornhampton. Richard Portman of the same. John Pardoe of Northampton. John Hay of the same.

ABBOTTS-MORTON.

Henry Ballard. Francis Cowley. John Godfrey. Edward Ellins. Francis Ballard. Willm. Coley. SHERIFFES LENCH.
Willm. Ganderton.

HAMPTON MAGNA.

John Clarke. Edward Callow. Phillip Scarlett. John Emes. Robert Style.

DODINGTREE HUNDRED.

TENBURY.

Edward [altered afterwards to Edmond] Lane, gent.

Richard Smith.

John Ward.

John Gent.

Edmund Edwards.

John Hughes.

LITTLE KYER.

James Lingen. Edward Burwall.

MARTLEY.

James Nash. George Nash. Richard Jones. Richard Clewer. William Kempsey. William Wall. Robert Buttler.

SHELSLEY KINGS.

John Knott. Robert Butler.

ARLEY & DUNLEY.

Thomas Crane.
Thomas Stevens.

CLIFTON SUP. THEA.

Henry Jeffreys, esq'.
Benja. Jeffreys.
Edmund Coucher, gent.
Edward Ingram ("gent." inserted afterwards).
Francis Rufford, gent.
Caleb Hill, gent.
John Perkins, gent.
Phillip Jones of Edwin Loach, gent.
Richard Avenant of Shelsley,

KYRE WYER. Samuel Pytts, esq., Richard Waldron, gent.

John Hyde, gent.

gent.

SUTTON.

Humphrey Winton. Francis Brinton, sen. Thomas Richards.

[SUCKLE]Y.
Thomas Moore.
John Ballard.
Edward Roste.
George Crump.
Willm. Romney.
Thomas Hallward.
Jacob Jones.

STANFORD.
Salwey Winnington, esq.

BOCKLETON.
Nicholas Barneby, esq'.
Hen. Morris.

COTHERIDGE.
William Wytley.
Symon Hawkins.

ACTON BEACHAMP.
Thomas Wood, gent.
Richard Hemings.
Thomas Hayles.
George Pennell.
John Wylkes.
Phillip Ballard.

ALFRICK.
Richard Makeham.
William Estopp.
Richard Kendrick.
John Feild.
Edmund Kendrick.

LOWER DIVISSION.

DODDENHAM,
Willm. Morton.
John Man.

ALTON.

Edmund Higeson.
Fran. Mather.

MAMBLE. Willm. Pitt.

ASTLEY.

S'. Tho. Cookes Windt[ord].

Higons, James, esqr.

Allen Cliffe, esqr.

Willm. Amphlett, gent.

Lancelett Yarranton.

Sam". Gyles.

Charles Manloe.

Walter Hill.

John Cooper.

Abberley.
William Walsh, esq'.
Tho. Bury.
Richard Mason.

ABBERLEY—continued.

Foulk Estopp.
Willm. Severne.
James Hay.
Tho. Southall.
Tho. Norris.
Tho. Evans.
John Stedman.
Tho. Brazier.

BAYTON.

Tho. Tayler. Thomas Hooper.

SHELSLEY BEAUCHAMP.

John Collins.
John Noxon.
George Webb.
William Cooke.
William Webb.

SHRAWLEY.

Thomas Severne.
John Tolley.
Thomas Smith.
Willm. Randall.

STOCKTON.

William Robbins.
John Downes.
Thomas Mawlthill.
Edw⁴. Pennell.

WHITTLEY.

Thomas Foley, esqr. Richard Cooke.

VPP. LINDON.

Richard Nott. Thomas Portman. Robert Hay. George Holmes.

NETHER LINDON.

Adam Hill.
Andrew Hanley.
John Spillsbury.
Richard Booth.
John Booth.
Edward Hoggett.
Humphrey Wheeler.

INDEX OF PARISHES &c., IN THE LIST OF LANDOWNERS IN 1703-4.

Abberley, 744. Abbott's Morton, 743. Aberton, 740. Acton Beauchamp, 744. Aldermarston, 741. Alfrick, 744. Alston, 732. Alton, 744. Alvechurch, 730. Arley & Dunley, 743. Armscott, 730. Astley, 744. Aston Magna, 729. Badsey, 742. Battenhall, 727. Bayton, 745. Belbroughton, 736. Berrow, 727. Birchmorton, 738. Birlingham, 740. Blackwell 730. Blockley, 729. Bockleton, 744. Brainsford, 739. Bredicott, 728. Breedon, 731. Bretforton, 742. Bricklehampton, 742. Broadwas, 729. Broadway, 740. Bromsgrove, 733. Broughton Hackett, 741. Burcott Yield (Bromsgrove), 734. Bushley, 738. Byshampton, 731. Castle Morton, 738. Catshill Yield (Bromsgrove), 734. Chadesley Corbett, 737. Chadwick Yield (Bromsgrove), 734. Chasley, 732. Churchill, 728. Churchill (Kidderminster), 737. Claynes, 726. Cleeve Prior, 730. Clifton sup. Thea, 744. Cofton Hackett, 734. Comberton Magna, 741. Comberton Parva, 741. Conderton, 732. Cotheridge, 744. Cradley, 736. Earl's Crombe, 729. Hill Croome, 727. Croome D'Abitott, 729. Cropthorne, 741. Crowle, 732, 733. Darlingscott, 730. Daylesford, 729. Defford, 742. Doddenham, 744. Dodderhill, 732. Dormstone, 731. Dorne, 729. Doverdale, 732.

Dracot, 729. Droitwich, 735. Dudley, 737. Dunley & Arley, 743. Eckington, 740. Elmebridge, 732. Elmley Castle, 733. Elmley Lovett, 736. Emload, 729. Estington, 728. Feckenham, 733, 734. Fladbury, 741. Flyford Flavell, 741. Focbury Yield (Bromsgrove), 734. Frankley, 736, 737. Grafton Flyford, 738. Hagley, 735. Hampton Lovett, 734. Hampton Magna, 743. Hanbury, 731. Hanley Castle, 738. Hanley Child, 739. Hanley Williams, 740. Hartlebury, 728. Harvington, 731. Hill & More, 731. Holblench, 731. Holdfast, 728. Holy Crosse (Pershore), 741. Huddington, 732. Icomb, 730. Inkberrow, 730. Kempsey, 727. Kidderminster Boro', 735. Kidderminster Foren, 736. Kinford, 736. Kingsnorton, 733. Kington, 733. Knighton, 729. Knightwick, 727. Kyer (Little), 743. Kver Wyer, 744. Leigh, 738. Lenchwick, 743.

Upper Lindon, 745. Nether Lindon, 745. Lindridge, 728. Littleton North, 742. Middle, 742. South, 742. Longdon, 730, 738. Ludley, 736. Madersfield, 739. Malverne Magna, 738. Mamble, 744. Martin Hussingtree, 738. Martley, 743. Mathon, 739. Over Mitton, 736. Newbold, 730. Newland, 739. Newnham, 729. Northfield, 735. Northwick, 729. Norton, 743. Norton juxta Breedon, 732. Norton by Kempsey, 728. Offenham, 742. Oldswinford, 736. Ombersley, 743. Overbury, 732. Padstone's Yield (Bromsgrove), 734. Paxford, 730. Pedmore, 736. Pendock, 728. Pensham, 742. Peopleton, 742. North Piddle, 741. Wyer Piddle, 740. Pinfin, 742. Pirton, 742. Powick, 739. Queenhill, 738. Redmarley Dabitot, 728. Ripple, 727. Rouslench, 731. Rushock, 737. St. John's, 728.

St. Michael Bedwardine, 727. Salwarpe, 732. Sedgeberrow, 732. ? [Severn]-Stoke, 740. Shelsley Beauchamp, 745. Shelsley King's, 743. Sheriffe's Lench, 743. Shipley Yield (Bromsgrove), 734. Shipstone sup. Stower, 730. Shrawley, 745. Sidbury, 727. Spechley, 728. Stanford, 744. Stanton, 738. Stockton, 745. Stoke Prior, 740. Stone, 737. Stourbridge. See Oldswinford. Strensham, 742. Suckley, 744. Sutton, 744. Tardibigg, 735.

Tenbury, 743. ? Throckmorton, 737. Tiberton, 730. Tidmington, 730. Tolton, 730. Upton Snodsbury, 738. Upton sup. Sab, 729. Upton Warren, 733. Walcott, 740. Warndon, 727. Welland, 729. Whittington, 727. Whittley (Great), 745. Whittley (Little), 727. Wich als. Droitwich, 735. Wick Epi., 727. Wick juxta Parshore, 742. Wickamford, 742. Woolverley, 728. Worley Wigorn, 736. Wyer Piddle, 740. Yardley, 739.

THE END.



Catalogue Books of

HISTORY BIOGRAPHY TOPOGRAPHY. HERALDRY, OLD POETRY,

THE DRAMA, PHILOLOGY BIBLIOGRAPHY. FINE ARTS. DIVINITY,

FOLK-LORE ARCHÆOLOG**Y.** AND MISCELLANEOUS LITERATURE.

THE PROPERTY OF JOHN RUSSELL SMITH,

On Sale, by Retail, at the annexed Prices, by

RUSSELL SMITH, 36. SOHO SQUARE, LONDON, (W.)



Poetical, and Dramatic Literature of England, from Caxton the first English Printer, to the year 1660.

By W. CAREW HAZLITT, one thick vol, 8vo, pp. 716, in double columns, half morocco, Roxburghe style. £1. 11s 6d

· LARGE PAPER, royal 8vo, HALF MOROCCO, ROXBURGHE STYLE. £3. 38

- It will be found indispensable to Book-Collectors and Booksellers. It is far in advance of anything hitherto published on Old English Literature.—Forming a supplement to Lowndes, giving the prices the rare articles have sold for at sales since his time, also of thousands not mentioned by him.
- A MARTYR TO BIBLIOGRAPHY: A Notice of the Life and Works of JOSEPH-MARIE QUERARD, the French Bibliographer. By OLPHAR HAMST. 8vo (only 200 printed). 3s
- HANDBOOK for FICTITIOUS NAMES, being a Guide to Authors, chiefly of the Lighter Literature of the XIXth Century, who have written under assumed names; and to Literary Forgers, Impostors, Plagiarists, and Imitators. By OLPHAR HAMST, Esq., Author of a Notice of the Life and Works of J. M. Querard. 8vo, cloth. 78 6d

- THICK PAPER (only 25 copies printed).

An exceedingly curious and interesting book on the bye ways of Literature.

- A BIBLIOGRAPHY of the Writings of Lord Brougham. By OLPHAR HAMST. Fcap. 8vo. 1s 6d
- ADLARD (George).—The Sutton-Dudleys of England, and the Dudleys of Massachusetts, in New England. 8vo, pedigrees, &c., cloth. 158

An interesting volume to the English genealogist, it con-tains a good deal of new matter relating to this old English Family and their collateral branches.

- HAND-BOOK to the POPULAB, | ÆSCHYLUS.—The Orestea of Æschylus, translated into English Verse. By C. N. DALTON, B.A., of Trin. Coll., Camb. Fcp. 8vo, cloth, 2s 6d (original price 5s)
 - AGINCOURT.-A Contribution towards an Authentic List of the Commanders of the English Host in King Henry the Fifth's Expedition. By the Rev. JOSEPH HUNTER, post 8vd 2s 6d
 - AKERMAN'S (John Yonge, Pellow and late Secretary of the Society of Antiquaries) Archæological Index to Remains of Antiquity of the Celtic, Romano-British, and Anglo-Saxon Periods. 8vo, illustrated with numerous engravings, comprising upwards of five hundred objects, cloth. 158
 - This work, though intended as an introduction and a guide to the study of our early antiquities, will, it is hoped, also prove of service as a book of reference to the practised Archeologist.
 - AKERMAN'S (J. Y.) Coins of the Romans relating to Britain. Described and Illustrated. Second edition, greatly enlarged, 8vo, with plates and woodcuts, cloth,
 - "Mr. Akerman's volume contains a notice of every known variety, with copious illustrations, and is pub-lished at a very moderate price; it should be consulted, not merely for these particular coins, but also for facts most valuable to all who are interested in Romano-British History."—Archaol. Journal.
 - AKERMAN'S(J. Y.) Tradesman's Tokens struck in London and its Vicinity, from 1648 to 1671, described from the originals in the British Museum, &c. 8vo, with 8 plates of numerous examples, cloth. 78 6d (original price 15s.)—LARGE PAPER in 4to, cloth. 15s
 - This work comprises a list of nearly 3000 Tokens, and contains occasional illustrative, topographical, and antiquarian notes on persons, places, streets, old tavern and coffee-house signs, &c., &c., with an introductory account of the causes which led to the adoption of such a currency.

- AKERMAN'S (J. Y.) Ancient Coins of AMADIS of GAUL. The Renowned Cities and Princes, Geographically Ar Romance of Amadis of Gaul, by Vasco ranged and Described-Hispania, Gallia, Britannia. 8vo, with engravings of many hundred Coins from actual examples. Cloth 7s 6d (original price 18s)
- AKERMAN'S (J. Y.) Introduction to the Study of Ancient and Modern Coins. Foolscap 8vo, with numerous engravings from the original Coins (an excellent introductory book), cloth. 68 6d
 - CONTENTS:—SECT. 1.—Origin of Coinage—Greek Regal Coins—2. Greek Civic Coins—3. Greek Imperial Coins—4. Origin of Roman Coinage—Consular Coins—5. Roman Imperial Coins—6. Roman British Coins—7. Ancient British Coinage—8. Anglo-Saxon Coinage—9. English Coinage from the Conquest—10. Scotch Coinage—11. Coinage of Ireland—12. Anglo-Gallic Coins—13. Continental Money in the Middle Ages—14. Various Representatives of Coinage—15. Forgeries in Ancient and Modern Times—16. Table of Prices of English Coins realized at Public Sales.
- AKERMAN'S (J. Y.) Spring Tide; or, the Angler and his Friends. 12mo, plates, cloth. 2s 6d (original price 6s)
 - These Dialogues incidentally illustrate the Dialect of the West of England.
 - " Never in our recollection has the contemplative man's recreation been rendered more attractive, nor the delights of a country life set forth with a truer or more discriminating zest than in these pleasant pages."—Gent.'s Mag.
- AKERMAN'S (J. Y.) Wiltshire Tales, illustrative of the Manners, Customs, and Dialect of that and adjoining Counties. 12mo, cloth. 2s 6d
- ALFRED (KING)-Memorials of King Alfred, being Essays on the History and Antiquities of England during the Ninth Century—the Age of King Alfred. By various Authors. Edited and in part written by the Rev. Dr. GILES. Royal 8vo, pp. 400, coloured plate of K. Alfred's Jewel, seven plates of Anglo-Saxon Coins, and views of Grimbald's Crypt, cloth, 7s 6d
- ALLIES (JABEZ, F.S.A.) The Ancient British, Roman, and Saxon Antiquities and Folk-Lore of Worcestershire. 8vo, pp. 500, with 6 plates and 40 woodcuts, Second Edition, cloth. 7s 6d (original price 14s)
 - "The good people of Worcestershire are indebted to Mr. Jabez Allies for a very handsome volume illustrative of the history of their native county. His book, which treats On the Ancient British, Roman, and Saxon Antiquities and Foll-lore of Worcestershire, has now reached a second edition; and as Mr. Allies has embodied in this, not only the additionary and by him to the original work, but also and as Mr. Allies has embouled in this, not only the additions made by him to the original work, but also several separate publications on points of folk-lore and legendary interest, few counties can boast of a more industriously or carefully compiled history of what may be called its popular antiquities. The work is very handsomely illustrated."—Notes and Queries.

LOBEIRA, translated from the Spanish version of GARCIORDONEZ DE MONTALVO by ROBT. SOUTHEY. A new edition in 3 vols, fcap. 8vo, cloth. 15s.

Large Paper. 3 vols, post 8vo, £1. 2s 6d

- Amadis of Gaul is among prose, what Orlando Furioso is among metrical romances; not the oldest of its kind, but the best.
- AMYE ROBSART and the EARL of Leicester: a Critical Inquiry into the Authenticity of the various Statements in relation to the Death of Amye Robsart, and of the Libels on the Earl of Leicester, with a Vindication of the Earl by his Nephew Sir Philip Sydney: with a History of Kenilworth Castle, including an Account of the splendid entertainment given to Queen Elizabeth, by the Earl of Leicester, in 1575, from the Works of Robert Lancham and George Gascoigne: together with Memiors and Corres-pondence of Sir Robert Dudley, Son of the Earl of Leicester. By GEORGE ADLARD, author of "The Sutton-Dudleys of England." A handsome vol 820 pm A handsome vol, 8vo, pp. 368, with fine plates, cloth. 12s
- ANCIENT ROLLS of ARMS, No 1. Glover's Roll of the Reign of Henry III, Edited by George J. Armytage, F.S.A. 4to, with frontispiece of Shields, sewed. 48
- No. 2.—Roll of the Reigns of Henry III. and Edward I. By N. CHARLES, Lan-caster Herald. Edited by GEORGE J. ARMYTAGE, F.S.A. Small 4to, frontispiece of Arms. 10s
- ANDERSON (WM.) Genealogy Surnames, with some Heraldic and Biographical Notices. 8vo, woodcuts of Arms and Seals, cloth. 3s 6d (original price (eð
- ANECDOTA LITERARIA, a Collection of Short Poems in English, Latin, and French, illustrative of the Literature and History of England in the XIIIth Century, and more especially of the Condition and Manners of the Different Classes of Society, Edited by THOMAS WRIGHT, M.A. 8vo, cloth, only 250 copies printed.
- ANGLING .- BLAKEY (ROBERT) Historical Sketches of the Angling Literature of all Nations, to which is added a Billiography of English Writers on Angling, by J. R. Smith. Fcap. 8vo, cloth. 5s

- ANGLING.—SMITH (J. R.) A Biblio-graphical Catalogue of English Writers on Angling and Ichthyology, (reprinted Printed, for the first time, from a MS. in from the foregoing). Post 8vo. 1s 6d
- ANGLOSAXON.—A Compendious Anglo-Saxon and English Dictionary, by the Rev. J. Bosworth, D.D., F.R.S., &c., Anglo-Saxon Professor in the University of Oxford. 8vo, closely printed in treble columns. 12s

This is not a mere abridgment of the large dictionary, but almost entirely a new work. In this compendious one will be found, at a very moderate price, all that is most practical and valuable in the former expensive edition of 1838, with a great accession of new words and matter."—Author's Prepare.

- ANGLO-SAXON.--VERNON'S (E. J., B.A., Oxon) Guide to the Anglo-Saxon Tongue, on the Basis of Professor Rask's Grammar; to which are added Reading Lessons in Verse and Prose, with Notes, for the Use of Learners. 12mo, cloth. 5s "Mr. Vernon has, we think, acted wisely in taking Rask for his model: but let no one suppose from the title that the book is merely a compilation from the work of that philologist. The accidence is abridged work of that philologist. The accidence is abridged from Rask, with constant revision, correction, and modification; but the syntax, a most important portion of the book, is original, and is compiled with great care and skill; and the latter half of the volume consists of a well-chosen selection of extracts from Anglo-Saxon writers, in prose and in verse, for the practice of the student, who will find great assistance in reading them from the grammatical notes with which they are accompanied, and from the glossary which follows them. This volume, well studied, will enable anyone to read with ease the generality of Anglo-Saxon writers. — Literary Gazette.
- ANGLO-SAXON. Analecta Anglo-Saxonica: a Selection in Prose and Verse, from Anglo-Saxon Authors of various Ages; with a Glossary. Designed chiefly as a first book for students. By Benjamin Thorpe, F.S.A. A new Edition with corrections and improvements. Post 8vo, cloth. 7s 6d
- ANGLO-SAXON .- A Delectus; Serving as a First Class-Book to the Language, by the Rev. W. BARNES, B.D., of St. John's College, Cambridge. 12mo, cloth. 2s 6d
 - "To those who wish to possess a critical knowledge of their own Native English, some acquaintance with Anglo-Saxon is indispensable; and we have never seen an introduction better calculated than the preseen an introduction better calculated than the present to supply the wants of a beginner in a short space of time. The declensions and conjugations are well stated, and illustrated by reference to Greek, the Latin, French, and other languages. A philosophical spirit prevades every part. The Delectus consists of short places on various subjects, with extracts from Angla-Saxon History and the Saxon Chronicle. There is a good Glossary at the end."—ATHENÆUM.
- ANGLO-SAXON.—Introduction to Auglo-Saxon Reading, comprising Ælfric's Homily on the Birthday of St. Gregory, with a Copious Glossary, &c., by L. Langley, F.L.S. 12mo, cloth. 2s 6d Ælfric's Homily is remarkable for beauty of composi-tion, and interesting, as setting forth Augustine's mission to the "Land of the Angles."

the Cottonian Library, with a Translation and Notes by Charles Wycliffe Good-WIN, M.A., Fellow of Catherine Hall, Cambridge. 12mo, cloth. 5s

- ANGLO-SAXON VERSION of the Hexameron of St. Basil, and the Anglo-Saxon Remains of St. Basil's Admonitio ad Filium Spiritualem. Now first printed from MSS. in the Bodleian Library, with Translation and Notes by the Rev. H. W. NORMAN. 8vo, second edition, enlarged, sewed. 48
- ANGLO.SAXON.—Narratiunculæ Anglice Conscripta. De pergamenis exscribebat notis illustrabat eruditis copiam, faciebat T. OSWALD COCKAYNE, M.A. 8vo. 5s

Containing Alexander the Great's Letter to Aristotle on the situation of India—Of wonderful things in the East—The Passion of St. Margaret the Virgin—Of the Generation of Man, &c.

- ANGLO-SAXON.—A FRAGMENT of Ælfric's Anglo-Saxon Grammar, Ælfric's Glossary, and a Poem on the Soul and Body, of the XIIth Century, discovered among the Archives of Worcester Cathedral, by Sir Thomas Phillipps, Bart. Folio, PRIVATELY PRINTED, sewed. 18 6d
- ANGLO-SAXON and GOTHIC. Four Versions of the Holy Gospels, viz., in Gothic, A.D. 360; Anglo-Saxon, 995; Wycliffe, 1389; and Tyndale, 1526, in parallel columns, with Preface and Notes by the Rev. Dr. Bosworth, Professor of Anglo-Saxon in the University of Oxford. assisted by George Waring, M.A., of Cambridge and Oxford. One vol, 8vo, above 600 pages, cloth. 12s 6d
 - A very low price has been fixed to ensure an extended sale among students and higher schools.
 - "The texts are printed in four parallel columns, and very great care appears to have been taken in their collation and correction."—ATHENABUM.
 - "We heartily welcome this volume, brought out with We heartily welcome this volume, brought out with so much care and ability. It does credit to the printers of the University. The work is scholarlike, and is a valuable contribution to the materials for Biblical Criticism. We heartily commend it to the study of all who are interested either in the philology of the English language, over the history and formation of our Authorized Version."—The Christian Remembrance, & Charlet Review. Quarterly Review.
 - "It may almost be a question, whether the present It may almost be a question, whether the present volume possesses greater interest for the divine or for the philologist. To the latter it must certainly be interesting from the opportunity which it affords him of marking the gradual development of our language. The four versions of the Gospel, . . . with a learned and instructive preface, and a few necessary notes, form a volume, the value and importance of which need scarcely be insisted upon."—NOTES AMD QUERIES.

ARCHÆOLOGIA CAMBRENSIS. —A Record of the Antiquities, Historical, Genealogical, Topographical, and Architectural, of Wales and its Marches. First Series, complete, 4 vols, 8vo, many plates and woodcuts, cloth. £2, 28

Odd Parts may be had to complete Sets.

- ARCHÆOLOGICAL INSTITUTE. Report of the Transactions of the Annual Meeting of the Archæological Institute held at Chichester, July, 1853. 8vo, many plates and woodcuts, cloth. 7s 6d Printed uniformly with the other Annual Congresses of the Institute.
- ARCHER FAMILIES. Memorials of Families of the Surname of Archer in various Counties of England, and in Scotland, Ireland, Barbadoes, America, &c. By Capt J. H. LAWRENCE ARCHER, 4to, but few copies printed, cloth. 12s 6d
- ARCHERY.—Toxophilus; the School of Shooting (the first English Treatise on Archery.) By ROGER ASCHAM, reprinted from the Rev. Dr. Giles's Edition of Ascham's Whole Works. Fcap. 8vo. cloth.
- ARTHUR (KING). La Mort d'Arthur-The History of King Arthur and the Knights of the Round Table. Compiled by Sir THOMAS MALORY, Knight. Edited fron the Edition of 1634, with Introduction and Notes, by THOMAS WRIGHT, M.A., F.S.A. 3 vols. Fcp. 8vo, second and revised edition. cloth. 15s.

-Large paper, 3 vols, post 8vo, cloth. £1. 2s 6d

- The only uncastrated edition. Several others have aphe only uncastrated edition. Several others have ap-peared since this was published, but they all have been abridged or adapted to the capacity of young ladies and gentlemen. It is the storehouse of the legends which Tennyson, Morris, Westwood, Lytton, and others have turned into Poetry.
- ASCHAM (ROGER)—The Whole Works OF ROGER ASCHAM, now first collected and revised, with Life of the Author. By the Rev. Dr. GILES, formerly Fellow of C. C. C., Oxford. 4 vols. fcp. 8vo, cloth. £1.
- LARGE PAPER, 4 vols, post 8vo, cloth. £1. 10s
 - Ascham is a great name in our national literature. He was one of the first founders of a true English style in prose composition, and of the most respectable and useful of our scholars.—Retrospective Review.
- AUBREY'S (JOHN, the Wiltshire Antiquary) MISCELLANIES. FOURTH EDITION. With some Additions and an Index. Fcp. 8vo, portrait and cuts, cloth. 4s

CONTENTS: Day Fatality, Fatalities of Families and Places, Portents, Omens, Dreams, Apparitions, Voices, Impulses, Knockings, Invisible Blows,

Prophecies, Miracles, Magic, Transportation by an Invisible Power, Visions in a Crystal, Converse with Angels, Corpse Candles, Oracles, Ecstany, Second Sight, &c.; with an Appendix, containing his Introduction to the Survey of North Wiltshire.

- AUTOBIOGRAPHY of JOSEPH LISTER (a Nonconformist), of Bradford, Yorkshire, with a contemporary account of the Defence of Bradford and Capture of Leeds, by Parliamentarians, in 1642. Edited by Thos. Wright, F.S.A. 8vo, cloth. 28
- AUTOBIOGRAPHY of Thomas Wright, of Birkenshaw, in the County of York, 1736-1797. Edited by his Grandson, THOMAS WRIGHT, M.A., F.S.A. Fcp. 8vo. pp. 376, cloth. 5s

Particularly interesting about Bradford, Leeds, Halifax, and their neighbourhoods, and a curious picture of manners and persons in the middle of the last

- AUTOGRAPHICAL MISCELLANY: A Collection of Autograph Letters, Interesting Documents, &c., executed in facsimile by FREDK. NETHERCLIFT, each facsimile accompanied with a page of letter-press by R. Srms, of the British Museum. Roy. 4to, A HANDSOME VOL, extra cloth. £1. 1s (original price £1, 16s)
 - (original price £1. 16s)

 Containing sixty examples of hitherto unpublished Letters and Documents of Blake, Boileau, Buonaparte, Burns, Calvin, Camden, Carrier, Catherine de Medicis, Charles I., Chatterton, Congreve, Crammer, Cromwell, Danton, D'Aubigne, Dryden, Edward VI., Elizabeth, Elizabeth (sister of Louis XVI.), Franklin, Gaillei, Glover, Goethe, Goldsmith, Henry VIII., Hyde (Anne), James II., Jonson, Kepler, Kotzebua, Latimer, Loyola, Louis XVI., Louis XVI., Luther, Maintenon, Maria Antoinette, Marlborough, Marmontel, Mary Queen of Scots, Melancthon, Newton, Penn, Pompadour, Pole (Cardinal), Raleigh, Ridley, Robespierre, Rousseau, Rubens, Sand, Schiller, Spenser, Sterne, Tasso, Voltaire, Walpole (Horace), Washington, Wolfe, Wolsey, Wren, and Young.

 For the interesting nature of the documents, this collection far excels all the previous ones. With two exceptions (formerly badly executed), they have never been published before.

- AUTOGRAPHS .-- A Hand-book to Autographs, being a Ready Guide to the Handwriting of Distinguished Men and Women of every Nation, designed for the Use of Literary Men, Autograph Collectors, and others. Executed by FREDERICK GEO. NETHERCLIFT. 8vo, above 700 specimens, cloth. 10s 6d
- Printed upon one side only. 8vo, cloth. 15s The specimens contain two or three lines each besides The specimens contain two or three lines each besides the signature, so that to the historian such a work will recommend itself as enabling him to test the genuineness of the document he consults, whilst the judgment of the autograph collector may be similarly assisted, and his pecuniary resources economized by a judicious use of the "Manual." To the bookworm, whose name is "legion," it may be observed that daily experience teaches us the great value and interest attached to books containing "marginal notes" and "memoranda," when traced to be from the pens of eminent persons. the pens of eminent persons.

AUTOGRAPH SOUVENIR; a Col-|BARNES (Rev. W.) Tiw; or a View lection of Autograph Letters, Interesting Documents, &c., Selected from the British Museum, and from other sources, Public and Private, executed in facsimile by FRE-DERICK GEO. NETHERCLIFT, with Letterpress Transcriptions and occasional Translations, &c., by RICHARD SIMS, of the British Museum. 4to, cloth, a handsome volume, gilt leaves. £2. 2s

The examples are different from any other collection.



ANKS' (Sir T. C.) Baronia Anglia, of all the Baronies called Baronies in Fee, deriving their Origin

from Writ of Summons, and not from any Specific Limited Creation, showing the Descent and Line of Heirship. as well of those Families mentioned by Sir William Dugdale, as of those whom that celebrated Author has omitted to notice: interspersed with Interesting Notices and Explanatory Remarks. Remarks. Whereto is added, the proofs of Parliamentary Sitting, from the Reign of Edward I. to Queen Anne; also, a Glossary of Dormant English, Scotch, and Irish Peerage Titles, with reference to presumed existing Heirs. 2 vols, 4to, cloth. 158 (original price £3. 3s)

LARGE PAPER COPY (very few printed). 2 vols. £1. 1s

- A book of great research, by the well-known author of the "Dormant and Extinct Peerage," and other heraldic and historical works. Those fond of genea-logical pursuits ought to secure a copy while it so cheap. It may be considered a supplement to his former works. Vol. ii, pp. 210-300, contains an His-torical Account of the first Settlement in Nova Scotia, and the foundation of Nova Scotia Baronets, distinguishing those who had seizin of lands there.
- BARBER (G. D., commonly called Barber-Beaumont) Suggestions on the Ancient Britons, in 3 parts. Thick 8vo, cloth. 7s 6d (original price 14s)
- BARKER.—Literary Anecdotes and Contemporary Reminiscences of Professor Porson and others, from the Manuscript Papers of the late E. H. Barker, Esq., of Thetford, Norfolk, with an Original Memoir of the Author. 2 vols, 8vo,
 - A singular book, full of strange stories and jests. Only 120 copies were printed.
- BARNES' (Rev. William, of Came Rectory, Dorchester) A Philological Grammar, grounded upon English, and formed from a comparison of more than Sixty Languages. Being an Introduction to the Science of Grammars of all Languages, especially English, Latin, and Greek. 8vo, (pp. 322), cloth. 9s

- of the Roots and Stems of the English as a Teutonic Tongue. Fcap. 8vo, cloth. 5s
 - "I hold that my primary roots are the roots of all the Teutonic languages; and, if my view is the true one, it must ultimately be taken up by the German and other Teutonic grammarians, and applied to their languages."—The Author.
- BARNES' (Rev. W.) Early England and the Saxon English; with some Notes on the Father Stock of the Saxon English. the Frisians. Fcap. 8vo, cloth. 3s
- BARNES' (Rev. W.) Notes on Ancient Briton and the Britons. Fcap. 8vo,
 - "Mr. Barnes has given us the result of his collection for a course of Lectures on the subject, and has produced a series of Sketches of the Ancient Britons, their language, laws, modes of life, and of their social state as compared with that of the Saxons, which will be read with considerable interest."— Notes and Queries.
- BARNES' (Rev. W.) Views of Labour and Gold. Fcp. 8vo, cloth. 3s
 - "The title, 'Views of Labour and Gold,' cannot be said to indicate the scope of the Essays, which open with pictures of primitive life, and pass on, through an agreeably diversified range of topics, to consideraan agreeaby diversined range of topics, to considera-tions of the rights, duties, and interests of Capital and Labour, and to the enquiry, What constitutes the utility, wealth, and positive well-being of a nation? Subjects of this class are rarely handled with so firm a grasp and such light and artistic manipulation.
- BERKSHIRE.—History and Antiquities of the Hundred of Bray, in Berkshire. By the Rev. CHAS. KELLY. 8vo. cloth. 7s 6d
 - The same, with 10 folding pedigrees, cloth. 10s 6d
- Berkshire.— Windsor.— Annals of Windsor, being a History of the Castle and Town, with some Account of Eton and Places Adjacent. By R. R. TIGHE and J. E. Davis, Esqs. In 2 thick vols, royal 8vo, illustrated with many engravings, coloured and plain, extra cloth, £1. 5s (original price £4. 4s)
 - "We have read, not indeed every word, but not much less than the whole of this book, with a satisfaction which we think every one will share who has given any serious study or attention to English history, and with a strong impression of the goodtaste, industry, and literary skill of the authors. . . . We have chosen only one or two illustrations of the contents of the 'Annals of Windsor,' in order to show their historical value; but they furnish a vast quantity of information, possessing much general and literary interest, at which our space will not allow us even to glance." —The Saturday Review.
 - "Windsor is a grand subject! The historian, the poet, the artist, the statesman, the soldier, the courtier, the player,—from mantled king to gaping citizen,—there does not exist a man who is not interested in this old pile, its vicinity, and its traditions. These volumes may be consulted with good result by any one anxious to discover any circumstance, important or trivial, concerning Windsor, which has been recorded."—The Albertanum.

BEDFORD'S (Rev. W. K. Riland) The Blazon of Episcopacy, being a complete List of the Archbishops and Bishops of England and Wales, and their Family Arms, drawn and described, from the first introduction of Heraldry to the present time. Svo, 144 pages, and 62 pages of drawings of Arms, cloth. 15s
This work depicts the arms of a great number of English Families not to be found in other works.

This work depicts the arms of a great number of English Families not to be found in other works.

There has been an amount of industry bestowed upon this curious work which is very creditable to the author, and will be found beneficial to all who care for the subject on which it has been employed."—
ATHENARUM.

BERRY'S (W.) Pedigrees and Arms of the Nobility and Gentry of Hertfordshire. Folio (only 125 printed), bds. £1. 10s (original price £3. 10s)

BIBLIOTHEQUE ASIATIQUE et Africane, ou Catalogue des Ouvrages relatifs a l'Asie et a l'Afrique qui ont paru jusqu'en 1700, par H. TERNAUX-COMPANS. 8vo, avec supplement et index, sewed. 10s 6d

**BIBLIA PAUPERUM." One of the earliest and most curious BLOOK BOOKS, reproduced in facsimile from a copy in the British Museum, by J. Ph. BERJEAU. Royal 4to, half bound. £2. 2s.

As a specimen of the earliest woodcuts and of printedblock-books, destined to supersede the manuscripts anterior to the valuable invention of Guttenberg, the BIBLLA PAUPERUM is well worthy the attention of the amateur of Fine Arts as well as of the Bibliographer. It consists of 40 engravings, printed on one side only of the leaves, and disposed so as to have the figures opposite to each other.

The engravings were printed by friction, with a substance of a brownish colour instead of printing ink, which was unknown at this early period. To imitate as nearly as possible the original, the plates in this facsimile are disposed opposite each other, and printed in a brownish colour. Various editions of this Block-Book have been discovered, without any writer being able to say which is the first one. A review of them is given in the printed Introduction of the book.

Besides the rhymed Latin Poetry—of which part was given by Heinecken, and after him by Ottley—the Introduction gives, for the first time, the whole of the Text printed on both sides in the upper compartment, as well as an English Explanation of the subject.

Only 250 copies have been printed, uniformly with Mr. S. Leigh Sotheby's Principia Typographica.

BLOOMFIELD.—Selection from the Correspondence of Robert Bloomfield, the Suffolk Poet. Edited by W. H. HART, F.S.A. 8vo, pp. 28, sewed. 1s 6d

BROOKE (R.) A Descriptive Account of Liverpool, as it was during the last Quarter of the XVIIIth Century, 1775—1800. A handsome vol, royal 8vo, with illustrations, cloth. 12s 6d (original price £1.5s)

BROOKE (RICHARD, F.S.A.) Visits to Fields of Battle in England, of the XVth Century, with some Miscellaneous Tracts and Papers, principally upon Archæological Subjects. Royal 8vo, plates, cloth.

The work contains a descriptive account of the scenes of most of the memorable conflicts in the Wars of York and Lancaster, comprising the celebrated battles of Shrewsbury, Blore Heath, Northampton, Wakefield, Mortimer's Cross, Towton, Earnet, Tewkesbury, Bosworth, and Stoke, and genealogical and other particulars of the powerful, warlike, and distinguished personages who were the principal actors in those stirring and eventful times, with plans of some of the fields of Battle, and an Appendix containing the principal Acts of Attainder relative to the Wars of the Roses, and Lists of the Noblemen, Knights, and other personages attainted by them.

BUCKHURST (LORD) The Dramatic and Poetical Works of Thomas Sackville Lord Buckhurst, and Earl of Dorset With Introduction and Life by the present LORD BUCKHURST. Fcap. 8vo, cloth, fine portrait from a picture at Buckhurst, now first engraved. 4s.

BURKE'S (JOHN) GENEALOGICAL and Heraldic History of the Extinct and Dormant Baronetcies of England, Ireland, and Scotland. Medium 8vo, SECOND EDITION, 638 closely printed pages, in double columns, with about 1000 Arms engraved on wood, fine port. of JAMES I., cloth. 10s (original price £1. 8s)

This work engaged the attention of the author for several years, comprises nearly a thousand families, many of them amongst the most ancient and eminent in the kingdom, each carried down to its representatives still existing, with elaborate and minute details of the alliances, achievements, and fortunes, generation after generation, from the earliest to the latest period.

BURN'S (J. S.) History of Parish Registers in England, and Registers of Scotland, Ireland, the Colonies, Episcopal Chapels in and about London, the Geneva Register of the Protestant Refugees, with Biographical Notes, etc. Second edition, greatly enlarged, 8vo, cloth. 10s 6d

BURN'S (J. S.) The High Commission, Notices of the Court and its Proceedings. 8vo, cloth, only 100 printed. 3s.

BURN'S (J. S.) The Star Chamber.— Notices of the Court and its Proceedings, with a few Additional Notes on the High Commission. 8vo, cloth. 5s

Legends of Calais, with Sketches of Emigré Notabilities, and Memoirs of Lady Hamilton. Post. 8vo, with frontispiece and vignette, cloth.

A very interesting book on England's first Colony, the only English book written on this singular place.

- CAMDEN'S (WILLIAM) REMAINS
 Concerning Britain. Fcp. 8vo, fine portrait, cloth. 6s
 - The eighth edition of this interesting volume by Camden, the famous Antiquary, consisting of little essays and scraps, which did not come within the scope of his "Britannia."
- CARDWELL (REV. DR., Professor of Ancient History, Oxford) Lectures on the Coinage of the Greeks and Romans, delivered in the University of Oxford. 8vo, cloth. 4s (original price 8s 6d)
 - 4 A very interesting historical volume, and written in a pleasing and popular manner.
- CARTWRIGHT.—Memoirs of the Life, Writings, and Mechanical Inventions of Edmund Cartwright, D.D., F.R.S., Inventor of the Power Loom, &c. Edited by E. H. STRICKLAND. Post 8vo, engravings, boards. 2s 6d (original price 10s 6d)
 - It contains some interesting literary history, Dr. Cartwright numbering among his correspondents, Sir W. Jones, Crabbe, Sir H. Davy, Fulton, Sir S. Raffles, Langhorne, and others. He was no mean Poet, as his legendary tale of "Armine and Elvira" (given in the Appendix) testifies. Sir W. Scott says jt contains some excellent poetry, expressed with unusual felicity.
- CRATTO (W. A., Author of "Jackson's History of Wood Engravings") Facts and Speculations on the History of PLAYING CARDS in Europe. 8vo, profusely illustrated with engravings, both plain and coloured, cloth. £1. 1s
 - "The inquiry into the origin and signification of the suits and their marks, and the heraldic, theological, and political emblems pictured from time to time, in their changes, opens a new field of antiquarian interest; and the perseverance with which Mr. Chatto has explored it, leaves little to be gained by his successors. The plates with which the volume is enriched add considerably to its value in this point of view. It is not to be denied that, take it altogether, it contains more matter than has ever before been collected in one view upon the same subject. In spite of its faults it is exceedingly amusing; and the most critical reader cannot fail to be entertained by the variety of curious outlying learning Mr. Chatto has somehow contrived to draw into the investigation."
- "THE GAME OF THE CHESSE," the First Book printed in England by William Caxton, reproduced in facsimile from a copy in the British Museum, with a few Remarks on Caxton's Typographical Productions by Vincent Figgins. 4to, pp. 184, with 23 curious woodcuts, half morocco, uncut. £1. 18—or, in antique calf, with bevelled boards and carmine edges. £1. 8s
 - Frequently as we read of the works of Caxton and the early English Printers, and of their Black Letter Books, very few persons ever had the opportunity of seeing any of these productions, and forming a proper estimate of the ingeunity and skill of those who first practised the "Noble Art of Printing."
 - THE TYPE HAS BEEN CAREFULLY IMITATED, AND THE WOODCUTS FACSIMILED BY MISS BYFIELD. The Paper and Watermarks have also been made expressly, as near as possible, like the original: and the book is accompanied by a few remarks of a practical nature, which have been suggested during the progress of the fount, and the necessary study and comparison of

- Caxton's Works with those of his contemporaries in Germany, by Mr. V. Figgins, who spent two years' "labour of love" in cutting the matrixes for the type.
- entific Subjects, illustrative of the Progress of Science in England. Temp. Elizabeth to Charles II. Edited by J. O.
 - HALLIWELL. 8vo, cloth. 3s
 Comprising letters of Digges, Dee, Tycho Brahe, Lower, Hariott, Lydyatt, Sir W. Petty, Sir C. Cavendish, Brancker, Pell, etc.; also the Autobiography of Sir Sanuel Morland, from a MS. in Lambeth Palace, Nat. Tarpoley's Corrector Analyticus, etc.
- GOMBERBACH FAMILY. Collection for a Genealogical Account of the Family of Comberbach (of Cheshire, etc.) By G. W. MARSHALL. 8vo, plate of Arms, &c., cloth. 5s
- CORNWALL. Footprints of Former Men in Far Cornwall (Sketches of Places, Men, and Manners). By the Rev. R. S. HAWKER, Vicar of Morwenstow, Author of "Cornish Ballads," etc. Crown 8vo, cloth. 5s
- CORNWALL. HALLIWELL'S (J. O.)
 Rambles in Western Cornwall, by the
 Footsteps of the Giants; with Notes on
 the Celtic Remains of the Land's End
 District and the Isles of Scilly. Fcp. 4to,
 elegantly printed by Whittingham, cloth.
 78 6d
- of Penzance) The Land's End District.
 its Antiquities, Natural History, Natural
 Phenomena, and Scenery; also a Brief
 Memoir of Richard Trevithick, C. E.
 8vo, maps, plates, and woodcuts, cloth.
 7s Gd
- CORNWALL.—KYNANCE COVE; or, The Cornish Smugglers, A Tale of the Last Century. By W. B. Forfar, Author of "Pentowan," "Pengersick Castle," etc., Fcp. 8vo, boards. 2s
- CORNWALL.—PEDLER (E. H., of Liskeard) The Anglo-Saxon Episcopate of Cornwall, with some Account of the Bishops of Crediton. 8vo, cloth. 3s 6d (original price 7s 6d)
- COSIN'S (MR., Sccretary to the Commissioners of Forfeited Estates) Names of the Roman Catholics, Non Jurors, and others, who Refused to take the Oaths to King George I., together with their Titles, Additions, Places of Abode, the Parishes and Townships where their Lands lay, the Names of the then Tenants, and the Annual Value of them as returned by themselves. Reprinted from the Edition of 1745. 8vocloth. 5s

A curious book for the Topographer and Genealogic

CRASHAW. - The Poetical Works of DURHAM. - RAINE (REV. JAMES) RIGHARD CRASHAW, Author of "Steps to the Temple," "Sacred Poems, with other Delights of the Muses," and "Poe-mata," now first collected. Edited by W. B. TURNBULL. Fcp. 8vo, cloth. 5s.

"He seems to have resembled Herbert in the turn of mind, but possessed more fancy and genius."—ELLIS.

EFOR.—The Life and Times of Daniel De Foe, with Remarks, Digressive and Discursive. By WILL. CHADWICK. 8vo, pp. 472,

portrait, cloth. 5s. (original price 10s 6d)

DERBYSHIRE.-BATEMAN'S (Thos., of Youlgrave, Derbyshire) Vestiges of the Antiquities of Derbyshire, and the Sepulchral Usages of its Inhabitants, from the most Remote Ages to the Reformation. 8vo, with numerous woodcuts of Tumuli and their contents, Crosses, Tombs, &c., cloth.

DERBYSHIRE.—BIGSBY's (ROBERT, M.A., LL.D.) Historical and Topographical Description of Repton, in the County of Derby, with Incidental View of objects of note in its Vicinity. 4to, a handsome volume, with SEVENTY illustrations on copper, stone, and wood, cloth. 18s (original price £3. 3s)

DEVON.-KING'S (R. J). The Forest of Dartmoor and its Borders in Devonshire, an Historical Sketch. Foolscap 8vo, cloth. 3s

DORSET.—WARNE'S (CHARLES, F.S.A.) The Celtic Tumuli of Dorset; and Account of Personal and other Researches in the Sepulchral Mounds of the Durotriges. Folio, plates and woodcuts, cloth. £1. 10s

DRUMMOND'S (WILLIAM, Of Hawthornden) Poetical Works. Now first published entire. Edited by W. B. TURN-BULL. Fcp. 8vo, fine portrait, cloth, 5s

"The sonnets of Drummond," says Mr. Hallam, "are polished and elegant, free from conceit and bad taste, and in pure unblemished English."

DURHAM.-RAINE (REV. JAMES) History and Antiquities of North Durham, as subdivided into the Shires of Norham, Island, and Bedlington, which from the Saxon period until 1844 constituted part of the County of Durham, but are now united to Northumberland. BOTH Parts complete, folio, fine plates (wanting 2 plates in the first part) bds. £1.5s

Part II. (wanting by many Subscribers) 18s. LARGE PAPER. quite complete. £1. 18

Historical Account of the Episcopal Castle or Palace of Auckland. Royal 4to, fine views, portraits, and seals, cloth. 10s 6d (original price £1. 18)

DURHAM.—Illustrations of the Architectural Antiquities of the County of Durham, Ecclesiastical, Castellated, and Domestic. By R. W. BILLINGS. 4to, 61 fine plates, bds. £1. 1s (original price £2. 2s)

3

ARLY POPULAR POETRY.— POETRY OF ENGLAND, collected and edited by W. CABEW HAZLITT. 4 vols, fcp. 8vo, with many curious woodcut

faceimiles, cloth. £1 - Large Paper, 4 vols, post 8vo, cioli.

ELLIS'S (W. SMITH) Antiquities of Heraldry, collected from Literature, Coins, Gems, Vases, and other Monuments of Pre-Christian and Mediæval Times; with a Catalogue of EARLY ARMORIAL SEALS; tending to show that Modern Heraldry embodies or is derived from the Religious Symbols, the Military Devices, and the Emblems of the Heathen Deities of Antiquity. A handsome volume, 8vo, pp. 300, with 20 plates, cloth. 10s (original

Ellises of England, Scotland, and Ireland, including the Families of Alis, Fitz-Elys, Helles, &c. By W. SMITH ELLIS, of the Middle Temple. 8vo, arms and plates, (very few printed) cloth. £1. 18

ENGLAND as seen by Foreigners in the Days of Elizabeth and James and the First, comprising Translations of the Journals of the two Dukes of Wirtemberg in 1592 and 1610, both illustrative of Shakespeare. With Extracts from the Travels of Foreign Princes and others. With Copious Notes, an Introduction, and Etchings. By WILLIAM BRENCHLEY RYE, Assistant Keeper of the Department of Printed Books, British Museum. Thick foolscap 4to, elegantly printed by Whittingham, extra cloth. 158

"This curious volume has been the labour of a scholar's love, and will be read with ease by all. The idea of assembling the testimonies of foreign visitors, and showing us how we appeared to others in the days of Pess, by way of contrast and comparison to the aspect we present in the days of Victoria, was one which involved much arduous research. Mr.

Rye had had no predecessor.

He has not only added an introduction to the works he assembles and translates, but has enriched them with some hundred pages of notes on all kinds of subjects, exhibiting a wide and minute research.—Fortnightly Review. (G. H. Lzwes.) A book replete both with information and amusement, furnishing a series of very curious pictures of England in the Olice Times."—Notes and Queries.

ENGLISH COINS. - A Guide to the Study and Arrangement of English Coins. By H. W. HENFREY, Member of the Numismatic Society of London. With plates and woodcuts, post 8vo, cloth. 7s 6d

A very useful and compendious History of English Coins, and what will interest collectors, it gives the price the rarest coins have sold for in auctions of late years.

ENGLISH RETRACED, or Remarks on the "Breeches" Bible (the Genevan Version) and the English of the present day. Post 8vo, cloth. 2s (pub at 5s)
An ingenious and instructive volume, the result of a good deal of reading.

RPITAPHS-NORFOLK'S (H. E.) Gleanings in Graveyards: a Collection of Curious Epitaphs. Third Edition, revised and enlarged, fcap. 8vo, cloth. 3s

EPITAPHS. - A Collection of Curious and Interesting Epitaphs copied from the Monuments of Distinguished and Noted Characters in the Ancient Church and Burial Grounds of Saint Pancras, Middlesex. By F. T. CANSICK. Post 8vo, plates, cloth. 78 6d

-LARGE PAPER, 4to, cloth. 15s

TOL II (Completing the Parish of St Pancras, including Highgate Cemetery). Post 8vo, cloth. 7s 6d -LARGE PAPER 4to, cloth. 15s

ESSAYS on the DRAMA. BY W. BONHAM DONNE (the present Licenser of Plays). Post 8vo, cloth. 2s (original price 68)

CONTENTS: — Athenian Comedy; Beaumont and Fletcher; Plays and their Providers; Songs from the Dramatists: The Drama; Charles Kerable: The Drama Past and Present; Popular Amusements.

ESSEX.—HADFIELD (JAMES, Architect) Ecclesiastical Architecture of the County of Essex, from the Norman Era to the Sixteenth Century, with Plans, Eleva-tions, Sections, Details, &c., from a Series of Measured Drawings, and Architectural and Chronological Descriptions. Royal 4to, 80 plates, leather back, cloth sides. £1. 11s 6d

ESSEX.—The Parish of Waltham Abbey, its History and Antiquities. By JAMES MAYNARD. Post 8vo, engravings, sewed, 1s-cloth, 2s

EVANS (JOHN, F.S.A., Secretary to the Numismatic Society) Coins of the Ancient Britons, Arranged and Described. Thick 8vo, many plates, engraved by F. W. Fairholt, F.S.A., and cuts, cloth, a handsome volume. £1. 18

The "Prix de Numismatique" has been awarded by the French Academie des Inscriptions et Belles Lettres, to the author, for this book.



INLAYSON (JAMES) Surnames and Sirenames, the Origin and History of certain Family and History of

cient Right of the Crown to Sanction and Veto the Assumption of Names, and an Historical Account of the Names of Buggey and Bugg. 8vo. 1s 6d (original price 3s 6d)

FRENEAU (PHILIP) Poems on Various Subjects, but chiefly illustrative of the Events and Actors in the American War of Independence, reprinted from the rare edition printed at Philadelphia in 1786, with a Preface. Thick fcap. 8vo, elegantly printed, cloth. 6s

Frencau enjoyed the friendship of Adams, Franklin, Jefferson, Madison, and Munroe, and the last three were his constant correspondents while they lived. His Patriotic Songs and Ballads, which were superior to any metrical compositions then written in America, were everywhere sung with enthusiasm. See Griswold's "Poets and Poetry of America," and Duyckinck's "Cyclop. of American Literature."



ILES (REV. DR.) The Writings of the Christians of the Secondary, namely Ash

Aristides, Quadratus, etc., collected and first translated, complete. - 8vo, cloth.

Designed as a continuation of Abp. Wake's Apostolical Epistles, which are those of the first century.

GILES (REV. DR.) Heathen Records to the Jewish Scripture History, containing all the Extracts from the Greek and Latin Writers in which the Jews and Christians are named, collected together and translated into English, with the original Text in juxtaposition. cloth. 7s 6d

GILES (REV. DR.) Codex Apocryphus Novi Testamenti the Uncanonical Gospels and other Writings referring to the First Ages of Christianity, in the original Languages of Arabic, Greek, and Latin, collected together from the editions of Fabricius, Thilo and others. 2 vols. 8vo, cloth. 148

GRENVILLE (HENRY) A Chronological Synopsis of the Four Gospels, on a new plan, with Notes. 8vo, cloth. 1s 6d The most useful and comprehensive Synopsis ever published, it will be found of great utility to Preachers and Students in Divinity.

GUDE AND GODLIE BALLATES, & Compendious Book of Psalms and Spiritual Songs commonly known as "The Gude and Godlie Ballates," Reprinted from Edinburgh edition of 1578, with Introduction, Glossary, etc., by David Laing. Fcp. 8vo, cloth. 7s 6d.

GWYNN AND OTWAY. — A Memorial of Nell Gwynne the Actress, and Thomas Otway the Dramatist. By W. H. HART. 4to. 6d

The Conquest of Britain by the Saxons. A Harmony of the History of the Britons, the Works of Gildas, the "Brit," and the Saxon Chronicle, with reference to the Events of the Fifth and Sixth Centuries. 8vo, plates of Runic

Inscriptions, cloth. 15s

- HAIGH'S (DANIEL HENRY, M.A.) The The Anglo-Saxon Sagas, an Examination of their value as aids to History, serving as a Sequel to "The Conquest of Britain by the Saxons." 8vo, cloth. 8s 6d
 - It analyses and throws new historical evidence on the origin of the Poems of Beowulf, the Lament of Deor, the Saga of Waldhere, Scyld Scefing, the fight at Finnesham, the Story of Horn, the Lay of Hildebrand, etc.
- HALLIWELL'S (J. O., P.R.S., &c.)
 Dictionary of Archaic and Provincial
 Words, Obsolete Phrases, Proverbs, and
 Ancient Customs, from the Reign of
 Edward I. 2 vols, 8vo, containing upwards of 1,000 pages, closely printed in
 double columns, cloth, a new and cheaper
 edition. 15s
 - It contains above 50,000 words (embodying all the known scattered glossaries of the English language), forming a complete key for the reader of our old Poets, Dramatists, Theologians, and other authors, whose works abound with allusions, of which explanations are not to be found in ordinary Dictionaries and books of reference. Most of the principal Archaisms are illustrated by examples selected from early inedited MSS, and rare books, and by far the greater portion will be found to be original authorities.
- HALLIWELL'S (J. O.) The Manuscript Rarities of the University of Cambridge. 8vo, bds. 3s (original price 10s 6d) A companion to Hartshorne's Book Rarities" of the same university.
- HALLIWELL'S (J. O.) A Dictionary of of Old English Plays, existing either in print or in manuscript, from the earliest times to the close of the 17th Century, including also notices of Latin Plays written by English Authors during the same period, with particulars of their Authors, Plots, Characters, &c. 8vo, cloth. 12s

Twenty-five copies have been printed on THICK PAPER, price £1. 18.

HALLIWELL'S (J. O.) Introduction to the Evidences of Christianity. Fcp. 8vo, 2nd Edition, cloth. 1s 6d (original price 3s 6d)

The only book which contains in a popular form the Ancient Heathen unconscious testimonies to the truth of Christlanity.

HANTS.—AN Extension of the Latin text and an English translation of the Domesday Book for HAMPSHIRE, with notes by H. Moody. 4to, cloth. 7s 6d

- HANTS,—BAIGENT (F. J., of Winchester)
 History and Antiquities of the Parish
 Church of Wyke, near Winchester. 8vo,
 engravings. 2s 6d
- HANTS. WILLIAM RUFUS, his
 Tomb in Winchester Cathedral, Account
 of the Opening, &c. By T. W. Richards.
 8vo, 36 pp., 3 plates, sewed. 1s 6d
- HART'S (W. H.) Index Expurgatorius
 Anglicanus, or a Descriptive Catalogue
 of the Principal Books printed or published in England, which have been
 Suppressed, or Burnt by the Common
 Hangman, or Censured, or for which the
 Author, Printer, or Publisher have been
 Prosecuted. 8vo, Part I. 2s
- HARTLIB.—A Biographical Memoir of Samuel Hartlib, Milton's familiar friend, with Bibliographical Notices of Works published by him, and a reprint of his Pamphlet entitled "An Invention of Engines of Motion." By Henry Dircks, C.E., author of the Life of the Marquis of Worcester, &c. Post 8vo, cloth. 3s 6d

To have been the familiar friend of Milton, the correspondent of Boyle and Evelyn, Pepys and Wren,
and to have had the honour of suggesting to Milton
his tract on Education, and of receiving his high praise
in his own lofty and sonorous language, is honour
enough to make Hartlib's name and life worthy of a
special work.

HEARNE. — Relique Hearnianes. The Remains of Thomas Hearne, (the Antiquary) M.A., of Edmund Hall, Oxon, being Extracts from his Diaries. Edited by Dr. P. Bliss, late Principal of St. Mary Hall. Second edition, with additions and a new index. 3 vols, fcp. 8vo, port., cloth. 15s

LARGE PAPER, 3 vols, post 8vo, cloth, £1. 2s 6d

One of the most gossipping diaries that has ever been published more so to those fond of bibliography, biography, and antiquities. Poor Tom's inveterate Jacobinical tendencies often led him into amusing scrapes.

HERALDRY OF SMITH, being a Collection of the Arms borne by, or attributed to most Families of that Surname in Great Britain, Ireland, and Germany, compiled from the Harleian MSS., and other Authentic Sources. By H. Sydney Grazebrook. Small 4to, elegantly printed in antique type by Whittingham, cloth. 15s

The above work contains a correct heraldic description of the Armorial Insignia of nearly every known armigerous Family of the surname of Smith, Smyth, etc., (about 250 in number) and is illustrated with 32 plates,

from a curious manuscript in the Harleian Collection in the British Museum.

A few copies are issued with the Arms coloured, for which early application is necessary. Price £2.25

HERALDRY of SMITH of Scotland with Genealogical Annotations. By F. M. SMITH, Capt., R. A. 4to, 3s 6d Forming a supplement to H. S. Grazebrook's Heraldry of Smith (the previous article.)

HERBERT'S (Hon. Algernon) Cyclops Christianus, or an Argument to disprove the supposed Antiquity of Stonehenge and other Megalithic Erections in England and Brittany. 8vo, cloth. 48 (original price 6s)

HEREFORD.-Helps to Hereford History, Civil and Legendary, in an Ancient Account of the Ancient-Cordwainers' Company of the City, the Mordiford Dragon, and other Subjects. By J. D. DEV-LIN. 12mo, cloth (a curious volume). 3s 6d

HERRICK.—Hesperides, The Poems and other Remains of Robert Herrick, now first collected and edited by W. Carew Hazlitt. 2 vols, fcap. 8vo, frontispiece after Marshall, cloth. 8s.

- LARGE PAPER, 2 vols, post 8vo, cloth.

HOMER.-THE ILIADS OF HOMER,

Prince of Poets, never before in any language truly translated, with a Comment on some of his chief Places. Done according to the Greek by George Chapman, with Introduction and Notes by the Rev. RICHARD HOOPER. 2 vols, sq. fcp. 8vo. Second and REVISED Edition, with portrait of Chapman, and frontispiece. 12s

"The translation of Homer, published by George Chapman, is one of the greatest treasures the English language can boast."—Godwin.
"With Chapman, Pope had frequent consultations, and perhaps never translated any passage till he read his version."—Dr. Johnson.
"He covers his defects with a daring, fiery spirit, that animates his translation, which is something like what one might imagine Homer himself to have writhefore he arrived at years of discretion."—Pobe.

what one might imagine Homer himself to have write before he arrived at years of discretion."—Pople.

"Chapman's translation, with all its defects, is often exceedingly Homeric, which Pope himself seldom obtained."—Hallam.

"Chapman writes and feels as a Poet—as Homer might than the might be hived in Portland in the might

"Chapman writes and feels as a Poet—as Homer might have written had he lived in England in the reign of Queen Elizabeth."—Coleridge.
"I have just finished Chapman's Homer. Did you ever read it!—ti has the most continuous power of interesting you all along. . . . The earnestness and passion which he has put into every part of these poems would be incredible to a reader of a mere modern translation."—Charles Lamb.

HOMER'S ODYSSEY, Translated according to the Greek by GEORGE CHAP-With Introduction and Notes by Rev. RICHARD HOOPER. 2 vols, sq. fcp. 8vo, Second and Revised Edition, with factimile of the rare original frontispiece.

comprising 125 Shields of Arms copied in facsimile HOMER'S Battle of the Frogs and Mice: HESIOD'S Works and Days; MUSEUS'S Hero and Leander; JUVENAL'S Fifth Sa-Translated by George CHAPMAN. Edited by Rev. RICH. HOOPER. Square fcp. 8vo, frontispiece after Pass. 68

"The Editor of these five rare volumes has done an in-calculable service to English Literature by taking George Chapman's folios out of the dust of time hoour of libraries, by collating them with loving care and patience, and through the agency of his enterprising publisher, bringing Chapman entire and complete within the reach of those who can best appreciate and least afford to purchase the early editions."—

HORNE'S (R. H.) Ballad Romances. 12mo, pp. 248, cloth. 3s (orig. price 6s 6d)

"Containing the Noble Heart, a Bohemian Legend; the Monk of Swineshead Abbey, a Ballad Chronicle of the Death of King John; The three Knights of Camelott, a Fairy Tale: The Ballad of Delora, of the Passion of Andrea Como; Bedd Gelert, a Welsh Legend: Ben Capstan, a Ballad of the Night Watch; the Elfe of the Woodlands, a Child's Story.

"Pure fancy of the most abundant and picturesque description. Mr. Horne should write us more fairy tales: we know none to equal him since the days of Drayton and Herrick."—Examiner.

"The opening poem in this volume is a fine one, it is entitled the 'Noble Heart' and not only in title but in treatment well imitates the style of Beaumont and Fletcher."—ATHENEUM.

Fletcher."-ATHENÆUM.

RISH FAMILIES.—D'ALTON'S Illustrations, Historical and Genealogical, of the most ancient FAMI-

LIES of IRELAND (500) Members of which held Commissions in King James's Service in the War of the Revolutions, wherein their respective Origin, Achievements, Forfeitures, and ultimate Destinies, are set forth. 2 thick vols, 8vo. Second Edi-TION, pp. 1400, cloth. £1. 1s

ISLE OF MAN.—HALLIWELL'S (J. O. Roundabout Notes, chiefly upon the Ancient Circles of Stones in the Isle of Man. Fcp. 4to, only 100 printed. 2s

JOHNES (ARTHUR J.) Philological Proofs of the original Unity and Recent Origin of the Human Race, derived from a Comparison of the Languages of Europe, Asia, Africa, and America. 8vo. cloth. 6s (original price 12s 6d)

Printed at the suggestion of Dr. Pritchard, to whose works it will be found a useful supplement.

JONES (REV. H. LONGUEVILLE.) Essays and Papers on Literary and Historical Subjects. 8vo, pp. 291, cloth. 4s 6d (original price 12s)

4" CONTENTS:—How to build a House and Live in it— Something like a Country House—Sketches in old France (Biron and the Bastile. Place de la Greve, Versailles)—Modern Schools of Art in France, Belgium, and Switzerland—The Dutch Critics of the 16th, 17th, and 18th Centuries. Literary Labours of the Benedictines.

illustrative of the Drama, and other Popular Amusements, chiefly in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Cen-

turies, incidentally illustrating Shakespeare and his Contemporaries, Extracted from the Chamberlain's Accounts and cester, with an Introduction and Notes. Post 8vo, plates, cloth. 9s

KENRICK (REV. JOHN. Curator of Antiquities in the Museum at York, author of "Ancient Egypt under the Pharaohs," "History of Phænicia," &c.) Papers on Subjects of Archæology and History communicated to the Yorkshire Philosophical Society. 8vo, cloth. 3s 6d. (Original price 9s.)

CONTENTS.

The Rise, Extension, and Suppression of the Order of Knights Templars in Yorkshire.

Historical Traditions of Pontefract Castle, including an Enquiry into the Place and Manner of Richard the Second's Death.

Second's Death.

Relation of Coins to History, illustrated from Roman Coins found at Methal, in Yorkshire.

The Causes of the Destruction of Classical Literature. The History of the Recovery of Classical Literature. The Reign of Trajan, illustrated by a monument of his reign found at York.

Roman Wax Tablets found in Transylvania.

New Year's Day in Ancient Rome.

KENT.-LAMBARDE'S (WILLIAM. Lawyer and Antiquary) A Perambulation of Kent, containing the Description, Hystorie, and Customs of that Shire. Written in 1576. Thick 8vo, cloth. 5s (original price 12s)

The first county history published, and one of the most amusing and naive old books that can be imagined.

- KENT.—SMITH (J. R.) Bibliotheca Cantiana.—A Bibliographical Account of what has been published on the History Topography, Antiquities, Customs, and Family Genealogy of the County of Kent, with Biographical Notes. 8vo, (pp. 370) with two plates of facsimiles of autographs of 33 eminent Kentish writers. 5s (original price 14s)
- KENT.-Liber Estriæ, or Memorials of the Royal Ville and Parish of Eastry, in the County of Kent. By W. F. Shaw, M.A., Vicar of Eastry. A handsome volume, elegantly printed, 4to, plates, cloth. A handsome
- KENT.—SANDYS' (C.) Critical Dissertation on Professor Willis's "Architectural History of Canterbury Cathedral." 8vo.
 - "Written in no quarrelsome or captious spirit; the highest compliment is paid to Professor Willis where it is due. But the author has made out a clear case, in some very important instances, of inaccuracies that in some very important instances, or inacturates that have led the learned Professor into the construction of serious errors thoughout. It may be considered as an indispensable companion to his volume, containing a great deal of extra information of a very curious kind."—Art-Union.

- ELLY (WM., of Leicester) Notices | KENT.—CONSULTUDINES RANGE. A History of Gavelkind, and other remarkable Customs, in the County of Kent. By CHARLES SANDYS, of Canterbury. 8vo, illustrated with facsimiles, a very handsome volume, cloth. 15s.
- other Manuscripts of the Borough of Lei- | KENT .- A Register of the Lands held by Catholics and Nonjurors in the County of Kent in the Reign of George the L, edited by W. H. Hart, F.S.A. 8vo, pp. 43, sewed. 1s
 - KENT.-KNOCKER'S (EDW., Town Clerk of Dover) Account of the Grand Court of Shepway, holden on Bredonstone Hill, at Dover, for the Installation of Viscount Palmerston as Constable of Dover and Warden of the Cinque Ports, in 1861. With Notes on the Origin and Antiquity of the Cinque Ports, Two Ancient Towns, and their Members. Foolscap 4to, engravings, elegantly printed by Whittingham. cloth. 15s
 - KENT. Cæsar's British Expeditions from Boulogne to the Bay of Apul-dore, and the subsequent formation Geologically of Romney Marsh. By F. H. APPACH, M.A. Post 8vo, map, cloth. 4s 6d
 - KENT.—A History of the Weald of Kent, with an Outline of the Early History of the Country. By ROBERT FURLEY, F.S.A., also a Sketch of the Physical Features of the District, by Henry B. Mackeson, F.G.S., thick 8vo, with maps, vol 1 (to be completed in 2 vols), cloth. 12s
 - KENT. Passages from the Autobiography of a "Man of Kent," (ROBERT COWTAN of the British Museum) together with a few rough Pen and Ink Sketches by the same hand of some of the people he has met, the changes he has seen, and the places he has visited, 1817-1865. Thick post 8vo. Cloth. 5a. (original price 10s 6d)
 - KENT .- Some Account of Stone Church, near Dartford. By G. E. STREET, Architect. Imp 8vo, fine engravings. 58
 - KENT. History of the Fraternity of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary at Hythe. By H. B. MACKESON, F.G.S. 8vo, facsimile of the MS. 1s 6d
 - The curious documents here analyzed are of a class of which only two are known to exist in the Record Office, where they are regarded as of great interest and value.
 - KENT.—An Essay on the Tragedy of "Arden of Faversham." By C. E. DONNE. 8vo. ls

KENT, SUSSEX, & SURREY.—HUSSEY
(Rev. Arthur) Notes on the Churches in
the Counties of Kent, Sussex, and Surrey mentioned in Domesday Book, and those of more recent date; with some Account of the Sepulchral Memorials and other Antiquities. Thick 8vo, fine plates, cloth. 12s (original price 18s)



ANCASHIRE.—HUTTON (W., of Derby) Description of Blackpool, in Lancashire. 8vo, 3rd edition. 1s 6d

- LATHBURY'S (REV. THOMAS) HIStory of the Nonjurors: their Controversies and Writings, with Remarks on some of the Rubrics in the Book of Common Prayer. Thick 8vo, cloth. 6s (original price 14s)
- LATHBURY'S (REV. T.) History of the Convocation of the Church of England from the Earliest Period to the Year 1742. Second edition, with considerable additions. Thick 8vo, cloth. 5s (original price 12s)
- LAWRENCE (SIR JAMES, Knight of Malta) On the Nobility of the British Gentry, or the Political Ranks and Dignities of the British Empire compared with those on the Continent. Post 8vo. 2s

Useful for foreigners in Great Britain, and to Britons abroad, particularly those who desire to be pre-sented at Foreign Courts, to accept Foreign Military Service, to be invested with Foreign Titles, to be admitted into foreign orders, to purchase Foreign Property, or to Intermarry with Foreigners.

LETTERS of the KINGS of ENGLAND-Now first collected from the Originals in Royal Archives, and from other Authentic Sources, Private as well as Public. Edited, with Historical Introduction and Notes, by J. O. HALLIWELL. Two handsome volumes, post 8vo, with portraits of Henry VIII. and Charles I., cloth. 8s (original price £1. 1s)

These volumes form a good companion to Ellis's Original

The collection comprises, for the first time, the love-letters of Henry VIII. to Anne Boleyn, in a complete form, which may be regarded, perhaps, as the most singular documents of the kind that have descended to our times; the series of letters of Edward VI. will to our times; the series of letters of Leward V. whi be found very interesting specimens of composition; some of the letters of James I., hitherto unpublished, throw light on the Murder of Overbury, and prove beyond a doubt the King was implicated in it in some beyond a doubt the King was implicated in it in some extraordinary and unpleasant way; but his Letters to the Duke of Buckingham are of the most singular nature; only imagine a letter from a Sovereign to his Prime Minister commencing thus; "My own sweet and dear child, blessing, blessing, blessing on thy heart-roots and all thine." Prince Charles and the Duke of Buckingham's Journey into Spain has never been before so fully illustrated as it is by the documents given in this work, which also includes the very curious letters from the Duke and Duchess of Buckingham to James I.

LIBRARY of OLD AUTHORS.

JOHN MARSTON'S Dramatic Works, 3 vols. 15s. PIERS PLOUGHMAN, his Vision and Creed. 2 vols. 10s.

MATHER'S Remarkable Providences of Early American Colonization. 5s.

JOHN SELDEN'S Table Talk. 5s-Large Paper. 7s 6d

WILLIAM DRUMMOND'S Poetical Works 5s. FRANCIS QUARLES' Enchiridion. 3s.

SIR THOMAS OVERBURY'S Works. 5s.

GEORGE WITHER'S Hymns and Songs of the Church. 5s.

GEORGE WITHER'S Hallelujah. 6s.

ROBERT SOUTHWELL'S Poetical Works. 48 JOSEPH SPENCE'S Anecdotes of Books and Men. 6s.—Large Paper. 7s 6d.

COTTON MATHER'S Wonders of the Invisible World. 5s.

REMAINS of the Early Popular Poetry of England. 4 vols. £1-Large Paper. £1. 10s. JOHN AUBREY'S Miscellanies. 4s.

GEORGE CHAPMAN'S Translation of Homer's Iliad. 2 vols. 12s

Odyssey. 2 vols. 12s.

- Battle of the Frogs, and other Pieces.

JOHN WEBSTER'S Dramatic Works (more complete than any other). 4 vols. £1.—LARGE PAPER. £1. 10s.

JOHN LILLY'S Dramatic Works. 2 vols. 10s.—. LARGE PAPER. 15s.

RICHARD CRASHAW'S Poetical Works. 5s.

LA MORTE D'ARTHUR. - History of King Arthur and the Knights of the Round Table (the only uncastrated Edition). 3 vols. 15s.—LARGE PAPER. £1. 2s 6d

SACKVILLE'S (Lord Buckhurst) Works. 4s.

RICHARD LOVELACE'S (The Cavalier) Poetical Works. Now first collected. 5s.-LARGE PAPER. 7s 6d

CAMDEN'S Remains concerning Britain. 8th edition, new portrait. 6s.—LARGE PAPER. 7s 6d.

ROBERT HERRICK'S Poetical Works. 2 vols. 10s.—Large Paper. 15s

THE DIARIES OF THOMAS HEARNE the Antiquary. 3 vols. 15s. - Large Paper. £1. 2s 6d.

ROGER ASCHAM'S Whole Works. Now first collected. 4 vols. £1.—LARGE PAPER. £1, 10s.

DUCHESS OF NEWCASTLE'S Autobiography ar usband. 5s.—LARGE GEORGE SANDYS' Poetical Works. 2 vols. 10s.—Large Paper. 15s.

THE Renowned Romance of Amadis of Gaul. 3 vols. 15s.—LARGE PAPER. £1. 2s 6d.

MICHAEL DRAYTON'S Poetical Works. Now first collected, in the press.

All elegantly printed and carefully edited with portraits, woodcuts and facsimiles. The title of each work is given more fully in this Catalogue.

LILLY'S (JOHN the Euphist) Dramatic Works. Now first collected, with Life and Notes by F. W. FAIRHOLT. 2 vols, fcp. 8vo, cloth. 10s.

LARGE PAPER, 2 vols, post 8vo, cloth.

The Poems of RICHARD LOVELACE, now first edited and the Text carefully revised, with Life and Notes by W. CAREW HAZLITT. Fcp. 8vo, cloth, with 4 plates. 5s.

LARGE PAPER. Post 8vo, cloth. 7s 6d

LOWER'S (MARK ANTONY, M.A., F.S.A.)
Patronymica Britannica, a Dictionary of
Family Names. Royal 8vo, 500 pages,
with illustrations, cloth. £1.5s

This work is the result of a study of British Family Names, extending over more than twenty years.

LOWER'S (M. A.) Curiosities of Heraldry, with Illustrations from Old English Writers. With illuminated Titlepage, and numerous engravings from designs by the Author. Syo cloth. 14s

by the Author. 8vo, cloth. 14s

"Mr. Lower's work is both curious and instructive, while the manner of its treatment is so inviting and popular, that the subject to which it refers, which many have hitherto had too good reason to consider meagre and unprofitable, assumes, under the hands of the writer, the novelty of fiction with the importance of historical truth."—Athenaum.

LOWER'S (M. A.) Contributions to Literature, Historical, Antiquarian, and Metrical. Post 8vo, woodcuts, cloth. 7s 6d

Contents: r. Local Nomenclature—2. The Battle, of Hastings, an Historical Essay—3. The Lord Dacre, his mournful end, a Ballad—4. Historical and Archæological Memoir on the Iron Works of the South of England, with numerous illustrations—5. Winchelsea's Deliverance, or the Stout Abbot of Battayle, in Three Fyrtes—6. The South Downs, a Sketch, Historical, Anecdotical, and Descriptive—7. On the Yew Trees in Churchyards—8. A Lytte Geste of a Greate Eele, a pleasaunt Ballad—9. A Discourse of Genealogy—10. An Antiquarian Pilgrimage in Normandy, with woodcufs—11. Miscellanca, &c., &c.

LOWER'S (M. A.) Chronicle of Battel Abbey, in Sussex, originally compiled in Latin by a Monk of the Establishment, and now first translated, with Notes and an Abstract of the subsequent History of the Abbey. 8vo, with illustrations, cloth. 9s

This volume, among other matters of local and general interest, embraces—New Facts relative to the

Norman invasion—The Foundation of the Monastery—The Names and Rentals of the Original Townsmen of Battel—Memoirs of several Abbots and Notices of their Disputes with the Bishops of Chichester, respecting Jurisdiction—The Abbery's Possessions—A Speech of Thomas a Becket, then Chancellor of England, in favour of Abbot Walter de Luci—Several Miracles—Anecdotes of the Norman Kings—and an Historical Sketch of the Abbery, from 1176 to the present time by the Translator.

LONDON.—Liber Albus; the White Book of the City of London. Compiled A.D. 1419, by John Carpenter, Common Clerk; RICHARD WHITTINGTON, Mayor. Translated from the Original Latin and Anglo-Norman, by H. T. Riley, M.A. 4to, pp. 672 (original price 18s) the few remaining copies offered, in cloth, at 9s—Half morocco (Roxburghe style) 10s 6d—Whole bound in vellum, carmine edges, 12s—Whole morocco, carmine edges, 13s 6d

Extensively devoted to details which must of necessity interest those who care to know something more about their forefathers than the mere fact that they have existed. Many of them—until recently consigned to oblivion ever since the passing away of the remote generations to which they belonged—intimately connected with the social condition, usages, and manners of the people who—uncouth, unlearned, ill-housed, ill-fed, and comfortless though they were, still formed England's most important most wealthy, and most influential community throughout the chequered and troutlous times of the 1st hand 1st centuries. During this period, in fact, there is hardly a phase or feature of English national life, upon which, in a greater or less degree, from these pages of the "Liber Albus," some light is not reflected.

LONDON.—Chronicle of London, from 1089 to 1483, written in the 15th Century, and for the first time printed from MSS. in the British Museum, with numerous Contemporary Illustrations of Royal Letters, Poems, descriptive of Public Events and Manners and Customs of the Metropolis. (Edited by Sir Harris Nicolas.) 4to, facsimile, bds. 15s

Only 250 copies printed. It forms a Supplement to the Chronicles of Harding, Crafton, Hall, and others.

LONDON.—History of the Church of St. Mildred, in the Poultry, London, with some particulars of the Church of St. Mary, Colechurch, destroyed in the great Fire, A.D. 1666. By THOMAS MILBOURN, late Hon. Sec. to the London and Middlesex Archmological Society. 8vo, engravings, cloth. 9s

The large extracts from the Parish Registers will interest the Genealogist, as it was an important parish in the olden time.

LUKIS (REV. W. C.) Account of Church Bells, with some Notices of Wiltshire Bells and Bell-Founders, containing a copious list of Founders, a comparative Scale of Tenor Bells, and Inscriptions from nearly 500 Parishes in various parts of the Kingdom. 8vo, 13 plates, cloth. 3s 6d (original price 6s) LYNDSAY'S (SIR DAVID) Poetical! MOORE (THOMAS) - Notes from the Works, a new edition, carefully revised, etc., by DAVID LAING. 2 vols, post 8vo, cloth. 12s



ADDEN (FRED. W., of the Medal Room, British Museum) to Roman Coins. Fcap. 8vo, plates of rare examples, cloth. 5s

A very useful and trustworthy guide to Roman Coins.

- MARSTON'S (JOHN) Dramatic and Poetical Works. Now first collected and edited by J. O. HALLIWELL, F.R.S., &c. 3 vols, fcp. 8vo, cloth. 15s
 - The edition deserves well of the public; it is carefully printed, and the annotations, although neither numerous nor extensive, supply ample explanations upon a varitey of interesting points. If Mr. Halliwell had done no more than collect these plays, he would have conferred a boon upon all lovers of our old dramatic poetry."—Literary Gazette.
- MATHER'S (Dr. INCREASE) Remarkable Providences of the Earlier Days of American Colonization. With Introductory Preface by GEORGE OFFOR. Fcp. 8vo, Portrait, cloth. 58
 - A very singular collection of remarkable sea delivea very singular collection of remarkable sea deliverances, accidents, remarkable phenomena, witch-craft, apparitions, &c., &c., connected with inhabitants of New England, &c., &c. A very amissing volume, conveying a faithful portrait of the state of society, when the doctrine of a peculiar providence and personal intercourse between this world and that which is unseen was fully believed.
- MATHER'S (DR. COTTON) Wonders of the Invisible World, being an account of the Trials of several Witches lately executed in New England, and of the several remarkable curiosities therein occurring. To which are added Dr. INCREASE MATHER'S Further Account of the Tryals, and Cases of Conscience concerning Witchcrafts, and Evil Spirits Personating Men. Reprinted from the rare original editions of 1693, with an Introductory Preface. Fep. 8vo, Portrait, cloth. 5s
- MENZIES (LOUISA J.) Legendary Tales of the Ancient Britons, rehearsed from the Early Chronicles. Fep. 8vo, cloth. 3s
 - Contents: 1. Esyllt and Sabrina. 2. Lear and his three daugh e.s. 3. Cynodda and Morgan. 4. The Brothers lie'i and Bran. 5. Ellidure the Compassion-ate. 6. Allian of Verul'an. 7. Vortigeru. 8. Cad-wallon and the Final Struggle of the Britons.
- MICHAEL ANGELO Considered as a Philosophic Poet, with translations by JOHN EDWARD TAYLOR. Post 8vo. SE-COND EDITION. Cloth. 2s 6d (original price 5s)
- MILTON; A Sheaf of Gleanings after his Biographers and Annotators. the Rev. JOSEPH HUNTER. Post 8vo.

- Letters of Thomas Moore to his Music Publisher, James Power (the publication of which was suppressed in London), with an Introduction by Thomas Crofton Croker, F.S.A. Post 8vo, cloth. 3s 6d
 - The impression on the mind of a reader of these Letters of Moore in Lord Russell's edition will be not only incomplete, but erroneous, without the information to be derived from this very interesting volume.



ARES' (ARCHDEACON) Glossary, or Collection of Words,
Phrases, Customs, Proverbs, &c.,
illustrating the Works of English sary, or Collection of Words, Phrases, Customs, Proverbs, &c., illustrating the Works of English

Authors, particularly Shakespeare and with considerable Additions, both of Words and Examples. By JAMES O. HALLIWELL, F.R.S., and THOMAS WRIGHT, M.A., F.S.A. 2 thick vols, 8vo, cloth. £1. 1s

- The Glossary of Archdeacon Nares is by far the best and most useful work we possess for explaining and illustrating the obsolete language and the customs and manners of the 16th and 17th Centuries, and it is quite indispensable for the readers of the literature of the Elizabethan period. The additional words and examples are distinguished from those in the original text by a † prefixed to each. The work contains between FIVE and SIX THOUSAND additional examples. the result of original research, not merely supplementary to Nares, but to all other compilations of the kind
- NASH'S (D. W.) Taliesin, or the Bards and Druids of Britain. A Translation of the Remains of the earliest Welsh Bards, and an examination of the Bardic Mysteries. 8vo, cloth. 14s
- NASH'S (D. W.) The Pharoah of the Exodus. An Examination of the Modern Systems of Egyptian Chronology. 8vo, with frontispiece of the Egyptian Calendar, from the ceiling of the Ramasseum, at Thebes, cloth. 12s
- NEWCASTLE'S. The Lives of William Cavendish, Duke of Newcastle, and of his wife Margaret Duchess of Newcastle, written by the thrice noble and illustrious, Princess Margaret, Duchess of New-CASTLE. Edited with a Preface and Occasional Notes by M. A. Lower, A.M., etc. Fcap. 8vo, fine portrait of the Duchess, cloth. 5s.
 - Large Paper, post 8vo, cloth. 7s 6d
- NORFOLK. On the True Derivation of the Names of Towns, Villages, Rivers, and other Great Natural Features of the County of Norfolk. By the Rev. GEO. MUNFORD, Vicar of East Winch. 8vo, cloth. 4s (published at 7s)

NORFOLK .- Analysis of Domesday Book for the County of Norfolk. By the Rev. George Munford, Vicar of East Winch. In 1 vol., 8vo, with pedigrees and arms, sloth. 10s 6d

Many extracts have been made, at various times, for the illustration of local descriptions, from the great national (but almost unintelligible) record known as Domesday Book; but Mr. Munford has done more in the case of his own county, for he supplies a complete epitome of the part of the survey relating to Norfolk, epitome of the part of the survey relating to Notolk, giving not only the topographical and statistical facts, but also a great deal that is instructive as to the manners and condition of the people, the state of the chutches and other public edifices, the mode of cultivation and land tenure, together with a variety of points of interest to the ecclesiologist and antiquary." Bury Post.

NORFOLK. - SURTEES' (Rev. Scott F.) Julius Cæsar, Did he Cross the Channel? Post 8vo. cloth. 1s 6d

"In giving an answer in the negative to the above question, we ask for a fair and dispassionate hearing, and in order to avoid circumlocution pass at once our Rubicon, and propound as capable of all proof the Rubicon, and propound as capable of all proof the following historical heresy, viz., that Ceasar never set foot at Boulogne or Calais, never crossed the Channel, or set eyes on Deal or Dover, but that he sailed from the mouths of the Rhine or Scheldt, and landed in Norfolk on both his expeditions."—AUTHOR.

— JULIUS CAESAR how he sailed

from Zealand and landed in Norfolk (a sequel to the foregoing). Post 8vo. 1s ____ JULIUS CAESAR did he CROSS the Channel? Reviewed (a Reply to Mr. Surtees' books). By John Wainwright. post 8vo. 2s 6d.

NOTTS.—CRESWELL'S (REV. S. F.) Collections towards the History of Printing in Nottinghamshire. Small 4to, sewed. 28

NOTTS and YORKSHIRE.-The History and Antiquities of the Parish of Blyth, in the Counties of Nottingham and York, comprising Accounts of the Monastery, Hospitals, Chapels, and Ancient Tournament Field, of the Parish of the Castle and Manor of Tickill, and of the Family Possessions of De Buili, the First and Norman Lord thereof, together with Biographical Notices of Roger Mowbray, Philip of Olcotes, Bishop Sanderson, John Cromwell, and others, with Appendix of Documents. By the Rev. John Raine, Vicar of Blyth. 4to, plates and pedigrees, cloth. 15s (original price, £1. 6s)

LARGE PAPER, royal 4to. £1. 5s
These copies have an additional view of the Remains of
Scrooby Palace, not issued with the early copies.

NUMISMATIC CHRONICLE and Journal of the Numismatic Society. New SERIES, Edited by W. S. W. VAUX, JOHN EVANS, and F. W. MADDEN. Nos. 1 to 48 Published Quarterly. 5s per Number This is the only repertory of Numismatic intelligence ever published in England. It contains papers on coins and medals, of all ages and countries, by the first Numismatic of the day, both English and Foreign Odd parts may be had to complete a few of this and the former series in 20 vols.



LD BALLADS.—CATALOGUE of a unique Collegeiccient English Broadside Ballads. printed entirely in the Black letter. lately on sale by J. RUSSELL SMITH. With Notes of their Tunes, and Imprints. Post 8vo. à handsome volume, printed by Whittingham, in the old style, half bound. 5s

- A Copy on thick paper, without the prices to each, and a different title-page, only 10 copies so printed. 10s 6d

OVERBURY'S (SIR THOMAS) Works in Prose and Verse, now first collected Edited, with Life and Notes, by E. F. RIMBAULT. Fcp. 8vo, portrait after Pass cloth. 58

OXON. - GILES (REV. DR.) History of the Parish and Town of Bampton, in Oxfordshire, with the District and Hamlets belonging to it. 8vo, plates, second edition, cloth. 78 6d

OXON.-GILES (REV. DR.) History of Witney and its Neighbouring Parishes, Oxon. 8vo, plates, cloth. 6s

OXON.—TURNER's (Sir Gregory Page) Topographical Memorandums for the County of Oxford. 8vo, bds. 2s

OXON. - Memorials of the Parish of Westcott Barton. By the Rev. JENNER MARSHALL, Lord of the Manor. plate of the Church, cloth. 2s 6d



EDIGRES. — BRIDGER'S
(CHARLES) Index to the Printed Pedigrees of English Families contained in County and Local Histories, the "Herald's Visitations," and in

the more important Genealogical Collectons. Thick 8vo, cloth. 10s 6d

A similar work to Sims' "Index of Pedigrees in the MSS. in the British Museum." What that is for Manuscripts this is for Printed Books. It is the most complete Index of its kind, and contains double the matter of another hasty production.

PEDIGREES.—A Catalogue of Pedigrees hitherto unindexed. By G. W. Mar-SHALL. 8vo. 3s 6d

A useful supplemento Bridger's Index of Printed Ped-grees as it touches books not comprehended in the scope of that work—as the "Gentleman's Magazine" "Notes and Queries," "Gough's Sepulchral Monu-ments," "Family Histories," "Peerage Cases," also those Pedigrees not in tabular form in "Morant's Essex" "Hasted's Kent," &c.

PETTIGREW (THOS. JOS.) On Superstitions connected with the History and Practice of Medicine and Surgery. 8vo. frontispiece, cloth. 48 (original price 88)

- of the most celebrated Physicians, Surgeons, &c., who have contributed to the advancement of Medical Science. Imp. 8vo, 25 fine portraits, cloth. 7s 6d
- PETTIGREW (THOS. JOS.) Inquiries into the particulars connected with the Death of Amy Robsart (Lady Dudley) at Cumnor Place, Berks., Sept. 8, 1560; being a refutation of the Calumnies charged against Sir Robert Dudley, Anthony Forster, and others. 8vo. 2s
- PLOUGHMAN. The Vision PIERS and Creed of PIERS PLOUGHMAN. Edited by Thomas WRIGHT; a new edition, revised, with additions to the Notes and Glossary. 2 vols, fcp. 8vo, cloth. 10s
 - and Grossary. S vois, i.e.p. 800, teors. Tos

 "The Vision of Piers Ploughman" is one of the most
 precious and interesting monuments of the English
 Language and Literature, and also of the social and
 political condition of the country during the fourteenth century.

 But its time of composition can, by internal evidence
 be fixed at about the year 1362. On this and on all
 matters bearing upon the origin and object of the
 poem, Mr. Wright's historical introduction gives ample information."—Literary Gazette.
- PILGRIM FATHERS,—HUNTER (Rev. Joseph, F.S.A.) The Pilgrim Fathers-Collections concerning the Church or Congregation of Protestant Separatists formed at Scrooby, in North Nottinghamshire, in the time of James L, the Founders of New Plymouth, the Parent Colony of England. 8vo, with view of the Archiepiscopal Palace at Scrooby inserted, cloth.
 - This work contains some very important particulars of these personages, and their connections previously to their leaving England and Holland, which were entirely unknown to former writers, and have only recently been discovered through the indefatigable exertions of the author. Prefixed to the volume are some beautiful Prefatory Stanzas by Richard Monckton Milnes, Esq., M.P. (now Lord Houghton).
- PIOZZI.—Love Letters of Mrs. Piozzi (formerly Mrs. Thrale, the friend of Dr. Johnson), written when she was eighty to the handsome actor, William Augustus Conway, aged Twenty-seven. Edited by W. A. CHATTO. 8vo, sewed. 28
 - solve."-Polytechnic Review.

- PETTIGREW'S Biographical Memoirs | POPE.—Facts and Conjectures on the Descent and Family Connections of Pope, the Poet. By the Rev. Joseph Hunter. Post 8vo. 2s
 - POPE.—Additional Facts concerning the Maternal Ancestry of Pope, in a Letter to Mr. Hunter. By ROBERT DAVIES, F.S.A. Post 8vo. 2s
 - POPULAR TREATISES ON SCIENCE. written during the Middle Ages, in Anglo-Saxon, Anglo-Norman, and English. Edited by Thomas Wright, M.A. 8vo, cloth. 3s
 - Cloth. 38

 CONTENTS.—An Anglo-Saxon Treatise on Astronomy of the Tenth Century, now first published from a MS. in the British Museum, with a translation. Livre des Creatures, by Phillippe de Thaun, now first printed, with a translation (extremely valuable to Phillogists, as being the earliest specimens of Anglo-Norman remaining, and explanatory of all the symbolical signs in early sculpture and painting): the Bestlary of Phillipre de Thaun, with a translation; Fragments on Popular Science from the Early English Metrical Lives of the Saints (the earliest piece of the kind in the English Language.)
 - PORTRAITS OF ILLUSTRIOUS PERsons in English History, drawn by G. P. Harding, F.S.A., from original Pictures, with Biographical and Historical Notices, by Thomas Moule, F.S.A. In a handsome roy. 4to volume, bound in cloth extra, bevelled edges, and gilt leaves. £1. 18
 - Contents: King Henry VIII. and the Emperor Charles the Fifth. Sir Robert Dudley, son of the Earl of Leicester, Queen Catherine of Aragon. Sir William Russell, Lord Russell of Thornhaugh. Sir Anthony Browne. Anthony Browne, Viscount Montagu. Margaret Cavendish, Duchess of Newcastle. Sir Anthony Shirley. Sir Charles Scarborough, M.D. Henry Carey, Viscount Falkland. Flora Macdonald, the preserver of Prince Charles Stuart. William Lenthall, Speaker of the House of Commons, 1649. Edward Vere, Earl of Oxford. William Camden, Antiquary. Sir Thomas Browne, of Norwich, M.D. Separate prints may be had on folio, India paper proofs 3s 6d each,
 - POSTE'S (REV. BEALE, M. A.) Britannic Researches; or new Facts and Rectifications of Ancient British History.

3s 6d each,

- cations of Ancient British History. 8vo (pp. 448). with engravings, cloth. 15s
 "The author of this volume may justly claim credit for considerable learning, great industry, and above all, great faith in the interest and importance of his subject. . . . On various points he has given us additional information, and afforded us new views, for which we are bound to thank him. The body of the book is followed by a very complete index, so as to render reference to any part of it easy; this was the more necessary, on account of the multifariousness of the topics treated, the variety of persons mentioned and the many works quoted."—Athenaeum.
- POSTE'S (REV. B.) Brittannia Antiqua or Ancient Britain brought within the Limits of Authentic History. 8vo (pp. 386), map, cloth. 14s
 A Sequel to the foregoing work.
- POSTE'S Vindication of the "Celtic Inscriptions on Gaulish and British Coins." 8vo, plates and cuts, cloth. 1s

- POSTE'S (REV. B.) Celtic Inscriptions on Gaulish and British Coins, intended to supply materials for the Early History of Great Britain, with a Glossary of Archaic Celtic Words, and an Atlas of Coins. 8vo, many engravings, cloth. 10s 6d
- PROVENCAL.—A Hand-book to the Modern Provengal Language, spoken in the South of France, Piedmont, &c., comprising a Grammar, Dialogues, Legends, Vocabularies, &c., useful for English Tourists and others. By Rev. J. D. CRAIG. Roy. 12mo, cloth. 3s 6d

This little book is a welcome addition to our literature of comparative philology in this country, as we have hitherto had no grammar of the sweet lyrical tongue of Southern France.

PROVINCIAL DIALECTS OF ENGLAND.

A DICTIONARY of Archaic and Provincial Words, Obsolete Phrases, etc. By J. O HALLIWELL, F.R.S., &c. 2 vols, 8vo, 1000 pp. in double columns. SEVENTH EDITION cloth. 15s

GLOSSARY of Provincial and Local Words Used in England. By F. GROSE, F.S.A., with which is now incorporated the Supplement. By SAMUEL PEGGE, F.S.A.

Post 8vo, cloth. 4s 6d

SPECIMENS of Cornish Provincial Dialect, collected and arranged by Uncle Jan Treenodle, with some Introductory Remarks and a Glossary by an Antiquarian Friend; also a Selection of Songs and other Pieces connected with Cornwall Post 8vo, with a curious portrait of Dolly Pentreath, cloth. 4s

CUMBERLAND BALLADS. By Robert Anderson, with Autobiography, Notes, and Glossary. Edited by SIDNEY GIL-

PIN. Fcp. 8vo, cloth. 28

THE Folk Speech of Cumberland, and some Districts adjacent, being short Stories and Rhymes in the Dialects of the West Border Counties. By ALEX. CRAIG GIBSON, F.S.A. Post 8vo, SECOND EDITION, cloth.

"CUMBERLAND TALK," being Short Tales and Rhymes in the Dialect of that County, by JOHN RICHARDSON, of St. John's.

Fcp. 8vo, cloth. 3s 6d

NATHAN HOGG'S Letters and Poems in the Devonshire Dialect. The Fifth Edition, with additions. Post 8vo. Coloured wrapper. 1s

"These letters, which have achieved considerable popularity, evince an extensive acquaintance with the vernacular of the county and its idioms and phrases, while the continuous flow of wit and humour throughout cannot fail to operate forcibly upon the risible faculties of the reader. In the Witch story Nathan has excelled himself, and it is to be hoped we have not seen his last effort in this branch of local English literature. The superstitions of Jan Vaggis and Jan

Plant are most graphically and amusingly portrayed, and the various incidents whereby the influence of the "Evil Eye" is sought to be counteracted, are at once ludicrous and irresistible."—Plymouth Masil.

NATHAN HOGG'S New Series of Poems in the

NATHAN HOGO'S New Series of Poems in the Devonshire Dialect, including the Witch Story of Mucksy Lane, and the Kenton Ghost. Dedicated by Permission to his Highness Prince Louis Lucien Bonaparte. Post 8vo, 4th edition enlarged, coloured wrapper. 1s

A GLOSSARY of Words used in Teesdale, in the County of Durham. By F. T. Dirs-

DALE. Post 8vo, cloth. 2s 6d (orig. price 6s)
POEMS of Rural Life in the Derset Dialect.
By the Rev. WILLIAM BARNES, of Came
Rectory, Dorchester. Third Collection.
Fcp. 8vo, SECOND EDITION, cloth. 4s 6d

JOHN NOAKES and MARY STYLES, a Poem, exhibiting some of the most striking lingual localisms peculiar to Essex, with a Glossary. By Charles Clark, Esq., of Great Totham Hall, Essex. Post 8vo, cloth. 2s

A GLOSSARY of the Cotswold (Gloucestershire) Dialect, illustrated by examples from ancient Authors. By the late Rev. RICHARD WEBSTER HUNTLEY, A.M., of Boxwell Court, Gloucestershire. Cr. 8vo, cloth. 2s

cloth. 2s

DIALECT of South Lancashire, or Tim
Bobbin's Tummas and Meary, revised and
Corrected, with his Rhymes, and an enlarged Glossary of Words and Phrases
chiefly used by the Rural Population of
the Manufacturing Districts of South
Lancashire. By SAMUEL BAMFORD.
12mo, seved edition, cloth. 3s 6d

A GLOSSARY of the Words and Phrases of

A GLOSSARY of the Words and Phrases of Furness (North Lancashire) with illustrative Quotations, principally from the Old Northern Writers. By J. P. MORRIS.

12mo, cloth. 3s 6d

A GLOSSARY of Northamptonshire Words and Phrases, with Examples of their Colloquial Use, with illustrations from various Authors, to which are added the Customs of the County. By Miss A. E. BAKER. 2 vols, post 8vo, cloth. 16s (original price £1. 4s)

"The provincial dialects of England contain and preserve the elements and rudiments of our compound tongue. In Miss Baker's admirable 'Northamptonshire Glossary,' we have rather a repertory of archaisms than vulgarisms. But it is much more than a vocabulary; it preserves not only dialectical peculiarities, but odd and disappearing customs; and there is hardly a page in it which does not throw light on some obscurity in our writers, or recall old habits and practices."—ChristianRemembrancer, Quarterly Review.

RUSTIC SKETCHES, being Rhymes and "Skits" on Angling and other Subjects in one of the South-western Dialects, with a copious Glossary and general Remarks on Country Talk. By G. P. R. PULMAN. Post 840. THIRD EDITION. 38 6d

FORNESS Folk, their Sayin's an' Dewin's, or SMITH (J. R) A Bibliographical List of all Sketches of Life and Characters in the Works which have been published Lonsdale, North of the Sands. Be ROGER

PIRETAH. 12mo, sewed. 1s

ON THE Dialect of Somersetshire, with a Glossary, Poems, &c., exemplifying the Dialect. By J. JENNINGS. Second Edition, edited by the Rev. J. K. JENNINGS. Fcp. 8vo, cloth. 4s 6d

A GLOSSARY of the Provincialisms of the County of Sussex. By W. DURRANT

COOPER, F.S.A. Post 8vo, second edition, enlarged, cloth. 3s 6d. WESTMORELAND and Cumberland.—Dialogues, Poems, Songs, and Ballads, by various Writers, in the Westmoreland and Cumberland Dialects, now first collected, to which is added a Copious Glossary of Words peculiar to those Counties. Post 8vo, (pp. 408), cloth. 9s. THE WESTMORELAND DIALECT, in

four familiar dialogues. By Mrs. Ann WHEELER, a new edition, to which is added a Copious Glossary of Westmoreland and Cumberland Words. Post 8vo, cloth. 3s 6d

Printed separately from the foregoing work.

A GLOSSARY of Provincial Words in use in Wiltshire, showing their Derivation in numerous instances, from the Language of the Anglo-Saxon. By JOHN YONGE

AKERMAN, Esq., F.S.A. 12mo, cloth. 3s THE DIALECT of Leeds and its Neighbourhood, illustrated by Conversations and Tales of Common Life, etc., to which are added a Copious Glossary, Notices of the various Antiquities, Manners, and Customs, and General Folk-lore of the District. (By J. CLOUGH ROBINSON.)

Thick 12mo, pp. 458, cloth. 6s

This is undoubtedly the best work hitherto published on the dialects of Yorkshire in general, and of Leeds in particular. The author, we believe one of our fellow townsmen—for his introductory remarks are dated 'Leeds, March, 1861'—has used not only great industry, but much keen observation, and has produced a book which will everywhere be received as a valuable addition to the archaeological literature of England.—Leeds Intelligencer.

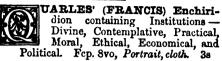
A GLOSSARY of Yorkshire Words and Dhances collected in Whithy and its

Phrases, collected in Whitby and its Neighbourhood, with examples of their colloquial use and allusions to local Customs and Traditions. By an INHABITANT. (F. K. Robinson). 12mo, cloth. 3s 6d

A GLOSSARY of the Dialect of the district of Cleveland in the North Riding of Yorkshire. By the Rev. J. C. ATKINSON, Incumbent of Danby. Thick small 4to, 662 pages, cloth. £1. 4s

▲ GLOSSARY, with some Pieces of Verse of the Old Dialect of the English Colony in the Baronies of Forth and Bargy, Co. Wexford, Ireland. Formerly collected by JACOB POOLE, of Growton, now edited with Notes and Introduction by the REV. W. BARNES, Author of the Dorset Poems and Glossary. Fcap. 8vo, cloth. 4s 6d

towards illustrating the Provincial Dia-lects of England. Post 8vo. 1s 1839



"Had this little book been written at Athens or Rome, its author would have been classed with the wise of his country."—Headley,

- QUEEN DAGMAR'S CROSS, facsimile in gold and colours of the Enamelled Jewel in the Old Northern Museum, Copenhagen, with Introductory Remarks by Prof. George Stephens, F.S.A. 8vo, seved. 3s
- QUINTUS SMYRNÆUS. - Select Translations from the Greek of Quintus Smyrnæus. By the Rev. Alexander Dyce. 12mo, bds. 2s (original price 5s 6d)

FLIQUIE ANTIQUE. Scraps from Ancient Manuscripts, illustrating chiefly Early English terature and the control of the control o Edited by Wright and Halliwell. 8vo.

Vol II., Nos. in 12s

Many subscribers want the second volume. A number of odd parts of both vols. to complete copies.

RETROSPECTIVE REVIEW (New Series) consisting of Criticisms upon, Analysis of, and Extracts from, curious, useful, valuable, and scarce Old Books. 8vo, Vols I., and II., all printed, cloth. 10s 6d (original price £1. 1s) 1853 - 54

These two volumes form a good companion to the old series of the *Retrospective*, in 16 vols; the articles are of the same length and character.

REYNOLDS (SIR JOSHUA) Notes and Observations on Pictures chiefly of the Venetian School, being Extracts from his Italian Sketch Books; also the Rev. W. Mason's Observations on Sir Joshua's Method of Colouring, with some unpublished Letters, of Dr. Johnson, Malone, and others; With an Appendix, containing a Transcript of Sir Joshua's Account-Book, showing the Paintings he executed. and the Prices he was paid for them. Edited by William Cotton, Esq. 8vo. cloth. 58

"The scraps of the Critical Journal, kept by Reynolds of Rome, Florence, and Venice, will be esteemed by high-class virtuosi."—Leader.

RIMBAULT (E. F., LL.D., F.S.A., &c.)—A Little Book of Songs and Ballads, gathered from Ancient Music Books, MS. and Printed. Elegantly printed in post 8vo, pp. 243, hf. morocco. 6s

- BIMBAULT (DR. E. F.) Bibliotheca Madrigaliana.—A Bibliographical Account of the Musical and Poetical Works published in England during the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries, under the Titles of Madrigals, Ballets, Ayres, Canzonets, &c., &c. 8vo, cloth. 5s
 - It records a class of books left undescribed by Ames, Herbert, and Dibdin, and furnishes a most valuable Catalogue of Lyrical Poetry of the age to which it refers.
- BOBERT'S (GEORGE, of Lyme-Regis)— Life, Progresses, and Rebellion of James, Duke of Monmouth, &c., to his Capture and Execution, with a full account of the "Bloody Assize," under Judge Jeffries, and Copious Biographical Notices. 2 vols, post 8vo, plates and cuts, cloth. 7s 6d (original price £1.4s)

Two very interesting volumes, particularly so to those connected with the West of England. Quoted for facts by Lord Macaulay.

BOBERTS' (GEORGE) The Social History of the People of the Southern Counties of England in Past Centuries, illustrated in regard to their Habits, Municipal Bye-laws, Civil Progress, &c. Thick Svo, cloth. 7s 6d (original price 16s)

An interesting volume on old English manners and customs, mode of travelling, punishments, witchcraft,
gipsies, pirates, stage-players, pilgrimages, prices of
Labour and provisions, the clothing trade of the West
of England, &c., compiled chiefly from original materials, as the archives of Lyme-Regis, and Weymouth, family papers, church registers, &c. Dedicated to Lord Macaulay.

ROBIN HOOD.—THE GREAT HERO of the Ancient Minstrelsy of England, "Robin Hood," his Period, Real Character, &c., investigated and ascertained. By the Rev. JOSEPH HUNTER. Post 8vo. 2s 6d

RUNIC MONUMENTS.—The Old Northern Runic Monuments of Scandanavia and England, now first collected and deciphered by GEORGE STEPHENS, F.S.A., Professor of English in the University of Copenhagen. Folio, many hundred engravings, some in gold, silver, bronze, and colours, pp. 1112, in two parts (the complete work). £5.

W.Sloane Evans, M.A. Royal 8vo, third edition, sewed. 1s 6d (original price 6s)

Consisting of Psalm Tunes, Sanctusses, Kyrie-Eleisons, &c., and fifty-four Single and Double Chants (Major, Changeable, and Minor).

ST. CUTHBERT.—RAINE'S (Rev. Jas.)
Saint Cuthbert, with an Account of the
State in which his Remains were found
upon the Opening of his Tomb in Dur-

- ham Cathedral, 1827. 4to, plate as woodcute, bds. (a very interesting w), 10s 6d. (original price £1. 11s 6d)
- salop.—The Roman City of Uniconium at Wroxeter, Salop; illustrative of the History and Social Life of our Romano-British Forefathers. By J. Corbet Anderson. A handsome volume, post for with numerous cuts drawn on wood from the actual objects by the author, extra cloth 88
- SALVERTE'S (EUSEBIUS) History of the Names of Men, Nations, and Places, in their Connection with the Progress of Civilization. Translated by the Rev. L. H. Mordaque, M.A., Oxon. 2vol., 8vo, cloth. £1. 4s

"Notre nom propre c'est nous-memes."
"Nomina si nescis periit cognitio rerum."
"Full of learning, well written, and well translated."
Daily Neus.

- "These two volumes are filled with a minute and phissophical enquiry into the origin of names of all sets, among all nations, and show profound scholarship and patient skill in wide and elaborate research. Much it the work is necessarily too profound for general reders—particularly the appendices to the second orume—but the larger part of the enquiry is so cance and interesting that any ordinary reader will approate and profit by the researches."—Birminglass Yournal.
- SANDYS (W., F.S.A.) Christmastide, its History, Festivities, and Card (with their music). In a handsome release, illustrated with 20 engravings of the desings of F. Stephanoff, extra cloth, givedges. 5s (original price 14s)
 - "Its title vouches that Christmastice is germane to be time. Mr. Sandys has brought together, in an octor of some 300 pages, a great deal of offen interesti information beyond the stale gossip about 'Christma in the olden time," and the threadbare make-believe i jollity and geniality which furnish forth most books the subject. His carols, too, which include some in ifferent and Provencal, are selected from numerical sources, and comprise many of the less known as more worth knowing. His materials are present with good feeling and mastery of his theme. Only whole the volume deserves, and should anticipate welcome." "Sectator."
- SANDYS' (W.) and S. A. FORSTER-History of the Violin and other Instruments played on with a Bow, from the Earliest Times to the Present, also a Account of the Principal Makers, English and Foreign. Thick Svo, pp. 469 with many engravings, cloth. 14s
- NANDYS' (GEORGE) Poetical Work now first collected, with Introducted and Notes by the Rev. RICHARD HOOFS M.A., Editor of Chapman's Homer, with the Music to the Psalms, by HENLAWES, revised by Dr. E. F. RIMBAUL 2 vols, fcap. 8vo, portrait, cloth. 10s

LARGE PAPER, 2 vols, post 8vo, and

- SAULL (W. D.) On the Connection | SHAKESPEARE'S Versification, and its Apbetween Astronomical and Geological Pheonomena, addressed to the Geologists of Europe and America. 8vo, diagrams, served 2s
- SCOTT (HENRY, Minister of Anstruther Wester). Fasti-Ecclesia Scoticana; the Succession of Ministers to the Parish Churches of Scotland, from the Reformation, A.D. 1560, to the Present Time. 4to, Parts I to VI (each containing about 400 pages) £1. 10s each.

THE design of the present work is to present a com-prehensive account of the Succession of Ministers prehensive account of the SUCCESSION OF MINISTERS of the Church of Socialnd, since the period of the Reformation. An attempt is made to give some additional interest by furnishing incidental notices of their lives, writings, and families, which may prove useful to the Biographer, the Genealogist, and the Historian. A similar work to "Wood's Athense Ozoniensis."

SCRASE FAMILY .- Genealogical Memoir of the Family of Scrase, of Sussex. By M. A. LOWER. 8vo. 1s 6d

SELDEN'S (JOHN) Table Talk, with a Biographical Preface and Notes by S. W. SINGER. Third edition, fcp. 8vo, portrait, cloth. 58

LARGE PAPER. Post 8vo, cloth. 7s 6d Nothing can be more interesting than this little book, containing a lively picture of the opinions and conversations of one of the most eminent scholars and most distinguished patriots England has produced. There are few volumes of its size so pregnant with sense, combined with the most profound learning; it is impossible to open it without finding some imporsense, combined with the most protound learning; it is impossible to open it without finding some important fact or discussion, something practically useful and applicable to the business of life. Coleridge says, There is more weighty bullion sense in this book than I ever found in the same number of pages in any uninspired writer.' Its merits had not escaped the notice of Dr. Johnson, though in politics opposed to much it inculcates, for in reply to an observation of Boswell, in praise of the French Ana, he said, 'A few of them are good, but we have one book of the kind better than any of them—Sel-den's Table Talk.'"—Mr. Singer's Preface.

SHAKESPERIANA

A LIFE of Shakespeare, including many particulars respecting the Poet and his Family, never before published. By J. O. Halliwell, F.R.S., etc. 8vo, illustrated with 75 engravings on wood, most of which are of new objects, from drawings by Fairholt, sloth. 15s.

ings by Fairholt, sloth. 16s. 1848

This work contains upwards of forty documents respecting Shakespeare and his family, never before published, besides numerous others, indirectly illustrating the Poet's biography. All the anecdotes and traditions concerning Shakespeare are here, for the first time, collected, and much new light is thrown on his personal history, by papers exhibiting him as selling Malt, Stone, &c. Of the seventy-six engravings which illustrate the volume, more than fifty have never before been engraved.

It is the only life of Shakespeare to be bought separately from his works.

NEW Illustrations of the Life, Studies, and Writings of Shakespeare. By the Rev. 2 vols, 8vo, cloth. JOSEPH HUNTER. 7n 6d (original price, £1. 1s). Supplementary to all editions of the works of the l'oet.

parent Irregularities Explained by Examples from Early and Late English Writers. By W. SIDNEY WALKER. Edited by WM. By W. SIDNEY WALKER. Edited by W. S. NANSOM LETTSOM. Fcp. 8vo, cloth. 6s 1854 "The reader of Shakespeare would do well to make himself acquainted with this excellent little book presented with the poet."—dfr. vious to entering upon the study of the poet."-Mr. Singer, in the Preface to his New Edition of Shake-

A CRITICAL Examination of the Text of Shakespeare; together with Notes on his Plays and Poems, by the late W. SIDNEY WALKER. Edited by W. NANSOM LETTSOM. 3 vols, foolscap 8vo, cloth. 18a

Wery often we find ourselves differing from Mr. Walker on readings and interpretations, but we seldom differ from him without respect for his scholarship and care. His are not the wild guesses at truth which neither gods nor men have stomach to endure; but the suggestions of a trained intelligence and a chastened taste. Future editors and commentators will be bound to consult these volumes, and consider

their suggestions."—Athenaum.

A valuable addition to our Philological Literature, "A valuable addition to our Philological Literature, the most valuable part being the remarks on contemporary literature, the mass of learning by which the exact meaning and condition of a word is sought to be established."—Literary Gasette.

"Mr. Walker's Works undoubtedly form altogether the most valuable body of verbal criticism that has yet appeared from an individual."—Mr. Dyce's Preface to Vol. 1. of his Shakespeare, 1864.

NARES (Archd.) Glossary, or Collection of Words Physics Curtains Proviously of

Words, Phrases, Customs, Proverbs, etc., illustrating the Works of English Authors, particularly Shakespeare and his Contemporaries. A new edition, with Considerable Additions both of Words and Examples. By James O. Halliwell, F.R.S., and Thomas WRIGHT, M.A., F.S.A. 2 thick vols, cloth. £1. 1s. 1867 Other "Shakesperiana" will be found at p. 27.

Works by samuel sharpe

Author of the "History of Ancient Egypt," etc. THE EGYPTIAN ANTIQUITIES in the British Museum described. Post 8vo, with many woodcuts, cloth. 58

ings? what their purposes?'—Athenaeum. EGYPTIAN MYTHOLOGY and Egyptian Christianity, with their Influence on the Opinions of Modern Christendom. Post 8vo, with 100 engravings, cloth. 3s

EGYPTIAN Hieroglyphics, being an attempt to explain their Nature, Origin, and Meaning, with a Vocabulary. 8vo, cloth.

HISTORY of the Hebrew Nation and its Literature. Post 8vo, cloth. SECOND AND ENLARGED EDITION. 58

The first edition has been translated into German, but it is not a proper reflex of the work; the trans tor has made omissions and alterations to suit his views. Germans will please note this.

tures, translated by Samuel Sharpe, being a revision of the authorised English Old Testament. 3 vols, fcap. 8vo, cloth, red edges. 7s 6d (A Second and Revised Edition now ready).

TESTAMENT (The New) Translated from Griesbach's Text. By Samuel Sharpe. 12TH THOUSAND. 12mo, pp. 412, cloth.

1s 6d

CRITICAL NOTES on the Authorised English Version of the New Testament, being a Companion to the Author's "New Testament translated from Griesbach's Text." Fcap. 8vo, second edition, cloth. 2s 6d

ON THE CHRONOLOGY OF THE BIBLE.

Fcap. 8vo, cloth. 1s 6d

- TEXTS FROM THE HOLY BIBLE, explained by the help of Ancient Monuments. By SAMUEL SHARPE. With 166 drawings on wood, chiefly by JOSEPH BONOMI, Curator of Soane's Museum. Post 8vo, second edition enlarged, cloth. 3s 6d
- THE DECREE OF CANOPUS in Hieroglyphics, and Greek, with Translations and Characters. 8vo, 16 plates, cloth. 7s 6d
 This inscription or tablet was discovered in Egypt in 1865, and is preserved in the Khedive's museum at Cairo. an Explanation of the Hieroglyphical
- THE ROSETTA STONE (in the British Museum) in Hieroglyphics and Greek, with Translations and an Explanation of the Hieroglyphical Characters. 8vo, 8 plates, cloth. 48
- SHEPHERD'S (Charles) Historical Account of the Island of Saint Vincent, in the West Indies, with large Appendix on Population, Meteorology, Produce of Estates, Revenue, Carib Grants, etc. 8vo. plates, cloth. 3s (original price 12s)
- SIMS' (RICHARD, of the Dept. of MSS. in the British Museum) A Manual for the Genealogist, Topographer, Antiquary, and Legal Professor, consisting of Descriptions of Public Records, Parochial and other Registers, Wills, County and Family Histories, Heraldic Collections in Public Libraries, &c. 8vo, second Edition, pp. 540, cloth. 15s

This work will be found indispensable by those engaged in the study of Family History and Heraldry, and by the compiler of County and Local History, the Antiquary and the Lawyer.

SINDING'S (PROFESSOR, of Copenhagen,) History of Scandinavia, from the early times of the Northmen, the Seakings, and Vikings, to the present day. First English Edition, thoroughly revised and augmented. 8vo, pp. 490, large map and portrait of Q. Margaret, cloth. 68

- TESTAMENT (Old).—The Hebrew Scrip-, SLOANE.—EVANS (W. S.) Grammar of British Heraldry, consisting of Blazm and Marshalling, with an Introduction on the Rise and Progress of Symbols and Ensigns. 8vo, second edition, many plates, cloth. 58 (original price 13s)
 - SOMERSET.—The Medimyal Numerics of the County of Somerset, and Diocese of Bath and Wells, together with the Annals of their Impropriated Benefices from the earliest times to the death of Queen Mary. By Rev. Thomas Hugo, M.A., &c. A handsome vol, imp. 8vo, with plate, half morocco, neat. £1.68
 - SOMERSET. History of Taunton Priory By the Rev. Thos. Hugo. Royal 8vo, ptales, cloth. 98
 - SOUTHWELL'S (ROBERT, Canon of Loretto) Poetical Works, now first completely edited by W. B. Turnbull. Fcap. 8vo, cloth. 4s

"His piety is simple and sincere—a spirit of unaffected gentleness and kindliness pervades his poems—and me is equally distinguished by weights of thought and sweetness of expression."—Saturday Review.

- SPENCE (JOSEPH) Anecdotes and Characters of Books and Men. Collected from the Conversation of Mr. Pope and other eminent Persons of his Time With Notes, Life, etc., by S. W. SINGER The second edition. Fcp. 8vo, portrail, cloth. 68
 - Large paper, post 8vo, cloth. 7s 6d 'The 'Anecdotes' of kind hearted Mr. Spence, the friend of Pope, is one of the best books of ana in the English language."—Critic.
- SPROTT'S (THOMAS, a Monk of Canterbury: circa 1280) Chronicle of Profane and Sacred History. Translated from the onginal MS., on 12 parchment skins, in the possession of Joseph Mayer, Esq., of Liverpool. By Dr. W. Bell. 4to, half bound morocco, accompanied with an exact facimile of the entire Codex, 37 feet long, in a round case, PRIVATELY PRINTED, very & rious. £2. 28
- STAFFORDSHIRE.—TWAMLEY's (C) Historical and Descriptive Account of Dudley Castle in Staffordshire. Post 8vo folding pedigrees, cloth. 48
- STIRRY'S (Thos.) A Rot amongst the Bishops, or a Terrible Tempest in the See of Canterbury, set forth in lively emblems, to please the Judicious Reader. (A Satire on Abp. Laud), four very curious woodcut emblems, cloth.

A facsimile of the very rare original edition, which sold at Bindley's sale for £13.

STUART FAMILY.—TOWNEND'S (W.) | SWISS ECCLESIOLOGY.—Histoire de The Descendants of the Stuarts. An unchronicled Page in England's History. 8vo, portraits and folding pedigrees, SECOND EDITION, WITH ADDITIONS, half morocco. 5s (original price 10s 6d)

This volume contains a most minute, precise, and valuable history of the Stuart Family. Neither of our Historians from Hume to Macaulay give even the more prominent facts in connection with many branches of the House of Stuart.

- SUFFOLK.—Notes or Jottings about Aldborough, in Suffolk, relating to Matters Historical, Antiquarian, Ornithological, and Entomological. By NICHOLAS FENWICK HELE, Surgeon there, Post 8vo. plates, cloth, 78 6d
- SUSSEX .- A Compendious History of County of Sussex; Topographical, Archæological, and Anecdotal. By M. A. Lower, author of "Patronymica Britannica," "Curiosities of Heraldry," &c. 2 vols, 8vo, cloth. 12s 6d (original price £1.5s)
- SUSSEX. The Churches of Sussex. Etched by R. H. Nibbs, with Historical and Archeological descriptions by M. A LOWER. 4to, 86 plates, half bd., top edge gilt, £1.11s 6d
- SUSSEX.-LOWER's (M. A.) Memorials of the Town of Seaford, Sussex. 8vo, plates. 3s 6d
- SUSSEX.-LOWER'S (M. A) Bodiam (in Sussex), and its Lords. 8vo, engravings. 1s
- SUSSEX.-MANTELL (Dr. GIDEON) A Day's Ramble in and About the Ancient Town of Lewes, Sussex. 12mo, engravings, cloth. 28
- SUSSEX.—History and Antiquities of the Town and Port of Rye. By W. Hor-LOWAY. Thick 8vo, pp. 624, cloth (only 150 printed). £1. 18
- SUSSEX.—TIERNEY'S (REV. CANON) History and Antiquities of the Castle and Town of Arundel, including the Biography of its Earls. 2 vols, royal 8vo, fine plates, cloth. 14s (original price £2. 10s)
- SUSSEX.—Descriptive Catalogue of the Original Charters, Grants, Donations, &c., constituting the Muniments of Battle Abbey; also the Papers of the Montagus, Sidneys, and Websters, embodying many highly interesting and valuable Records of Lands in Sussex, Kent, and Essex, with Preliminary Memoranda of the Abbey of Battel, and Historical Particulars of the Abbots. 8vo, 234 pages, cloth. 1s 6d

l'Architecture Sacree du quatrieme au dixieme siecle dans les anciens eveches de Geneve, Lausanne et Sion. Par J. D. Blavignac, Architecte. One vol. 8vo. pp. 450, and 37 plates; and a 4to atlas of 82 plates of Architecture, Sculpture, Frescoes,

Reliquaries, &c., &c. £2. 10s

A very remarkable book, and worthy the notice of the Architect, the Archæologist, and the Artist.

TESTAMENT (OLD).-The Hebrew Scriptures, translated by SAMUEL SHARPE, being a revision of the authorised English Old Testa-

ment. 3 vols, fcp. 8vo, cloth, red edges.

- " In the following Revision of the Authorised Version of the Old Testament, the aim of the Translator has of the Old Jestament, the aim of the Fransator has been to shew in the Text, by greater exactness, those peculiarities which others have been content to point out in Notes and Commentaries. He has translated from Van der Hooght's edition of the Hebrew Bible, printed in Amstetdam in 1705; except when, in a few cases, he has followed some of the various readings so industriously collected by Dr. Kennicott."—Preface.
- TESTAMENT (THE NEW) Translated from Griesbach's Text. By SAMUEL SHARPE, Author of the History of Egypt, 5th edition. 12mo, pp. 412, cloth. 1s 6d
 - The aim of the translator has been to give the meaning and idiom of the Greek as far as possible in Eng-lish words. The book is printed in paragraphs (the verses of the authorised version are numbered in the margins) the speeches by inverted commas, and the quotations from the "Old Testament" in italies, those passages which seem to be poetry in a smaller type. It is entirely free from any motive to enforce doctri-nal points, Six large impressions of the volume sufficiently test its value.

We cordially recommend this edition of the New Testament to our readers and contributors. - British Controversialist.

Upon the whole, we must admit that this is the most correct English Version in existence, either of the whole or of any portion of the New Testament.—The Ecclesiastic, and repeated by the English Church-

- THOMPSON'S (EBENEZER) A Vindication of the Hyun "Te Deum Laudamus," from the Corruptions of a Thousand Years, with Ancient Versions in Anglo-Saxon, High German, Norman-French, &c., and an English Paraphrase of the XVth Century, now first printed. Fcap. 8vo, cloth. 3s
 - A book well worth the notice of the Ecclesiastical Anti-quary and the Philologist.
- THOMPSON (EBENEZER) On the Archaic Mode of expressing Numbers in English, Anglo-Saxon, Friesic, etc. 8vo, (and ingenious and learned pamphlet, interesting to the Philologist).
- TITIAN.—Notices of the Life and Works of Titian the Painter. By SIR ABRAHAM HUME. Royal 8vo, portrait, cloth. Ca

TONSTALL (CUTHBERT, Bishop of Durham) Sermon preached on Palm Sunday, 1539, before Henry VIII.; reprinted verbatim from the rare edition by Berthelet, in 1539. 12mo. 1s 6d

An exceedingly interesting Sermon, at the commencement of the Reformation: Strype in his "Memorials," has made large extracts from it.

TORRENT OF PORTUGAL; An English Metrical Romance. Now first published, from an unique MS. of the XVth Century, preserved in the Chetham Library at Manchester. Edited by J. O. HALLIWELL, &c. Post 8vo, cloth. 5s

"This is a valuable and interesting addition to our list of early English metrical romances, and an indispensable companion to the collections of Ritson, Weber, and Ellis."—Literary Gazette.

TOPOGRAPHER (THE) AND GENEAlogist. Edited by J. G. NICHOLS, 3 vols, 8vo, cloth. £1. 5s (pub £3. 3s)

"This extremely valuable work forms a sequel to the "Collectanea Topographica Genealogica," and the intrinsic value and originality of the materials comprised therein, will entitle it not only to preservation, but to frequent reference.

TRANSACTIONS OF THE LOGGERville Literary Society. 8vo, pp. 174, with many humorous cuts, extra cloth, gilt edges. 7s 6d

A volume brim full of humour. It was printed for private circulation.

TWO LEAVES OF KING WALDERE and King Gudhere, a hitherto unknown Old English Epic of the 8th Century belonging to the Saga Cycle of King Theodoric and his Men. Now first published with a Modern English Reading, Notes, and Glossary by George Stephens, English Professor in the University of Copenhagen. Royal 8vo, with four Photographic Facsimiles of the MS. of the 9th Century, recently discovered at Copenhagen. 15s—Without the Facsimiles. 7s 6d



MITARIAN. — Outlines of Sermons, taken chiefly from the Published Works of Unitarian Writers.
8vo, cloth. 3s 6d



ADE-MECUM FOR MALT-WORMS; or a Guide to Good Fellows, being a Description of the Manners and Customs of the most

Eminent Publick Houses, in and about the Cities of London and Westminster, with a hint on the Props (or Principal Customers) of each House. (In verse) 8vo, pp. 104, cloth. 4s 6d

Reprinted verbatim, with facsimiles of about 190 highly curious woodcuts of the London Tavern Signs of the early part of the last century. Of the signs here mentioned, nearly 100 may still be found in the Metropolis. The only perfect copy known of this rare work, which is highly curious as an illustration of a certain

order of London Life a century and a half ago, occurred in Mr. Tyrrell's Collection where it produced £42. Mr. G. Daniell's copy, incomplete, sold for £16.

VASEY (GEORGE) A Monograph of the Genus Bos.—The Natural History of Bulls, Bisons, and Buffaloes, exhibiting all the known Species (with an Introduction containing an account of Experiments on Rumination from the French of M. Flourens). Svo, with 72 engravings on wood by the Author, cloth. 6a (original price 10s 6d)

written in a scientific and popular manner, and printed and illustrated uniformly with the works of Bell, Yarell, Forbes, Johnston, &c. Dedicated to the late Mr. Yarrell, who took great interest in the progress of the work. Mr. Vasey engraved many of the beautiful woodcuts in Mr. Yarrell's works.

VASEY'S (GEO.) Illustrations of Eating, displaying the Omnivorous Character of Man, and exhibiting the Natives of various Countries at Feeding-time. Fcap. 8vo, with woodcuts by the Author. 2s

VICARS' (JOHN) England's Worthies, under whom all the Civil and Bloody Warres, since Anno 1642 to Anno 1647, are related. Royal 12mo, reprinted in the old style (similar to Lady Willoughby's Diary), with copies of the 18 rare portraits after Hollar, etc., half morocco. 52



ALES. — HALLIWELL (J. 0.)
Notes of Family Excursions in
North Wales, taken chiefly from
Rhyl, Abergele, Llandudno, and

Bangor. Fcp. 4to, with engravings, elegantly printed by Whittingham, cloth. 5s

WALES. — Collections, Historical, and Archæological relating to Montgomeryshire. Issued by the Powys-land Club. Thick 8vo, plates, vol 1. £1.5s—Vols 2, 3, 4, 5. £1.10s each

WEBSTER'S (JOHN) Dramatic Works. Edited with Notes, etc., by Wm. HAZLITI. 4 vols, fcp. 8vo, cloth. £1.

LARGE PAPER, 4 vols, post 8vo, cloth.

This is the most complete edition, containing two more plays than in Dyce's edition.

WESLEY.—Narrative of a Remarkable
Transaction in the Early Life of John
Wesley. Now first printed from a MS. in
the British Museum. SECOND EDITION;
to which is added a Review of the Work
by the late Rev. Joseph Hunter, F.S.A.
8vo, sewed. 2s

A very curious love affair between J. W. and his housekeeper; it gives a curious insight into the early economy of the Methodists. It is entirely unknown to all Wesley's biographers.

- WEST (MRS.)—A Memoir of Mrs. John | WORCESTERSHIRE. The Heraldry West, of Chettle, Dorset. By the Rev. JOHN WEST, A. M. A new edition, with Brief Memoir of the Writer. 12mo, cloth. 2s 6d
 - The fourth edition of an interesting volume of Religious Biography. The Rev. John West was the first mis-sionary to the Indians of Prince Rupert's Land, the rst wooden church at Red River was partly built by
- WILLIAMS (JOHN, Archdeacon of Cardigan) Essays, Philological, Ethnological, and Archeological, connected with the Prehistorical Records of the Civilised Nations of Ancient Europe, especially of that Race which first occupied Great Britain. Thick 8vo, with 7 plates, cloth. 16s
- WILLMOTT (ROBERT ARIS, some time Incumbent of Bear Wood, Berks) A Journal of Summer Time in the Country. FOURTH EDITION; to which is added an Introductory Memoir by his Sister. Fcp. 8vo, elegantly printed by Whittingham, extra cloth. 58
 - This 'Journal of Summer Time' is a genial gossip of lit-erary matters under the various days of the month from May to August. It is full of anecdote, and full of interest; and is a sort of literary natural history, like that of Selbourne, by good Gilbert White.
- WILTSHIRE.—MATON'S (DR. W.G.) Natural History of Wiltshire, as comprehended within Ten Miles round Salisbury. 8vo. Privately Printed. 2s
- WILTSHIRE.—WAYLEN (JAMES, of Devizes) History and Antiquities of the Town of Marlborough, and more generally of the entire Hundred of Selkley in Wiltshire. Thick 8vo, woodcuts, cloth. 14s

This volome describes a portion of Wilts not included by Sir R. C. Hoare and other topographers.

- THER'S (GEORGE) Hymns and Songs of the Church. Edited with Intro-WITHER's duction, by EDWARD FARR. Also the Musical Notes, composed by Orlando Gibbons. Fcp. 8vo. With portrait after Hole, cloth. 58 1856
 - Mr. Farr has added a very interesting biographical introduction, and we hope to find that the public will put their seal of approbation to the present edition of an author who may fairly take his place on the same shelf with George Herbert."-Gents. Mag. Oct. 1856.
- WITHER's (GEORGE) Hallelujah, or Britain's Second Remembrancer, in Praiseful and Penitential Hymns, Spiritual Songs, and Moral Odes. With Introduction by Edward Farr., Fcp. 8vo, portrait, cloth. 68
 - Hitherto this interesting volume has only been known to the public by extracts in various publications. So few copies of the original are known to exist, that the copy from which this reprint has been taken cost 21

- of Worcestershire, being a Roll of the Arms (and in many cases the Genealogies) borne by the Noble, Knightly, and Gentle Families, who have had Property, or Residence, in that County, at various Periods down to the Present Time. Collected from the Heralds' Visitations, Ancient Manuscripts, Church Monuments, Personal Seals, and other Authentic Sources. By H. SYDNEY GRAZEBROOK, Esq., of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-Law, Author of the "Heraldry of Smith," &c. 2 vols, fcp. 4to, 800 pp. £2. 2s
- WRIGHT's (THOMAS, M.A., F.S.A., Member of the Institute of France) Essay on Archæological Subjects, and on various Questions connected with the History of Art, Science, and Literature in the Middle Ages. 2 vols, post 8vo, printed by Whittingham, illustrated with 120 engravings. cloth, 16s
 - "Mr. Wright is a man who thinks for himself, and one who has evidently a title to do so. Some of the opinions published in these Essays are, he tells us, the result of his own observations or reflections, and are contrary to what have long been those of our own antiquarians and historians."—Spectator.
 "Two volumes exceedingly valuable and important to all who are interested in the Archaeology of the Middle Ages: no mere compilations, but replete with fine
 - dle Ages; no mere compilations, but replete with fine reasoning, new theories, and useful information, put in an intelligible manner on subjects that have been hitherto but imperfectly understood."—London Rev.
- WRIGHT (THOMAS) Essays on the Literature, Popular Superstitions, and History of England in the Middle Ages. 2 vols, post 8vo, elegantly printed, cloth,
 - Contents: Essay z. Anglo-Saxon Poetry. 2. Anglo Norman Poetry. 3. Chansons de Geste, or Historical Romances of the Middle Ages. 3. Proverbs and Popular Sayings. 4. Anglo-Latin Poets of the Twelfth Century. 6. Abelard and the Scholastic Philosophy. 7. Dr. Grimm's German Mythology. 8 National Fairy Mythology of England. 9. Popular Superstitions of Modern Greece, and their connection with the English. 20. Friar Rush and the Froliosome Elves. 12. Dunlop's History of Fiction. 12. History and Transmission of Popular Stories. 13. Poetry of History. 14. Adventures of Hereward the Saxon. 15. Story of Eustace the Monk. 16. History of Fulke Fitzwarine. 17. Popular Cycle, of Robin Hood Ballads. 18. Conquest of Ireland by the Anglo-Normans. 19. Old English Poetical Songs. 20. Dunbar, the Scottish Poet.
- WRIGHT (THOMAS) Biographia Brittanica Literaria, or Biography of Literary Characters of Great Britain and Ireland. Anglo-Saxon and Anglo-Nor-MAN PERIODS. 2 thick vols, 8vo, cloth. 12s (original price £1 4s)

The Anclo-Norman Period. Thick 8vo, cloth. 6s (original price 12s)

Published under the superintendence of the Council of the Royal Society of Literature. There is no work in the English Language which gives the reader such a comprehensive and consected His

tory of the Literature of these periods.

- WRIGHT's (THOMAS) Saint Patrick's PUBLICATIONS OF THE CAXTON rick's Purgatory, an Essay on the Legends of Hell, Purgatory, and Paradise, current during the Middle Ages. Post 8vo, cloth.
 - A complete history of the legends and superstitions relating to the subject, from the earliest times, rescued from old MSS, as well as from old printed books. It embraces a singular chapter of literary history omitted by Warton, and all former writers with whom we are acquainted: and we think we may add, that it forms

acquainted: and we think we may add, that it forms the best introduction to Dante that has yet been published."—Literary Gazette.
"This appears to be a curious and even amusing book on the singular subject of Purgatory, in which the idle and fearful dreams of superstition are shown to be first narrated as tales, and then applied as means of deducing the moral character of the age in which they prevailed."—Spectator.

- YORKSHIRE.—THE HISTORY of the Township of Meltham, near Huddersfield. By the late Rev. JOSEPH HUGHES. Edited with addition by C. H. Post 8vo. cloth. 7s 6d
- YORKSHIRE.—RAINE'S (REV. JAS.) Catterick Church, Yorkshire, a correct copy of the contract for its building in 1412. Illustrated with Remarks and Notes. With 13 plates of views, elevations and details, by A. Salvin, Architect. 4to, cloth. 6s.—Large Paper, cloth. 9s
- YORKSHIRE.—DAVIES (ROBT., F.S.A Town Clerk of York) Extracts from the Municipal Records of the City of York during the Reign of Edward IV., Edward V., and Richard III., with Notes illustrative and explanatory, and an Appendix, containing some account of the Celebration of the Corpus Christi Festival at York, in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Centuries. 8vo, cloth. 4s (original price 10s 6d)
- YORKSHIRE.—DAVIES (ROBT.) THE Fawkes's of York in the 16th Century, including Notices of Guy Fawkes, the Gunpowder Plot Conspirator. Post 8vo. ls 6d
- YORKSHIRE.—THE HISTORY AND Topography of Harrogate and the Forest of Knaresborough. By W. Grainge. 8vo, 521 pp., map and illustrations, cloth. 10s 6d
- YORKSHIRE.—SURTEES(REV. SCOTT F., of Sprotburgh, Yorkshire) Waifs and Strays of North Humber History. Post 8vo, 3 plates, cloth. 3s 6d
- YORKSHIRE.—HISTORY AND ANTIquities of the Parish of Blyth in the Counties of Notts and Yorkshire. By the Rev. JOHN RAINE, Vicar. 4to, plates and pedigrees, cloth. 15s (original price £1. 6s)

- SOCIETY.
- OF CHRONICLES AND OTHER WRITINGS ILLUSTRATIVE OF THE HISTORY AND MISCELLANEOUS LITERATURE OF THE MIDDLE AGES.
- Uniformly printed in 800, with English Prefaces and Notes. Of several of the Volumes only 100 copies have been printed.
- CHRONICON Henrici de Silgrave. Now first printed from the Cotton MS. By C.
- HOOK. 5s 6d
 GAIMAR (Geoffrey) Anglo-Norman Metrical
 Chronicle of the Anglo-Saxon Kings. Printed for the first time entire, with Appendix, containing the Lay of Havelok the Dane, the Legend of Ernulph, and Life of Hereward the Saxon. Edited by T. WRIGHT, Esq., F.S.A. Pp. 284 (only to be had in a set)

The only complete edition; that in the Monumenta Historica Britannica, printed by the Record Commission,

LA REVOLTE du Compe de Warwick contre le Roi Edouard IV., now first printed from a MS. at Ghent, to which is added a French letter, concerning Lady Jane Grey and Queen Mary, from a MS. at Bruges. Edited by Dr. Giles. 3s 6d

WALTERI Abbatis Dervensis Epistolæ, now first printed from a MS. in St. John's College, Cambridge. By C. MESSITER.4s 6d

BENEDICTI Abbatis Petriburgensis de Vita et Miraculis St. Thomae Cantaur, now first printed from MSS. at Paris and Lambeth. By Dr. Giles. 10s

GALFRIDI le Baker de Swinbroke, Chroni-

con Angliss temp. Edward II. et III., now first printed. By Dr. GILES. 10s

EPISTOLA Herberti de Losinga, primi Episcopi Norwicensis, et Oberti de Clara et Elmeri Prioris Cantuariensis, now first printed. By Col. Anstruther. 88

ANECDOTA Beds Lanfranci, et aliorum (inedited Tracts, Letters, Poems, &c., by Bede, Lanfranc Tatwin, etc.) By Dr. GILES. 10s

RADULPHI Nigri Chronica Duo, now first printed from MSS, in the British Museum. By Lieut. Col. ANSTRUTHUR. 88

MEMORIAL of Bishop Waynflete, Founder of St. Mary Magdalene College, Oxford. By Dr. Peter HEYLYN. Now first edited from the original MS. By J. R. BLOXAM. D.D., Fellow of the same College. 5s 6d

ROBERT GROSSETETE (Bishop of Lincoln)
"Chasteau d'Amour," to which is added "La Vie de Sainte Marie Egyptienne, and an English Version (of the 13th Century) of the "Chasteau d'Amour," now first edited. By M. Cooke. 68 6d

LFREDI Monumentis Historia Britonum, nunc primum in Anglis novem codd, MSS. collatis. Editit J. A. GILES. 10s

ALANI Prioris Cantuariensis postea Abbatis | ACCOUNT of the only known Manuscript Tewkesberiensis, Scripta quæ extant. Edita J. A. GILES. 68 6d

CHRONICON Anglise Petriburgense, iterum post Sparkium cum cod. MSS. contulit. J. A. GILES. 68 6d

VITA Quorandum Anglo-Saxonum, Original Lives of Anglo-Saxons and others who lived before the Conquest (in Latin). Edited by Dr. GILES. 10s

SCRIPTORES Rerum Gestarum Wilhelmi Conquestoris. In Unum collecti. Ab J. A. GILES. 10s

A. GILES. 108

CONTINENS:—1. Brevis relatio de Willelmo nobilissimo Comite Normannorum. 2. Protestatio Willelmi primi de primatu Cantuariensis Ecclesia. 3. Widonis Ambrianensis Carmen de Hastingensi. 4. Charta Willelmi Bastardi. 5. Epistola Will. conquestoris ad Gregorium papam. 6. Excerpta de vita Willelmi Conquestoris. 7. De Morte Will Conq. 8. Hymnus de Morte Will. Conq. 9. De Morte Lanfranci. 10. Gesta Will. Ducis Normannorum. 11. Excerptum ex cantatorio S. Huberti. 12. Annalis Historia brevis sive Chronica Monasterii S. Stephani Cadomensis. 13. Carmen de Morte Lanfranci. 14. Charta a rege 13. Carmen de Morte Lanfranci. 14. Charta a rege Will. concessa Anglo Saxonice scripta. 15. Du Roi Guillaume d'Angleterre par Chretien de Troyes. 16. Le Dit de Gillaume d'Angleterre.

SHAKESPEARIANA.

ESSAY on the Genius of Shakespeare, with Critical Remarks on the Characters of Romeo, Hamlet, Juliet, and Ophelia, by H. M. GRAVES. Post 8vo, cloth. 2s 6d (original price 5s 6d) 1826

VORTIGERN, an Historical Play, represented at Drury Lane, April 2, 1796, as a supposed newly discovered Drama of Shakespeare, by WILLIAM HENRY IRE-LAND. New Edition, with an original Preface. 8vo, facrimile. 1s 6d (original price 38 6d) 1832

The Preface is both interesting and curious, from the additional information it gives respecting the Shake-speare Forgeries, containing also the substance of the author's "Confessious."

TRADITIONARY Anecdotes of Shakespeare, collected in Warwickshire in 1693. 8vo. served.

OBSERVATIONS on an Autograph of Shakespeare, and the Orthography of his Name, by Sir Fred. Madden. 8vo, sewed. 1s

SHAKESPEARE'S Autobiographical Poems, being his Sonnets clearly developed, with his Character, drawn chiefly from his Works, by C. A. Brown. Post 8vo, cloth. 48 6d

SHAKESPERIANA, a Catalogue of the Early Editions of Shakespeare's Plays, and of the Commentaries and other Publications illustrative of his works. By J. O. HALLIWELL 8vo, cloth. 3s 1841 "Indispensable to everybody who wishes to carry on any inquiries connected with Shakespeare, or who may have a fancy for Shakespeare Bibliography."—

REASONS for a New Edition of Shakespeare's Works, by J. PAYNE COLLIER. 8vo. 1s 1842 of Shakespeare's Plays, comprising some inportant variations and corrections in the "Merry Wives of Windsor," obtained from a Playhouse Copy of that Play recently discovered. By J. O. HALLIWELL. 8vo. 1s

'WHO was Jack Wilson,' the Singer of Shakespeare's Stage?" An Attempt to prove the identity of this person with John Wilson, Doctor of Music in the University of Oxford, A.D. 1644. By E. F. RIMBAULT, LL.D. 8vo. 1s

HAMLET.—An Attempt to ascertain whether the Queen were an Accessory before the Fact, in the Murder of her First Husband. 8vo, sewed. 28

"This pamphlet well deserves the perusal of every student of Hamlet."—Notes and Queries.
PERICLES, Prince of Tyre, a Novel, by Geo. Wilkins, printed in 1608, and founded upon Shakespeare's Play, edited by Pro-FESSOR MOMMSEN, with Preface and Account of some original Shakespeare editions extant in Germany and Switzerland, and an Introduction by J. P. COLLIER. 8vo, served. 58

LLOYD (W. Watkiss) Essays on Life and Plays of Shakespeare contributed to the Edition by S. W. SINGER, 1856. Thick post 8vo, half calf gilt, marbled edges. 9s 1858

Only 50 copies privately printed.

THE Sonnets of Shakespeare, rearranged and divided into Four Parts, with an Introduction and Explanatory Notes. By Dr.

Robt. Cartwright. Post 8vo, 2s 6d 1859 THE Shakespeare Fabrications, or the MS. Notes of the Perkins folio, shown to be of recent origin; with Appendix on the Authorship of the Ireland Forgeries, by C. MANSFIELD INGLEBY, LL.D. Fcp. 8vo, with a facsimile shewing the pseudo old writing and the pencilled words, cloth. 1859

STRICTURES on Mr. Collier's New Edition of Shakespeare, published in 1858, by the Rev ALEXANDER DYCE. 8vo. cloth. 5s (original price 7s 6d)

STRICTURES on Mr. Hamilton's Inquiry into the Genuineness of the MS. Corrections in J. Payne Collier's Annotated Shakespeare. Folio, 1632. By SCRUTATOR. 8vo, sewed. 1s. 1860 SHAKESPEARE and the Bible, showing how

much the great Dramatist was indebted to Holy Writ for his profound knowledge of Human Nature. By the Rev. T. R. EATON. Fcp. 8vo, cloth. 2s 6d 1860 CRITICISM applied to Shakespeare. By C.

1846

Post 8vo. 1s Badham. CROKER (Crofton).—Remar¹ inserted in the Papers c

Society. Small 8vo, a

THE Footstaps of Shakespeare, or a Ramble SHAKESPEARE's Editors and Comments. with the Early Dramatists, containing New and Interesting Information respecting Shakespeare, Lyly, Marlowe, Greene, and others. By Dr. ROBT. CARTWRIGHT. Post 8vo. 3s 6d

THE TEMPEST as a Lyrical Drama. By MORRIS BARNETT. 8vo. 18

1850 A FEW Remarks on the Emendation, "Who Smothers her with Painting," in the Play of Cymbeline, discovered by Mr. Collier, in a Corrected Copy of the Second Edition of Shakespeare. By J. O. HALLIWELL, &c. 8vo. 1s

A FEW Notes on Shakespeare, with Occasional Remarks on the Emendations of the Manuscript-Corrector in Mr. Collier's copy

of the folio, 1682, by the Rev. ALEXANDER DYCE. 8vo, cloth. 5s 1853

A FEW Words in Reply to the Rev. A. Dyce's "Few Notes on Shakespeare." By the Rev. JOSEPH HUNTER. 8vo. 1s 1853

THE Grimaldi Shakespeare.—Notes and Emendations on the Plays of Shakespeare, from a recently discovered annotaled copy by the late Joe Grimaldi, Esq., Comedian. 8vo, woodcuts. 1s 1853 A humorous squib on Collier's Shakespeare Emenda-

THE Moor of Venice, Cinthio's Tale, and Shakespeare's Tragedy. By John Ed-WARD TAYLOR. Post 8vo.

1855 CURSORY Notes on Various Passages in the Text of Beaumont and Fletcher, as edited by the Rev. Alexander Dyce, and on his "Few Notes on Shakespeare." By the Rev. John Mitford. 8vo, sewed. 2s 6d

1856 BACON and Shakespeare, an Inquiry touching Players, Playhouses, and Play-writers, in the Reign of Q. Elizabeth; to which is appended an Abstract of a Manuscript Autobiography of Tobie Matthews. By W. H. Smith. Fcp. 8vo, cloth. 2s 6d 1857

SHAKESPEARE'S Coriolanus. Edited, with Notes and Preface. By F. A. LEO, with a quarto facsimile of the Tragedy of Coriolanus, from the folio of 1623, photolithographed by A. Burchard, and with Extracts from North's Plutarch. 4to, elegantly printed, extra cloth. 158 1864

SHAKESPEARE and Jonson. Dramatic versus Wit-Combats.—Auxiliary Forces -Beaumont and Fletcher, Marston, Decker, Chapman, and Webster. Post

REPRINTS of Scarce Pieces of Shakespearian Criticism, No 1, "Remarks on Hamlet, 1736." Fcp. 8vo. 1s 6d 1844

THREE Notelets on Shakespeare.—I. Shakepeare in Germany; II. The Folk-lore of SHAKESPEREAN FLY-LEAVES and Jot-Shakespeare; III. Was Shakespeare a Soldier? By WILLIAM J. THOMS, F.S.A. tion. Post 8vo, cloth. 5s Post 8vo, cloth. 4s 6d

tors. By the Rev. W. R. ARROWSMITE, Incumbent of Old St. Pancras. sewed. 1s 6d 186**5**

NEW Readings in Shakespeare, or Proposed Emendations of the Text. By ROBERT CARTWRIGHT, M.D. 8vo, sewed. 1s 6d

THE SHAKESPEARE EXPOSITOR: being Notes and Emendations on his Works By Thomas Keightley. Thick fcp.

8vo, cloth. 7s 6d 1867 SHAKESPEARE's Jest Book.—A Hundred Mery Talys, from the only perfect copy known. Edited, with Introduction and Notes, by Dr. HERMAN OESTERLEY. Fcp. 8vo, nicely printed by Whittingham, half

morocco. 48 6d The only perfect copy known of the "Hundred Mery Talys" was lately discovered in the Royal Library at Gottengen. This is a verbatim reprint, supplying all the chasms and lost tales in former editions, with copious Notes by the editor, pointing out the origin of the various tales, and authors who have used them.

A DICTIONARY of the LANGUAGE of SHAKESPEARE. By SWYFEN JERVIS. of Darlaston Hall, Staffordshire. 4to, 378 pp., in double columns, 4to, cloth (a cheap volume.) 12s 1868

The author died while the volume was in the press.
when his friend the Rev. Alex. Dyce, the Shakspearian scholar, completed it from the materials he had

HALLIWELL's (J. O.) Selected Notes upon Shakespeare's Tragedy of Anthony and Cleopatra. Small 4to, only 50 printed, cloth. 15s

-Selected Notes on the Tempest. Small 4to, only 50 printed, cloth. 158 CATALOGUE of the Books, Manuscripts.

Works of Art, Antiquities and Relics illustrative of the Life and Works of Shakespeare, and of the History of Stratford-on-Avon, which are preserved in Shakespeare Birth-place, in Henley Street. 8vo, not printed for sale, cloth. 78 6d

SONNETS OF SHAKESPEARE SOLVED, and the Mystery of his Friendship, Love, and Rivalry Revealed, illustrated by numerous Extracts from the Poet's Works, Contemporary Writers, and other Authors. By Henry Brown. 8vo. 248 pages, cloth. 7s 6d

SHAKESPEARE's SONNETS, and a Lover's Complaint, reprinted in the Orthography and Punctuation of the Original Edition of 1609, 3s 6d

THE Rural Life of Shakespeare, as illustrated by his Works. By C. ROACH SMITH, 8vo, sewed. 2s 1870

THE

Heraldry of Worcestershire;

BEING

A ROLL OF THE ARMS

(AND IN MANY CASES THE GENEALOGIES)

OF THE SEVERAL

NOBLE, KNIGHTLY, AND GENTLE FAMILIES,

OF THAT COUNTY, FROM THE EARLIEST PERIOD TO THE PRESENT TIME.

COLLECTED FROM THE HERALDS' VISITATIONS, ANCIENT MANUSCRIPTS, CHURCH MONUMENTS, PERSONAL SEALS, AND OTHER TRUSTWORTHY SOURCES.

BY

H. SYDNEY GRAZEBROOK, Esq.,

Of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-Law, Author of the " The Heraldry of Smith," &c., &c., &c.

HIS work contains an Alphabet of the Arms of nearly 2000 of the past and present families of Worcestershire, accompanied in many cases by carefully compiled genealogical memoirs.

The information has been collected from the most trustworthy sources both in print and manuscript, more especially from the several original Visitation Books of the County preserved in the College of Arms, Dr. Prattinton's Worcestershire Collections at the Society of Antiquaries, Nash's "History of Worcestershire," a MS. Amorial of the county of the 17th century in the writer's own possession, and numerous genealogical and heraldic MSS. in the public libraries and in private hands.

Much important information has also been obtained from deeds, wills, parish registers, church monuments, seals, and from pedigrees and other documents contributed by the resident gentry.

LONDON: JOHN RUSSELL SMITH, 36, SOHO SQUARE.

John Russell, Knight, was master of the horse to Richard II.; he married Agnes de la Planche or Planges, an heiress, and had issue a son, William Russell of Strensham, who, by his marriage with Agnes, the daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Hodington (whose mother, Agnes, was a daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Cassey and Cecilia Cooksey+) acquired Witley and other estates of the Cookseys. In the year 1627, William Russell of Strensham was created a baronet. a conspicuous part in support of the Royal cause, and devoted a considerable portion of his estate to the service of the King; yet, notwithstanding that diminution, his estate was valued at £3,000 a year when the order of the Royal Oak was projected. Sir William died in 1696, and was succeeded by his son, Sir Francis, on whose death without male issue, in 1705, the title became extinct. Sir Francis left three daughters, Anne, Mary, and Elizabeth, between whom his estates were equally divided. Anne was thrice married, but died s.p., in 1734-5; Mary was married to Thomas Jones of Shrewsbury, and also died s.p., before 1729; and Elizabeth, who had the manor and estate of Strensham, espoused William Dansey of Brinsop, co. Hereford, by whom she was mother of an only daughter and heiress, Katherine, married to John Ravenhill. Mrs. Ravenhill's only child. Frances, was married first to the Rev. Richard Nash, D.D. (who took the name of Russell before Nash), and secondly to Sir Charles Trubshaw Withers, knt., but had no issue

#

^{*} Wiffen's Memoirs of the House of Russell, vol. i., p. 97.

[†] See Cooksey, and Hodington.

Just published, in foolscap quarto, elegantly printed in antique type by WHITTINGHAM AND WILKINS, with numerous illustrations. Price 15s. cloth.

The Heraldry of Smith,

BEING

A COLLECTION OF THE ARMS BORNE BY, OR ATTRIBUTED TO, MOST FAMILIES OF THAT SURNAME IN GREAT BRITAIN, IRELAND,'
AND GERMANY.

COMPILED FROM THE HARLEIAN MSS. AND OTHER AUTHENTIC SOURCES,

By H. SYDNEY GRAZEBROOK, Esq.

HE above work contains a correct heraldic description of the armorial insignia of nearly every known armigerous family of the surname of Smith, Smyth, &c. (about 250 in number), and is illustrated with 32 plates, comprising 125 shields of arms copied in facsimile from a curious MS. in the Harleian Collection at the British Museum.

** Twenty-five copies are issued with coloured illustrations, price £2 2s., for which early application is necessary.

LONDON:

JOHN RUSSELL SMITH, 36, SOHO SQUARE.

Opinions of the Press on "THE HERALDRY OF SMITH."

From the "PALL MALL GAZETTE."

"This elegant little book is entitled to a place among the curiosities of literature From MSS. and monumental authorities Mr. Grazebrook has collected a vast number of coats of arms borne by various families of Smith, Smyth, Smythe, and Smijth, and in so happy a manner has he executed his task that it is not without interest for others, besides the prolific sept to which it is primarily addressed. Mr. Grazebrook introduces into his volume a great deal of curious lore, and some of his notes are of historic value. We may add, that the printing and illustrations of the volume are worthy of special commendation."

From "Notes and Queries."

"Many years ago, Mr. Nicholas Carlisle published a volume of Collections for a History of the Ancient Family of Carlisle, which drew from the learned editor of the Monumenta Historica Britannica the bitter remark-' How lucky the man's name was not Smith!' It is needless to speculate upon what a history of the Smiths would have been from the pen of the then Secretary of the Society of Antiquaries. Mr. Grazebrook, a learned and practised genealogist, shrinks from the task; and in the volume before us confines himself to the armorial bearings of some 250 of this surname, the majority of which are derived from two curious Harleian MSS. in the British Museum. In a pleasantly written preface, he vindicates the Smiths from the attacks of the satirists, points out how many distinguished men have borne the name, and laughs good-naturedly at the Smyths, Smythes, and Smijths, who seek to distinguish themselves from their namesakes by an affected orthography. His endeavour, he says, has been to prepare what he calls a libro d'oro of this prolific sept; and this he has done so well, that the book may be fairly said to be one which no Smith, Smyth, Smythe, or Smijth, ought to be without."

From the "HERALD AND GENEALOGIST."

"It will thus be seen that Mr. Grazebrook has exercised at once the functions of Editor and Author; and we may justly say that he has exercised them alike with judgment and erudition. In other terms he has exercised them in a true antiquarian and historical spirit. . . . Altogether we feel that this is a book which, in its limited sphere, will be a standard work, and an example, besides, for others on the same plan. We could make many interesting extracts if our pages were at liberty, instead of being pre-engaged: and we are saved the space that minute criticism would occupy by finding nothing to find fault with, and (at present) nothing to add.

Also Just Published. 4to, 3s 6d.

Heraldry of Smith of Scotland,

BY

F. M. SMITH, CAPT., R.A.

Forming a supplement to Mr. H. S. Grazebrook's Heraldry of Smith.

			·	
		·		
	•			
	•			
			•	





